

Best Practices Disability Competent Physical Access

- 1. Facilities that are within a quarter mile of public transit make it easier to access care.
- 2. Make sure the entry route to the building is barrier-free with curb cuts and ramps and a clear area for drop off and pick up. Maintain the entrance route so there are no obstacles such as buckling sidewalks, debris or snow.
- 3. Mark accessible parking spaces with a vertical sign posted with the International Symbol of Accessibility.
- 4. Post clear, legible signs to the accessible entrance.
- 5. Make sure interior hallways are wide enough; the path should free of any obstructions.
- 6. Provide handrails on both sides of stairs or steps of any kind. Provide elevator access for those who can't maneuver steps.
- 7. Elevators need to have control panels and labels that are within reach when sitting in a wheelchair and have visible and audible signals, and Braille indicators.
- 8. Doors need to be accessible with enough room for wheelchair passage, proper handles and require only 5lbs of force to open.
- 9. Interior signage should be low enough for all to see and have raised letters, Braille and highly legible text.
- 10. Reception and waiting areas need to feel safe and calm for individuals with cognitive or emotional disabilities.
- 11. Staff should be trained to always allow service animals and signage should clearly indicate they are allowed.
- 12. Provide an adjustable exam table, overhead lift and wheelchair accessible scale.
- 13. Place information about accessibility on your web site where it is easy to find.





COLORADO Department of Health Care Policy & Financing