

# Provider and Community Experience (P&CE) Subcommittee

## RAE/CMA Collaboration

January 13, 2022

**Background on:**

# **Colorado Case Management System**

# Case Management Agency

Oversight by Office of Community Living

# Case Management Agencies

## **24 Single Entry Point (SEPs) serves adults and children**

Determines eligibility for PACE, Nursing Facilities, and HCBS waivers targeted to aging members and/or members with various disabilities (BI, CLLI, CMHS, EBD, SCI waivers); provides case management for those waivers

Some SEPs provide case management for CHCBS waiver

## **20 Community Centered Boards (CCBs) serves adults and children**

Determines eligibility for programs targeted to members with intellectual and developmental disabilities (IDD) (CES, CHRP, DD, SLS waivers); may provide case management for those waivers

Some CCBs provide case management for CHCBS waiver

## **4 Private Case Management Agencies serve children only**

Provides case management for CHCBS waiver



# Core CMA Responsibilities

- Determine eligibility for long-term services and supports (LTSS)
- Develop and monitor Service Plan
- Coordinate long-term services and supports
- Aid in determining appropriate services and level of care
- Assist individual in identifying the waiver that best meets needs
- Assist in identifying necessary supports in service planning regardless of funding source

# CMA Responsibility to the Member

- Determine Level of Care for functional eligibility to access Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) waiver services
- Assist with development of a service plan
  - Assessed needs
  - Personal goals
- Help members navigate the LTSS system and understand all of their service options to make informed choices
- Help connect members with providers
- Maintain contact with members regularly and monitor and adjust services as needed according to the member's changing needs



# Regional Accountable Entity

Oversight by Health Programs Office

# Regional Accountable Entities

- 7 RAEs across the state assigned to geographic regions
- Care coordination focuses on patients with acute, high cost, high risk, and complex needs, but available to all members
- Models vary across RAEs - care coordination can be provided by a RAE or delegated to partner (e.g. PCMP, Integrated Community Care Team, etc.)



# Core RAE Responsibilities

- Develop and maintain network of Primary Care Medical Providers (PCMP) to serve as medical home for members
- Develop and maintain statewide network of behavioral health providers
- Administer capitated behavioral health benefit
- Onboard new members
- Promote population health initiatives and member engagement
- Coordinate care for members across health neighborhood and community to address whole-person health
- Utilization management of covered behavioral health services
- Ensure that care coordination is available to all members across health neighborhood and community, with a specific focus on members with complex needs

# CMA and RAE Intersection

# Care Coordination

- . Aligned with Population Management Framework
- . Deliberate and organized activities to support health and social services
- . Care Coordination should not duplicate services through LTSS and HCBS Waivers
- . Coordination should address care transitions between health systems

# CMA and RAE Roles

## RAE

- Connect members to a Primary Care Medical Provider (PCMP) to serve as their medical home
- Coordinate services for physical and behavioral health needs
- RAEs complement the work of Single Entry Points and CMAs; they don't duplicate it

Coordinate across disparate providers, social, educational, justice, and other community agencies

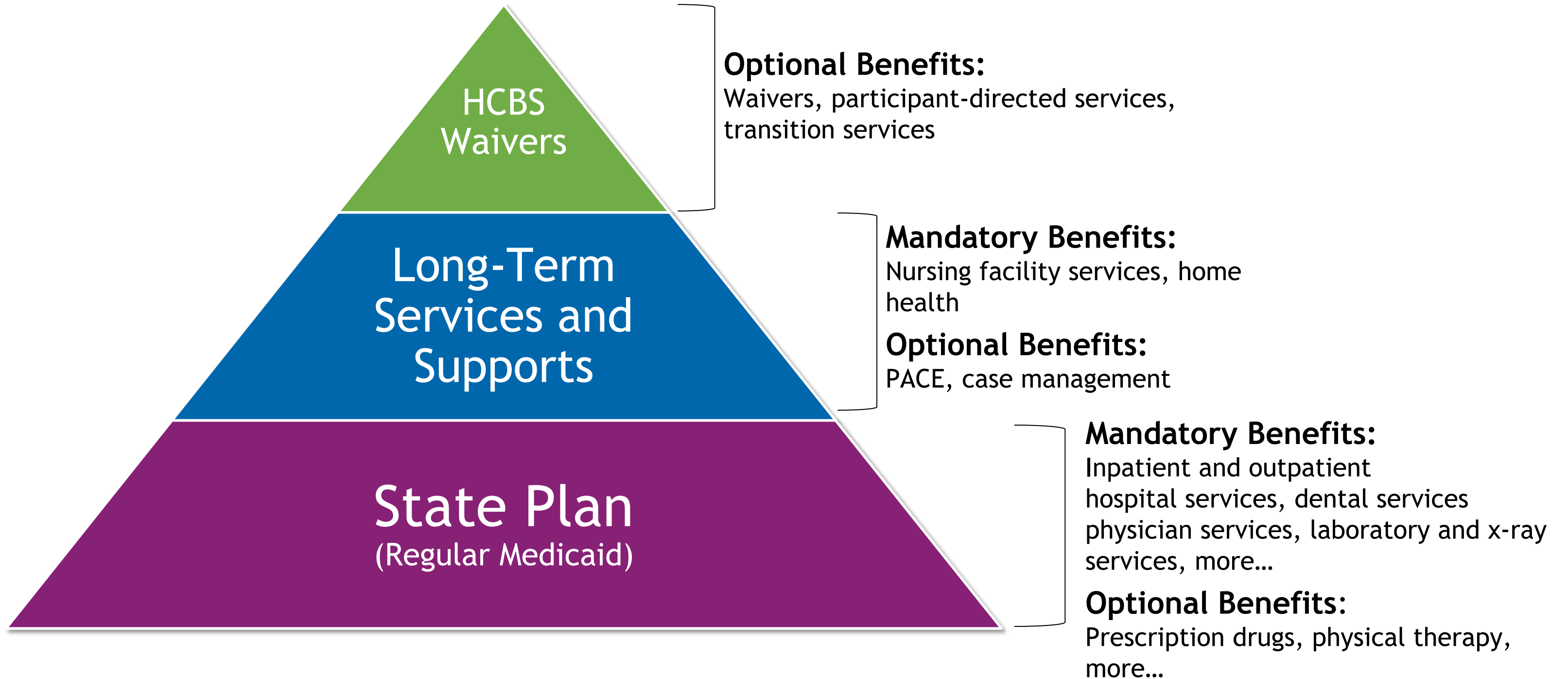
## Entry Point & CMA

- Eligibility determination for long-term services and supports (LTSS)
- Service plan development and monitoring
- Coordination of long-term services and supports

# Home and Community-Based Services Waivers

Long Term Service and Support (LTSS) managed by Single Entry Point  
and Community Centered Board CMAs

# Benefits Pyramid



# 4 Key Requirements for HCBS Waivers:

Be Cost Neutral

Services Provided to Avoid Institutionalization

Protect Health and Welfare

Person-Centered Plan of Care

# Home and Community-Based Services (HCBS) Waivers

- Provides all State Plan benefits plus additional waiver services
- Allows members and their families to remain integrated in the community and have decision making power over their life and health
- Members receive services in their home and community
- Members can only be enrolled in one waiver at a time
- Members may be eligible for more than one waiver and must select one that best suits their needs





# HCBS Waivers in Colorado

[Colorado HCBS Adult Waiver Chart](#)

[Colorado Medicaid Waivers Chart](#)

## Adult Waivers

Brain Injury Waiver (BI)

Community Mental Health Supports Waiver (CMHS)

Developmental Disabilities Waiver (DD)\*

Elderly, Blind and Disabled Waiver (EBD)

Spinal Cord Injury Waiver (SCI)

Supported Living Services Waiver (SLS)

## Children's Waivers

Children's Extensive Support Waiver (CES)

Children's Home and Community Based Services Waiver (CHCBS)

Children's Habilitation Residential Program Waiver (CHRP)

Children with Life Limiting Illness Waiver (CLLI)

# American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Projects

# ARPA Information for Stakeholders

ARPA Webpage:

[American Rescue Plan Act of 2021](#)

**This website contains:**

- Background for the American Rescue Plan Act,
- Home and Community Based Services Section of American Rescue Plan,
- Guidance on Home and Community Based Services-Federal Guidance,
- Resources for HCBS Providers,
- Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) Website National Reference Library of State Spending Plans,
- Links to the Spending Plan and Legislation

# Thank You!