

Regional Accountable Entities (RAEs) for the Colorado Accountable Care Collaborative

Fiscal Year 2021–2022 PIP Validation Report

for

Colorado Access Region 5

April 2022

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1. Executive Summary

The Code of Federal Regulations at 42 CFR Part 438—managed care regulations for the Medicaid program and Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) programs, with revisions released May 6, 2016, effective July 1, 2017, and further revised on November 13, 2020, with an effective date of December 14, 2020—require states that contract with managed care health plans (health plans) to conduct an external quality review (EQR) of each contracting health plan. Health plans include managed care organizations (MCOs), prepaid inpatient health plans (PIHPs), primary care case management entities (PCCM entities), and prepaid ambulatory health plans (PAHPs). The regulations at 42 CFR §438.350 require that the EQR include analysis and evaluation by an external quality review organization (EQRO) of aggregated information related to healthcare quality, timeliness, and access. Health Services Advisory Group, Inc. (HSAG), serves as the EQRO for the State of Colorado, Department of Health Care Policy and Financing (the Department)—the agency responsible for the overall administration and monitoring of Colorado's Medicaid program. Beginning in fiscal year (FY) 2018–2019, the Department entered into contracts with Regional Accountable Entities (RAEs) in seven regions throughout Colorado. Each Colorado RAE meets the federal definition of a PCCM entity.

Pursuant to 42 CFR §438.350, which requires states' Medicaid managed care programs to participate in EQR, the Department required its RAEs to conduct and submit performance improvement projects (PIPs) annually for validation by the State's EQRO. Colorado Access Region 5, referred to in this report as COA R5, holds a contract with the State of Colorado for provision of healthcare services for Health First Colorado, Colorado's Medicaid program.

For fiscal year (FY) 2021–2022, the Department required health plans to conduct PIPs in accordance with 42 CFR §438.330(b)(1). In accordance with §438.330(d), MCOs, PIHPs, PAHPs, and PCCM entities are required to have a quality program that (1) includes ongoing PIPs designed to have a favorable effect on health outcomes and beneficiary satisfaction and (2) focuses on clinical and/or nonclinical areas that involve the following:

- Measuring performance using objective quality indicators
- Implementing system interventions to achieve quality improvement (QI)
- Evaluating effectiveness of the interventions
- Planning and initiating activities for increasing and sustaining improvement

As one of the mandatory EQR activities required by 42 CFR §438.358(b)(1)(i), HSAG, as the State's EQRO, validated the PIPs through an independent review process. In its PIP evaluation and validation, HSAG used the Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services



(CMS) publication, *Protocol 1*. *Validation of Performance Improvement Projects: A Mandatory EQR-Related Activity*, October 2019.¹⁻¹

In July 2014, HSAG developed a new PIP framework based on a modified version of the Model for Improvement developed by Associates in Process Improvement and modified by the Institute for Healthcare Improvement. The redesigned PIP methodology is intended to improve processes and outcomes of healthcare by way of continuous QI. The redesigned framework redirects MCOs to focus on small tests of change to determine which interventions have the greatest impact and can bring about real improvement. CMS agreed that given the pace of QI science development and the prolific use of Plan-Do-Study-Act (PDSA) cycles in modern improvement projects within healthcare settings, a new approach was needed and provided HSAG with approval to use this approach in all requesting states.

PIP Components and Process

The key concepts of the rapid-cycle PIP framework include forming a PIP team, setting aims, establishing a measure, determining interventions, testing interventions, and spreading successful changes. The core component of the approach involves testing changes on a small scale—using a series of PDSA cycles and applying rapid-cycle learning principles over the course of the improvement project to adjust intervention strategies—so that improvement can occur more efficiently and lead to long-term sustainability. The duration of rapid-cycle PIPs is approximately 18 months, from the initial Module 1 submission date to the end of intervention testing.

There are four modules with an accompanying reference guide for the MCOs to use to document their PIPs. Prior to issuing each module, HSAG held module-specific trainings with the

PIP Terms

SMART (Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Relevant, Timebound) Aim directly measures the PIP's outcome by answering the following: How much improvement, to what, for whom, and by when?

Key Driver Diagram is a tool used to conceptualize a shared vision of the theory of change in the system. It enables the MCO's team to focus on the influences in cause-and-effect relationships in complex systems.

FMEA (Failure Modes and Effects Analysis) is a systematic, proactive method for evaluating processes that helps to identify where and how a process is failing or might fail in the future. FMEA is useful to pinpoint specific steps most likely to affect the overall process, so that interventions may have the desired impact on PIP outcomes.

PDSA (Plan-Do-Study-Act) cycle follows a systematic series of steps for gaining knowledge about how to improve a process or an outcome.

Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. *Protocol 1. Validation of Performance Improvement Projects (PIPs): A Mandatory EQR-Related Activity*, October 2019. Available at: https://www.medicaid.gov/medicaid/quality-of-care/downloads/2019-eqr-protocols.pdf. Accessed on: Feb 23, 2022.

Langley GL, Moen R, Nolan KM, Nolan TW, Norman CL, Provost LP. *The Improvement Guide: A Practical Approach to Enhancing Organizational Performance* (2nd edition). San Francisco: Jossey-Bass Publishers; 2009. Available at: http://www.ihi.org/resources/Pages/HowtoImprove/default.aspx. Accessed on: Feb 23, 2022.



MCOs to educate them about the documentation requirements and use of specific QI tools for each of the modules. The four modules are defined below:

- Module 1—PIP Initiation: Module 1 outlines the framework for the project. The framework includes building a PIP team, describing the PIP topic and narrowed focus, and providing the rationale and supporting data for the selected narrowed focus. In Module 1, the narrowed focus baseline data collection specifications and methodology are defined, and the MCO sets aims (Global and SMART), completes a key driver diagram, and sets up the SMART Aim run chart for objectively tracking progress toward improvement for the duration of the project.
- Module 2—Intervention Determination: In Module 2, there is increased focus on the QI activities reasonably expected to impact the SMART Aim. The MCO updates the key driver diagram from Module 1 after completing process mapping, failure modes and effects analysis (FMEA), and failure mode priority ranking, for a more in-depth understanding of the improvement strategies that are most likely to support achievement of the SMART Aim goal.
- Module 3—Intervention Testing: In Module 3, the MCO defines the intervention plan for the intervention to be tested, and the intervention effectiveness measure and data collection process are defined. The MCO will test interventions using thoughtful incremental PDSA cycles and complete PDSA worksheets.
- Module 4—PIP Conclusions: In Module 4, the MCO summarizes key findings, compares
 successful and unsuccessful interventions, and reports outcomes achieved. The MCO will synthesize
 data collection results, information gathered, and lessons learned to document the impact of the PIP
 and to consider how demonstrated improvement can be shared and used as a foundation for further
 improvement after the project ends.

Approach to Validation

The goal of HSAG's PIP validation and scoring methodology is to ensure that the Department and key stakeholders can have confidence that the health plan executed a methodologically sound improvement project, and any reported improvement can be reasonably linked to the QI strategies and activities conducted by the health plan during the PIP. HSAG obtained the data needed to conduct the PIP validation from COA R5's module submission forms. In FY 2021–2022, these forms provided detailed information about COA R5's PIP and the activities completed in Module 2 and Module 3. (See Appendix A. Module Submission Forms.) Following HSAG's rapid-cycle PIP process, the health plan submits each module according to the approved timeline. Following the initial validation of each module, HSAG provides feedback in the validation tools. If validation criteria are not achieved, the health plan has the opportunity to seek technical assistance from HSAG. The health plan resubmits the modules until all validation criteria are met. This process ensures that the PIP methodology is sound prior to the health plan progressing to intervention testing.



Validation Scoring

During validation, HSAG determines if criteria for each module are *Met*. Any validation criteria not applicable (*N/A*) were not scored. At the completion of Module 4, HSAG uses the validation findings from modules 1 through 4 to determine a level of confidence representing the validity and reliability of the PIP. Using a standardized scoring methodology, HSAG will assign a level of confidence.

High confidence = The PIP was methodologically sound; the SMART Aim goals, statistically significant, clinically significant, or programmatically significant improvements were achieved for both measures; at least one tested intervention for each measure could reasonably result in the demonstrated improvement; and the MCO accurately summarized the key findings and conclusions.
 Moderate confidence = The PIP was methodologically sound, at least one tested intervention could reasonably result in the demonstrated improvement, and at least one of the following occurred:

	significant improvement was achieved <i>for only one measure</i> , and the MCO accurately summarized the key findings and conclusions.
	\square Non-statistically significant improvement in the SMART Aim measure was achieved <i>for at least one measure</i> , and the MCO accurately summarized the key findings and conclusions.
	☐ The SMART Aim goal, statistically significant, non-statistically significant, clinically significant, or programmatically significant improvement was achieved <i>for at least one measure</i> however, the MCO <i>did not</i> accurately summarize the key findings and conclusions.
Lo	w confidence = One of the following occurred:
	☐ The PIP was methodologically sound. However, no improvement was achieved for either measure during the PIP. The SMART Aim goals <i>were not</i> met, statistically significant improvement <i>was not</i> demonstrated, non-statistically significant improvement <i>was not</i> demonstrated, significant clinical improvement <i>was not</i> demonstrated, and significant programmatic improvement <i>was not</i> demonstrated.

☐ The PIP was methodologically sound. The SMART Aim goal, statistically significant, non-statistically significant, clinically significant, or programmatically significant improvement was achieved *for at least one measure*; however, *none* of the tested interventions could reasonably result in the demonstrated improvement.

☐ The rolling 12-month data collection methodology was followed for only one of two SMART Aim measures for the duration of the PIP.

• *No confidence* = The SMART Aim measure methodology and/or approved rapid-cycle PIP methodology/process *was not* followed through the SMART Aim end date.



PIP Topic Selection

In FY 2021–2022, **COA R5** submitted the following PIP topic for validation: *Depression Screening and Follow-Up After a Positive Depression Screen*.

COA R5 defined a Global Aim and SMART Aim for the PIP. The SMART Aim statement includes the narrowed population, the baseline rate, a set goal for the project, and the end date. HSAG provided the following parameters to the health plan for establishing the SMART Aim for the PIP:

- Specific: The goal of the project: What is to be accomplished? Who will be involved or affected? Where will it take place?
- <u>Measurable</u>: The indicator to measure the goal: What measure will be used? What current data (i.e., count, percent, or rate) are available for that measure? How much increase or decrease in the indicator will demonstrate improvement?
- <u>A</u>ttainable: Rationale for setting the goal: Is the desired achievement based on a particular best practice/average score/benchmark? Is the goal attainable (not too low or too high)?
- \mathbf{R} elevant: The goal addresses the problem to be improved.
- <u>Time-bound</u>: The timeline for achieving the goal.

Table 1-1 includes the SMART Aim statements established by COA R5.

Depression Screening

By June 30, 2022, use key driver diagram interventions to increase the percentage of depression screens in well visits among members ages 12 years and older who receive care at Every Child Pediatrics and Inner City Health Center from 56.39% to 61.99%.

By June 30, 2022, use key driver diagram interventions to increase the percentage of Follow-Up After a Positive Depression Screen visits completed among members ages 12 years and older within 30 days of a positive depression screen occurring by June 30, 2022, at Every Child Pediatrics and Inner City Health Center from 44.18% to 70.59%.

Table 1-1—SMART Aim Statements

The focus of the PIP is to increase the percentage of members 12 years of age and older who receive a depression screening during a well visit at Every Child Pediatrics or Inner City Health Center and to increase the percentage of those members who receive behavioral health (BH) services within 30 days of screening positive for depression. The goals to increase depression screening to 61.99 percent and to increase follow-up within 30 days after a positive depression screen 70.59 percent represent statistically significant improvement over the baseline performance.



Table 1-2 summarizes the progress **COA R5** has made in completing the four PIP modules.

Table 1-2—PIP Topic and Module Status

PIP Topic	Module	Status
Depression Screening and	1. PIP Initiation	Completed and achieved all validation criteria.
Follow-Up After a Positive Depression	2. Intervention Determination	Completed and achieved all validation criteria.
Screen	3. Intervention Testing	In progress. Module 3 submission forms submitted to date have achieved all validation criteria. The MCO will test interventions until June 30, 2022, and submit a new Module 3 submission form when a new intervention is initiated.
	4. PIP Conclusions	Targeted for October 2022.

At the time this FY 2021–2022 PIP validation report was produced, **COA R5** had passed Module 1 and Module 2, achieving all validation criteria for the PIP. **COA R5** had also passed all validation criteria for the Module 3 submission form submitted for each intervention being tested and was continuing to test interventions. The health plan will conclude all intervention testing on June 30, 2022. Module 4 validation findings will be reported in the FY 2022–2023 PIP validation report.





Validation Findings

In FY 2021–2022, **COA R5** continued the *Depression Screening and Follow-Up After a Positive Depression Screen* PIP. The health plan passed Module 2 and Module 3 of the rapid-cycle PIP process during FY 2021–2022. HSAG reviewed Module 2 and Module 3 submission forms and provided feedback and technical assistance to the health plan until all validation criteria were achieved. Below are summaries of the Module 2 and Module 3 validation findings for the *Depression Screening and Follow-Up After a Positive Depression Screen* PIP. Detailed validation criteria, scores, and feedback from HSAG are provided in Appendix B. Module Validation Tools.

Module 2: Intervention Determination

The objective of Module 2 is to ask and answer the fundamental question, "What changes can we make that will result in improvement?" In this phase, **COA R5** developed process maps, conducted FMEAs, and updated key driver diagrams to identify potential interventions for the PIP. The detailed process maps, FMEA results, and updated key driver diagrams that **COA R5** documented in the Module 2 submission form are included in Appendix A. Module Submission Forms. Table 2-1 presents the FY 2021–2022 Module 2 validation findings for **COA R5**'s *Depression Screening and Follow-Up After a Positive Depression Screen* PIP.

Table 2-1—Module 2 Validation Findings for the *Depression Screening and Follow-Up After a Positive Depression Screen PIP*

	·				
PIP Measures	Priority Failure Modes	Key Drivers	Potential Interventions		
Depression Screening	 Members with mental health needs are not identified 	Standards of care: consistency at clinic and provider level on coding	Standardization of depression screening scoring		
	 Provider does not bill for depression screen 	Financial stability and billing accuracy	Standardize sick visit screening protocols		
	 Depression screening results are not documented in medical chart 	Members are screened for depression at well and sick visits and have at least one	Standardize processes and targeted clinic and provider education		
	MA's manual charting process is impacted by daily clinic operations and does not account for	 well visit annually Members are educated about treatment options and engaged 	Electronic health record (EHR) optimization and support for ordering and coding		
	 administrative errors Physician does not receive information needed to enter depression screen order 	Clinic offers scheduling flexibility and hours and provides appropriate social	Promote telehealth well visit options through member outreach campaign		



PIP Measures	Priority Failure Modes	Key Drivers	Potential Interventions
	Physician input of depression screen order is not timely	determinants of health resources	Identify outreach barriers and assist in improving member contact information for sequential/automatic well visit scheduling and reminder protocols
			Develop educational materials to address member barriers to depression screening access
Follow-Up After a Positive Depression Screen	 Provider does not bill for telephonic outreach for follow-up BH services; therefore, follow-up outreach is not included in the follow-up performance metric Lack of provider awareness of appropriate billing codes for follow-up BH services Follow-up BH visit is occurring more than 30 days after positive depression screen Member cannot be reached to schedule a follow-up BH visit after screening positive for depression 	 Standards of care: efficient referral processes between primary care provider partners and BH providers Standards of care: provider education and training Flexible and available BH follow-up appointments Financial stability and billing accuracy Member access, knowledge, and engagement 	 Targeted provider education Improved efficiency of clinical tracking processes, workflows, and outreach protocols through automation Coding best practices toolkit for providers Expansion of COA's Virtual Care Collaboration and Integration (VCCI) Program to all integrated clinics to increase access to telehealth follow-up services Member education on BH benefits and importance of follow-up care Member resource reference for understanding available BH, referral, community, and rural resources

In Module 2, **COA R5** identified potential interventions that can reasonably be expected to support achievement of the SMART Aim goals by addressing priority failure modes and leveraging key drivers. The potential interventions **COA R5** identified to improve depression screening focused on improving clinic workflows and processes, increasing telehealth service options, and member outreach and education. The potential interventions **COA R5** identified to improve follow-up services focused on provider education, improving clinical workflows and processes, expansion of telehealth services, and member education.



Module 3: Intervention Testing

Module 3 initiates the intervention testing phase of the PIP process. During this phase, **COA R5** developed the intervention *Plan* component of the PDSA cycle. In FY 2021–2022, **COA R5** submitted testing plans for four interventions. In addition to validating the intervention plans submitted for Module 3, HSAG also conducted an intervention testing check-in with the health plan to provide support and technical assistance, if needed, as **COA R5** carried out PDSA cycles to evaluate intervention effectiveness. Table 2-2 summarizes the FY 2021–2022 Module 3 validation findings for **COA R5**'s four interventions.

Table 2-2—Module 3 Validation Findings for the Depression Screening and Follow-Up After a Positive Depression Screen PIP

Depression Screen PIP				
Intervention Description	Failure Mode(s) Addressed	Key Driver(s) Addressed	Intervention Effectiveness Measure(s)	
Inner City Health Center workflow and coding changes to more accurately capture all depression screening services being performed for members and to better monitor depression screening performance	 Provider does not bill for depression screen EHR errors 	 Financial stability and billing accuracy Standards of care: consistency at clinic and provider level on coding, provider education, and training 	Percentage of depression screening claims (Current Procedural Terminology [CPT] code G8510 or G8431) from Inner City Health Center with a corresponding diagnosis code of Z13.31 (depression screening encounter) in the health record	
Every Child Pediatrics workflow and coding practices optimization: educate providers on coding best practices and use of EHR to support protocol and coding standardization, using automation where possible	 Providers not aware of appropriate specification codes for the follow-up visit 	 Financial stability and billing accuracy Standards of care: provider education, follow-up coding, and training 	• Percentage of well visits with a positive depression screening result, indicated by code G8431, with a follow-up service within 30 days, indicated by code H0002	
A two-pronged approach to expanding behavioral health (BH) services access by: (1) providing funding to Every Child Pediatrics for BH staff hiring and retention through an incentive grant and (2) facilitating use of the Virtual Care Collaboration and Integration (VCCI) program for follow-up BH services via telehealth	 Follow-up visit is not occurring within 30 days of positive screen Member is not reached for follow-up BH services BH needs are not communicated to BH provider 	 Standards of care: efficient referral processes Internal and external BH provider availability Financial stability and billing accuracy Member access, knowledge, and engagement 	 Percentage of available hiring and retention bonuses received by future and/or current BH staff (multiple measures) Percentage of consults and therapy/assessments conducted via telehealth through the VCCI program (multiple measures) 	



Intervention Description	Failure Mode(s) Addressed	Key Driver(s) Addressed	Intervention Effectiveness Measure(s)
Revise patient educational materials, medical assistant scripting, and screening tool format at Inner City Health Center to promote depression screening and follow-up BH services and reduce member hesitancy to receiving services	 Member mental health needs are not identified Member does not finish depression screening tool (PHQ-9) Member with identified BH needs is not reached for follow-up Provider is unaware of unmet BH needs 	 Standards of care: consistency at clinic and provider level on coding, provider education, and training Members are educated about treatment options and engaged Member access, knowledge, and engagement 	 Percentage of members who were offered a depression screening and decline the screening Percentage of members who were offered BH follow-up services and decline the follow-up services Percentage of members who were offered a depression screening or BH follow-up and who received a treatment hesitancy educational flyer

In Module 3, **COA R5** selected four interventions to test for the PIP. The detailed intervention testing plans **COA R5** documented in the Module 3 submission forms are included in Appendix A. Module Submission Forms. The interventions addressed process failures in clinic workflows, coding practices, BH provider availability, and member willingness to receive BH services. For each intervention, **COA R5** defined one or more intervention effectiveness measures to evaluate the impact of the intervention and provide data to guide intervention revisions. The health plan was continuing to test the interventions at the time this FY 2021–2022 PIP validation report was produced. **COA R5** will report final intervention testing results and conclusions as part of the Module 4 submission in FY 2022–2023, and the final Module 4 validation findings will be included in the FY 2022–2023 PIP report.



3. Conclusions and Recommendations

Conclusions

The validation findings suggest that **COA R5** successfully completed Module 2 of the rapid-cycle PIP process, using QI science-based tools to identify process gaps and failures, and to select PIP interventions. **COA R5** also passed Module 3 for four interventions, developing a methodologically sound plan for evaluating effectiveness of each intervention through PDSA cycles. **COA R5** will continue to test interventions for the PIP through the end of FY 2021–2022. The health plan will submit final intervention testing results, PIP outcomes, and project conclusions for validation in FY 2022–2023.

Recommendations

- COA R5 should collect complete and accurate intervention effectiveness data for each tested intervention. The health plan should record intervention testing results and interpretation of results in the PDSA worksheet for each intervention, which will be submitted as part of Module 4—PIP Conclusions in FY 2022–2023.
- COA R5 should ensure that the approved SMART Aim data collection methodology defined in Module 1 is used consistently to calculate SMART Aim measure results throughout the project. Using consistent data collection methodology will allow valid comparisons of SMART Aim measure results over time.
- For any demonstrated improvement in outcomes or programmatic or clinical processes, COA R5 should develop and document a plan for sustaining the improvement beyond the end of the project.
- At the end of the project, **COA R5** should synthesize conclusions and lessons learned to support and inform future improvement efforts. In addition to documenting any improvement achieved through the project, the health plan should document which interventions had the greatest impact, including the evaluation data used to determine intervention effectiveness.



Appendix A. Module Submission Forms

Appendix A contains the Module Submission Forms provided by the health plan.





State of Colorado Performance Improvement Project (PIP) Module 2 — Intervention Determination Submission Form Depression Screening and Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen for Colorado Access RAE 5



Managed Care Organization (MCO) Information				
MCO Name	Colorado Access			
PIP Title	Depression Screening and Follow–up After a Positive Depression Screen			
Contact Name	Alex Scialdone			
Contact Title	Quality Improvement Program Manager			
Email Address	Alex.scialdone@coaccess.com			
Telephone Number	720-744-5697			
Submission Date	4/30/2021			
Resubmission Date (if applicable)				

Module 2—Intervention Determination Submission Form—State of Colorado—Version 6–2







Performance Improvement Project (PIP) Module 2 — Intervention Determination Submission Form Depression Screening and Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen for Colorado Access RAE 5

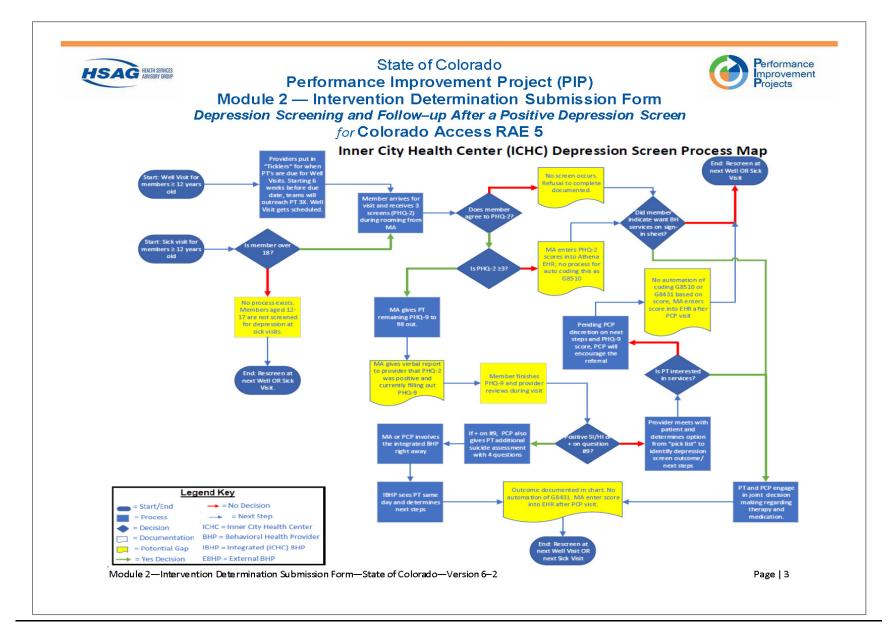
Process Map - Depression Screening

Instructions:

- Map the current process for members to receive *Depression Screening* at the narrowed focus level.
- Document each step of the process and highlight in yellow the steps within the process that have been identified as gaps or
 opportunities for improvement.
- Refer to Section 4 of the Rapid-Cycle Performance Improvement Project (PIP) Reference Guide, Version 6–2 (Module 2—Intervention Determination) for information on how to complete a process map.

(Insert Process Map Here—Use an attachment or additional pages if more space is needed.)





Performance mprovement

Projects



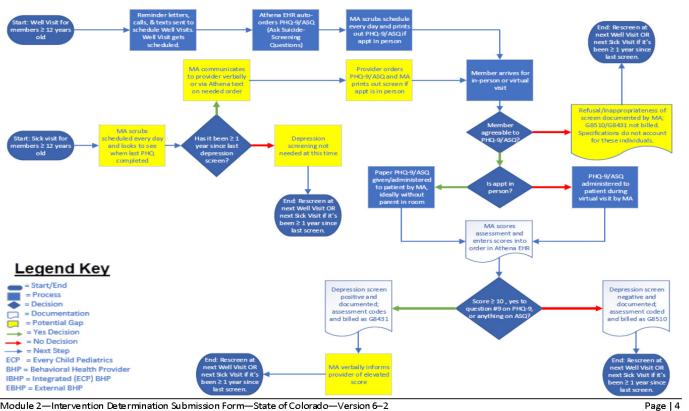


State of Colorado

Performance Improvement Project (PIP)



Every Child Pediatrics Depression Screen Process Map









Performance Improvement Project (PIP) Module 2 — Intervention Determination Submission Form Depression Screening and Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen for Colorado Access RAE 5

Failure Modes and Effects Analysis (FMEA) - Depression Screening

Instructions: In Table 1a, document the Failure Mode(s), Failure Cause(s), and Failure Effects(s) for the steps from the *Depression Screening* process map that were identified as a gap or opportunity for improvement.

- The steps in this table should be listed based on their potential for impacting the SMART Aim (i.e., the step having the greatest potential for impacting the SMART Aim should be listed first and the step having the lowest priority would be listed last.
- List at least two steps from the process map in the FMEA table.
- Use the same process map language for each step documented in the FMEA table.
- If multiple failure modes/causes/effects are entered for a step, use bullets to identify each one. Add additional rows to the table, if needed.
- Refer to Section 4 of the Rapid-Cycle Performance Improvement Project (PIP) Reference Guide, Version 6–2 (Module 2—Intervention Determination) for information on how to complete the FMEA.

	Table 1a—Failure Modes and Effects Analysis Table – Depression Screening			
Organization	Steps from the Process (What could go (Why w		Failure Cause(s) (Why would the failure happen?)	Failure Effect(s) (What are the consequences?)
Inner City Health Center (ICHC)	No process exists. Members aged 12-17 are not screened for depression at sick visits.	Individuals with mental health needs will not be identified	There is no process established for screening	Members who have depression do not have the opportunity to be screened and receive services because they aren't identified
ІСНС	Outcome documented in chart. No automation of G8431. MA enters scores in EHR after PCP visit.	EHR errors/failures MA forgets to enter score into chart	Relies on human processes and human memory (i.e. no automation)	Members who are screened will not be accounted for in data

Module 2—Intervention Determination Submission Form—State of Colorado—Version 6-2







Performance Improvement Project (PIP) Module 2 — Intervention Determination Submission Form Depression Screening and Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen for Colorado Access RAE 5

		Outcome not documented in chart Depression screen not billed		
ІСНС	No screen occurs. Refusal to complete documented.	Members who may be depressed are not evaluated by a standardized instrument	making authority that	depression can't be stratified according to recommended
ICHC	No automation of coding G8510 or G8431 based on score; MA enters score into EHR after PCP visit	EHR errors/failures MA forgets to enter score into chart Outcome not documented in chart Depression screen not billed	automation)	Members who are screened will not be accounted for in data
ІСНС	MA enters PHQ-2 scores into Athena EHR; no process for auto coding this as G8510	EHR errors/failures MA forgets to enter score into chart Outcome not documented in chart Depression screen not billed	automation)	Members who are screened will not be accounted for in data





Performance Improvement Projects

Performance Improvement Project (PIP) Module 2 — Intervention Determination Submission Form Depression Screening and Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen for Colorado Access RAE 5

ІСНС	MA gives verbal report to provider that PHQ-2 was positive and currently filling out PHQ-9 Member finishes PHQ-9 and provider reviews during visit	MA forgets to tell provider of elevated PHQ-9 • Member doesn't finish PHQ-9 • Provider doesn't review PHQ-9	Relies on human processes and human memory (i.e. no automation) • Relies on human processes and human memory (i.e. no automation) • Members have decision making	Provider not aware of need to review completed PHQ-9 during visit Members who have depression may not be properly identified Determination of presence or absence of depression unable to be completed
Every Child Pediatrics (ECP)	MA scrubs schedule every day and looks to see when last PHQ completed Depression screening not	MA's manual process could be impacted by daily clinic operations (resources, memory) and doesn't account for other administrative errors in chart Individuals with new	authority that practitioners must respect to avoid abrasion Relies on human processes and human memory (i.e. no automation) Members mental health	Members who have depression do not have the opportunity to be screened and aren't identified Newly mental health issues
ECP	Depression screening not needed at this time	Individuals with new mental health issues will not be identified	Members mental health can change at any point since last visit	







Performance Improvement Project (PIP) Module 2 — Intervention Determination Submission Form Depression Screening and Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen for Colorado Access RAE 5

ЕСР	MA communicates to provider verbally or via Athena text on needed order	MA doesn't correctly identify need Physician doesn't receive information needed for order entry EHR errors/failure	Relies on human processes and human memory (i.e. no automation)	Members who have depression do not have the opportunity to be screened and aren't identified
ECP	Provider orders PHQ- 9/ASQ and MA prints out screens if appt is in person	Provider doesn't input order on time MA doesn't print PHQ-9 in time Printer malfunction	Relies on two different people within process and increases likelihood of error	Member isn't able to complete PHQ-9
ECP	MA verbally informs provider of elevated score	MA forgets to tell provider of elevated score during handoff Handoff does not occur	Patient has other issues going on that are more pressing during handoff Busy practice and workforce constraints	PCP unaware of positive depression screen and does not address or involve BHP for follow-up during visit
ECP	Refusal/inappropriateness of screen documented by MA; G8510/G8431 not billed. Specifications do	Members who may be depressed are not being evaluated by a standardized instrument	Members have decision making authority that practitioners must respect to avoid abrasion	Members who have depression aren't able to be stratified according to







Performance Improvement Project (PIP)

Module 2 — Intervention Determination Submission Form

Depression Screening and Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen

for Colorado Access RAE 5

not account for these		recommended	treatment
individuals.		guidelines	

Module 2—Intervention Determination Submission Form—State of Colorado—Version 6–2





State of Colorado Performance Improvement Project (PIP) Module 2 — Intervention Determination Submission Form Depression Screening and Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen for Colorado Access RAE 5



Failure Mode Priority Ranking - Depression Screening

Instructions: In Table 2a, list from highest- to lowest-priority at least two failure modes identified in the Depression Screening FMEA.

- The MCO should assign a numeric ranking to the failure modes from the highest-priority level (number one) to the lowest-priority level (last failure mode selected) based on FMEA results.
- The failure modes with the highest priority should take precedence when determining interventions to test.
- The MCO should rank the failure modes based on their potential to impact the SMART Aim rather than ranking failure modes based on which may be easiest to change.
- The highest-priority failure modes are those with the most leverage for impacting the SMART Aim.
- Use the same language for the listed failure mode that was used in the FMEA table.

	Table 2a—Failure Mode Priority Ranking – Depression Screening			
Organization	Priority Ranking	Priority Ranking Failure Modes		
ICHC	1	Individuals with mental health needs will not be identified		
ICHC	2	Depression screen not billed		
ІСНС	3	Outcome not documented in chart		
ICHC	4	MA forgets to enter score into chart		
ICHC	5	MA forgets to tell provider of elevated PHQ-9		
ICHC	6	Provider doesn't review PHQ-9		
ІСНС	7	7 Member doesn't finish PHQ-9		
ICHC	8 Members who may be depressed are not evaluated by a standardized instrument			
ECP	1	MA's manual process could be impacted by daily clinic operations (resources, memory) and doesn't account for other administrative errors in chart		
ECP	2	MA doesn't correctly identify need		

Module 2—Intervention Determination Submission Form—State of Colorado—Version 6-2





State of Colorado Performance Improvement Project (PIP)



Module 2 — Intervention Determination Submission Form Depression Screening and Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen for Colorado Access RAE 5

ECP	3	Physician doesn't receive information needed for order entry
ECP	4	Provider doesn't input order on time
ECP	5	MA doesn't print PHQ-9 in time
ECP	6	EHR errors/failures
ECP	7	Individuals with new mental health issues will not be identified
ECP	8	MA forgets to tell provider of elevated score during handoff
ECP	9	Handoff does not occur
ECP	10	Printer malfunction
ECP	11	Members who may be depressed are not being evaluated by a standardized instrument

Process Map - Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen

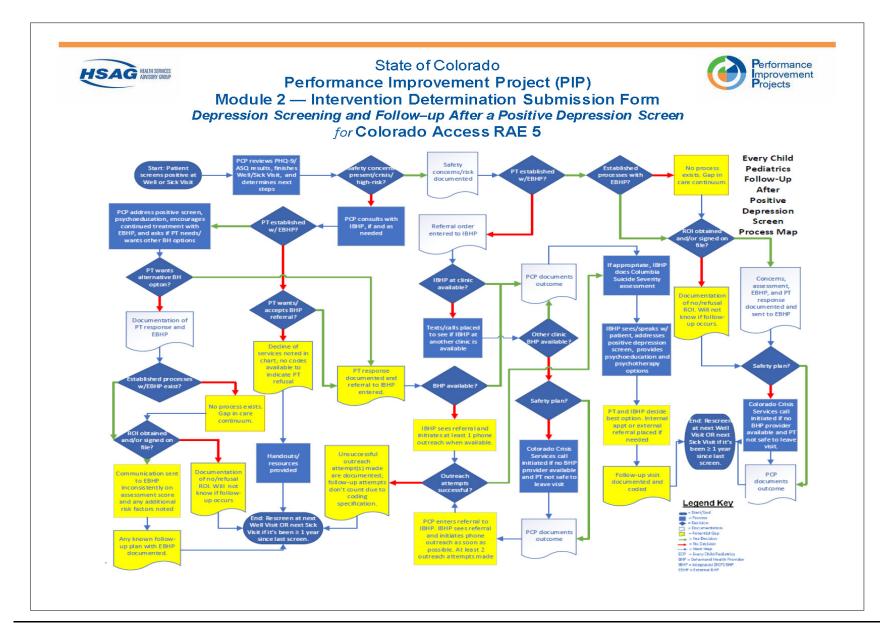
Instructions:

- Map the current process for members to receive Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen at the narrowed focus level.
- Document each step of the process and highlight in yellow the steps within the process that have been identified as gaps or
 opportunities for improvement.
- Refer to Section 4 of the Rapid-Cycle Performance Improvement Project (PIP) Reference Guide, Version 6–2 (Module 2—Intervention Determination) for information on how to complete a process map.

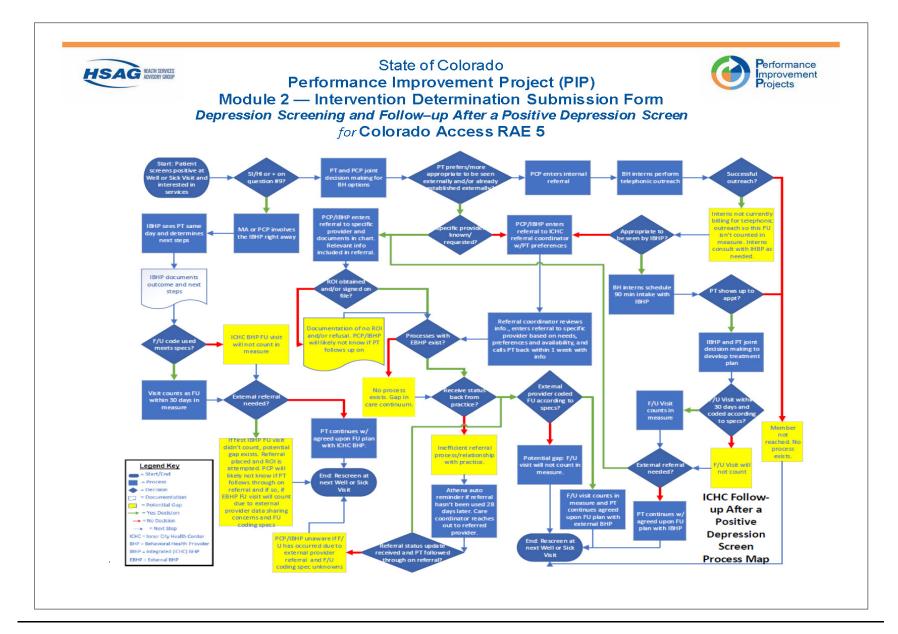
(Insert Process Map Here—Use an attachment or additional pages if more space is needed.)

Module 2—Intervention Determination Submission Form—State of Colorado—Version 6–2















Performance Improvement Project (PIP) Module 2 — Intervention Determination Submission Form Depression Screening and Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen for Colorado Access RAE 5

Failure Modes and Effects Analysis (FMEA) – Follow–up After a Positive Depression Screen

Instructions: In Table 1b, document the Failure Mode(s), Failure Cause(s), and Failure Effects(s) for the steps from the *Follow–up After a Positive Depression Screen* process map that were identified as a gap or opportunity for improvement.

- The steps in this table should be listed based on their potential for impacting the SMART Aim (i.e., the step having the greatest potential for impacting the SMART Aim should be listed first and the step having the lowest priority would be listed last.
- List at least two steps from the process map in the FMEA table.
- Use the same process map language for each step documented in the FMEA table.
- If multiple failure modes/causes/effects are entered for a step, use bullets to identify each one. Add additional
 rows to the table, if needed.
- Refer to Section 4 of the Rapid-Cycle Performance Improvement Project (PIP) Reference Guide, Version 6–2 (Module 2—Intervention Determination) for information on how to complete the FMEA.

	Table 1b—Failure Modes and Effects Analysis Table – Follow–up After a Positive Depression Screen					
Organization	Steps from the Process Map	Failure Mode(s) (What could go wrong?)	Failure Cause(s) (Why would the failure happen?)	Failure Effect(s) (What are the consequences?)		
ICHC	Interns not currently billing for telephonic outreach so this FU isn't counted in measure. Interns	Outreach being conducted may meet specifications and isn't counting	Practice lacks knowledge on billing regulations	Members who are outreached and assessed further will not count in measure		







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for Colorado Access RAE 5

	consult with IHBP as needed.			
ІСНС	IBHP F/U Visit will not count	 Follow-up visit is occurring but not within 30 days Providers not aware of appropriate billing codes they could use that meet specifications 	 BHP access issues Lack of education and coding consistency Other codes are more optimal to use than what are in the specifications 	 Members are receiving untimely follow-up Providers are not getting credit for all follow-up visits that occur
ICHC	No process exists. Gap in care continuum.	Inability for providers to communicate and ensure a continuum of care for mutual patient	No relationship with external provider exists	Inability to coordinate care
ІСНС	Inefficient referral process/relationship with practice.	EHR errors/failures Medical errors and clinical (i.e. prescriptions) contraindications due to lack of coordination	EHR incompatibility Relies on human processes and human memory (i.e. no automation)	 Collaboration and coordination of care leading to optimal patient outcomes not possible External providers not made aware of current depression assessment and/or contributing physical health issues







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ICHC	PCP/IBHP unaware if F/U has occurred due to external provider referral and F/U coding spec unknowns	EBHP does not code according to specifications Symptom exacerbation without treatment Medical errors and clinical (i.e. prescriptions) contraindications due to lack of coordination	Relies on human processes and human memory (i.e. no automation) Inefficient referral work flows EHR incompatibility Lack of education and coding consistency Other codes are more optimal to use than what are in the specifications	 Members needing services are not receiving them PCP unaware of any symptom exacerbation or management Patient confusion, frustration, and/or abrasion
ICHC	Member not reached. No process exists.	Individual with identified BH needs is not reached or seen by a provider	 Coding limitations do not allow to bill for unsuccessful outreach Incorrect contact information on file Member busy when outreach occurred Member changed mind and no longer wants services 	 Members needing services are not receiving them Providers are not getting credit for outreach attempts
ICHC	If first IBHP FU visit didn't count, potential gap exists. Referral placed and ROI is attempted.	Member with identified BH needs not set up with appropriate EBHP for ongoing treatment	Relies on human processes and human memory (i.e. no automation)	 Members needing services are not receiving them Inability to coordinate care







Performance Improvement Project (PIP) Module 2 — Intervention Determination Submission Form Depression Screening and Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen for Colorado Access RAE 5

	PCP will likely not know if PT follows through on referral and if so, if EBHP FU visit will count due to external provider data sharing concerns and FU coding specs	IBHP forgets to input referral EBHP doesn't receive referral after input EHR errors/failures PT refuses ROI for either ICHC or EBHP PT not asked to sign ROI at ICHC or EBHP EBHP does not code according to specifications Symptom exacerbation without treatment ICHC unaware of unmet care needs Medical errors and clinical (i.e. prescriptions) contraindications due to lack of coordination	Inefficient referral workflows EHR incompatibility EHR errors/failures Lack of education and coding consistency Other codes are more optimal to use than what are in the specifications Members have decision making authority that practitioners must respect to avoid abrasion	ICHC unaware of unmet care needs
ІСНС	PCP/IBHP enters referral to ICHC referral coordinator w/PT preferences	 PCP forgets to input referral IBHP forgets to input referral Referral coordinator doesn't receive referral EHR errors/failures 	Relies on human processes and human memory (i.e. no automation)	Members needing services are not receiving them





Performance Improvement Projects

Performance Improvement Project (PIP) Module 2 — Intervention Determination Submission Form Depression Screening and Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen for Colorado Access RAE 5

ECP	Follow-up visit documented and coded	Follow-up visit is occurring but not within 30 days Providers not aware of appropriate billing codes they could use that meet specifications	BHP access issues Lack of education and coding consistency Other codes are more optimal to use than what are in the specifications	Members are receiving untimely follow-up Providers are not getting credit for all follow-up visits that occur
ECP	Unsuccessful outreach attempt(s) made are documented; follow-up attempts don't count due to coding specifications	Individual with identified BH needs is not reached or seen by a provider	Coding limitations do not allow to bill for unsuccessful outreach Incorrect contact information on file Member busy when outreach occurred Member changed mind and no longer wants services	Members needing services are not receiving them Providers are not getting credit for outreach attempts
ECP	No process exists. Gap in care continuum.	Inability for providers to communicate and ensure a continuum of care for mutual patient	No relationship with external provider exists	Inability to coordinate care
ECP	PT and BHP decide best option. Internal appt or external referral placed if needed.	IBHP forgets to input referral to EBHP EBHP never receives referral after input EHR errors/failures	Relies on human processes and human memory (i.e. no automation) Inefficient referral workflows	Members needing services are not receiving them Patient confusion, frustration, and/or abrasion







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		PCP unaware of unmet needs	EHR incompatibility	
ECP	Documentation of no/refusal ROI; will not know if follow up occurs.	Members aren't asked to sign a ROI ROI on file is not valid Members refuse to sign ROI when prompted Members aren't educated on benefits of care coordination Provider not aware of appropriate billing codes they could use that meet specifications	 Members have decision making authority that practitioners must respect to avoid abrasion MA's/Providers forget to ask patient Members not provided information about importance of coordination MA's/Providers do not input signed ROI into chart ROI has expired or has been revoked 	 Collaboration and coordination of care leading to optimal patient outcomes not possible External providers not made aware of current depression assessment and/or contributing physical health issues
ECP	PCP enters referral to BHP. IBHP sees referral and initiates phone outreach as soon as possible. At least 2 outreach attempts made.	PCP forgets to enter referral to BHP IBHP does not see referral in a timely manner and symptom exacerbation occurs with recent crisis patient EHR errors/failures	 Relies on human processes and human memory (i.e. no automation) Incorrect contact information on file Member busy when outreach occurred 	Members needing services are not receiving them







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			Member changed mind and no longer wants services	
ECP	Communication sent to EBHP inconsistently on assessment score and any additional risk factors noted	EBHP not informed of current depression assessment and/or relevant information impacting patients mental health EHR errors/failures Medical errors and clinical (i.e. prescriptions) contraindications due to lack of coordination	 Daily clinic operations and constraints (i.e. personnel, time, and cost) impede consistency of information sharing EHR incompatibility 	 Poor patient outcomes due to coordination of care is not occurring consistently despite patient agreement Patient confusion, frustration, and/or abrasion
ECP	IBHP sees referral and initiates at least 1 phone outreach when available	EHR errors/failures IBHP does not see referral in a timely manner and symptom exacerbation occurs	 Relies on human processes and human memory (i.e. no automation) Inefficient referral workflows Incorrect contact information on file Member busy when outreach occurred Member changed mind and no longer wants services 	Members wanting needed services are not receiving them







Performance Improvement Project (PIP) Module 2 — Intervention Determination Submission Form Depression Screening and Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen for Colorado Access RAE 5

ECP	PT response documented and referral to IBHP entered	PCP forgets to enter referral to IBHP EHR errors/failures IBHP never receives referral after input IBHP unaware of unmet needs	Relies on human processes and human memory (i.e. no automation)	Members wanting needed services are not receiving them
ECP	Any known follow- up plan with EBHP documented.	PCP not aware of care plan Medical errors and clinical (i.e. prescriptions) contraindications due to lack of coordination Trisees EBHP for FU and visit does not meet FU code specifications	 EBHP does not have ROI/ isn't willing to disclose information Feedback loop and processes aren't established EHR incompatibility 	Inability to coordinate care
ECP	Decline of services noted in chart; no codes available to indicate PT refusal	PT is not interested in treatment at visit	Members have decision making authority that practitioners must respect to avoid abrasion	





State of Colorado Performance Improvement Project (PIP) Module 2 — Intervention Determination Submission Form Depression Screening and Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen for Colorado Access RAE 5



Failure Mode Priority Ranking - Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen

Instructions: In Table 2b, list from highest- to lowest-priority at least two failure modes identified in the *Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen* FMEA.

- The MCO should assign a numeric ranking to the failure modes from the highest-priority level (number one) to the lowest-priority level (last failure mode selected) based on FMEA results.
- The failure modes with the highest priority should take precedence when determining interventions to test.
- The MCO should rank the failure modes based on their potential to impact the SMART Aim rather than ranking failure modes based on which may be easiest to change.
- The highest-priority failure modes are those with the most leverage for impacting the SMART Aim.
- Use the same language for the listed failure mode that was used in the FMEA table.

	Tab	Table 2b—Failure Mode Priority Ranking <i>– Follow–up After a Positive Depression Screen</i>		
Organization	Priority Ranking	* I		
ICHC	1	Outreach being conducted may meet specifications and isn't counting		
ICHC	2	Providers not aware of appropriate billing codes they could use that meet specifications		
ICHC	3	Follow-up visit is occurring but not within 30 days		
ICHC	4	Individual with identified BH needs is not reached or seen by a provider		
ICHC	5	Inability for providers to communicate and ensure a continuum of care for mutual patient		
ICHC	6	PCP forgets to input referral		
ICHC	7	IBHP forgets to input referral		
ICHC	8	Referral coordinator doesn't receive referral		
ICHC	9	EBHP doesn't receive referral after input		
ICHC	10	ICHC unaware of unmet care needs		







Failure Mode Priority Ranking - Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen

Instructions: In Table 2b, list from highest- to lowest-priority at least two failure modes identified in the Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen FMEA.

- The MCO should assign a numeric ranking to the failure modes from the highest-priority level (number one) to the lowest-priority level (last failure mode selected) based on FMEA results.
- The failure modes with the highest priority should take precedence when determining interventions to test.
- The MCO should rank the failure modes based on their potential to impact the SMART Aim rather than ranking failure modes based on which may be easiest to change.
- The highest-priority failure modes are those with the most leverage for impacting the SMART Aim.
- Use the same language for the listed failure mode that was used in the FMEA table.

	Table 2b—Failure Mode Priority Ranking – Follow–up After a Positive Depression Screen		
ICHC	11	Member with identified BH needs not set up with appropriate EBHP for ongoing treatment	
ICHC	12	EBHP does not code according to specifications	
ICHC	13	PT not asked to sign ROI at ICHC or EBHP	
ICHC	14	PT refuses ROI for either ICHC or EBHP	
ICHC	15	EHR errors/failures	
ICHC	16	Symptom exacerbation without treatment	
ICHC	17	Medical errors and clinical (i.e. prescriptions) contraindications due to lack of coordination	
ECP	1	1 Providers not aware of appropriate billing codes they could use that meet specifications	
ECP	2	Follow-up visit is occurring but not within 30 days	
ECP	3	Individual with identified BH needs is not reached or seen by a provider	
ECP	4	PT sees EBHP for FU and visit does not meet FU code specifications	

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Failure Mode Priority Ranking - Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen

Instructions: In Table 2b, list from highest- to lowest-priority at least two failure modes identified in the *Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen* FMEA.

- The MCO should assign a numeric ranking to the failure modes from the highest-priority level (number one) to the lowest-priority level (last failure mode selected) based on FMEA results.
- The failure modes with the highest priority should take precedence when determining interventions to test.
- The MCO should rank the failure modes based on their potential to impact the SMART Aim rather than ranking failure modes based on which may be easiest to change.
- The highest-priority failure modes are those with the most leverage for impacting the SMART Aim.
- Use the same language for the listed failure mode that was used in the FMEA table.

	Table 2b—Failure Mode Priority Ranking – Follow–up After a Positive Depression Screen		
ECP	5	Inability for providers to communicate and ensure a continuum of care for mutual patient	
ECP	6	PCP forgets to enter referral to IBHP	
ECP	7	IBHP unaware of unmet needs	
ECP	8	IBHP does not see referral in a timely manner and symptom exacerbation occurs	
ECP	9	IBHP never receives referral after input	
ECP	10	IBHP forgets to input referral to EBHP	
ECP	11	EBHP never receives referral after input	
ECP	12	PCP unaware of unmet needs	
ECP	13	EHR errors/failures	
ECP	14	EBHP not informed of current depression assessment and/or relevant information impacting patients mental health	
ECP	15	Members aren't educated on benefits of care coordination	

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Failure Mode Priority Ranking - Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen

Instructions: In Table 2b, list from highest- to lowest-priority at least two failure modes identified in the *Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen* FMEA.

- The MCO should assign a numeric ranking to the failure modes from the highest-priority level (number one) to the lowest-priority level (last failure mode selected) based on FMEA results.
- The failure modes with the highest priority should take precedence when determining interventions to test.
- The MCO should rank the failure modes based on their potential to impact the SMART Aim rather than ranking failure modes based on which may be easiest to change.
- The highest-priority failure modes are those with the most leverage for impacting the SMART Aim.
- Use the same language for the listed failure mode that was used in the FMEA table.

	Table 2b—Failure Mode Priority Ranking - Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen	
ECP	16	Members aren't asked to sign a ROI
ECP	17	ROI on file isn't valid
ECP	18	Members refuse to sign ROI when prompted
ECP	19	PCP not aware of care plan
ECP	20	Medical errors and clinical (i.e. prescriptions) contraindications due to lack of coordination
ECP	21	IBHP does not see referral in a timely manner and symptom exacerbation occurs with recent crisis patient
ECP	22	PT is not interested in treatment at visit

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Key Driver Diagrams

Instructions: Update the *Depression Screening* and *Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen* key driver diagrams from Module 1.

- At this stage of the PIP process, the MCO should use the findings from the process map, FMEA, and failure mode ranking to update drivers and interventions in each key driver diagram, as necessary. The MCO should ensure that the interventions are culturally and linguistically appropriate for the targeted population.
- Single interventions can address more than one key driver. Add additional arrows as needed.
- After passing Module 3 for each planned intervention and completing the testing of each intervention, the MCO should update the appropriate key driver diagram to reflect the status of each tested intervention (adapted, adopted, abandoned, or continue testing). The MCO should use the following color coding to distinguish the intervention status:
 - Green highlight for successful adopted interventions.
 - Yellow highlight for interventions that were adapted or not tested.
 - Red highlight for interventions that were abandoned.
 - Blue highlight for interventions that require continued testing.
- The finalized *Depression Screening* and *Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen* key driver diagrams will be submitted at the end of the PIP with Module 4.

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Performance Improvement Project (PIP)

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Key Driver Diagram-Depression Screening

Global Aim

Improve depression screening in Well Visits to improve member health and align with the Department's 2020 Quality Strategy.

SMART Aim

By June 30, 2022, use key driver diagram interventions to increase the percentage of depression screens in outpatient primary care Well Visits among members aged 12 and older who receive care at Every Child Pediatrics and Inner City Health Center from 56.39% to 61.99%.

Date: 4/30/21 Version: 3

Key Drivers

Standards of care: consistency at clinic and provider level on coding.

Financial stability and billing accuracy

Members are screened for depression at Well and Sick Visits and have at least one Well Visit annually

Members are educated about treatment options and engaged

Clinic offers scheduling flexibility and hours and provides appropriate social determinants of health resources.

Interventions

Standardization of depression screening scoring as positive or negative based on industry analysis of best practice.1

Do analysis at provider and clinic levels to identify and analyze differences

Standardize Sick Visit screening protocols

Standardize processes and targeted clinic and provider education.

EHR optimization and support for ordering and coding

Promote telehealth Well Visit options and initiate member outreach campaign on telehealth options, safety protocols from COVID-19 and importance of Well Visits.

Understand and identify outreach barriers and assist in improving member contact information for sequential/automatic Well Visit scheduling and reminder protocols.2

Engage members to learn about common clinical and non-clinical barriers, and develop educational materials to address them (i.e. transportation resources)³

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¹ Mulvaney-Day, N., Marshall, T., Piscopo, K. D., Korsen, N., Lynch, S., Karnell, L. H., Moran, G. E., Daniels, A. S., & Ghose, S. S. (2018). Screening for behavioral health conditions in primary care settings: A systematic review of the literature.

Journal of General Internal Medicine, 33(3), 335-346. doi: 10.1007/s11606-017-4181-0

Regents of the University of Michigan. (2017). Adolescent Well-Child Extens. Adolescent Health Initiative. https://www.wnhs.adolescenthealth.org/wp-content/fuplo.ads/2012/07/adolescent-well-child-extens-starter-guide.pdf

*Cipher Health. (2020). Tading a deep. dive into closing EBLDE gags. Addescent well-care visits (WIS, W34, A WC). https://cipherhealth.com/Nog/talang.addep-dive-into-closing-hedis-gaps-adde-scent-well-child-extens-starter-guide.pdf

*Cipher Health. (2020). Tading a deep. dive into-closing-hedis-gaps-adde-scent-well-child-extens-starter-guide.pdf





State of Colorado

Performance Improvement Project (PIP)







Global Aim

Improve Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen to improve member health, outcomes and align with the Department's 2020 Quality Strategy.

SMART Aim

By June 30, 2022, use key driver diagram interventions to increase the percentage of Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen visits among members aged 12 and older completed within 30 days of positive depression screen occurring by June 30, 2022 at Every Child Pediatrics and Inner City Health Center from 44.18% to 70.59%.

Journal of General internal Medicine, 28 (3), 346-352.

Date: 4/30/21 Version: 4

Key Drivers

Standards of care: efficient referral processes between Every Child Pediatrics, Peak Vista, and internal and external behavioral health providers.

Standards of care: provider education and training.

Internal and external provider availability with scheduling flexibility to provide follow-up visits.

Financial stability and billing accuracy

Member access, knowledge, and engagement.

Interventions

Analysis at clinic and provider level to identify external partners for opportunities of improvement→ targeted education and intervention after process standardization.

Analyze records for follow-up that occurred > 30 days after positive screen and develop targeted interventions to reduce follow-up time.

Analysis of internal tracking processes, workflows, and outreach protocols → efficiency improvements and standardize protocols that utilize automation when possible.

Leverage COA Secret Shopper program for additional insight and determine if problematic referral patterns with external BH partners exist.

Gap analysis on current coding practices, encounter rate specs, PIP specs, and literature review. Develop educational materials on best practices as toolkit for providers. 1, 2

Expand Colorado Access's free Virtual Care Collaboration and Integration (VCCI) Program to all integrated clinics to expand telehealth follow-up options by PCMP's.

Educate members about BH benefit free costs and importance of follow-up. Safety protocols in place for COVID-19

Literature review to understand follow-up barriers.³ Engage members to learn about common clinical and non-clinical barriers and develop educational materials to address these barriers \rightarrow Develop member facing resource for Behavioral Health FAQ and referral, community, and rural resources.

Module 2—Intervention Determination Submission Form—State of Colorado—Version 6–2

²AmeriHealth Caritas District of Columbia (2014). Depræs*ion toolkit for primary care clinicians: The patient health questionnaire (PHQ-9*

toolkit for primary care clinicians. https://www.med.unc.edu/ihgi/files/2019/03/Adolescent-Depression-Screening-and-Initial-Tre

adolescent toolkit, https://www.amerihealthcaritasdc.com/pdf/provider/resources/clinical/depression-toolkit-adolescents.pdf

1Pickens, E., Wright, J., Bristol, T., Seashore, C., Perry, M., Nazworth, A., & Reed, R. (2019). Adolescent depression screening and initial treatment

3 Szymanski, B. R., Bohnert, K. M., Zivin, K., & McCarthy, J. F. (2013). Integrated care: Treatment initiation following positive depression screens.







Managed Care Organization (MCO) Information		
MCO Name	Colorado Access RAE 5	
PIP Title	Depression Screening and Follow—up After a Positive Depression Screen	
Intervention Name:	Every Child Pediatrics RAE 5 H0002 Follow-Up Clarification	
Contact Name	Alex Scialdone	
Contact Title	Quality Improvement Program Manager	
Email Address	Alex.Scialdone@coaccess.com	
Telephone Number	720-744-5697	
Submission Date	7/12/21	
Resubmission Date (if applicable)		

Module 3—Intervention Testing Submission Form—State of Colorado—Version 6–2







Intervention Testing Plan

Instructions:

- In Table 1, provide the specific details about the intervention including the intervention being tested; outcome (*Depression Screening* or *Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen*), failure mode, and key driver addressed; step-by-step process to conduct the intervention test; and the predicted results.
- If the intervention was documented in the Module 2 submission form, use the same language to describe the key driver, failure mode, and intervention.
- If the intervention was not included the Module 2 submission form, the intervention should be added to the final key driver diagram in Module 4.

Table 1—Intervention Plan		
Intervention Being Tested	Every Child Pediatrics: a. Gap analysis on current coding practices, encounter rate specs, PIP specs, and literature review. Develop educational materials on best practices as toolkit for providers. b. Analysis of internal tracking processes, workflows, and outreach protocols → EHR efficiency & optimization improvement support for protocol and coding standardization that utilize automation when possible.	
Outcome Addressed	\square Depression Screening $oxtimes$ Follow—up After a Positive Depression Screen	
Failure Mode Addressed	Providers not aware of appropriate billing codes they could use that meet specifications	
Key Driver Addressed	Every Child Pediatrics: a. Financial stability and billing accuracy b. Standards of care: provider education, follow-up coding, and training.	
Intervention Process Steps (List the step- by-step process required to carry out this intervention.)	Follow-up code analysis and discussion with Every Child Pediatrics operations and billing team	

Module 3—Intervention Testing Submission Form—State of Colorado—Version 6-2







Table 1—Intervention Plan		
	 Consult with COA compliance team to review H0002 billing requirements Review H0002 billing requirements with Every Child Pediatrics Provider education and begin billing H0002 for follow-ups that previously were not being billed Monitor code frequency to see impact on follow-up after a positive depression screen outcome 	
What are the predicted results of this test?	It is predicted that follow-up rates will increase from this coding change, as providers previously were not billing or submitting claims for follow-ups that didn't meet time constraints required in other follow-up codes. It is predicted that the frequency of H0002 will increase over time.	

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Intervention Effectiveness Measure

Instructions:

- In Table 2, provide the intervention measure title, numerator description, and denominator description. This measure should specifically measure the intervention's effectiveness.
- In Table 3, complete the information for how data will be collected for the intervention test. If applicable, include a blank copy of the data collection tool (e.g., spreadsheets, tracking log).
- Refer to Section 5 of the Rapid-Cycle Performance Improvement Project (PIP) Reference Guide, Version 6–2 ("Module 3—Intervention Testing").

Table 2—Intervention Effectiveness Measure		
	(e.g., The number or percentage of eye exams scheduled on Saturday for Provider A)	
Intervention Measure Title	Every Child Pediatrics RAE 5 H0002 Follow-Up Clarification	
Numerator Description	Follow up in 30 days as indicated by H0002	
Denominator Description	Positive depression screen during Well Visits as indicated by G8431	

Table 3—Intervention Effectiveness Measure Data Collection Process		
Describe the Data Elements	COA developed a BI dashboard to look at follow-up code specific frequency over time with different filters. See screenshot how data will be evaluated.	
Describe the Data Sources	COA claims database.	
Describe how Data will be Collected	This data will be collected from COA claims and organized in a PowerBI dashboard.	

Module 3—Intervention Testing Submission Form—State of Colorado—Version 6–2







State of Colorado Performance Improvement Project (PIP) Module 3 — Intervention Testing Submission Form Depression Screening and Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen for Colorado Access RAE 5

Table 3—Intervention Effectiveness Weasure Data Confection Process		
	This data will be collected on a monthly basis and use the same parameters the follow-up metric uses but rates will be calculated on a monthly basis versus rolling 12-months.	

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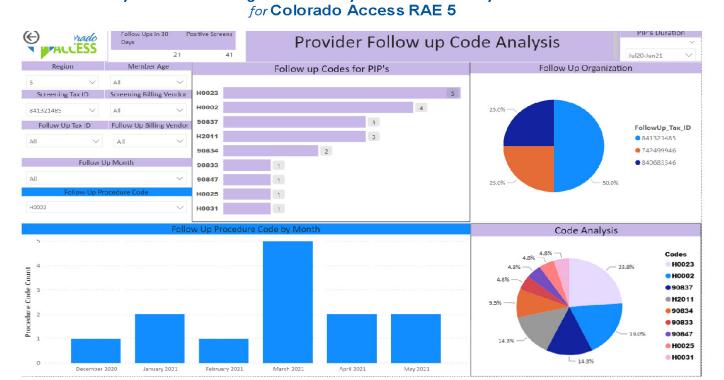




State of Colorado



Performance Improvement Project (PIP) Module 3 — Intervention Testing Submission Form Depression Screening and Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen



Module 3—Intervention Testing Submission Form—State of Colorado—Version 6–2







Managed Care Organization (MCO)Information		
MCO Name	Colorado Access RAE 5	
PIP Title	Depression Screening and Follow—up After a Positive Depression Screen	
Intervention Name:	Inner City Depression Screening Coding Changes	
Contact Name	Alex Scialdone	
Contact Title	Quality Improvement Program Manager	
Email Address	Alex.Scialdone@coaccess.com	
Telephone Number	720-744-5697	
Submission Date	2/15/22	
Resubmission Date (if applicable)		

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Intervention Testing Plan

Instructions:

- In Table 1, provide the specific details about the intervention including the intervention being tested; outcome (*Depression Screening* or *Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen*), failure mode, and key driver addressed; step-by-step process to conduct the intervention test; and the predicted results.
- If the intervention was documented in the Module 2 submission form, use the same language to describe the key driver, failure mode, and intervention.
- If the intervention was not included the Module 2 submission form, the intervention should be added to the final key driver diagram in Module 4.

Table 1—Intervention Plan		
Intervention Being Tested	Inner City Depression Screening Coding Changes	
Outcome Addressed	oxtimes Depression Screening $oxtimes$ Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen	
Failure Mode Addressed	EHR errors/failures Depression screen not billed	
Key Driver Addressed	Standards of care: consistency at clinic and provider level on coding, provider education, and training. Financial stability and billing accuracy	
Intervention Process Steps (List the step- by-step process required to carry out this intervention.)	Meet with Inner City to understand current coding procedures for depression screening. Have meeting with Colorado Community Managed Care Network (CCMCN) and Inner City to compare depression screening rates (claims versus eCQM) on file between CCMCN and COA for Inner City to begin root cause analysis. Claims research to compare use of diagnosis code Z13.31 (Encounter for Screening for Depression) with use of procedure codes G8510/G8431. Discovered billing staff were manually removing G codes on claims.	

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Table 1—Intervention Plan		
	3. Inner City staff meeting and education to billing team on need to bill G codes and not remove from claims.	
	4. Ongoing comparison of Z13.31 and G8431/G8510. Ongoing meetings with Inner City to do EHR and claims research for COA members seen by Inner City Health Center with a Well Visit for further investigation and root cause analysis.	
	5. Discovery that EHR was auto-deleting G8510/G8431 codes before claims were sent to clearing house due to \$0 association.	
	6. Brainstorm solutions to prevent this from occurring	
	7. Decision made to add costs based on Medicaid fee schedule to charge master for each code	
	8. Review and compare Z13.31 and G8431/G8510 on a monthly basis to ensure billing issue with depression screens is resolved and claims data reflect work on the ground	
What are the predicted results of this test?	The predicted results of this test are that the data integrity and accuracy of the claims for depression screening will be improved and better reflect practice operations. Colorado Access does not expect the volume of Z13.31 and G8431/G8510 to be an exact match, as Z13.31 will only be visible in claims data if it is listed as one of the first 4 diagnoses. However, Colorado Access expects the comparison of these volumes to be a good indication if the G8431/G8510 coding intervention was successful or not. Colorado Access also expects rates for depression screening to be increased because of this intervention.	
	Throughout the process of working with Inner City there has been continuous exploration of barriers to achieve consistent screening and follow up after depression screens that were ripe for process improvement. Many barriers were touched upon in regular discussions and work with Inner City results in various quality initiatives, like investigation around Z13.31 and G8431/G8510 that started as simply triaging barriers that were identified by Inner City. Eventually, these investigations turned into an intervention for the PIP, rather than rapid	

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Table 1—Intervention Plan				
	improvement events. Therefore, steps 1-7 of this intervention were implemented by July 31, 2021 and Step 8 has been ongoing.			

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Intervention Effectiveness Measure

Instructions:

- In Table 2, provide the intervention measure title, numerator description, and denominator description. This measure should specifically measure the intervention's effectiveness.
- In Table 3, complete the information for how data will be collected for the intervention test. If applicable, include a blank copy of the data collection tool (e.g., spreadsheets, tracking log).
- Refer to Section 5 of the Rapid-Cycle Performance ImprovementProject (PIP) Reference Guide, Version 6–2 ("Module 3—Intervention Testing").

Table 2—Intervention Effectiveness Measure		
	(e.g., The number or percentage of eye exams scheduled on Saturday for Provider A)	
Intervention Measure Title	Inner City Depression Screening Coding Changes	
Numerator Description	Number of claims with a corresponding claim meeting Depression Screening or Well Visit specifications that has a diagnosis code of Z13.31 (Encounter for Screening for Depression) listed as the diagnosis code 1, 2, 3, or 4 on the claim.	
Denominator Description	Number of claims with a corresponding CPT code of G8510 or G8431 on claim out of the claims that meet Depression Screening specifications.	

Table 3—Intervention Effectiveness Measure Data Collection Process		
Describe the Data Elements	This measure will be retrieved from Colorado Access claims databases and analyzed using a dashboard based on the narrowed focus area. Colorado Access data analysts will have to aggregate data across diagnoses 1-4 with a diagnosis code of Z13.31 for members that were billed by Tax Identification Number (TIN) associated with Inner City Health Center. Data analyst will then ensure claims with this diagnosis code present in both the numerator and denominator are only counted once by applying distinct data principles based on member Medicaid ID and date of service.	

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Table 3—Intervention Effectiveness Measure Data Collection Process		
Describe the Data Sources	Colorado Access PIP dashboard utilizing claims databases.	
Describe how Data will be Collected	Data will be collected monthly using existing Colorado Access PIP extraction code but the rolling 12-month data will be broken down further to be analyzed on a monthly basis. with appropriate filters for narrowed focus (members aged 12 and old and claims billed by Inner City Health Center TIN of 742426085).	
Describe how often Data will be Collected and how data completeness will be addressed (e.g. – real-time data exchange with narrowed focus entity)	Data will be collected monthly and reviewed in monthly PIP meetings with practice. Data completeness will be addressed by having each rolling 12-month worth of data that is broken down by month be refreshed for 5 consecutive months to account for claims run out. Additionally, appropriate filters for the narrowed focus will be applied (members aged 12 and old and claims billed by Inner City Health Center TIN of 742426085).	

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Managed Care Organization (MCO)Information		
MCO Name	Colorado Access RAE 5	
PIP Title	Depression Screening and Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen	
Intervention Name:	Every Child Pediatrics Behavioral Health Access Improvements	
Contact Name	Sarah Thomas	
Contact Title	Quality Improvement Program Manager	
Email Address	Sarah.thomas@coaccess.com	
Telephone Number	720-951-6211	
Submission Date	03/23/2022	
Resubmission Date (if applicable)	04/13/22	

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Intervention Testing Plan

Instructions:

- In Table 1, provide the specific details about the intervention including the intervention being tested; outcome (*Depression Screening* or *Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen*), failure mode, and key driver addressed; step-by-step process to conduct the intervention test; and the predicted results.
- If the intervention was documented in the Module 2 submission form, use the same language to describe the key driver, failure mode, and intervention.
- If the intervention was not included the Module 2 submission form, the intervention should be added to the final key driver diagram in Module 4.

Table 1—Intervention Plan				
Intervention Being Tested	 Every Child Pediatrics: Utilize the Colorado Access (COA) Behavioral Health (BH) Incentive Funding grant to promote the hiring of new BH staff. Expand Colorado Access's free Virtual Care Collaboration and Integration (VCCI) Program to all integrated clinics to expand telehealth follow-up options by Primary Care Medical Providers (PCMP's). 			
Outcome Addressed	□ Depression Screening ⊠ Follow—up After a Positive Depression Screen			
Failure Mode Addressed	 Follow-up visit is occurring but not within 30 days Individual with identified BH needs is not reached or seen by a provider External Behavioral Health Provider (EBHP) not informed of current depression assessment and/or relevant information impacting patients mental health Internal Behavioral Health Provider (IBHP) does not see referral in a timely manner and symptom exacerbation occurs 			
Key Driver Addressed	Standards of care: efficient referral processes between Every Child Pediatrics and internal and external behavioral health providers.			

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Table 1—Intervention Plan			
	 Internal and external provider availability with scheduling flexibility to provide follow-up visits. Financial stability and billing accuracy Member access, knowledge, and engagement. 		
Intervention Process Steps (List the step-by-step process required to carry out this intervention.)	 Meet with Every Child Pediatrics (ECP) to rediscuss current barriers for patients engaging in Behavioral Health (BH) follow-up care after a positive depression screening Agreed upon interventions: COA worked with internal Practice Support team and ECP to discuss BH funding options. Determined the Behavioral Health Incentive Funding grant through COA would assist ECP to attract BH talent for hire and retain current BH staff by passing incentive funding on to these staff, in order to expand follow-up care for their patients. COA worked with the internal AccessCare Services team to promote utilization of the telehealth Virtual Care Collaboration and Integration (VCCI) Program to ECP. Intervention process steps to carry out the hiring of new BH staff and retain current BH staff at ECP: ECP applied for grant in January 2022, received approval and funding from COA in February 2022. ECP will begin to utilize funding. ECP to post positions for BH talent, and include descriptions of sign-on bonus and retention bonus to incentivize new hires ECP to give retention bonus to current FT and PT/Per diem ECP staff ECP to utilize differential bonus to retain specialized staff Intervention process steps to carry out VCCI Expansion at ECP: COA drafted a VCCI 1-pager that includes "Patient/Parent Key Talking Points" and "Provider Key Points" to provide accessible, targeted information and 		

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Performance Improvement Projects

State of Colorado Performance Improvement Project (PIP) Module 3 — Intervention Testing Submission Form Depression Screening and Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen for Colorado Access RAE 5

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education. ECP to use this document to encourage patients to try VCCI and explain how VCCI works to ECP internal providers.

- COA will conduct a root cause analysis to resolve ECP confusion around available VCCI services. This includes:
 - VCCI ADHD services for therapy, evaluations/assessments, and psychiatry
 - Confusion surrounding contracting requirements for BH and PH services and associated LOB's (CHP+, RAE 3, RAE 5, and commercial insurance).

COA to communicate coverage regulations to ECP, and answer any questions related to services VCCI offers for patients.

- COA to investigate patient experience and send ECP information on how the VCCI program would work from the patient perspective (email the patient receives, attachments, steps for the patient to complete before the virtual visit, etc.)
- COA will work with AccessCare Services team to create an enhanced workflow for ECP to submit VCCI patient referrals. The team began to draft an ECP VCCI Workflow document outlining the process for how ECP would submit patient referrals for VCCI.
- COA had representatives from the AccessCare Services team present the VCCI program to ECP during a PIPs team meeting in March to address follow-up questions and provide education. This meeting explained the concept of different VCCI referrals and visit types depending on what the ECP provider and patient needs (E-consults, Collaborative Consults, Therapy and Assessments). ECP to take this presentation back to staff to answer any questions surrounding VCCI before starting the intervention.
- 5. ECP and COA will prepare correlated measurements to assess if intervention is successful.

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Table 1—Intervention Plan		
	6. Clinic decision / agreement on proposed interventions and start date. ECP will present VCCI workflow at March staff meeting and begin pilot to increase VCCI patient referrals for BH services. Implement intervention and complete monthly measurements to ensure and monitor execution. Make any necessary adjustments and changes (Plan-Do-Study-Act (PDSA) Cycles) to proposed solutions as needed.	
What are the predicted results of this test?	It is predicted that ECP follow-up rates will increase from this intervention. The BH Incentive Funding will help ECP to hire more BHP and therefore increase the quantity of staff available to conduct follow-ups after positive depression screening. The VCCI program will assist ECP in utilizing an external source to refer patients for follow-up services if internal BHP are unavailable to conduct follow-up services.	

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Intervention Effectiveness Measure

Instructions:

- In Table 2, provide the intervention measure title, numerator description, and denominator description. This measure should specifically measure the intervention's effectiveness.
- In Table 3, complete the information for how data will be collected for the intervention test. If applicable, include a blank copy of the data collection tool (e.g., spreadsheets, tracking log).
- Refer to Section 5 of the Rapid-Cycle Performance ImprovementProject (PIP) Reference Guide, Version 6–2 ("Module 3—Intervention Testing").

Table 2—Intervention Effectiveness Measure			
	(e.g., The number or percentage of eye exams scheduled on Saturday for Provider A)		
	Every Child Pediatrics Behavioral Health Access Improvements		
Intervention Measure Title	Eight measures will be used to determine effectiveness of this measure; numerators and denominators will be categorized by A through H to indicate the eight separate measures that will be calculated. Measures E-H will represent all members across Every Child Pediatrics locations.		
	BH Incentive Funding Measures:		
Numerator Description	 a. Number of retention bonus (\$7,500 per staff, max 3) given to current FT staff b. Number of sign-on bonus (\$5,000 per staff, max 2) given to future FT staff c. Number of retention bonus (\$2,500 per staff, max 2) given to current PT/Per diem staff 		
	d. Number of differential bonus (\$2,500, max 4) to retain specialized staff (ex: Bilingual language BHP)		
	VCCI Measures:		
	e. Total number of VCCI e-consults ECP completes each month f. Total number of VCCI collaborative consults ECP completes each month		

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State of Colorado Performance Improvement Project (PIP)

Module 3 — Intervention Testing Submission Form

Depression Screening and Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen

for Colorado Access RAE 5

Table 2—Intervention Effectiveness Measure			
	g. Total number of VCCI therapy/assessments ECP completes each month h. Total number of VCCI consults (all types) ECP completes each month		
	BH Incentive Funding Measures:		
	 a. 3 retention bonus (\$7,500 per staff) available to give to current FT staff b. 2 sign-on bonus (\$5,000 per staff) available to give to future FT staff c. 2 retention bonus (\$2,500 per staff) available to give to PT/Per diem staff d. 4 differential bonus (\$2,500) available to give to specialized staff 		
Denominator Description	VCCI Measures:		
	 e. Total number of VCCI consults (all types) ECP completes each month f. Total number of VCCI consults (all types) ECP completes each month g. Total number of VCCI consults (all types) ECP completes each month h. The "average" number of monthly VCCI consults (all types) ECP completed for the months prior to intervention start (Jan 2021 – Feb 2022). 		

Table 3—Intervention Effectiveness Measure Data Collection Process		
Describe the Data Elements	Measures A-D: The data will be provided to Colorado Access from Every Child Pediatrics at our monthly PIP meetings in the format of emails and verbal updates. Data will also be gathered via COA's internal Practice Support team, who may have further insights or updates regarding the usage of BH Incentive funding by ECP. Please see Appendix E for screenshot examples of the full BH Incentive funding grant (not all of these deliverables are utilized in this PIP intervention). To test intervention effectiveness, Colorado Access will calculate 4 measures based on the data provided.	

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Table 3—Intervention	Effectiveness	Measure Data Collection Process	

- a. "Percent of retention bonuses given to current FT staff by ECP" will be assessed via the count of retention bonuses given, divided by the total count of retention bonuses available for ECP to give to current FT staff.
- b. "Percent of sign-on bonuses given to future FT staff by ECP" will be assessed via the count of sign-on bonuses given, divided by the total count of sign-on bonuses available for ECP to give to future FT staff.
- c. "Percent of retention bonuses given to PT/per diem staff by ECP" will be assessed via the count of retention bonuses given, divided by the total count of retention bonuses available for ECP to give to PT/per diem staff.
- d. "Percent of differential bonuses given to staff by ECP" will be assessed via the count of differential bonuses given, divided by the total count of differential bonuses available for ECP to give to specialized staff.

Measures E-H:

The data will be provided to Colorado Access from AccessCare Services monthly in the form of an Excel spreadsheet that breaks down the data into multiple categories. Please see Appendix D for screenshot examples of this monthly report. To test intervention effectiveness, Colorado Access will calculate 4 measures based on the data provided.

- e. "Percent of e-consults" will be assessed via the Subject column labeled as E-Consult (count), divided by the Grand Total (count) of VCCI services completed that month.
- f. "Percent of collaborative consults" will be assessed via the Subject column labeled as Collaborative Consultation (count), divided by the Grand Total (count) of VCCI services completed that month.

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Table 3—Intervention	Effectiveness Measure Data Collection Process
	g. "Percent of therapy/assessments" will be assessed via the Subject column labeled as Therapy and/or Assessments (count), divided by the Grand Total (count) of VCCI services completed that month. h. "Percent of VCCI Consults completed in the month of interest" will be assessed via the Grand Total of consults completed by ECP in the month of interest, divided by the average (count) of monthly VCCI consults (all types) ECP completed for the months prior to intervention start (Jan 2021 – Feb 2022). Although the Every Child Pediatrics VCCI 1-pager, VCCI Program Patient Perspective email, and ECP VCCI Workflow are not measurable outcomes, please see Appendices A-C for a screenshot example of these interventions.
Describe the Data Sources	Measures A-D: Every Child Pediatrics verbal communication and email updates; COA internal Practice Support team communication Measures E-H: AccessCare Services internal VCCI report sent monthly to COA via email in excel spreadsheet format
Describe how Data will be Collected	Measures A-D: Data will be collected by Every Child Pediatrics, who will gather and report the information of their hiring status and incentive funding usage to COA. Measures E-H: Data will be collected via the AccessCare Services team, who uses an internal database to track the usage of VCCI telehealth encounters by each clinic.
Describe how often Data will be Collected and how data completeness will be addressed (e.g. – real-time data exchange with narrowed focus entity)	Measures A-D: Data and verbal updates will be collected monthly and provided to Colorado Access from Every Child Pediatrics. Measures E-H: Data will be collected monthly and provided to Colorado Access from the AccessCare Services VCCI team.

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Performance Improvement Projects

State of Colorado Performance Improvement Project (PIP) Module 3 — Intervention Testing Submission Form Depression Screening and Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen for Colorado Access RAE 5

Table 3—Intervention	Effectiveness Measure Data Collection Process
	Data completeness will be addressed via communication with the ECP team to gain a detailed understanding of the hiring status and how grant funding is being utilized. COA and ECP participate in a monthly PIP meeting to review all interventions and make sure the intervention and data reporting happens according to plan. COA will also work with the AccessCare Services team to review VCCI data each month and make sure it looks accurate.

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Appendix A- Every Child Pediatrics VCCI Program 1-pager

Acce	esscar	e Virtual Care Collaboration				
		Program Overview and I	Benefits		(4)	accessca
		for Every Child Pediatric	s (ECP)			00000000
Patie	nt/Par	ent Key Talking Points for ECP Co	ordinators/Pro	vid	ers:	
•	Appoi behavi	ntment Timeliness: VCCI providers can oft loral health provider options. You should no we make the referral	en "see" you much	qui	cker than different	
•		ealth Convenience: You can choose to see or virtually in an ECP office	a VCCI provider in	the	convenience and p	privacy of your own
•	We've you ne	f Use: VCCi uses Zoom as their video-confi seen how the process works and it is very sed to know to get started – they will even	easy. VCCI will sen	d yo	ou an email with th	ne links and everything
		correctly before your appointment.				
•	date e	coordination/Services Offered: The relation asily about important care and treatment lso has multiple kinds of services and prov	progress. This type	of c	collaboration benef	fits both you and us.
		pproach at Every Child Pediatrics.	iders to neip ineet	you	i necus uns is sin	illiar to our team bases
		I Rigor: In addition to all counselors being	licensed, all staff a	re a	Iso accredited by T	Triple P (Positive
		ing Program) America				
	0	Triple P America is an evidence-based pa with parents surrounding behavioral mo				
			dification and skill	buile	ding with children	ages 0-12 in the
		primary care setting.	dification and skill	buile	ding with children	ages 0-12 in the
Provi	ider Ke		dification and skill	buile	ding with children	ages 0-12 in the
•	Timeli	primary care setting. Py Points: ness: VCCI Providers will coordinate care will care w	vithin 2 business da	ays o	of referral.	
	Timeli Service	primary care setting. y Points: ness: VCCI Providers will coordinate care ves: VCCI model follows a "Brief Intervention"	vithin 2 business da n" short-term trea	ays o	of referral. Int program and se	ervices include:
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•	Service o Co o Sh o Ca	primary care setting. y Points: ness: VCCI Providers will coordinate care vest VCCI model follows a "Brief Interventio illaborative Consultations on-t-erm therapy re coordination, including referrals and	vithin 2 business da in" short-term trea O	tme Psi ma an	of referral. Int program and se ychiatric evaluation anagement suppor d prescribing wher	ervices include: ns and medication rt, including bridging
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State of Colorado Performance Improvement Project (PIP) Module 3 — Intervention Testing Submission Form



Appendix B- VCCI Program Patient Perspective email sent to ECP

Depression Screening and Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen for Colorado Access RAE 5

Hello.

Thank you for using our Virtual Behavioral Health Services! Your provider has approved the delivery of our services to you directly in your home, and to make sure that this can be done, we will need to make sure that you have the items necessary to deliver our services.

These include:

- 1. Stable Internet Connection
- 2. Computer, Tablet or Phone
- 3. Cell Phone or Landline
- 4. External OR Internal Camera in Computer or Tablet
- 5. External OR Internal Microphone for Computer or Tablet
- 6. External OR Internal Speakers for Computer or Tablet
- A private space to hold the appointment (Place where your conversations will not be overheard)
- 8. Do you have a limited data plan? Any setbacks?

*please note that Chromebooks will not work as they have many limitations.

*please note that if the patient is under 18 years old, the Parent or Legal Guardian must be present during the session for psychiatric medication evaluation and follow-up.

If you do have these items, or if you have most and still want to try and see if it will work, If you do have these items, or if you have most and still want to try and see if it will work, please respond to this email with a time and day (Monday - Friday 8:00 am - 4:45 pm) that works best for you to schedule a 10-15 minute virtual meeting to do a Technology Test of your system. If that test is successful, we will schedule your virtual appointment with you after the Test. If you feel that you do not have the necessary items to hold the Technology Test, please either respond to this e-mail or call us at 855-406-2700 to let us know and we will work with your primary care office to explore any other options.

We will send you DocuSign forms via email before the Tech Test that must be filled out before your first appointment. If we do not receive the DocuSign forms in time, we will cancel the appointment.

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State of Colorado

- Performance Improvement Project (PIP) Module 3 — Intervention Testing Submission Form Depression Screening and Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen for Colorado Access RAE 5
- Also attached are documents on How to setup a Telehealth Room, Zoom Help, and How to Download Zoom
- Please see https://support.zoom.us/hc/en-us/articles/201362193 on how to Join a Meeting, depending on what type of tablet, computer or cellphone you are using

Thank you!

Additional email attachments for patients:



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Appendix C- Every Child Pediatrics VCCI Workflow (Pg. 1 of 5)

Every Child Pediatrics VCCI Workflow Insurances accepted: CO Access, CHP+, Aetna, United, Cigna VCCI Services "Communities" Login Page: https://accesscare.force.com/Providers/s/login/ Username: vccibhp@everychildpediatrics.org ❖ Password: !ecpvcci1 How to submit a referral through VCCI: 1. You must first make a new patient account. Select: "Click Here For New Patients" *If you have already submitted a VCCI referral request in the past for this patient, skip this step and move to step #5. Welcome to the AccessCare Provider Portal Click Here For New Patients Here's how to schedule an appointment for one of your patients: If the patient does not exist in the system, create a record from the Patients tab via the "New" but
 Select the AccessCare Provider for the Appointment using the buttons below 4. Select the Appointment Date/Time 6. The Patient will recieve email confirmation of the appoint 2. You will see the screen below: Select "New New Patients

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Appendix D- AccessCare Services ECP VCCI Data Example

Report for Sarah							
As of 2022-03-03 08:40:53 Mountain	Standard Time/MST • Generated by Robyn Dise	eati					
Filtered By							
Show: All appointments							
Show: Open & Completed Appointme	ents						
Show: Events							
Date Field: Start equals Custom (2/1)	/2022 to 2/28/2022)						
The state of the s	/2022 to 2/28/2022)						
Date Field: Start equals Custom (2/1, Account Name contains every child Subject contains initial,exp,no,cc,15,							
Account Name contains every child		Date	Insurance Name	Which Region?	Insurance ID	Assigned	Ту
Account Name contains every child Subject contains initial,exp,no,cc,15,	collaborative, follow, 90, 60	Date 2/2/2022	Insurance Name ABC Medicaid	Which Region?	Insurance ID	Assigned Melanie Creach, LCSW	-
Account Name contains every child Subject contains initial,exp,no,cc,15,	collaborative,follow,90,60	-		The state of the s	Insurance ID		See
Account Name contains every child Subject contains initial,exp,no,cc,15,	collaborative,follow,90,60 Subject Collaborative Consultation 15 Minutes	2/2/2022	ABC Medicaid	RAE 5	Insurance ID	Melanie Creach, LCSW	See
Account Name contains every child Subject contains initial,exp,no,cc,15,	Collaborative, follow, 90,60 Subject Collaborative Consultation 15 Minutes Collaborative Consultation 15 Minutes	2/2/2022 2/4/2022	ABC Medicaid ABC Medicaid ABC Medicaid	RAE 5	Insurance ID	Melanie Creach, LCSW Jordan Gardner, MD, Psychiatrist	Typ See See See
Account Name contains every child Subject contains initial,exp,no,cc,15,	Collaborative, follow, 90,60 Subject Collaborative Consultation 15 Minutes Collaborative Consultation 15 Minutes Collaborative Consultation 15 Minutes	2/2/2022 2/4/2022 2/2/2022 2/23/2022	ABC Medicaid ABC Medicaid ABC Medicaid	RAE 5 RAE 5 RAE 5	Insurance ID	Melanie Creach, LCSW Jordan Gardner, MD, Psychiatrist Melanie Creach, LCSW	See See

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Appendix E – BH Incentive Funding Request Outline

Every Child Pediatrics

Workforce Support Funding Request

Funding request to support workforce recruitment, retention, and program development.

Goals:

- 1. Stabilize and enhance Behavioral Health programming through staff bonus
 - a. \$7500.00 (X3) retention bonus for current FT staff
 - b. \$5000.00 (X2) sign-on bonus for FT staff (we need to hire)
 - c. \$2500.00 (X2) retention bonus for PT/Per diem staff
- 2. Retain specialized staff through differential bonus
 - a. \$2500.00 (X4) differential for (FT) bilingual staff and/or specialized credentials (i.e. Infant MH)
- 3. Expansion of HealthySteps program through creation of new position HealthySteps Supervisor/Trainer
 - \$7000.00 to promote our current <u>HealthySteps</u> Lead to Early Childhood Supervisor/Trainer
- 4. Resilience support using a program like HeartMath
 - a. \$7000.00

Payment Method

COA will provide a <u>one time</u> lump <u>some</u> payment to be allocated in the following areas following signing of MCU

Funding Allocation	Amount	Total	Total request amount
FT Retention Bonus	7,500.00 (X3)	22,500	
PT Retention Bonus	2,500.00 (X2)	5,000	
Sign on Bonus	5,000.00 (X2)	10,000	
Specialized training differential bonus	2,500.00 (X4)	10,000	
New position	7,000 (X1)	7,000	
Program Investment	7,000 (X1)	7,000	
			61,5000

Evaluation/Measurement:

- Goal: Stabilize and enhance our Behavioral Health program through funding for hiring and retention:
 - a. Retention bonus for current FT staff and PT/Per diem staff
 - i. Measuremer
 - Report on distribution of funds including amount and date distributed.
 - b. Sign-on bonus for new FT staff
 - Measurement:
 - Report including job description and terms of sign on bonus, date of job posting, date of hire and date of distribution of funds.
- Goal: Retain bilingual therapist and specialized staff serving infant mental health through differential bonus
 - a. Differential bonus for (FT) bilingual staff and/or specialized credentials (<u>i.e.</u> Infant
 - VIH)
 - ECP will provide job title and job description indicating specialized credentials and/or training, emount of bonus, and date of distribution of funds.
- Goal: Expansion of HealthySteps program through creation of new position HealthySteps Supervisor/Trainer
 - a. Promote current HealthySteps Lead to Early Childhood Supervisor/Trainer
 - Measurement:
 1. ECP will provide updated job description, hiring date and
 - distribution of funding in report to COA.

 2. ECP will report back positive outcomes from staff promotion such as trainings completed, supervision provided, or increase in
- members served
 4. Goal: Resilience support using a program like HeartMath
 - a. \$7000.00
 - Measurement: ECP will provide narrative report on positive outcomes from utilizing HeartMath Program.

Performance Measures:

Provider will complete the progress report template by (date) addressing all areas outlined in the evaluation measurement strategy.

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Managed Care Organization (MCO) Information		
MCO Name	Colorado Access RAE 5	
PIP Title	Depression Screening and Follow–up After a Positive Depression Screen	
Intervention Name:	Inner City Patient Psychoeducation and Treatment Hesitancy Reduction	
Contact Name	Sarah Thomas	
Contact Title	Quality Improvement Program Manager	
Email Address	Sarah.thomas@coaccess.com	
Telephone Number	720-951-6211	
Submission Date	03/15/22	
Resubmission Date (if applicable)	04/13/22	

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Intervention Testing Plan

Instructions:

- In Table 1, provide the specific details about the intervention including the intervention being tested; outcome (*Depression Screening* or *Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen*), failure mode, and key driver addressed; step-by-step process to conduct the intervention test; and the predicted results.
- If the intervention was documented in the Module 2 submission form, use the same language to describe the key driver, failure mode, and intervention.
- If the intervention was not included the Module 2 submission form, the intervention should be added to the final key driver diagram in Module 4.

Table 1—Intervention Plan		
Intervention Being Tested	 Standardize processes and targeted clinic and provider education. Engage members to learn about common clinical and non-clinical barriers, and develop educational materials to address them Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen Analysis of internal tracking processes, workflows, and outreach protocols → efficiency improvements and standardize protocols that utilize automation when possible Literature review to understand follow-up barriers. Engage members to learn about common clinical and non-clinical barriers and develop educational materials to address these barriers → Develop member facing resource for Behavioral Health FAQ and referral, community, and rural resources. 	
Outcome Addressed	oxtimes Depression Screening $oxtimes$ Follow—up After a Positive Depression Screen	
Failure Mode Addressed	Depression Screening 1. Individuals with mental health needs will not be identified. 2. Member doesn't finish PHQ-9	

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Table 1—Intervention Plan					
	 Members who may be depressed are not evaluated by a standardized instrument. Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen Individual with identified Behavioral Health (BH) needs is not reached or seen by a provider. ICHC (Inner City Health Center) unaware of unmet care needs. Symptom exacerbation without treatment. 				
Key Driver Addressed	Depression Screening Standards of care: consistency at clinic and provider level on coding, provider education, and training. Members are educated about treatment options and are engaged Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screening Standards of care: provider education and training. Member access, knowledge, and engagement				
Intervention Process Steps (List the step-by-step process required to carry out this intervention.)	 Meet with Inner City to rediscuss current barriers for patients in engaging and completing depression screening or follow-up, and discuss intervention solutions. Agreed upon intervention process steps to complete intervention: Promote the "Mental Health America" (MHA) Psychoeducation Resource posters by hanging them in treatment rooms. Posters will encourage mental health and wellness throughout the clinic. Posters utilize a Spanish infographic to target LatinX communities. Create a clinic specific "treatment hesitancy" flyer in Spanish and English to give to patients who express resistance to depression screening or follow-up after screening. This flyer will educate patients on the importance of screening and treatment. 				

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	Table 1—Intervention Plan
	 Create a "Medical Assistant Scripting" document to standardize scripting for the medical assistants: how to introduce the depression screening assessment to patients; and how to respond to patients who express screening/treatment hesitancy. Reformat the depression screening assessment so that it is more patient friendly. The current assessment has a wide variety of questions (PHQ-2, GAD, SDOH, Dental Health) on one piece of paper, which can be overwhelming for patients; hard to read with small font; and includes extraneous details on the screen that is only necessary for only staff to see. Re-formatting the assessment can include: putting less invasive questions on top to ease the patient into completing the screen; changing the font type/increasing the size; removing any additional text that is not for the patient, and including more informative text on the bottom of the screen to make the assessment more patient friendly (example: a QR code for patients to scan that links them to the patient portal, where they can view their visits, lab results, etc.) Inner City and COA will prepare correlated measurements to assess if intervention is successful. Clinic decision / agreement on proposed intervention and start date. Implement intervention and complete monthly measurements to ensure execution. Make any necessary adjustments and changes (Plan-Do-Study-Act (PDSA) Cycles) to proposed solutions as needed.
What are the predicted results of this test?	The predicted results of this test are that the number of patient refusals for depression screening and follow-up will decrease, and depression screening and follow-up rates will increase for ICHC. If the intervention is implemented at the intended start date (beginning of March), and solutions are executed as planned, COA would expect to see an effect from these interventions (a reduction in patient refusals for screening and BH services) by April, and intervention effects would continue through the end of the Performance Improvement Project (PIP). The "Psychoeducation Resource posters" hung in the treatment rooms should help visually emphasize the importance of mental health, as well as normalize the assessment given to

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Table 1—Intervention Plan

patients upon every visit. The "treatment hesitancy flyers" given to patients who express disinterest in completing depression screening or follow-up will encourage patients to complete the screening at that visit, or plant a seed of awareness and understanding of BH and follow up needs to allow them to be more open at their next clinic appointment in completing the screening/follow-up for mental health.

The medical assistant scripting will help medical assistants feel more comfortable and confident with handing out the assessment and explaining the screening. The change in verbiage will allow patients to feel more comfortable and emphasize that screening is a routine practice, thus eliminating patients hesitation brought on by potentially feeling targeted. Treatment hesitancy is also addressed by reaffirming that mental health is part of overall wellness, and a standard part of the clinic visit that ICHC has all patients complete to subsequently increase normalization of the screening practice. Changes to the depression screening assessment will make the screening look less intimidating to patients, thus improving the ease of completion, and reduce hesitancy and confusion. The MA scripting change, in combination with the reformatted assessment, will aim to reduce patient declines for screening, and improve depression screening rates.







Intervention Effectiveness Measure

Instructions:

- In Table 2, provide the intervention measure title, numerator description, and denominator description. This measure should specifically measure the intervention's effectiveness.
- In Table 3, complete the information for how data will be collected for the intervention test. If applicable, include a blank copy of the data collection tool (e.g., spreadsheets, tracking log).
- Refer to Section 5 of the Rapid-Cycle Performance Improvement Project (PIP) Reference Guide, Version 6–2 ("Module 3—Intervention Testing").

Table 2—Intervention Effectiveness Measure					
	(e.g., The number or percentage of eye exams scheduled on Saturday for Provider A)				
	Inner City Patient Psychoeducation and Treatment Hesitancy Reduction				
Intervention Measure Title	3 measures will be used to determine effectiveness of this measure; the numerators and denominators are categorized by A through C to indicate 3 separate measures that will be calculated.				
	Measures A and B represent all members across all Inner City locations. Inner City will generate an internal "Patient Declined" report each month that will be used as the data source. Measure C will count the number of "treatment hesitancy" flyers given to patients who display treatment hesitancy during depression screening, or follow-up after screening.				
Numerator Description	 a. Total number of patients who decline depression screening b. Total number of patients who decline Behavioral Health Follow-Up. c. Total number of treatment hesitancy flyers given to patients each month by the medical assistant team, who are hesitant to complete depression screening or follow-up after screening. 				

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Table 2—Intervention Effectiveness Measure				
Denominator Description	a. Total number of Unique Patients offered a depression screening b. Total number of Unique Patients offered a behavioral health follow-up (regardless of age) c. Total number of Unique Patients offered a depression screening or a behavioral health follow-up appointment			

Table 3—Intervention Effectiveness Measure Data Collection Process						
Describe the Data Elements	For measures A through B: The data will be provided to Colorado Access from Inner City monthly in the form of an Excel spreadsheet that breaks down the data into multiple categories. Please see Appendix A for screenshot examples of this monthly report. To test intervention effectiveness, Colorado Access will calculate 2 measures based on the data provided. a. "Percent of patients who decline depression screening" will be assessed via the "Declined" row (count), divided by the "Grand Total" (count) of unique patients offered a depression screening. b. "Percent of patients who decline Behavioral Health Follow-Up" will be assessed via the "Patient Declined after order was placed" and "Patient Refused Referral" rows (counts), divided by the "Total BH Referral" of unique patients offered a BH follow-up. For measure C: The data will be provided to Colorado Access in the format of a "count" of treatment hesitancy flyers given to patients in the month of interest. This count will be sent via email by Inner City to Colorado Access on a monthly basis. Please see Appendix B for a screenshot example of the treatment hesitancy flyer.					

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Table 3—Intervention Effectiveness Measure Data Collection Process				
	Although the Psychoeducation poster, Medical Assistant scripting, and depression screening assessment are not measurable outcomes, please see Appendix C for a screenshot example of these interventions.			
Describe the Data Sources	a. Mea sures A-B: Inner City report from Electronic Health Record (EHR) b. Mea sure C: Internal count from Inner City medical assistant team			
Describe how Data will be Collected	 a. Measures A-B: Data will be collected via provider document in EHR and report generation b. Measure C: Data will be collected by Inner City printing 100 treatment hesitancy flyers for the month – at the end of the month, Inner City's medical assistant will count how many flyers they have left, and subtract this number from 100. This will give us the "count" of flyers that were handed out to patients during the month of interest. 			
Describe how often Data will be Collected and how data completeness will be addressed (e.g. – real-time data exchange with narrowed focus entity)	Measures A-C: Data will be collected monthly and provided to Colorado Access from Inner City. Data completeness will be addressed via communication with the Inner City team to address any unclear aspects of the data, or discrepancies we may see. If barriers are continuously occurring, COA and Inner City will work to reduce those barriers. COA and Inner City participate in a monthly PIP meeting to review all interventions and make sure the intervention and data reporting happens according to plan.			







Performance Improvement Project (PIP) Module 3 — Intervention Testing Submission Form

Depression Screening and Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen for Colorado Access RAE 5

Appendix A- Inner City Patient Declined Monthly Report example

Measure A:

	PHQ-2 / PHQ-	9 Screer	nings Pet	formed				
	21-Jul	21-Aug	21-Sep	21-Oct	21-Nov	21-Dec	22-Jan	Grand Tota
DECLINED	7	3	5	5	2	1	2	25
SCORED	457	474	473	594	590	497	518	3603
UNSCORED	42	35	16	39	30	25	24	211
Grand Total	506	474	494	633	592	522	544	3814
	PHQ-2 / PHQ-	-9 Screer	nings Per	formed				
	21-Jul	21-Aug	21-Sep	21-Oct	21-Nov	21-Dec	22-Jan	
DECLINED	1.38%	0.63%	1.01%	0.79%	0.34%	0.19%	0.37%	







Measure B:

Counts								
Main Office	21-Jul	21-Aug	21-Sep	21-Oct	21-Nov	21-Dec	22-lan	Grand Total
Total BH Referrals	82	95	79	135	140	97	113	741
Patient declined after order was placed	2	1	3	5	5	6	5	27
Patient Refused Referral	12	10	11	27	28	14	32	134
Wheat Ridge	21-Jul	21-Aug	21-Sep	21-Oct	21-Nov	21-Dec	22-Jan	Grand Total
Total BH Referrals	28	41	38	42	32	42	42	265
Patient declined after order was placed	1		2	2	1	2	2	10
Patient Refused Referral	2	2			1			5
Percents								
Main Office	21-Jul	21-Aug	21-Sep	21-Oct	21-Nov	21-Dec	22-Jan	Grand Total
Total BH Referrals	82	95	79	135	140	97	113	741
Patient declined after order was placed	2%	1%	4%	4%	4%	6%	4%	4%
Patient Refused Referral	15%	11%	14%	20%	20%	14%	28%	18%
Wheat Ridge	21-Jul	21-Aug	21-Sep	21-Oct	21-Nov	21-Dec	22-Jan	Grand Total
Total BH Referrals	28	41	38	42	32	42	42	265
Patient declined after order was placed	4%	0%	5%	5%	3%	5%	5%	4%
Patient Refused Referral	7%	5%	0%	0%	3%	0%	0%	2%
Inner City Behavioral Health F/U Declined (com	21-Jul	21-Aug	21-Sep	21-Oct	21-Nov	21-Dec	22-Jan	
Patient declined after order was placed	3%	1%	4%	4%	3%	6%	5%	
Patient Refused Referral	13%	9%	9%	15%	17%	10%	21%	







Appendix B: Inner City Treatment Hesitancy Flyer

Measure C:









Performance Improvement Project (PIP)
Module 3 — Intervention Testing Submission Form
Depression Screening and Follow-up After a Positive Depression Screen
for Colorado Access RAE 5

Appendix C: "Mental Health America" (MHA) Psychoeducation Resource poster, Medical Assistant Scripting, and Depression Screening Assessment

Psychoeducation Resource Poster:









Medical Assistant Scripting Recommendations:



MA Scripting Recommendations for Inner City Health Center

Scripting (written) for top of assessment:

 "Inner City Health Center is committed to patient-centered healthcare. Life is constantly changing and we know it can be stressful. We wanted to ask you a few questions on your overall wellbeing. Please answer the below questions."

Scripting (verbal) for intro/explanation of assessments by MA:

"We have a quick questionnaire that we wanted to give you today and we do this for every
patient at every visit to check in on how you're doing. We care about your overall wellness,
which these questions help assess. Let me know if you have any questions on it..."

Scripting (verbal) for resistance:

"Different areas of your life can impact your overall health. These questions help us understand
if there is anything else we can help you with in addition to this visit."

Scripting (verbal) for repetition: Two components:

- Validation type of messaging:
 - "you are right, you did just complete this last week" OR
 - . "No, I totally get that and know it is kind of annoying to have to fill this out again"
- 2. Emphasis on changing life circumstances:
 - "but we know that life changes every day and this is why we ask these quick questions
 at every visit. They give us an update on how you're doing and we appreciate you taking
 the time to fill them out"







Inner City Depression Screening Assessment:

*Note: Screenshot shows Inner City's current state, and suggested changes provided by COA

Current State

Have you been to a dentist in the last 12 mont	he?	□YES			
Are you interested in seeing one of our dental	DYES				
Behavioral Health: Please circle a response to each question. Over the last 2 weeks how often have you been b	othered by:				
little interest or pleasure in doing things?	Not at all	Several days	More than		Nearly every day
feeling down, depressed or hopeless?	Not at all	Several days	More than		Nearly every day
feeling nervous, auxious or on edge?	Not at all	Several days	More than		Nearly every day
not being able to stop or control worrying?	Not at all	Several days	More than the day		Nearly every day
Have you ever felt you ought to cut down on y drug use?	our drinking	or	□YES		□NO
Have people annoyed you by criticizing your ouse?	drinking or dr	ug	□YES		□NO
Have you felt bad or guilty about your drinki	ng or drug use	.?	□YES		□NO
Have you ever had a drink or used drugs first morning to steady your nerves or to get rid of opener)?		ye	□YES		□NO
Are you interested in seeing a behavioral heal	Ith specialist?		YES	□NO	
Social Determinants:					
Have you had problems with food access in th			TYES	□NO	







Proposed Suggestions:

inner City Health Center is committed to patient healthcare. Life is constantly <u>changing</u> and we k be stressful. We wanted to ask you a few questi overall wellbeing. Please answer the below que	ions on your HEALTH CENTER	Inner City Health Center is committed to patient healthcare. Life is constantly <u>changing</u> and we kn be stressful. We wanted to ask you a few questi overall wellbeing. Please answer the below questi	now it can une ci/
1. Have you been to a dentist in the last 12 mo 2. Are you interested in seeing one of our dent 3. Have you ever had problems with food acet 4. Are you interested in seeing a behavioral he 5. Have you ever felt you ought to cut down or 6. Have people annoyed you by criticizing your 7. Have you felt bad or gullty about your drink! 8 Have you ever had a drink or used drugs first get it id of a languaver (eye upener)?	al providers YES NO NO NO NO NO NO NO N	Have you been to a dentist in the last 12 mor transparent to a contract of the contract of th	al providers?
Over the last 2 weeks, how often have you been bothe	ered by:	Over the last 2 weeks, how often have you been bothe	ered by:
9. Little interest or pleasure in doing things?	☐ Not at all ☐ Several days ☐ More than half the days ☐ Nearly every day	9. Little interest or pleasure in doing things?	☐ Not at all ☐ Several days ☐ More than half the days ☐ Nearly every
10. Feeling down, depressed or hopeless?	☐ Not at all ☐ Several days ☐ More than half the days ☐ Nearly every day	10. Feeling down, depressed or hopeless?	☐ Not at all ☐ Several days ☐ More than half the days ☐ Nearly every
11. Feeling nervous, anxious, or on edge?	☐ Not at all ☐ Several days ☐ More than half the days ☐ Nearly every day	11. Feeling nervous, anxious, or on edge?	☐ Not at all ☐ Several days ☐ More than half the days ☐ Nearly every
12. Not being able to stop or control worrying?	☐ Not at all ☐ Several days ☐ More than half the days ☐ Nearly every day	12. Not being able to stop or control worrying?	☐ Not at all ☐ Several days ☐ More than half the days ☐ Nearly even
Inner City Health Center wants to hear your ideas to improve your experience! These questions are g 1. Is there anything you wish we offered/were aren't?	optional but we would love to hear from you.	Are you up to date on all of your prevent Have you received your COVID-19 vaccine about the benefits for your overall wellne	yet? Talk to one of us today to lear
2. What are we doing well that you would like	to see more of?	Want t	to view your records, communicate v
_	or suggest to us? Use the open space below:	online access	rovider, or schedule your appointme? Scan the QR code to easily sign up to all this and more on the <u>Inner Cit</u>
7		Online	Patient Portal!



4.	Are you interested in seeing a behavioral health specialist? ∠ YES ∠ NO					
5.	5. Have you ever telt you ought to cut down on your drinking or drug use? ☐ YES ☐ NO					
6.	Have people annoyed you by criticizing your	drinking or drug use? 🗆 YES 🗆 NO				
7.	Have you felt bad or guilty about your drinking	ng or drug use? 🗆 YES 🗆 NO				
8.	Have you ever had a drink or used drugs first get rid of a hangover (eye opener)?	thing in the morning to steady your nerves or to				
Over t	he last 2 weeks, how often have you been bother	red by:				
9.	Little interest or pleasure in doing things?	☐ Not at all ☐ Several days ☐ More than half the days ☐ Nearly every day				
10	Feeling down, depressed or hopeless?	☐ Not at all ☐ Several days ☐ More than half the days ☐ Nearly every day				
11	. Feeling nervous, anxious, or on edge?	☐ Not at all ☐ Several days ☐ More than half the days ☐ Nearly every day				
12	Not being able to stop or control worrying?	☐ Not at all ☐ Several days ☐ More than half the days ☐ Nearly every day				



communicate with your appointments easily sign up for on the <u>Inner City</u>

Module 3—Intervention Testing Submission Form—State of Colorado—Version 6–2



Appendix B. Module Validation Tools

Appendix B contains the Module Validation Tools provided by HSAG.







Performance Improvement Project (PIP)
Module 2 — Intervention Determination Validation Tool
Depression Screening and Follow-Up After a Positive Depression Screen
for Colorado Access (RAE 5)

Criteria	Score	HSAG Feedback and Recommendations
1. The health plan included process maps for <i>Depression Screening</i> and <i>Follow–UpAfter a Positive Depression Screen</i> that clearly illustrate the step-by-step flow of the current processes for the narrowed focus.	⊠ Met □ Not Met	
The prioritized steps in the process maps identified as gaps or opportunities for improvement were highlighted in yellow.	⊠ Met □ Not Met	
3. The steps documented in each FMEA table aligned with the steps in the corresponding process map that were highlighted in yellow as gaps or opportunities for improvement.	⊠ Met □ Not Met	
4. The failure modes, failure causes, and failure effects were logically linked to the steps in each FMEA table.	⊠ Met □ Not Met	
5. The health plan prioritized the listed failure modes and ranked them from highest to lowest in each Failure Mode Priority Ranking table.		
6. The key drivers and interventions in each key driver diagram were updated according to the results of the corresponding process map and FMEA. In each key driver diagram, the health plan included interventions that were culturally and linguistically appropriate and have the potential for impacting the SMART Aim goal.	⊠ Met □ Not Met	

May 28, 2021—Module 2—Intervention Determination Validation Tool—State of Colorado—Version 6–2







Performance Improvement Project (PIP) Module 2 — Intervention Determination Validation Tool Depression Screening and Follow-Up After a Positive Depression Screen for Colorado Access (RAE 5)

Criteria	Score	HSAG Feedback and Recommendations
Additional Recommendations: None.		

Intervention Determination (Module 2)

□ Pass

Date: May 28, 2021

May 28, 2021—Module 2—Intervention Determination Validation Tool—State of Colorado—Version 6–2







Intervention: Every Child Pediatrics RAE 5 H0002 Follow-Up Clarification

		1 0
Criteria	Score	HSAG Feedback and Recommendations
The Intervention Plan specified the outcome to be addressed and included at least one corresponding key driver and one failure mode from Module 2.		
2. The health plan included all components for the Intervention Plan.	⊠ Met □ Not Met	
3. The Intervention Effectiveness Measure(s) was appropriate for the intervention.		
The data collection process was appropriate for the intervention effectiveness measure(s) and addressed data completeness.	⊠ Met ☐ Not Met	
Additional Recommendations:		
Intervention Testing (Module 3)		
⊠ Pass		
Date: August 13, 2021		
August 10, 2021—Module 3—Intervention Testing	; Validation Tool	—State of Colorado —Version 6–2 Page 1







Intervention: Inner City Depression Screening Coding Changes

11110170111101	The civenature. Third Cay Depression Bereening County Changes		
Criteria	Score	HSAG Feedback and Recommendations	
The Intervention Plan specified the outcome to be addressed and included at least one corresponding key driver and one failure mode from Module 2.	⊠ Met □ Not Met		
2. The health plan included all components for the Intervention Plan.	⊠ Met □ Not Met		
3. The <i>Intervention Effectiveness</i> Measure(s) was appropriate for the intervention.	⊠ Met □ Not Met		
4. The data collection process was appropriate for the intervention effectiveness measure(s) and addressed data completeness.	⊠ Met ☐ Not Met		
Additional Recommendations: None.			
Intervention Testing (Module 3)			
⊠ Pass			
Date: February 22, 2022			
February 22, 2022 — Module 3 — Intervention Testi	ng Validation To	ol—State of Colorado—Version 6–2 Page 1	







Intervention: Every Child Pediatrics Behavioral Health Access Improvements

			*		
	Criteria	Score	HSAG Feedback and Recommendations		
1.	The Intervention Plan specified the outcome to be addressed and included at least one corresponding key driver and one failure mode from Module 2.	⊠ Met □ Not Met			
2.	The health plan included all components for the Intervention Plan.	⊠ Met □ Not Met			
3.	The Intervention Effectiveness Measure(s) was appropriate for the intervention.	⊠ Met □ Not Met			
4.	The data collection process was appropriate for the intervention effectiveness measure(s) and addressed data completeness.	⊠ Met ☐ Not Met			
Additional Recommendations: None.					
9	Intervention Testing (Module 3)				
	⊠ Pass				
	Date: April 19, 2022				
-	April 19, 2022—Module 3—Intervention Testing Validation Tool—State of Colorado—Version 6–2 Page 1				







Intervention: Inner City Patient Psychoeducation and Treatment Hesitancy Reduction

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Criteria	Score	HSAG Feedback and Recommendations
The Intervention Plan specified the outcome to be addressed and included at least one corresponding key driver and one failure mode from Module 2.		
The health plan included all components for the Intervention Plan.	⊠ Met □ Not Met	
3. The <i>Intervention Effectiveness</i> Measure(s) was appropriate for the intervention.		
The data collection process was appropriate for the intervention effectiveness measure(s) and addressed data completeness.	⊠ Met ☐ Not Met	
Additional Recommendations: None.		
Intervention Testing (Module 3) ⊠ Pass		
Date: April 19, 2022		
April 19, 2022—Module 3—Intervention Testing V	alidation Tool—	State of Colorado—Version 6–2 Page 1