# ULTC 100.2

### Determining Level of Care

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# Our Mission

Improving health care access and outcomes for the people we serve while demonstrating sound stewardship of financial resources

## **OBJECTIVES**

- Familiarity with requirements regarding ULTC 100.2
- Individualized and person-centered narrative
- Ability to provide narrative to support score
- Consistent scoring across HCBS waivers

## ULTC 100.2 OVERVIEW

- Comprehensive and uniform client assessment for all individuals in need of long term care
- Utilized for HCBS waivers
- Requires certification as to the functional need for nursing facility level of care

10 CCR 2505-10 8.401.1

# ROLE IN SERVICE PLANNING

- Aids in determining appropriate services and level of care
- Assists individual in identifying the waiver that best meets needs

 Assists in identifying necessary supports in service planning regardless of funding source

10 CCR 2505-10 8.401.1.15(D)

# **EVALUATES**

#### Activities of Daily Living (ADL):

- Bathing
- Dressing
- Mobility
- Transferring
- Toileting
- Eating

#### Supervision:

- Behavior
- Memory / Cognition

10 CCR 2505-10 8.401.1.11

# LEVEL OF CARE DETERMINTION

To receive Medicaid long term care services, requires at least moderate support in <u>either</u>:

#### ADLs

Deficit in at least 2 of 6 Score of 2+

#### SUPERVISION

Behaviors or Memory / Cognition Score of 2+

10 CCR 2505-10 8.401.1.15(A)

# REQUIREMENTS

- Entered and verified in 10 business days on the Benefits Utilization System (BUS)
- Completed prior to enrollment into LTC Medicaid Waiver services and annually thereafter
- Professional Medical Information Page (PMIP) signed by licensed medical professional

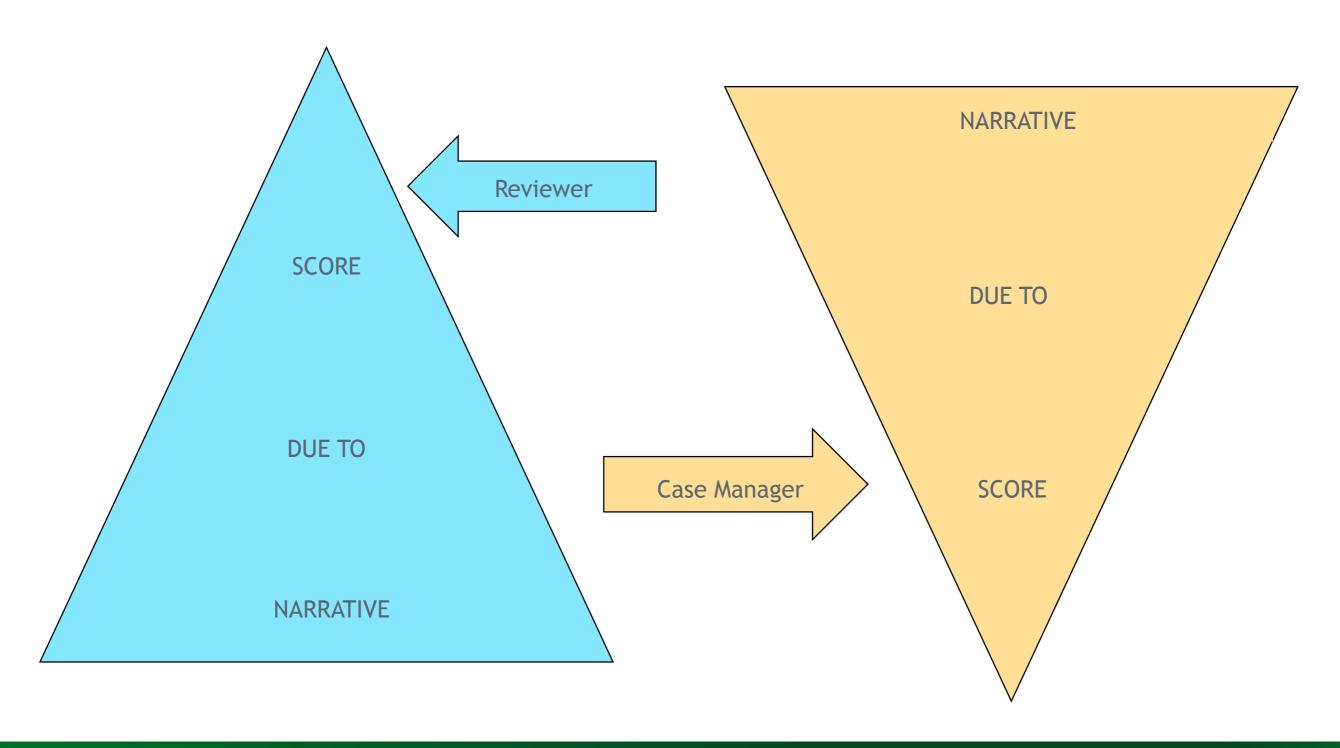
# Professional Medical Information Page

- Completed for initial assessments and reassessments
- Provides supporting information (diagnoses, medications, diet, allergies, prognosis, etc.)
- Component to determine need for level of care
- Assists in determination of targeting criteria

# QIS REQUIREMENTS

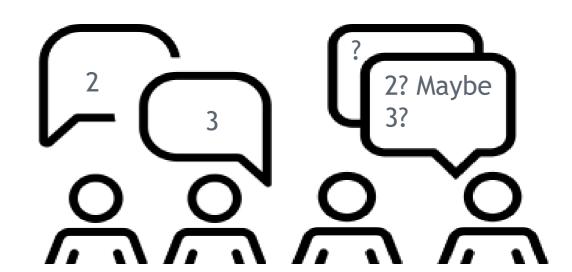
- Conducted face-to-face
- Place where individual resides
- Individual must be present

# REVIEWING vs SCORING



# SCORE TO MATCH NARRATIVE





How can consistent and accurate scoring be assured?

# BEST PRACTICES<sup>1</sup>

- 1. Interview / Narrative
- 2. Needs are due to...
- 3. Score

# INTERVIEW / NARRATIVE

- Person centered
- Individual's particular experience
- Document actual responses and who responded
- All steps needed to complete activity

# NARRATIVE

- Include observation, if appropriate
- Distinguish reported information from observation
- Individual areas of need / abilities
- Objective rather subjective
- Avoid generalities (e.g. "frequently", "history of", etc.)

# **NARRATIVE**

- Most comprehensive details for that individual
- Only commonly known acronyms
- Document all areas discussed
- Ensure narrative supports criteria for score
- Include frequency of need for support
- Document changes (e.g. care needs or hospitalizations)

# SCORING / NARRATIVE

### Score of 0:

- Simply stating "independent" not sufficient
- Specify how individual does not require support

#### TIP:

Refer to criteria for a score of 1 As no need for support, no "Due to" specified

# SCORING / NARRATIVE

### Score of 1, 2, or 3

- Details of actual experience
- Criteria for score are addressed

#### TIP:

Specify frequency of support (especially for Supervision: Behaviors or Memory / Cognition)

Support need doesn't match score criteria?

Score 0: No support needed

• Score 1:

• Score 2:

• Score 3:

Support need doesn't match score criteria?

Score 0: No support needed

• Score 1:

Score 2:

Score 3: Total support needed

Support need doesn't match score criteria?

- Score 0: No support needed
- Score 1: Minimal support needed
- Score 2:
- Score 3: Total support needed

Support need doesn't match score criteria?

- Score 0: No support needed
- Score 1: Minimal support needed
- Score 2: Moderate support needed
- Score 3: Total support needed

# SAMPLE QUESTIONS

- Aid to identify support needed for individual
- Not an exhaustive list
- Person-centered focus is key
- Use definition and/or score criteria as guide

# SAMPLE BATHING QUESTIONS

Bath / shower? What does that look like?

How often?

Reminders required? Hands-on assistance?

Who sets water temperature?

Assistance with undressing?

Assistance getting in and out of shower/tub?

Assistance with washing and rinsing of body / hair?

Different support needed for upper body / lower body?

**Duration?** 

Adaptive equipment?

Frequency of support?

# SCORING REMINDERS: BATHING

- Hygiene needs not scored in Bathing (nail care, dental care, etc.)
- Behaviors with Bathing can be noted in Bathing but are scored in Supervision / Behaviors
- Use of equipment (e.g. grab bars) may not affect score

### **ADL: BATHING**

#### I. BATHING

Definition: The ability to shower, bathe or take sponge baths for the purpose of maintaining adequate hygiene.

□0=The client is independent in completing the activity safely. □1=The client requires oversight help or reminding; can bathe safely without assistance or supervision, but may not be able to get into and out of the tub alone. □2=The client requires hands on help or line of sight standby assistance throughout bathing activities in order to maintain safety, adequate hygiene and skin integrity. □3=The client is dependent on others to provide a complete bath.			
Due To: (Score must be justified through one	or more of the following conditions)		
Physical Impairments:	Open Wound		
Pain	Stoma Site		
Sensory Impairment	Supervision:		
Limited Range of Motion	Cognitive Impairment		
Weakness	Memory Impairment		
Balance Problems	Behavior Issues		
Shortness of Breath	Lack of Awareness		
Decreased Endurance	Difficulty Learning		
Falls	Seizures		
Paralysis	Mental Health:		
Neurological Impairment	Lack of Motivation/Apathy		
Oxygen Use	Delusional		
Muscle Tone	Hallucinations		
Amputation	Paranoia		

Comments:			

#### SAMPLE NARRATIVE: BATHING

Definition: The ability to shower, bathe or take sponge baths for the purpose of maintaining adequate hygiene.

Due To: (Score must be justified through one or more of the following conditions)

Physical Impairment:	Consendator			
☐ Amputation	Supervision  Behavior Issues			
✓ Balance Problems				
☐ Decreased Endurance	✓ Cognitive Impairment			
☐ Falls	✓ Difficulty Learning			
☐ Limited Range of Motion	✓ Lack of Awareness			
☐ Muscle Tone	☐ Memory Impairment			
☐ Neurological Impairment	☐ Seizures			
□ Open Wound	Mental Health			
□ Oxygen Use	☐ Delusional			
□ Pain	☐ Hallucinations			
Paralysis	☐ Lack of Motivation/Apath			
Sensory Impairment	Paranoia			
Shortness of Breath				
Stor_Comments				
□ Wea All information was provided by Clark and his mother. They report that Clark	rk typically			
takes a shower rather than a bath. He showers at least four days per week	and more			
Comme frequently during hot weather to ensure adequate hygiene is maintained. His	s mother says			
takes she always provides reminders to Clark to take a shower as he would not remark	member to do so			
freque without prompting. She also says that he is never opposed to showering; he				
all without reminders Clark's mother sets the water temperature to ensure it is at a safe				
withou level. Clark is able to remove his clothing independently. His mother prov				
and purpose of assist clark in scepping into and out of the tub as he becomes unsceady				
710104				
washing his body and hair on his own. When he``s done he lets his mother k	IOW.			

☐ There has been no change in the client's functional level since the last assessment was performed.

# SAMPLE NARRATIVE: BATHING (cont'd)

Definition: The ability to shower, bathe or take sponge baths for the purpose of maintaining adequate hygiene.

		ADL - Bathing
ADL Scoring C	riteria	
○1 - The ○2 - The ○3 - The	client is independent in completing the activity safely.  client requires oversight help or reminding; can bath safely without assistance or supervision, but may not be able to client requires hands on help or line of sight standby assistance throughout bathing activities in order to maintain safe client is dependent on others to provide a complete bath.  The must be justified through one or more of the following conditions)	
Physical Impa Amputation Balance Pro Decreased E Falls Comm	bblems Endurance	Supervision  Behavior Issues  Cognitive Impairment  Difficulty Learning
All in takes frequence she as without without level suppose without without suppose without suppose without suppose without suppose without suppose suppose without suppose without suppose su	nformation was provided by Clark and his mother. They a shower rather than a bath. He showers at least four ently during hot weather to ensure adequate hygiene is lways provides reminders to Clark to take a shower as lut prompting. She also says that he is never opposed to ut reminders. Clark``s mother sets the water temperature. Clark is able to remove his clothing independently.	days per week and more maintained. His mother says he would not remember to do so showering; he just forgets re to ensure it is at a safe His mother provides hands-on as he becomes unsteady ng and completes all steps of

# SAMPLE NARRATIVE: BATHING (cont'd)

[Assessment DRAFT User Guide - ADL]

[Assessment DRAFT User Guide - ADL Bathing]

Definition: The ability to shower, bathe or take sponge baths for the purpose of maintaining adequate hygiene.

	ADL - Bathing
ADL Scoring Criteria	
○ 0 - The client is independent in completing the activity safely.	
● 1 - The client requires oversight help or reminding; can bath safely without assistance or supervision	, but may not be able to get into and out of the tub alone.
0 2 - The client requires hands on help or line of sight standby assistance throughout bathing activities	in order to maintain safety, adequate hygiene and skin integrity.
<ul> <li>3 - The client is dependent on others to provide a complete bath.</li> </ul>	
Due To: (Score must be justified through one or more of the following conditions)	
Physical Impairment:	
☐ Amputation	Supervision
☑ Balance Problems	☐ Behavior Issues
☐ Decreased Endurance	✓ Cognitive Impairment
☐ Falls	☑ Difficulty Learning
☐ Limited Range of Motion	✓ Lack of Awareness □ Memory Impairment
☐ Muscle Tone	□ Seizures
☐ Neurological Impairment	□ Seizures
☐ Open Wound	Mental Health
☐ Oxygen Use	☐ Delusional
□ Pain	☐ Hallucinations
Paralysis	☐ Lack of Motivation/Apathy
Sensory Impairment	☐ Paranoia
Shortness of Breath	
☐ Stoma Site	
☐ Weakness	
Comments	
All information was provided by Clark and his mother. They report that Clark typically takes a shower rather than a bath. He showers at least four days per week and more frequently during hot weather to ensure adequate hygiene is maintained. His mother says she always provides reminders to Clark to take a shower as he would not remember to do so without prompting. She also says that he is never opposed to showering; he just forgets without reminders. Clark's mother sets the water temperature to ensure it is at a safe level. Clark is able to remove his clothing independently. His mother provides hands-on support to assist Clark in stepping into and out of the tub as he becomes unsteady without support. Clark utilizes a shower chair when showering and completes all steps of washing his body and hair on his own. When he's done he lets his mother know.	
$\hfill\Box$ There has been no change in the client's functional level since the last assessment was performed.	

# SAMPLE DRESSING QUESTIONS

Typical experience with getting dressed?

Who makes clothing choices?

Weather / situation appropriate?

Changes clothes regularly?

Reminders? Hands-on assistance?

Able to dress / undress self?

Upper body and lower body?

Assistance with buttons, zippers, tying?

Slip on clothing? Slip on shoes?

Assistive devices?

## SCORING REMINDERS: DRESSING

Behaviors with Dressing can be noted but are scored in Supervision / Behaviors

When considering "reasonable amount of time" consider the impact the amount of time needed has on the individual. Specify why it takes a significant amount of time, how much time, and what impact is.

#### **ADL: DRESSING**

#### II. DRESSING

Definition: The ability to dress and undress as necessary. This includes the ability to put on prostheses, braces, anti-embolism hose or other assistive devices and includes fine motor coordination for buttons and zippers. Includes choice of appropriate clothing for the weather. Difficulties with a zipper or buttons at the back of a dress or blouse do not constitute a functional deficit.

ADL SCORING CRITERIA			
□0=The client is independent in completing activity safely. □1= The client can dress and undress, with or without assistive devices, but may need to be reminded or supervised to do so on some days. □2= The client needs significant verbal or physical assistance to complete dressing or undressing, within a reasonable amount of time. □3= The client is totally dependent on others for dressing and undressing.  Due To: (Score must be justified through one or more of the following conditions)			
Physical Impairments:	Open Wound Supervision:		
Sensory Impairment	Cognitive Impairment		
Limited Range of Motion	Memory Impairment		
Weakness	Behavior Issues		
☐Balance Problems	Lack of Awareness		
Shortness of Breath	☐Difficulty Learning		
Decreased Endurance	Seizures		
Fine Motor Impairment	Mental Health:		
Paralysis	Lack of Motivation/Apathy		
■ Neurological Impairment ■ Bladder Incontinence	☐Delusional ☐Hallucinations		
Bowel Incontinence	Paranoia		
Amputation			
Oxygen Use			
Muscle Tone			
Comments:			

#### SAMPLE NARRATIVE: DRESSING

Definition: The ability to dress and undress as necessary. This includes the ability to put on prostheses, braces, anti-embolism hose or other assistive devices and includes fine motor coordination for buttons and zippers. Includes choice of appropriate clothing for the weather. Difficulties with a zipper or buttons at the back of a dress or blouse do not constitute a functional deficit.

		ADL - Dressing		
ADL Scoring	g Criteria			
● 0=	The client is independent in completing the activity safely.			
○1=	The client can dress and undress, with or without assistive devices, but may need to be reminded or supervised to do so on some days.			
○ 2=	The client needs significant verbal or physical assistance to complete dressing or undressing, within a reasonable amo	ount of time.		
○3=	The client is totally dependent on others for dressing and undressing.			
Due To: (S	core must be justified through one or more of the following conditions)			
Physical In	npairment:	Supervision		
☐ Amputat	ion	☐ Behavior Issues		
☐ Balance	Problems	☐ Cognitive Impairment		
☐ Bladder I	Incontinence	☐ Difficulty Learning		
□ Bowel Incontinence		☐ Lack of Awareness		
□ Decreased Endurance		☐ Memory Impairment		
☐ Fine Motor Impairment		☐ Seizures		
Limited F	Range of Motion			
☐ Muscle Tone		Mental Health		
☐ Neurological Impairment		☐ Delusional		
☐ Open Wound		☐ Hallucinations		
Oxygen (	Use	Lack of Motivation/Apathy		
□ Pain		☐ Paranoia		
Paralysis				
☐ Sensory	Impairment			
☐ Shortnes	ss of Breath			
☐ Weaknes	SS .			
Comments				
that is ap watches th based upon clouds, et including zippers an shirt with	ation was provided by Kent and his mother. Kent is able to pick out clothing propriate for the weather and the situation on his own. Kent says that he e news every morning to see what the weather will be and he knows what to wear the temperature and the picture the meteorologist chooses (e.g. sun, rain-c.). He and his mother both say that Kent changes his clothing every day, his underclothing. He is able complete all steps necessary with buttons, d tying without support. Kent was observed at this assessment to be wearing a Tabow-tie printed on it and a pair of shorts and sandals which was appropriate ather. He said that he chose the T-shirt because he knew this meeting was			

scheduled and he wanted to wear his favorite dressy T-shirt for the meeting.

## SAMPLE NARRATIVE: DRESSING (cont'd)

ADI	Scoring	Crita	··i-
AUL	SCOLING	CITTLE	на

<ul> <li>0= The client is independent in completing the activity safe</li> </ul>	● 0 =	The client is	independent in	completing t	he activity	safely
--	-------	---------------	----------------	--------------	-------------	--------

- The client can dress and undress, with or without assistive devices, but may need to be reminded or supervised to do so on some days.
- The client needs significant verbal or physical assistance to complete dressing or undressing, within a reasonable amount of time.
- 3= The client is totally dependent on others for dressing and undressing.

Due To: (Score must be justified through one or more of the following conditions)

Physical Impairment:	Supervision
☐ Amputation	☐ Behavior Issues
☐ Balance Problems	☐ Cognitive Impairment
☐ Bladder Incontinence	☐ Difficulty Learning
☐ Bowel Incontinence	☐ Lack of Awareness
☐ Decreased Endurance	☐ Memory Impairment
☐ Fine Motor Impairment	☐ Seizures
☐ Limited Range of Motion	
☐ Muscle Tone	Mental Health
☐ Neurological Impairment	☐ Delusional
Comments	☐ Hallucinations
=  Comments	

All information was provided by Kent and his mother. Kent is able to pick out clothing that is appropriate for the weather and the situation on his own. Kent says that he watches the news every morning to see what the weather will be and he knows what to wear based upon the temperature and the picture the meteorologist chooses (e.g. sun, rainclouds, etc.). He and his mother both say that Kent changes his clothing every day, including his underclothing. He is able complete all steps necessary with buttons, zippers and tying without support. Kent was observed at this assessment to be wearing a T-shirt with a bow-tie printed on it and a pair of shorts and sandals which was appropriate for the weather. He said that he chose the T-shirt because he knew this meeting was scheduled and he wanted to wear his favorite dressy T-shirt for the meeting.

for the weather. He said that he chose the T-shirt because he knew this meeting was scheduled and he wanted to wear his favorite dressy T-shirt for the meeting.

 $\ \square$  There has been no change in the client's functional level since the last assessment was performed.

Save Save and Continue Clear

# SAMPLE TOILETING QUESTIONS

Generally independent or assistance with toileting?

What does that look like?

Awareness of need to toilet?

Assistance with steps of toileting and cleansing self?

Reminders? Hands-on assistance?

Assistive devices?

Accidents?

Protective undergarments?

Awareness of need for changing?

Bowel program?

Ostomy or catheter care?

### SCORING REMINDERS: TOILETING

Behaviors with Toileting can be noted but are scored in Supervision / Behaviors

If individual is independent with completing ostomy or catheter care they are independent with completing the activity safely

#### **ADL: TOILETING**

#### III. TOILETING

Definition: The ability to use the toilet, commode, bedpan or urinal. This includes transferring on/off the toilet, cleansing of self, changing of apparel, managing an ostomy or catheter and adjusting clothing.

TEE COOKING OKITEKIA		
□0=The client is independent in completing activity safely. □1=The client may need minimal assistance, assistive device, or cueing with parts of the task for safety, such as clothing adjustment, changing protective garment, washing hands, wiping and cleansing. □2=The client needs physical assistance or standby with toileting, including bowel/bladder training, a bowel/bladder program, catheter, ostomy care for safety or is unable to keep self and environment clean. □3=The client is unable to use the toilet. The client is dependent on continual observation, total cleansing, and changing of garments and linens. This may include total care of catheter or ostomy. The client may or may not be aware of own needs.		
Due To: (Score must be justified through one or	more of the following conditions/	
Physical Impairments:    Pain	Catheter Supervision Need: Cognitive Impairment Memory Impairment Behavior Issues Lack of Awareness Difficulty Learning Seizures Mental Health: Lack of Motivation/Apathy Delusional Hallucinations Paranoia	
Impaction		
Шппрасцоп		
Comments:		

#### SAMPLE NARRATIVE: TOILETING

[Assessment DRAFT User Guide - ADL]
[Assessment DRAFT User Guide - ADL Toileting]

Definition: The ability to use the toilet, commode, bedpan, or urinal. This includes transferring on/off the toilet, cleansing of self, changing of apparel, managing an ostomy or catheter and adjusting clothing.

eds.	
545.	
☐ Shortness of Breath	



## SAMPLE NARRATIVE: TOILETING (cont'd)

Definition: The ability to use the toilet, commode, bedpan, or urinal. This includes transferring on/off the toilet, cleansing of self, changing of apparel, managing an ostomy or catheter and adjusting clothing.

The client is independent in completing the activity safely.		
= The client may need minimal assistance, assistive device, or cueing with parts of the task for safety, such as clothing adjustment, changing protective garment, washing hands, wiping and cleansing.		
= The client needs physical assistance or standby with toileting, including bowel/bladder training, a bowel/bladder program, catheter, ostomy care for safety or is unable to keep self and environment clean.		
3= The client is unable to use the toilet. The client is dependent on continual observation, total cleansing, and changing of garments	and linens. This may include total care of catheter or ostomy. The client may or may not be aware of own needs.	
Due To: (Score must be justified through one or more of the following conditions)		
Physical Impairment:	Supervision Needs	
☐ Amputation	☐ Behavior Issues	
☐ Balance Problems	☐ Cognitive Impairment	
☐ Bladder Incontinence	☐ Difficulty Learning	
☐ Bowel Incontinence	☐ Lack of Awareness	
☐ Catheter	☐ Memory Impairment	
☐ Decreased Endurance	☐ Seizures	
☐ Fine Motor Impairment	Mental Health	
☐ Impaction	□ Delusional	
Limited Range of Motion	☐ Hallucinations	
☐ Muscle Tone	☐ Lack of Motivation/Apathy	
Neurological Impairment		
os Comments		
Bruce and his mother report that Bruce is independent with completing all steps of		
toileting on his own. He is aware of when he needs to use the toilet and does not		
Pse require reminders to do so. He does not have toileting accidents. He is able adjust his		
Sh literature to the second of		
himself adequately after toileting, and wash his hands after toileting without		
reminders.		
Bruce toile		
requi		
cloth		
himse remin		
☐ There has been no change in the client's functional level since the last assessment was performed.		

Save Save and Continue



**ADL Scoring Criteria** 

# SAMPLE MOBILITY QUESTIONS

Typical experience moving about home? The community?

Independently mobile within home? In community?

Support needed? When/where?

What does that look like?

Balance issues? Falls?

Assistive devices?

Utilize furniture or walls to provide support?

Going up and down stairs?

Going up and down curbs?

#### **SCORING REMINDERS: MOBILITY**

Definition: The ability to move between locations in the individual's living environment inside and outside the home. Note: Score client's mobility without regard to use of equipment other than the use of prosthesis.

If equipment used (e.g. walker or wheelchair) - score without use of equipment.

If prosthesis used - score with use of prosthesis.

Use of stairs and curbs scored under Mobility (not Transferring) When specifying distance, be objective (e.g. "one city block" rather than "short distance")

#### **ADL: MOBILITY**

#### IV. MOBILITY

Definition: The ability to move between locations in the individual's living environment inside and outside the home. Note: Score client's mobility without regard to use of equipment other than the use of prosthesis.

ADL SCORING CRITERIA	
□0=The client is independent in completing activity safely. □1=The client is mobile in their own home but may need assistance outside the home. □2=The client is not safe to ambulate or move between locations alone; needs regular cueing, stand-by assistance, or hands on assistance for safety both in the home and outside the home. □3=The client is dependent on others for all mobility.	
Due To: (Score must be justified through one or	more of the following conditions)
Physical Impairments:   Pain   Sensory Impairment   Limited Range of Motion   Weakness   Shortness of Breath   Decreased Endurance   Fine or Gross Motor Impairment   Paralysis   Neurological Impairment   Amputation   Oxygen Use   Balance   Muscle Tone	Cognitive Impairment Memory Impairment Behavior Issues Lack of Awareness Difficulty Learning Seizures History of Falls Mental Health: Lack of Motivation/Apathy Delusional Hallucinations Paranoia
Comments:	

#### SAMPLE NARRATIVE: MOBILITY

[Assessment DRAFT User Guide - ADL]
[Assessment DRAFT User Guide - ADL Mobility]

Definition: The ability to move between locations in the individual's living environment inside and outside the home. Note: Score client's mobility without regard to use of equipment other than the use of prosthesis.

ADL - Mobility		
ADL Scoring Criteria		
○ 0= The client is independent in completing the activity safely.	= The client is independent in completing the activity safely.	
○ 1= The client is mobile in their own home but may need assistance outside the home.		
• 2= The client is not safe to ambulate or move between locations alone; needs regular cueing, stand-by assistance, or hands on assista	ince for safety both in the home and outside the home.	
3= The client is dependent on others for all mobility.		
Due To: (Score must be justified through one or more of the following conditions)		
Physical Impairment:	Supervision Needs	
☐ Amputation	□ Behavior Issues	
☑ Balance Problems	☐ Cognitive Impairment	
☐ Decreased Endurance	☐ Difficulty Learning	
☐ Fine Motor Impairment	☐ History of Falls	
☐ Gross Motor Impairment	☐ Lack of Awareness	
✓ Limited Range of Motion	☐ Memory Impairment	
☐ Muscle Tone	☐ Seizures	
✓ Neurological Impairment		
Oxygen Use	Mental Health	
☑ Pain	□ Delusional	
Paralysis	☐ Hallucinations	
□ Sensory Impairment	Lack of Motivation/Apathy	
☐ Shortness of Breath	☐ Paranoia	
☐ Weakness		
Comments		
Sam stated due to poor balance, pain in feet and lack of feeling in feet from Neuropathy		
he relies on electric wheelchair when ambulating outside the home. Sam stated he relies		
on walker, as well as walls and furniture when inside her home. Sam stated he is able to maneuver electric wheelchair independently. CM observed Sam ambulating inside the home;		
he relied on ualle and anneared to be nerve tired after ualking only a few feet Sam		



not need medical intervention.

reported a history of falls. He stated he fell on July 30th following a seizure but did not need to go to the hospital and had some bruising from the fall but no injuries. Sam also reported a fall on August 25th when using his walker but was able to get up and did

## SAMPLE NARRATIVE: MOBILITY (cont'd)

[Assessment DRAFT User Guide - ADL]
[Assessment DRAFT User Guide - ADL Mobility]

Definition: The ability to move between locations in the individual's living environment inside and outside the home. Note: Score client's mobility without regard to use of equipment other than the use of prosthesis.

Anotation Criteria  One The client is independent in completing the activity safely.  The client is mobile in their own home but may need assistance outside the home.  The client is observed assistance outside the home.  The client is dependent on others for all mobility.  Due To: (Score must be justified through one or more of the following conditions)  Physical Impairment:  Amoutation  Behavior Issues  Comments  Supervision Needs  Behavior Issues  Comments  Comments  Sam stated due to poor balance, pain in feet and lack of feeling in feet from Neuropathy he relies on electric wheelchair when ambulating outside the home. Sam stated he relies on walker, as well as walls and furniture when inside her home. Sam stated he is able to maneuver electric wheelchair independently. CM observed Sam ambulating inside the home; he reported a history of falls. He stated he fell on July 30th following a seizure but did		ADL - Mobility	
The client is nobile in their own home but may need assistance outside the home.   O2= The client is not safe to ambulate or move between locations alone; needs regular cueing, stand-by assistance, or hands on assistance for safety both in the home and outside the home.   O3= The client is dependent on others for all mobility.   Due To: (Score must be justified through one or more of the following conditions)	ADL Scoring Criteria		
The client is not safe to ambulate or move between locations alone; needs regular cueing, stand-by assistance, or hands on assistance for safety both in the home and outside the home.    The client is dependent on others for all mobility.	○ 0= The client is independent in completing the activity safely.		
Due To: (Score must be justified through one or more of the following conditions)  Physical Impairment:    Amputation   Behavior Issues   Behavior Issues   Cognitive Impairment   Difficulty Learning   History of Falls     Gross Motor Impairment   Limited Range of Motion   Memory Impairment	○ 1= The client is mobile in their own home but may need assistance outside the home.		
Due To: (Score must be justified through one or more of the following conditions)  Physical Impairment:  Amputation  Behavior Issues  Cognitive Impairment  Occased Endurance  Fine Motor Impairment  Cross Motor Impairment  United Range of Motion  Muscla Tone  Comments  Supervision Needs  Behavior Issues  Cognitive Impairment  Officulty Learning  History of Falls  Lack of Awareness  United Range of Motion  Memory Impairment  Comments  Sam stated due to poor balance, pain in feet and lack of feeling in feet from Neuropathy he relies on electric wheelchair when ambulating outside the home. Sam stated he relies on walker, as well as walls and furniture when inside her home. Sam stated he is able to maneuver electric wheelchair independently. CM observed Sam ambulating inside the home; he relied on walls and appeared to be very tired after walking only a few feet. Sam	● 2= The client is not safe to ambulate or move between locations alone; needs regular cueing, stand-by assistance, or harman alone; needs regular cueing.	nds on assistance for safety both in the home and outside the home.	
Physical Impairment:    muputation	○ 3= The client is dependent on others for all mobility.		
Amputation Balance Problems Cognitive Impairment Co	Due To: (Score must be justified through one or more of the following conditions)		
Sam stated due to poor balance, pain in feet and lack of feeling in feet from Neuropathy he relies on electric wheelchair when ambulating outside the home. Sam stated he relies on walker, as well as walls and furniture when inside her home. Sam stated he is able to maneuver electric wheelchair independently. CM observed Sam ambulating inside the home; he relied on walls and appeared to be very tired after walking only a few feet. Sam	<ul> <li>Amputation</li> <li>✓ Balance Problems</li> <li>Decreased Endurance</li> <li>Fine Motor Impairment</li> <li>Gross Motor Impairment</li> <li>✓ Limited Range of Motion</li> </ul>	Behavior Issues Cognitive Impairment Difficulty Learning History of Falls Lack of Awareness	
he relies on electric wheelchair when ambulating outside the home. Sam stated he relies on walker, as well as walls and furniture when inside her home. Sam stated he is able to maneuver electric wheelchair independently. CM observed Sam ambulating inside the home; he relied on walls and appeared to be very tired after walking only a few feet. Sam			
not need to go to the hospital and had some bruising from the fall but no injuries. Sam also reported a fall on August 25th when using his walker but was able to get up and did not need medical intervention.	^		
not als not need medical intervention.	als		

## SAMPLE TRANSFERRING QUESTIONS

- Typical experience transferring in/out of chairs? Bed? Car?
- Independent with transferring?
- Support needed? When/where?
- Hands-on assistance required? Stand-by?
- Assistive devices?
- Balance issues? Falls?
- Utilize furniture for support when transferring?
- Able to bear weight?

## SCORING REMINDERS: TRANSFERRING

Definition: The physical ability to move between surfaces: from bed/chair to wheelchair, walker or standing position; the ability to get in and out of bed or usual sleeping place; the ability to use assisted devices, including properly functioning prosthetics, for transfers. Note: Score Client's ability to transfer without regard to use of equipment.

If equipment is required (e.g. grab bars, walker, furniture), score without regard to use of equipment

If assistance required when transferring out of car due to behavior (e.g. elopement), score under Supervision / Behaviors.

#### **ADL: TRANSFERRING**

#### V. TRANSFERRING

Definition: The physical ability to move between surfaces: from bed/chair to wheelchair, walker or standing position; the ability to get in and out of bed or usual sleeping place; the ability to use assisted devices, including properly functioning prosthetics, for transfers. Note: Score Client's ability to transfer without regard to use of equipment.

ADL SCORING CRITERIA		
□0=The client is independent in completing activity safely. □1=The client transfers safely without assistance most of the time, but may need standby assistance for cueing or balance; occasional hands on assistance needed. □2=The client transfer requires standby or hands on assistance for safety; client may bear some weight. □3=The client requires total assistance for transfers and/or positioning with or without equipment.		
Due To: (Score must be justified through one or	more of the following conditions)	
Physical Impairments:	Supervision Need:	
Pain	Cognitive Impairment	
Sensory Impairment	Memory Impairment	
Limited Range of Motion	Behavior Issues	
Weakness	Lack of Awareness	
Balance Problems	Difficulty Learning	
Shortness of Breath	Seizures	
Falls	Mental Health:	
Decreased Endurance	Lack of Motivation/Apathy	
Paralysis	Delusional	
Neurological Impairment	Hallucinations	
Amputation	Paranoia	
Oxygen Use		
Comments:		
1		

#### SAMPLE NARRATIVE: TRANSFERRING

Definition: The physical ability to move between surfaces: from bed/chair to wheelchair, walker or standing position; the ability to get in and out of bed or usual sleeping place; the ability to use assisted devices, including properly functioning prosthetics, for transfers. Note: Score client's ability to transfer without regard to use of equipment.

ADL - Transferring		
ADL Scoring Criteria		
The client is independent in completing the activity safely.  1= The client transfers safely without assistance most of the time, but may need standby assistance for cueing or balance; occasional hands on assistance needed.  2= The client transfer requires standby or hands on assistance for safety; client may bear some weight.  3= The client requires total assistance for transfers and/or positioning with or without equipment.  Due To: (Score must be justified through one or more of the following conditions)		
Physical Impairment: Amputation Balance Problems Decreased Endurance Falls Limited Range of Motion Neurological Impairment Oxygen Use Pain Paralysis Sensory Impairment Shortness of Breath Weakness	Supervision Needs   Behavior Issues   Cognitive Impairment   Difficulty Learning   Lack of Awareness   Memory Impairment   Seizures  Mental Health   Delusional   Hallucinations   Lack of Motivation/Apathy   Paranoia	
Comments		
Our control de control		

Sue reported she cannot bear weight to complete transfers due to paralysis from spinal nerve damage from waist down and weakness in upper extremities. Sue reports that she is completely dependent on others for all transfers and cannot assist with any aspect of transfers. She reports using a Hoyer lift and HOA to complete all transfers inside her home due to LROM and lower body paralysis. Sue reports that her CNA will assist with 3-4 transfers during the day and her daughter Katherine will assist with transfers 2-3 times each day during the evening. Sue states that when she leaves her home she needs complete assist with all transferring in and out of vehicles which her daughter Katherine provides. Sue reported that she has not had any falls in the last 6 months while completing the task of transferring.



## SAMPLE NARRATIVE: TRANSFERRING (cont'd)

Definition: The physical ability to move between surfaces: from bed/chair to wheelchair, walker or standing position; the ability to get in and out of bed or usual sleeping place; the ability to use assisted devices, including properly functioning prosthetics, for transfers. Note: Score client's ability to transfer without regard to use of equipment.

ADL - Transferring	
ADL Scoring Criteria	
The client is independent in completing the activity safely.  The client transfers safely without assistance most of the time, but may need standby assistance for cueing or balance; occasional hands on assistance needed.  The client transfer requires standby or hands on assistance for safety; client may bear some weight.  The client requires total assistance for transfers and/or positioning with or without equipment.	
Due To: (Score must be justified through one or more of the following conditions)	
Physical Impairment:  ☐ Amputation ☐ Balance Problems ☑ Decreased Endurance ☐ Falls ☑ Limited Range of Motion ☐ Neurological Impairment ☐ Comments	Supervision Needs   Behavior Issues   Cognitive Impairment   Difficulty Learning   Lack of Awareness   Memory Impairment   Seizures
Sue reported she cannot bear weight to complete transfers due to paralysis from spinal nerve damage from waist down and weakness in upper extremities. Sue reports that she is completely dependent on others for all transfers and cannot assist with any aspect of transfers. She reports using a Hoyer lift and HOA to complete all transfers inside her home due to LROM and lower body paralysis. Sue reports that her CNA will assist with 3-4 transfers during the day and her daughter Katherine will assist with transfers 2-3 times each day during the evening. Sue states that when she leaves her home she needs complete assist with all transferring in and out of vehicles which her daughter Katherine provides. Sue reported that she has not had any falls in the last 6 months while completing the task of transferring.	

COMpleting the task of transferring.

# SAMPLE EATING QUESTIONS

What is typical experience with eating?

Feeds self?

Safely eats alone?

Support needed? Verbal cuing? Hands-on?

Choking or swallowing issues?

Level of oversight? (standby line of sight or reminders)

Regular utensils?

Help with cutting food?

Specialized diet prep required (e.g. thickened liquids)?

## SCORING REMINDERS: EATING

Definition: The ability to eat and drink using routine or adaptive utensils. This also includes the ability to cut, chew and swallow food. Note: If a person is fed via tube feedings or intravenously, check box 0 if they can do independently, or box 1, 2, or 3 if they require another person to assist.

If the individual is fed via tube feedings or intravenously, consider if they are independent with task.

If so, score 0.

If assistance needed, score 1, 2, or 3 as appropriate.

Behaviors or Memory/Cognition issues with eating can be noted but scored under Behaviors or Memory/Cognition (e.g. no knives when eating due to protocol should be scored under Behaviors.)

#### **ADL: EATING**

#### VI. EATING

venous access.

ADL SCORING CRITERIA

Definition: The ability to eat and drink using routine or adaptive utensils. This also includes the ability to cut, chew and swallow food. Note: If a person is fed via tube feedings or intravenously, check box 0 if they can do independently, or box 1, 2, or 3 if they require another person to assist.

ADE SCOTTING CITTERIA
□0=The client is independent in completing activity safely.
1=The client can feed self, chew and swallow foods but may need reminding to maintain adequate
intake; may need food cut up; can feed self if food brought to them, with or without adaptive feeding
equipment.
2=The client can feed self but needs line of sight standby assistance for frequent gagging, choking,
swallowing difficulty; or aspiration resulting in the need for medical intervention. The client needs
reminder/assistance with adaptive feeding equipment; or must be fed some or all food by mouth by
another person.
3=The client must be totally fed by another person; must be fed by another person by stomach tube of

Due To: (Score must be justified through one or more of the following conditions)

Due 10. (Score must be justified through one of	more of the following conditions,
Physical Impairments:	
Pain	Tube Feeding
Sensory Impairment	IV Feeding
Limited Range of Motion	Supervision Need:
Weakness	Cognitive Impairment
Shortness of Breath	Memory Impairment
Decreased Endurance	Behavior Issues
Paralysis	Lack of Awareness
Neurological Impairment	☐Difficulty Learning
■Amputation	Seizures
Oxygen Use	Mental Health:
Fine Motor Impairment	Lack of Motivation/Apathy
Poor Dentition	Delusional
Tremors	Hallucinations
Swallowing Problems	Paranoia
Choking	
Aspiration	

Comments:			

#### SAMPLE NARRATIVE: EATING

Definition: The ability to eat and drink using routine or adaptive utensils. This also includes the ability to cut, chew, and swallow food. Note: If a person is fed via tube feedings or intravenously, check box 0 if they can do independently, or box 1, 2, 3 if they require another person to assist.

		ADL - Eating
ADL Scoring	g Criteria	
O 0=	The client is independent in completing activity safely.	
O1=	The client can feed self, chew and swallow foods but may need reminding to maintain adequate intake; may need	food cut up; can feed self if food brought to them, with or without adaptive feeding equipment.
<b>⊚</b> 2=	The client can feed self but needs line of sight standby assistance for frequent gagging, choking, swallowing diffice or all food by mouth by another person.	ulty; or aspiration resulting in the need for medical intervention. The client needs reminder/assistance with adaptive feeding equipment; or must be fed so
○3=	The client must be totally fed by another person; must be fed by another person by stomach tube or venous acce	55.
Due To: (So	core must be justified through one or more of the following conditions)	
☐ IV Feeding	d Endurance or Impairment  g ange of Motion cal Impairment  lse  tition impairment s of Breath ing Problems	Supervision   Behavior Issues   Cognitive Impairment   Difficulty Learning   Lack of Awareness   Memory Impairment   Seizures    Mental Health   Delusional   Hallucinations   Lack of Motivation/Apathy   Paranoia
☐ Weakness	•	
regular ute must be pre the event h and choking still has d sister cont	is sister report that Wayne is able to feed himself independently using unsils. Wayne is diagnosed with oral dysphagia and his sister says that she seent at the table any time Wayne is eating to provide physical assistance in se chokes or gags on his food. She and Wayne say that occurrences of gagging have decreased since he started working with a Speech Therapist however, he difficulty swallowing and gags on his food around two times a month. Wayne's difficulty and Thick It to all liquids Wayne drinks to prevent aspiration.	

## SAMPLE NARRATIVE: EATING (cont'd)

Definition: The ability to eat and drink using routine or adaptive utensils. This also includes the ability to cut, chew, and swallow food. Note: If a person is fed via tube feedings or intravenously, check box 0 if they can do independently, or box 1, 2, 3 if they require another person to assist.

	ADL - Eating				
ADL Scoring	coring Criteria				
O 0=	The client is independent in completing activity safely.	The client is independent in completing activity safely.			
O1=	The client can feed self, chew and swallow foods but may need reminding to maintain adequate intake; may need food cut up; can feed self if food brought to them, with or without adaptive feeding equipment.				
<b>⊕</b> 2=	The client can feed self but needs line of sight standby assistance for frequent gagging, choking, swallowing difficulty; or aspiration resulting in the need for medical intervention. The client needs reminder/assistance with adaptive feeding equipment; or must be fed some or all food by mouth by another person.				
○3=	The client must be totally fed by another person; must be fed by another person by stomach tube or venous access.				
Physical Imp	o: (Score must be justified through one or more of the following conditions)  al Impairment:  putation  Behavior Is				
☐ Amputation					
<ul><li>✓ Aspiration</li><li>✓ Choking</li></ul>	_ ·				
-	reased Endurance				
_	Motor Impairment				
☐ IV Feeding					
☐ Neurologica	ited Range of Motion rological Impairment				
ြူ် <u>Cor</u>	Comments				

Wayne and his sister report that Wayne is able to feed himself independently using regular utensils. Wayne is diagnosed with oral dysphagia and his sister says that she must be present at the table any time Wayne is eating to provide physical assistance in the event he chokes or gags on his food. She and Wayne say that occurrences of gagging and choking have decreased since he started working with a Speech Therapist however, he still has difficulty swallowing and gags on his food around two times a month. Wayne's sister continues to add Thick It to all liquids Wayne drinks to prevent aspiration. Prior to thickening liquids, Wayne was diagnosed with pneumonia twice - once requiring a brief hospital stay.



# SAMPLE BEHAVIOR QUESTIONS

- Exhibits appropriate behavior?
- Exhibits inappropriate behaviors? Type and severity?
- Frequency? Episodic?
- Harms self?
- Harms others?
- Property damage?
- Redirection needed? Type? (e.g. Verbal cues? Hands-on?)
- Supervision required? Where and why?
- Suicidal ideation? Homicidal ideation?
- Support to access community?

#### **BEHAVIOR: SCORING REMINDERS**

Ensure Behaviors noted in ADLs documented in narrative.

Specify frequency and type of supervision in narrative to support score.

Distinguish between inability vs unwillingness to refrain from unsafe actions or interactions.

#### **SUPERVISION: BEHAVIORS**

#### VII. SUPERVISION

#### Α. Behaviors

Definition: The ability to engage in safe actions and interactions and refrain from unsafe actions and interactions (Note, consider the client's inability versus unwillingness to refrain from unsafe actions and interactions).

#### SCORING CRITERIA

■0=The client demonstrates appropriate behavior; there is no concern.
■1=The client exhibits some inappropriate behaviors but not resulting in injury to self, others and/or
property. The client may require redirection. Minimal intervention is needed.
2=The client exhibits inappropriate behaviors that put self, others or property at risk. The client
frequently requires more than verbal redirection to interrupt inappropriate behaviors.
■3=The client exhibits behaviors resulting in physical harm to self or others. The client requires
extensive supervision to prevent physical harm to self or others.

Due To: (Score must be justified through one or more of th	e following conditions)
Physical Impairments:	Supervision needs:
Chronic Medical Condition	Short Term Memory Loss
Acute Illness	Long Term Memory Loss
Pain	Agitation
Neurological Impairment	Aggressive Behavior
Choking	Cognitive Impairment
Sensory Impairment	☐Difficulty Learning
Communication Impairment (not inability to speak English)	Memory Impairment
Mental Health:	Verbal Abusiveness
Lack of Motivation/Apathy	Constant Vocalization
Delusional	Sleep Deprivation
Hallucinations	Self-Injurious Behavior
Paranoia	Impaired Judgment
Mood Instability	Disruptive to Others
	Disassociation
	■Wandering
	Seizures
	Self Neglect
	Medication Management

Comments:			

#### SAMPLE NARRATIVE: BEHAVIORS

Definition: The ability to engage in safe actions and interactions and refrain from unsafe actions and interactions. (Note: Consider the client's inability versus unwillingness to refrain from unsafe actions and interactions).

	ADL - Supervision Behavior
DL Scoring Criteria	
○2= The client exhibits inappropriate behaviors that put self, others or property a	to self, others and/or property. The client may require redirection. Minimal intervention is needed.  at risk. The client frequently requires more than verbal redirection to interrupt inappropriate behaviors.  a client requires extensive supervision to prevent physical harm to self or others.
Acute Illness Choking Chronic Medical Condition Communication Impairment (does not clude ability to speak English) Neurological Impairment Pain Sensory Impairment    Pental Health Delusional Hallucinations Lack of Motivation/Apathy Mood Instability Paranoia	Supervision Needs Aggressive Behavior Agitation Cognitive Impairment Constant Vocalization Difficulty Learning Dissuptive to Others Impaired Judgment Medication Management Memory Impairment Memory Inspairment Memory Loss-Long Term Memory Loss-Short Term Seizures Self Neglect Self-Injurious Behavior Sleep Deprivation Verbal Abusiveness Wandering
omments	property



been effective for Diana to calm down more easily.

damage at work this past year. Diana says she knows if she gets mad and runs off the job she will be fired. She's mindful of taking deep breaths and quietly humming a favorite song until she calms down while on the job. Both say that outside of work, Diana continues to have occasions in which she becomes angry with her father and yells expletives at him. She also has had 3-4 incidences this past year in which she has slammed doors so hard the house shook and once a shelf of knick-knacks in her room came down, breaking items as a result. Her father says that when they disagree, he has started to recognize Diana is getting upset and offers a "cool-down" time. Both say that this has

## SAMPLE NARRATIVE: BEHAVIORS (cont'd)

Definition: The ability to engage in safe actions and interactions and refrain from unsafe actions and interactions. (Note: Consider the client's inability versus unwillingness to refrain from unsafe actions and interactions).

	ADL - Superv	vision Behavior			
NDL S	Scoring Criteria				
O 0=	The client demonstrates appropriate behavior; there is no concern.				
⊕1=		may require redirection. Minimal intervention is needed.			
○ <del>-</del> ○ 2=		than verbal redirection to interrupt inappropriate behaviors.			
()3=					
ue 1	To: (Score must be justified through one or more of the following conditions)				
hysi	ical Impairment:	Supervision Needs			
	tute Illness	☐ Aggressive Behavior			
	noking	☑ Agitation			
	nronic Medical Condition	Cognitive Impairment			
	ommunication Impairment (does not	Constant Vocalization			
	le ability to speak English) eurological Impairment	□ Difficulty Learning			
□ Pa		☐ Disassociation ☑ Disruptive to Others			
	ensory Impairment	☐ Impaired Judgment			
4ental Health ☐ Medication Management		☐ Medication Management			
- (	Comments	Mamony Impairment			
	Diana`s father reports that Diana has had zero o				
	damage at work this past year. Diana says she kr	lows if she gets mad and runs off the job	$\wedge$		
	she will be fired. She's mindful of taking deep	breaths and quietly humming a favorite			
	song until she calms down while on the job. Both	say that outside of work, Diana			
	continues to have occasions in which she becomes	2 2			
(	expletives at him. She also has had 3-4 incidenc	es this past year in which she has			
1	slammed doors so hard the house shook and once a	shelf of knick-knacks in her room came			
-	down, breaking items as a result. Her father say	·			
	to recognize Diana is getting upset and offers a		<b>V</b>		
i	been effective for Diana to calm down more easil	. V .			



been effective for Diana to calm down more easily.

# SAMPLE MEMORY/COGNITION QUESTIONS

Lives independently?

Who manages money? Purchases? Budgeting?

Health / medical support needed? Type and frequency?

Medication management?

Grocery shopping / meal planning?

Decision-making support needed?

Assistance needed to complete paperwork?

Supervision required? Why and where?

Ability to recognize an emergency?

Support to access community?

Self-neglect concerns?

# SCORING REMINDERS: MEMORY/COGNITION

Distinguish between inability to complete tasks and choosing to not complete tasks.

Specify frequency and type of supervision in narrative to support score.

#### SUPERVISION: MEMORY / COGNITION

#### B. Memory/Cognition Deficit

Definition: The age appropriate ability to acquire and use information, reason, problem solve, complete tasks or communicate needs in order to care for oneself safely.

SCORING CRITERIA
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□0= Independent no concern □1= The client can make safe decisions in familiar/routine situations, but needs some help with decision making support when faced with new tasks, consistent with individual's values and goals. □2= The client requires consistent and ongoing reminding and assistance with planning, or requires regular assistance with adjusting to both new and familiar routines, including regular monitoring and/or supervision, or is unable to make safe decisions, or cannot make his/her basic needs known. □3= The client needs help most or all of time.  Due To: (Score must be justified through one or more of the following conditions)					
Physical Impairments:    Metabolic Disorder     Medication Reaction     Acute Illness     Pain     Neurological Impairment     Alzheimer's/Dementia     Sensory Impairment     Chronic Medical Condition     Communication Impairment (does not include ability to speak English)     Abnormal Oxygen Saturation     Fine Motor Impairment     Supervision Needs:     Disorientation     Cognitive Impairment     Difficulty Learning     Memory Impairment	Self-Injurious Behavior Impaired Judgment Unable to Follow Directions Constant Vocalizations Perseveration Receptive Expressive Aphasia Agitation Disassociation Wandering Lack of Awareness Seizures Medication Management Mental Health: Lack of Motivation/Apathy Delusional Hallucinations Paranoia Mood Instability				
Comments:					

#### SAMPLE NARRATIVE: MEMORY/COGNITION

Definition: The age appropriate ability to acquire and use information, reason, problem solve, complete tasks or communicate needs in order to care for oneself safely.

		ADL - Supervision Memory
ADL Scorii	ng Criteria	
<b>○</b> 0=	Independent no concern.	
O1=	The client can make safe decisions in familiar/routine situations, but needs some help with decision	n making support when faced with new tasks, consistent with individual's values and goals.
⊚ 2=	The client requires consistent and ongoing reminding and assistance with planning, or requires reguneeds known.	ular assistance with adjusting to both new and familiar routines, including regular monitoring and/or supervision, or is unable to make safe decisions, or cannot make his/her basi
○3=	The client needs help most or all of time.	
Due To: (9	Score must be justified through one or more of the following conditions)	
Physical I	mpairment:	Supervision Needs
-	al Oxygen Saturation	Agitation
☐ Acute Il	lness	✓ Cognitive Impairment
Alzheim	ners/Dementia	☐ Constant Vocalization
☐ Chronic	Medical Condition	✓ Difficulty Learning
□ Commu	nication Impairment (does not include ability to	☐ Disassociation
speak Engli		☐ Disorientation
	tor Impairment	☐ Impaired Judgment
	ion Reaction	✓ Lack of Awareness
	lic Disorder	☐ Medication Management
	gical Impairment	☐ Memory Impairment
Pain		□ Perseveration
Sensory	/ Impairment	☐ Receptive Expressive Aphasia
Mental He		
Delusion		☐ Self-Injurious Behavior
Hallucin		☐ Unable to Follow Directions
	Motivation/Apathy	☐ Wandering
Mood Ir		
Paranoi	a	
Comments		
Peter's b	rother reports that Peter is diagnosed with mild IDD and CP and that school	
testing i	ndicated FSIQ scores below 70. Peter and his brother report that Peter requires	



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assistance with all aspects of scheduling, attending, participating in and follow-up with medical and dental appointments. His brother fills and manages Peter's daily medications. Peter's brother is Peter's Rep Payee and assists with small purchases and major budgeting needs. Peter can name different denominations of money but is unable to calculate costs to ensure that he has adequate funds for a purchase nor is he able to determine if he has received correct change for a purchase. Peter says his brother helps him both with major-decision making and day-to-day decisions such as grocery shopping, meal planning, and other needs. Peter requires assistance with pedestrian safety. He is easily confused by traffic and street signals and has had close calls with vehicles when his brother was not present to assist him. Peter is eligible for Access-A-Ride as he is unable to safely use fixed-route buses. He is vulnerable to exploitation and doesn't recognize when someone is taking advantage of him. He can recognize some types of emergencies but has required

assistance in the past with accessing support in the event of an emergency.

#### SAMPLE NARRATIVE: MEMORY/COGNITION (cont'd)

Definition: The age appropriate ability to acquire and use information, reason, problem solve, complete tasks or communicate needs in order to care for oneself safely.

ADL S	Scoring Criteria	
O=	Independent no concern.	
<b>○1=</b>		
<b>●</b> 2=	The client requires consistent and ongoing reminding and assistance with planning, or requires regular assistance with adjusting to both new and familiar routines, including regular monitoring and/or supervision, or is unable to make safe decisions, or cannot make needs known.	e his/her ba
○3=		
Due T	o: (Score must be justified through one or more of the following conditions)	
	cal Impairment: Supervision Needs	
	normal Oxygen Saturation	
_	ute Illness  ✓ Cognitive Impairment  ☐ Constant Vocalization	
	ronic Medical Condition ☐ Constant Vocalization  ☐ Difficulty Learning	
	mmunication Impairment (does not include ability to	
speak	Enalish)	
☐ Fir	Comments	
□ Me	Peter's brother reports that Peter is diagnosed with mild IDD and CP and that school	
□ Ne	testing indicated FSIQ scores below 70. Peter and his brother say Peter requires	$\wedge$
□ Se	assistance with all aspects of scheduling, attending, participating in and follow-up with	
Menta	medical and dental appointments. His brother fills and manages Peter's daily medications.	
☐ De	Peter's brother reports he's Peter's Rep Payee and assists with purchases and major-	
☐ La	budgeting needs. Peter says he can name different denominations of money but is unable to	
☐ Mo	calculate costs to ensure that he has enough money for purchases or determine if he has	
	received correct change for a purchase. Peter says his brother helps him both with major-	
Comm Peter	decision making and day-to-day decisions such as grocery shopping, meal planning, and	
testi assis	other needs. Peter says he needs help with pedestrian safety as he gets confused by	
medic Peter	traffic and street signals and has had close calls with vehicles when his brother was not	
needs to er	present to assist him. They say Peter is eligible for Access-A-Ride as he is unable to	
recei decis	safely use fixed-route buses. He is vulnerable to exploitation and doesn't recognize when	
other traff	someone is taking advantage of him. He can recognize some types of emergencies but has	~
prese fixed	required assistance in the past with accessing support in the event of an emergency.	

taking advantage of him. He can recognize some types of emergencies but has required assistance in the past with accessing support in the event of an emergency.

## ASSESSMENT DEMOGRAPHIC

- Location of assessment
- Who was present
- Who provided the majority of the information
- Is the individual's living environment safe
- Summary of the assessment

#### SAMPLE: ASSESSMENT DEMOGRAPHIC

*Location of Assessment	*Present at Interview
Applicants Private Residence/Home	O Applicant Only
O Nursing Home	○ Caregiver(s) Only
O Hospital/Other Health Care Facility	<ul><li>Applicant and Caregiver(s)</li></ul>
O Assisted Living	O Applicant and Others
OAgency Office	Other
O Relatives Home	
○ Telephone	
○ Other	
*Most of the interview information was provided by	*Living Environment
Applicant	✓ Safe
○ Caregiver	☐ Safe with feasible modifications
O Medical Record	☐ Services can not be delivered here
○ Facility Staff	☐ Client needs to move so services can be delivered
OAll of the Above	☐ Client needs to move to a safer environment
Other	☐ Special home assessment needed
	Unknown
*Eligibility Accordment Cummany	
*Eligibility Assessment Summary	
Assessment completed at Parker's home with both Parker and his sister present. His home appeared neat and free from obvious safety-hazards.  Parker was dressed in clean clothing that was appropriate for the weather and situation. Parker requires moderate support with Bathing, Dressing, Toileting, Mobility and Transferring. Without the necessary support being provided to him, he is at significant risk of injury to his health and well-being as he is unable to independently maintain	

Save

assistance, complete aspects of toileting on his own, and move about

adequate hygiene, dress or undress himself without hands-on

his home and community or transfer independently.

Clear

#### **CERTIFICATION DATES**

- Cannot exceed 12 month span
- Initial Start Date: date is the latter of
  - > Assessment Date 9/10/17
  - > PMIP Signature Date 9/25/17
  - Enrollment Date (if CES)
    - Certification Dates: 9/25/17 8/31/18
- CSR Start Date: first day of month after current End Date
  - > Current End Date: 4/30/17
  - Certification Dates: 5/1/17 4/30/18

## SUMMARY

- ULTC 100.2 must be completed initially and annually thereafter for all HCBS waivers
- Determines Level of Care for individuals
- Narrative must support scores of ADLs and Supervision needs
- Scoring to be consistent across HCBS waivers

# QUESTIONS?



## **CONTACT INFORMATION**

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# Thank You!