

Quarterly Overview: HCPF EQA Performance Data & Trends



Presented by Melissa Vincent & Arturo Serrano

HCPF Eligibility Quality Assurance (EQA) - Overview

What is EQA?

Overview of MAP Dashboard Performance Measures Top Trends

Best Practices





Background - EQA Quarterly Overview

Why This Overview Was Created:

The need for an EQA overview was identified following Fall 2024 discussions with County representatives, focusing on County Incentive scoring—specifically within the accuracy incentives. HCPF formed an internal workgroup to address accuracy in MAP performance measures, driven by county input and shared priorities.

Our Goals:

- Elevate accuracy to the same level of focus as timeliness and backlog
- Share top trends for Counties and MA/EAP staff
- Highlight **best practices** across counties
- Support continuous improvement in HCPF's accuracy performance measures





What is EQA?

Monthly Review Volume:

120-125 eligibility determinations reviewed

Or Purpose:

Provide timely information to identify and address errors in the eligibility determination process

MAP EQA Performance Measures:

- **Incorrect Error Determinations:** Impact whether an individual qualifies for assistance (e.g., income miscalculation, incorrect household size)
- **Errors Not Impacting Eligibility :** Procedural Errors Do not affect eligibility, but reflect process or documentation issues (e.g., missing case comments, late entries)

Goal:

Support accurate case processing, policy compliance, and continuous improvement



What is EQA ?

S What is the EQA Rebuttal Process?

Counties have the opportunity to **review and dispute** EQA findings before they are finalized.

Timeline:

- **Counties:** Up to 10 working days to submit a rebuttal after receiving case findings
- **HCPF:** Responds to rebuttals by the last working day of the month in which the rebuttal was submitted

17 Impact on MAP Dashboard Accuracy Performance Measures:

Due to the rebuttal timeline, MAP Dashboard performance measures will always reflect data with a 4-month delay to ensure accuracy and incorporate final, validated results.



Performance Measure **Incorrect Eligibility Determinations**



Errors Impacting Eligibility

What Constitutes a Error Impacting Eligibility? An error that results in one of the following:

- An individual is enrolled when they should have been denied
- An individual is denied or terminated when they should have been approved
- An individual is **enrolled in the wrong aid code**

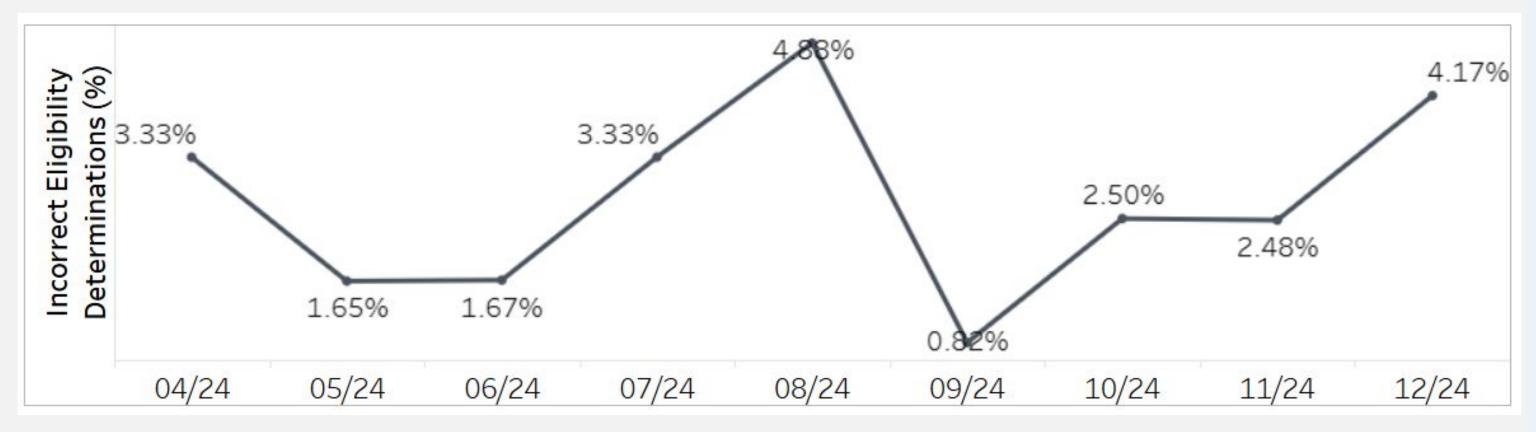
Why These Errors Matter:

These errors have significant member impacts (loss or delay of coverage) and potential financial **implications** for the program, making them a priority for review and correction.

**The data in slides 9-14 show the number of errors cited during a specific timeframe. It does not show the number of determinations/cases that were incorrect overall; just the number of errors. One case can have multiple errors.

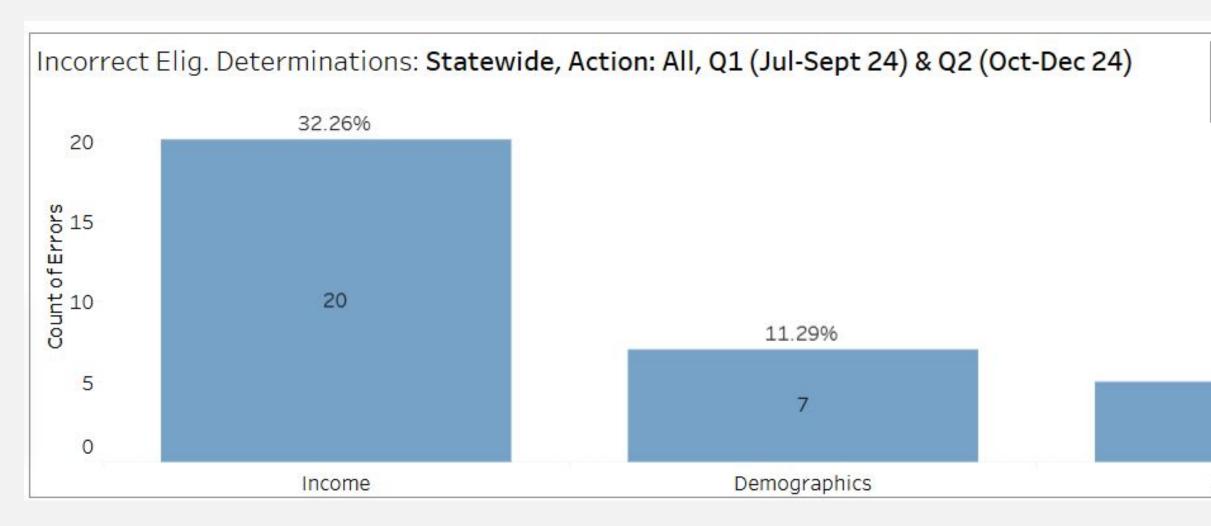


Statewide Percentage





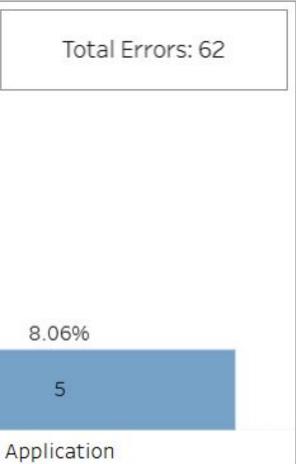
The Most Common Three Errors Statewide



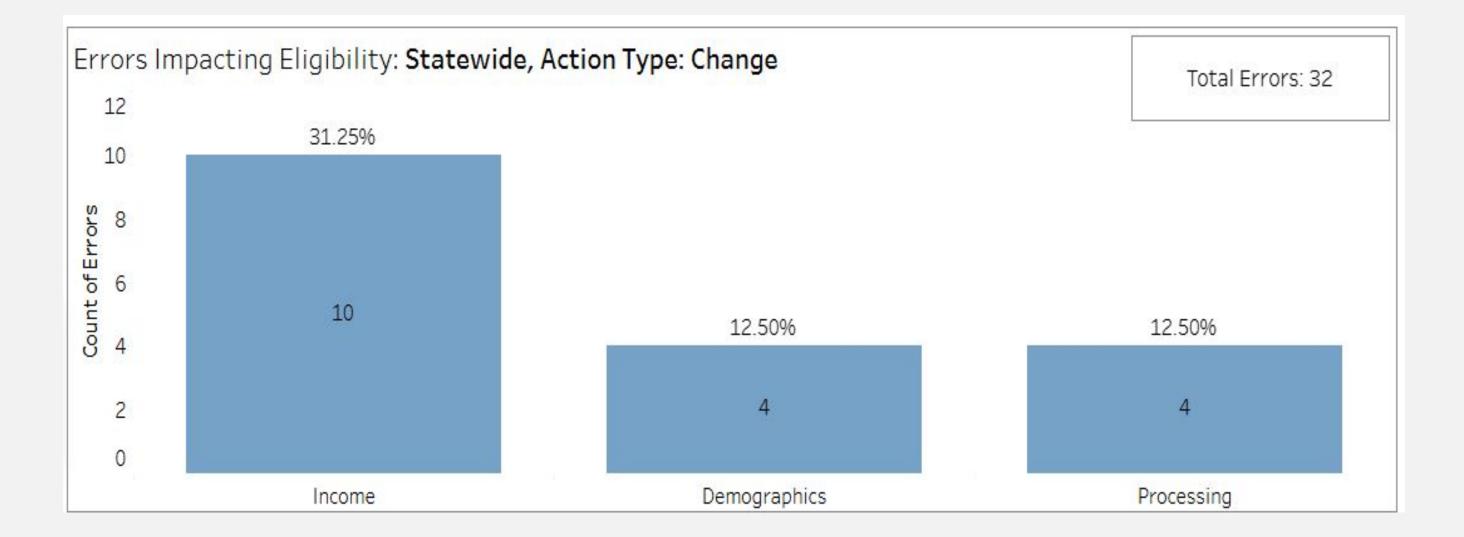


Sample Size: 610





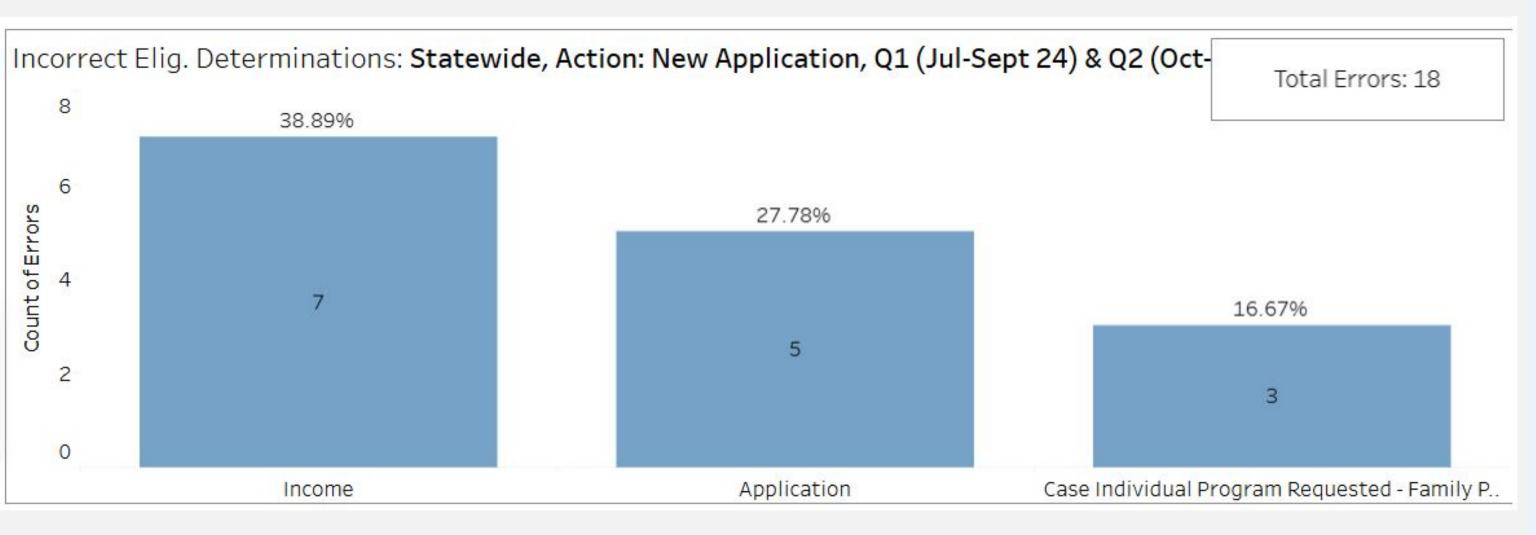
Change Errors





Sample Size: 376

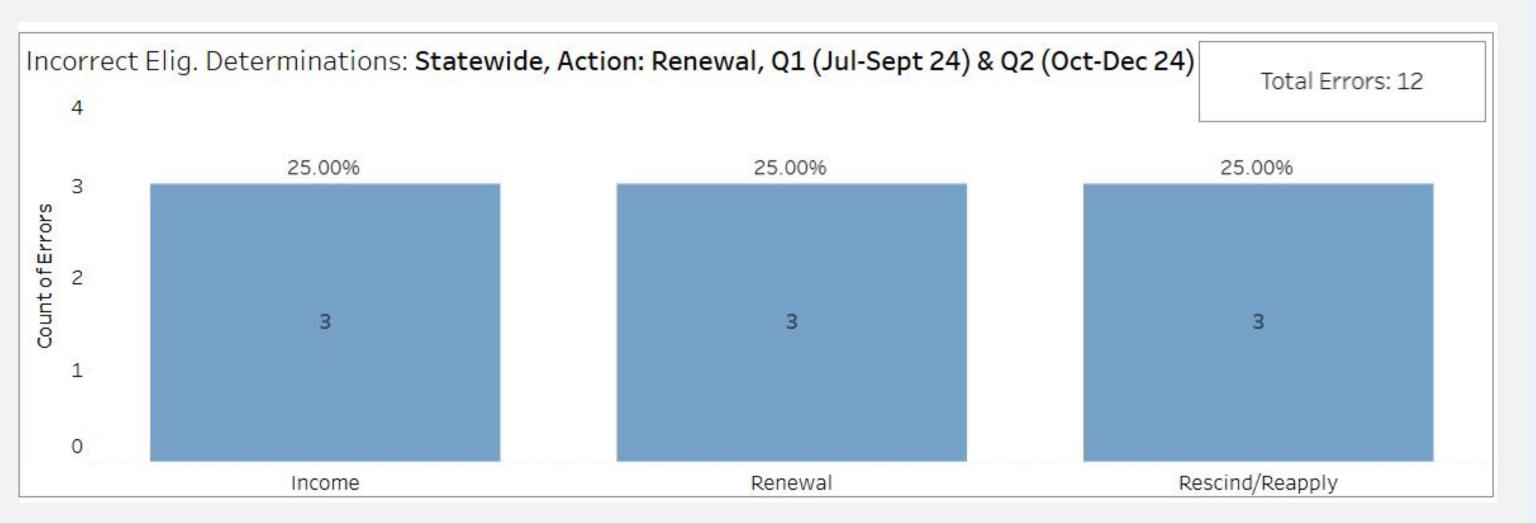
New Application Errors





Sample Size: 107

Renewal Errors





Sample Size: 127

Key Takeaways - EQA Statewide Trends

Top 3 Error Categories (32 Total Errors):

- 1. Income
- 2. Demographics
- 3. Application Processing





Key Takeaways - EQA Statewide Trends

Missing Documentation (19 Errors):

- Documentation supporting data entry **not provided** (18)
- **New application** was required but not requested (1)

Data Entry Issues (13 Errors):

- Information received but not entered/acted on (8)
- Data entered, but rules/guidance not followed (3)
- **Mismatch** between data entered and documentation (2)





Questions?



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Performance Measure **Errors That Did Not Impact Eligibility**





Errors that Did Not Impact Eligibility

What are Errors that Did Not Impact Eligibility?

These are procedural errors made during case processing that did not affect the final eligibility decision.

V The member would have still been **approved**, **denied**, **terminated**, **or enrolled** in the same aid code even if the error hadn't occurred.

Why These Errors Still Matter:

- May affect other household members' eligibility under certain circumstances
- Can still lead to **negative impacts for the member**, such as delays, confusion, or inaccurate records

Highlight areas for process improvement and staff training

**The data in slides 19-24 show the number of errors cited during a specific timeframe. It does not show the number of determinations/cases that were incorrect overall; just the number of errors. One case can have multiple errors.



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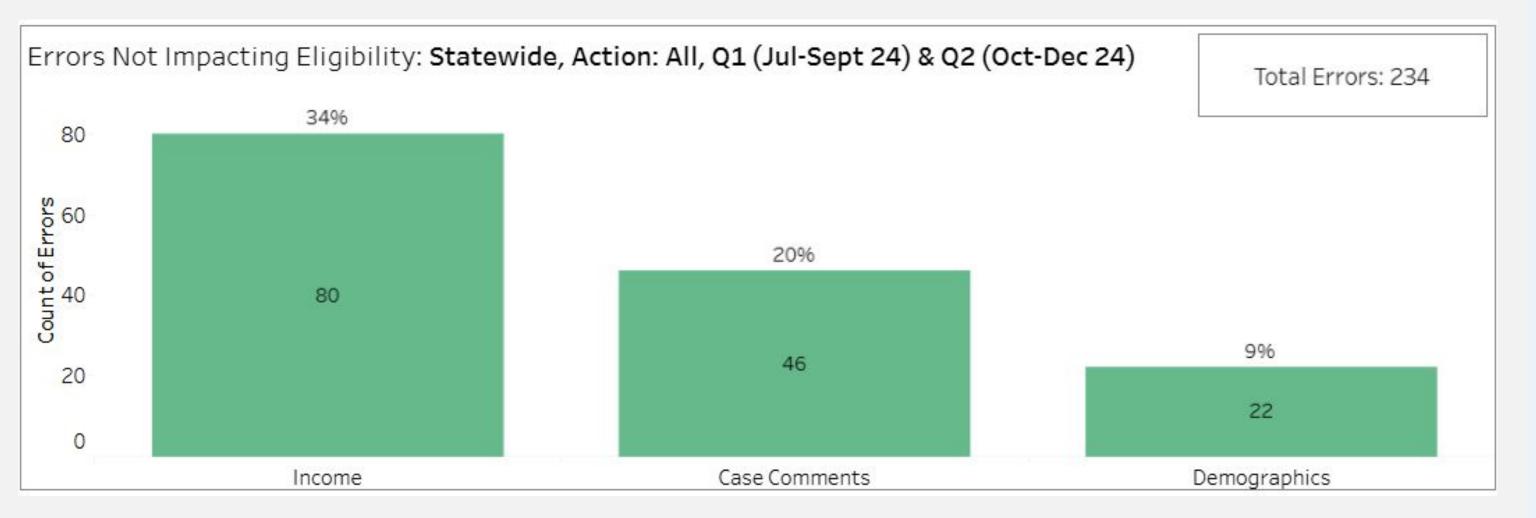
Statewide Percentage





Statewide Target:

The Most Common Three Errors Statewide

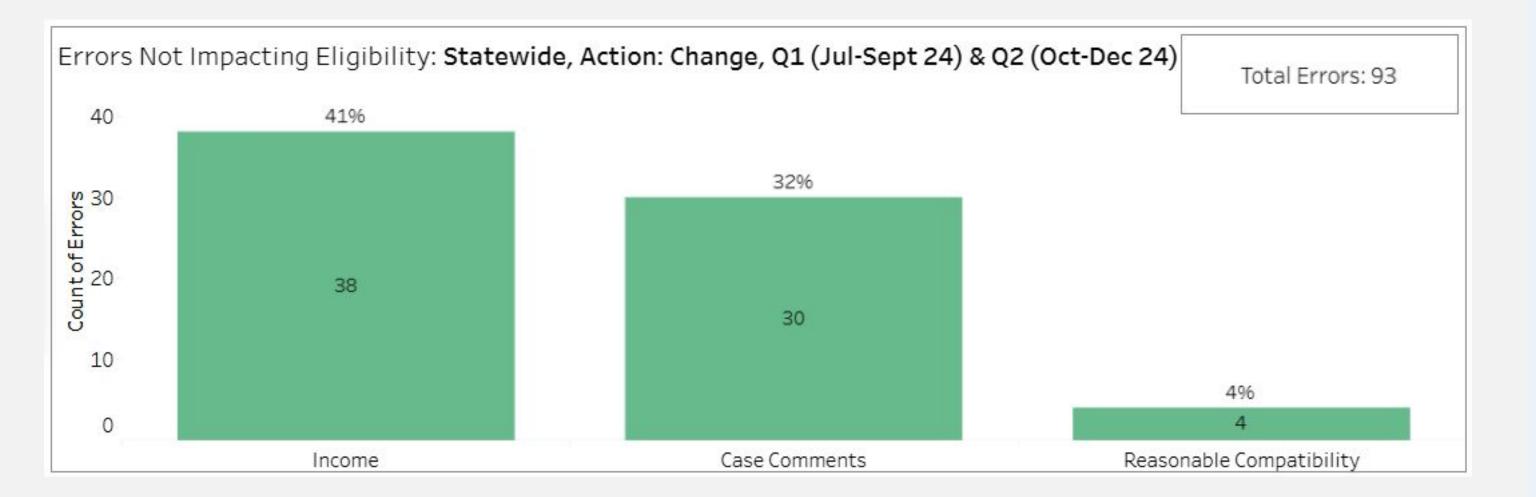




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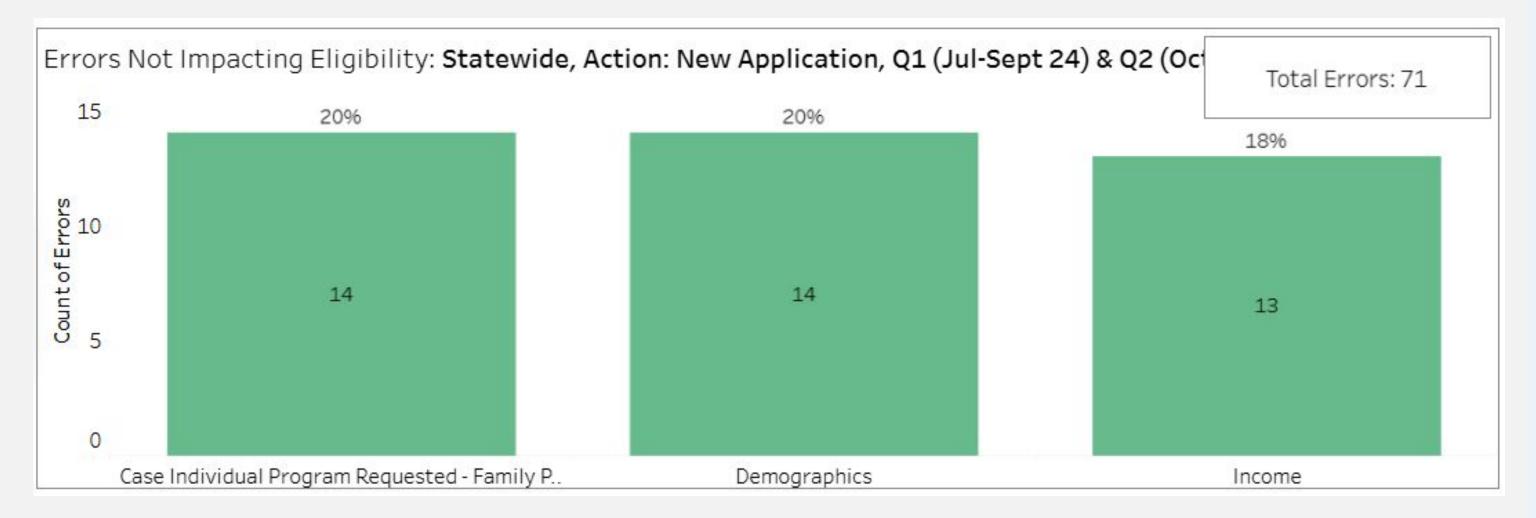
Change Errors





Sample Size: 376

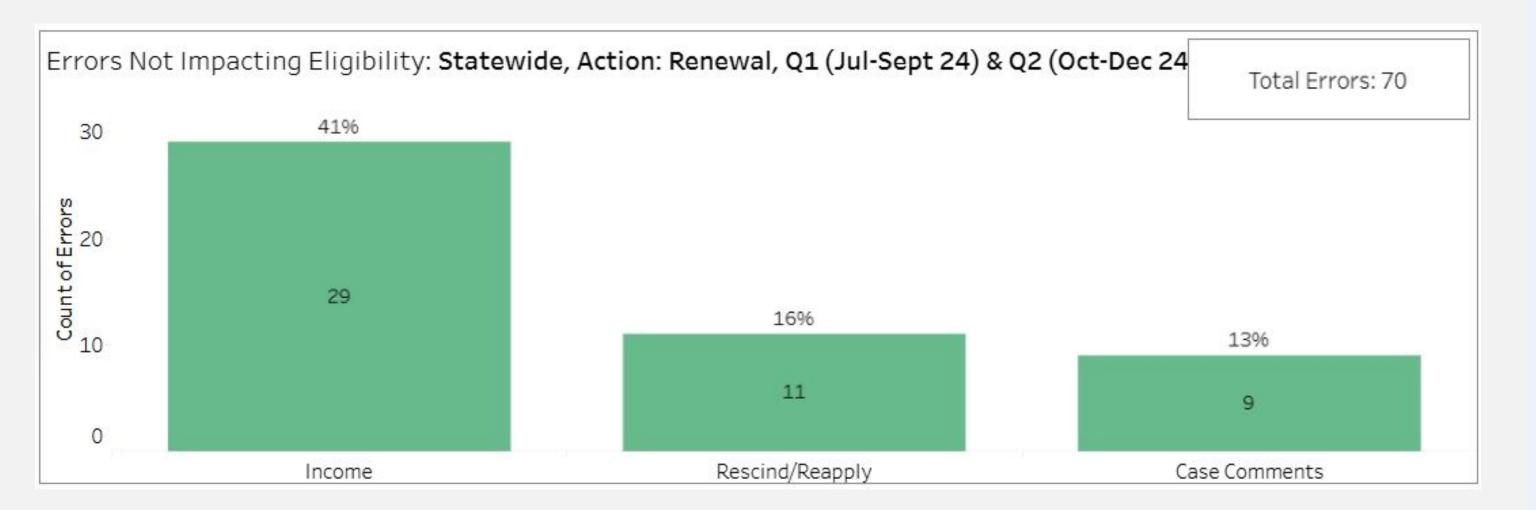
New Application Errors





Sample Size: 107

Renewal Errors





Sample Size: 127

Key Takeaways - EQA Statewide Trends

Top 3 Error Categories (148 Total Errors):

- 1. Income
- 2. Case Comments
- 3. Demographics





Key Takeaways - EQA Statewide Trends

- **Missing Documentation (36 Errors):**
- Case comments not entered or incomplete (30)
- Failed to provide documentation that supports data entry (6)

Data Entry Issues (107 Errors):

- Information received but not entered/acted on (35)
- Data entered, but rules/guidance not followed (24)
- Mismatch between data entered and documentation (33)
- Untimely case comment (15)





Questions?



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Best Practices for Supporting EQA

Leadership Commitment:

Foster a culture of quality by setting clear expectations and prioritizing accuracy at all levels.

Performance Integration:

Incorporate monthly performance meetings that review quality trends, identify common errors, and drive accountability.

Small Counties:

Define **QA responsibilities** within existing roles to integrate quality checks into **daily and weekly business** processes.

Medium & Large Counties:

Establish dedicated Quality Assurance (QA) staff or teams tasked specifically with ensuring eligibility accuracy and driving continuous improvement efforts. These QA personnel should work in close coordination with training staff to align quality standards with ongoing staff development and support





Best Practices for Strengthening QA Processes

X Embed QA into Business Processes:

Incorporate quality steps throughout the eligibility workflow to prevent errors before authorization, such as:

- Pre-authorization case reviews
- Supervisory authorizations
- Over-the-shoulder support during processing

W Use the HCPF Review Tool: Integrate the HCPF QA review tool into your local QA processes. To request a copy, contact: [hcpf_moo_eqr@state.co.us]





Best Practices for Strengthening QA Processes

- Maintain and Update Your QA Plan:
- Review your HCPF QA Plan annually-treat it as a living document
- Submit any updates or changes to your plan to: [HCPF CountyRelations@state.co.us]





Questions?



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Next EQA Quarterly Meeting 17 Date: October 30th Detailed information will be shared in September 2025



Thank You For your time and commitment to quality and accuracy. **Questions or Follow-Up? Please contact: Melissa Vincent best hcpf moo eqr@state.co.us**

Arturo Serrano <u> hcpf_mapdashboards@state.co.us</u>



