



Colorado Department of Health Care Policy and Financing Preferred Drug List (PDL)

Effective April 1, 2025

Prior Authorization Forms: Available online at https://hcpf.colorado.gov/pharmacy-resources

Prior Authorization (PA) Requests: Colorado Pharmacy Call Center Phone Number: 800-424-5725 | Fax Number: 800-424-5881

Electronic Prior Authorization (ePA): Electronic Prior Authorization Requests are supported by CoverMyMeds and may be submitted via Electronic Health Record (EHR) systems or through the CoverMyMeds provider portal.

The PDL applies to Medicaid fee-for-service members. It does not apply to members enrolled in Rocky Mountain Health HMO or Denver Health Medicaid Choice.

<u>Initiation of pharmaceutical product subject to Prior Authorization:</u> Please note that starting the requested drug, including a non-preferred drug, prior to a PA request being reviewed and approved, through either inpatient use, by using office "samples," or by any other means, does not necessitate Medicaid approval of the PA request.

Health First Colorado, at section 25.5-5-501, C.R.S., requires the generic of a brand name drug be prescribed if the generic is therapeutically equivalent to the brand name drug. Exceptions to this rule are: 1) If the brand name drug is more cost effective than the generic as determined by the Department, 2) If the patient has been stabilized on a brand name drug and the prescriber believes that transition to a generic would disrupt care, and 3) If the drug is being used for treatment of mental illness, cancer, epilepsy, or human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency syndrome.

Please see the **Brand Favored Product List** for a list of medications where the brand name drug is more cost effective than the generic drug.

A provider may request a step therapy exception for the treatment of a serious or complex medical condition pursuant to section 25.5-4-428, C.R.S. Serious or complex medical condition means the following medical conditions: serious mental illness, cancer, epilepsy, multiple sclerosis, or human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)/ acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS), or a condition requiring medical treatment to avoid death, hospitalization, or a worsening or advancing of disease progression resulting in significant harm or disability. The step therapy exception request form is available by visiting https://hcpf.colorado.gov/pharmacy-resources

Brand Name Required = BNR, Prior Authorization = PA, AutoPA = authorization can be automated at the point-of-sale transaction if criteria are met Preferred drug list applies only to prescription (RX) products, unless specified.

| Preferred Agents | Non-preferred Agents | Prior Authorization Criteria (All Non-preferred products will be approved for one year unless otherwise stated.) |
|--|--|---|
| | | algesics |
| | | ALGESIA AGENTS - Oral - Effective 4/1/2025 |
| No PA Required Duloxetine 20 mg, 30 mg, 60 mg capsule Gabapentin capsule, tablet, solution Pregabalin capsule SAVELLA (milnacipran) tablet, titration pack | PA Required CYMBALTA (duloxetine) capsule DRIZALMA (duloxetine DR) sprinkle capsules Duloxetine 40 mg capsule GRALISE (gabapentin ER) tablet Gabapentin ER tablet HORIZANT (gabapentin ER) tablet JOURNAVX (suzetrigine) tablet LYRICA (pregabalin) capsule, solution, CR tablet NEURONTIN (gabapentin) capsule, tablet, solution Pregabalin solution, ER tablet | JOURNAVX (suzetrigine) may be approved if the following criteria are met: Member is ≥ 18 years of age AND Member is being prescribed suzetrigine for up to 14 days of treatment for moderate-to- severe acute pain AND Prescriber attests that the member's pain is unable to be managed with an NSAID, acetaminophen, or other non-opioid analgesic AND Journavx (suzetrigine) is not being prescribed to treat chronic pain AND The medication is not being prescribed to treat pain associated with migraine AND Member does not have severe hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh Class C) AND Member has been counseled to avoid food or drink containing grapefruit during treatment with Journavx (suzetrigine) AND Member is not concurrently taking a strong CYP3A inhibitor (such as ketoconazole, itraconazole, posaconazole, ritonavir, indinavir, saquinavir, clarithromycin, fluvoxamine) AND Member is not concurrently taking a strong or moderate CYP3A inducer (such as carbamazepine, phenytoin, rifampin, efavirenz, rifabutin, St. John's Wort) · Members using hormonal contraceptives containing progestins other than levonorgestrel and norethindrone have been counseled regarding alternative or additional contraception, if appropriate, per product labeling. Duration of Approval: 3 months Dosing Limit: One 14-day course per approval on file Quantity limit: 29 tablets/14 days All other non-preferred oral non-opioid analgesic agents may be approved if member |
| Th | eraneutic Drug Class: NON-OPIOID ANAI | meets all of the following criteria: Member has trialed and failed duloxetine (20mg, 30mg, or 60mg) AND has trialed and failed gabapentin OR pregabalin capsule (Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 8-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction) Prior authorization will be required for Lyrica (pregabalin) capsule dosages > 600mg per day (maximum of 3 capsules daily) and gabapentin dosages > 3600mg per day. LGESIA AGENTS - Topical - Effective 4/1/2025 |
| No PA Required | PA Required | |
| Lidocaine patch | Lidocaine patch (Puretek) | Non-preferred topical products require a trial/failure with an adequate 8-week trial of gabapentin AND pregabalin AND duloxetine AND a preferred lidocaine 5% patch. |

| LIDODEDM (lide esine) metali | ZTI IDO (lide seine) tenri ed content | Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with an 8-week trial, allergy, intolerable side |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| LIDODERM (lidocaine) patch | ZTLIDO (lidocaine) topical system | effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. |
| | | Lidocaine 5% patch (Puretek manufacturer only) may be approved if the following |
| | | criteria are met: |
| | | • Member is ≥ 18 years of age AND |
| | | • Member has had an adequate 8-week trial and failure of: gabapentin AND |
| | | pregabalin AND duloxetine AND a preferred lidocaine 5% patch. Failure is defined |
| | | as lack of efficacy with an 8-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or |
| | | significant drug-drug interaction AND |
| | | Prescriber has provided a justification of clinical necessity indicating that an |
| | | alternative generic lidocaine 5% patch formulation cannot be used. |
| | | FLAMMATORIES (NSAIDS) - Oral - Effective 4/1/2025 |
| No PA Required | PA Required | DUEXIS (ibuprofen/famotidine) or VIMOVO (naproxen/esomeprazole) may be |
| | | approved if the member meets the following criteria: |
| Celecoxib capsule | ARTHROTEC (diclofenac sodium/ misoprostol) | Trial and failure [‡] of all preferred NSAIDs at maximally tolerated doses AND |
| r | tablet | • Trial and failure [‡] of three preferred proton pump inhibitors in combination with |
| Diclofenac potassium 50 mg | | NSAID within the last 6 months AND |
| tablet | CELEBREX (celecoxib) capsule | Has a documented history of gastrointestinal bleeding |
| Diclofenac sodium EC/DR tablet | DAY/DDO (| |
| Dictorenac sodium EC/DR tablet | DAYPRO (oxaprozin) caplet | Diclofenac potassium 25 mg immediate-release tablets may be approved if the following |
| Ibuprofen suspension, tablet (RX) | Diclofenac potassium capsule, powder pack | criteria are met: |
| | Bielofenae potassium eapsule, powder pack | • Member is ≥ 18 years of age AND |
| Indomethacin capsule, ER | Diclofenac potassium 25 mg tablet | Member does not have any of the following medical conditions: |
| capsule | | History of recent coronary artery bypass graft (CABG) surgery |
| Ketorolac tablet* | Diclofenac sodium ER/SR tablet | History of myocardial infarction |
| Retorolac tablet | Bill 6 | Severe heart failure |
| Meloxicam tablet | Diclofenac sodium/misoprostol tablet | Advanced renal disease |
| | Diflunisal tablet | History of gastrointestinal bleeding |
| Nabumetone tablet | Diffullish tholet | AND |
| | DUEXIS (ibuprofen/famotidine) tablet | Member has trial and failure [‡] of four preferred oral NSAIDs at maximally tolerated |
| Naproxen DR/ER, tablet (RX) | | doses |
| Naproxen suspension | ELYXYB (celecoxib) solution | |
| Tuptonen suspension | E. 11 In Ep. 11 | ELYXYB (celecoxib) oral solution may be approved if the following criteria are met: |
| Sulindac tablet | Etodolac capsule; IR, ER tablet | Member is ≥ 18 years of age AND |
| | FELDENE (piroxicam) capsule | Requested medication is being prescribed for acute treatment of migraine (with |
| | T DEDDING (phonicum) capsuic | or without aura) AND |
| | Fenoprofen capsule, tablet | Member does <u>not</u> have any of the following medical conditions: Member does not have any of the following medical conditions: |
| | | History of asthma, urticaria, or other allergic-type reactions after taking aspirin or other NSAIDs |
| | Flurbiprofen tablet | History of recent coronary artery bypass graft (CABG) surgery |
| | | instory of recent coronary artery bypass grant (CADO) surgery |

| | Ibuprofen/famotidine tablet Ketoprofen IR, ER capsule LOFENA (diclofenac) tablet Meclofenamate capsule Mefenamic acid capsule Meloxicam submicronized capsule, suspension NALFON (fenoprofen) capsule, tablet NAPRELAN (naproxen CR) tablet Naproxen sodium CR, ER, IR tablet Naproxen/esomeprazole DR tablet Oxaprozin tablet Piroxicam capsule RELAFEN DS (nabumetone) tablet | History of allergic-type reactions to sulfonamides Severe heart failure History of myocardial infarction History of gastrointestinal bleeding Advanced renal disease Pregnancy past 30 weeks gestation AND Member is unable to take an alternative NSAID in a solid oral dosage form AND Member has tried and failed[†] one preferred NSAID oral liquid AND Member is unable to use celecoxib capsules, opened and sprinkled into applesauce or other soft food Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interactions. Maximum dose: 120 mg/day All other non-preferred oral agents may be approved following trial and failure[‡] of four preferred agents. [‡]Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interactions. *Ketorolac tablets quantity limit: 5-day supply per 30 days and 20 tablets per 30 days |
|--|---|---|
| | Tolmetin tablet | |
| TI C. D. | VIMOVO (naproxen/esomeprazole) DR tablet | AND A TOPIES (AIS AIDS) N. O. I. ESS. S. A/1/2025 |
| <u> </u> | | AMMATORIES (NSAIDS) - Non-Oral - Effective 4/1/2025 |
| No PA Required Diclofenac 1.5% topical solution | PA Required Diclofenac 1.3% topical patch, 2% pump | SPRIX (ketorolac) may be approved if meeting the following criteria: Member is unable to tolerate, swallow or absorb oral NSAID formulations OR Member has trialed and failed three preferred oral or topical NSAID agents (failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects or |
| Diclofenac sodium 1% gel (OTC/Rx) | FLECTOR (diclofenac) 1.3% topical patch Ketorolac nasal spray | significant drug-drug interactions) • Quantity limit: 5-single day nasal spray bottles per 30 days |
| | LICART (diclofenac) 1.3% topical patch PENNSAID (diclofenac solution) 2% pump, 2% | All other non-preferred topical agents may be approved for members who have trialed and failed one preferred agent. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 14-day trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. |
| | solution packet | Diclofenac topical patch quantity limit: 2 patches per day |

| Diclofenac 3% gel (generic Solaraze) prior authorization criteria can be found in the |
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| Antineoplastic agents, topical, section of the PDL. |

Opioid Utilization Policy (long-acting and short-acting opioids):

It is highly encouraged that the healthcare team utilize the Prescription Drug Monitoring Program (PDMP) to aid in ensuring safe and efficacious therapy for members using controlled substances.

Total Morphine Milligram Equivalent Policy Effective 10/1/17:

- The maximum allowable morphine milligram equivalent (MME) is 200 MME. Prescriptions for short-acting (SA) and long-acting (LA) opioids are cumulatively included in this calculation. The prescription that exceeds the cumulative MME limit of 200 MME for a member will require prior authorization and may require a provider-to-provider telephone consultation with the pain management physician (free of charge and provided by Health First Colorado).
- Prior authorization will be granted to allow for tapering
- Prior authorization for 1 year will be granted for diagnosis of sickle cell anemia
- Prior authorization for 1 year will be granted for admission to or diagnosis of hospice or end of life care
- Prior authorization for 1 year will be granted for pain associated with cancer

MME calculation is conducted using conversion factors from the following link: https://pharmacypmp.az.gov/resources/mme-calculator

Only one long-acting opioid agent (including different strengths) and one short-acting opioid agent (including different strengths) will be considered for a prior authorization.

Medicaid provides guidance on the treatment of pain, including tapering, on our webpage under the heading Pain Management Resources and Opioid Use at: https://www.colorado.gov/pacific/hcpf/pain-management-resources-and-opioid-use

Opioid Naïve Policy Effective 8/1/17 (*Update effective 04/01/23 in Italics*):

Members who have not filled a prescription for an opioid within the past 180 days will be identified as "opioid treatment naïve" and have the following limitations placed on the initial prescription(s):

- The prescription is limited to short-acting opioid agents or Butrans (buprenorphine). Use of other long-acting opioid agents will require prior authorization approval for members identified as opioid treatment naïve.
- The days' supply of the first, second, and third prescription for an opioid will be limited to 7 days, the quantity will be limited to 8 dosage forms per day (tablets, capsules), maximum #56 tablets/capsules for a 7-day supply
- The fourth prescription for an opioid will require prior authorization, filling further opioid prescriptions may require a clinical pharmacist review or provider to provider telephone consultation with a pain management physician (free of charge and provided by Health First Colorado).
- If a member has had an opioid prescription filled within the past 180 days, then this policy would not apply to that member and other opioid policies would apply as applicable.

Dental Prescriptions Opioid Policy Effective 11/15/18 (implemented in the claims system 01/07/19):

Members who receive an opioid prescribed by a dental provider will be subject to day supply limits and quantity per day limits for short acting opioids.

- The prescription is limited to short-acting opioid agents only. Use of long-acting opioid agents and short acting fentanyl agents will require prior authorization approval for members' prescriptions written by a dental provider.
- The days' supply of the first, second, and third prescription for an opioid will be limited to 4 days, the quantity will be limited to 6 dosage forms per day (tablets, capsules), maximum #24 tablets/capsules for a 4-day supply
- The fourth prescription for an opioid will require prior authorization. A prior authorization for the fourth fill may be approved for up to a 7-day supply and the quantity will be limited to 8 dosage forms per day (#56 tablets/capsules) for members with any of the following diagnoses/undergoing any of the following procedures:
 - o Traumatic oro-facial tissue injury with major mandibular/maxillary surgical procedures
 - o Severe cellulitis of facial planes
 - o Severely impacted teeth with facial space infection necessitating surgical management

• Other potential exemptions that exceed the first 3 fill limits (day supply and quantity) may be evaluated with a provider-to-provider telephone consult with a pain management specialist (free of charge and provided by Health First Colorado)

If a member has had an opioid prescription prescribed by a non-dental provider, then this policy would not apply to that member and other opioid policies would apply as applicable. Dental prescriptions do not impact the opioid treatment naïve policy, but the prescriptions will be counted towards the Morphine Milligram Equivalent (MME) daily dose.

Opioid and Benzodiazepine Combination Effective 9/15/19:

Prior authorization will be required for members receiving long-term therapy with an opioid medication who are newly started on a benzodiazepine medication <u>OR</u> for members receiving long-term therapy with a benzodiazepine medication who are newly started on an opioid medication. Prior authorization may be approved if meeting the following:

- The member discontinued or is no longer taking either the opioid or benzodiazepine medication and will not be using these in combination **OR**
- The member will not be taking the prescribed opioid and benzodiazepine medications at the same time based on prescribed dosing interval (such as prn administration) for the regimen <u>AND</u> the prescriber attests that the member has received appropriate counseling* regarding the risks associated with combining opioid and benzodiazepine medications including increased risk for sedation, respiratory depression, overdose, and overdose-related death and counseling regarding the FDA Boxed Warning for combining these medications **OR**
- The prescriber has evaluated the regimen and attests that it is appropriate for the member to continue use of the concomitant opioid and benzodiazepine medication regimen as prescribed AND the prescriber attests that the member has received appropriate counseling* regarding the risks associated with combining opioid and benzodiazepine medications including increased risk for sedation, respiratory depression, overdose, and overdose-related death and counseling regarding the FDA Boxed Warning for combining these medications **OR**
- Prior authorization may be approved for members receiving palliative or hospice care OR
- For benzodiazepine prior authorizations, approval may be granted if the benzodiazepine is being prescribed for seizure disorder or convulsions.

*If counseling has not been provided, the prescriber attests that a reasonable effort will be made to contact the member or the member's pharmacy to ensure that counseling is provided.

Opioid and Quetiapine Combination Effective 9/15/19:

Pharmacy claims for members receiving opioid and quetiapine medications in combination will require entry of point-of-sale DUR service codes (Reason for Service, Professional Service, Result of Service) for override of drug-drug interaction (DD) related to risk of increased sedation from concomitant use of this drug combination.

Opioid and Buprenorphine-Containing substance use disorder (SUD) Product Combination Effective 06/01/21:

Opioid claims submitted for members currently receiving buprenorphine-containing SUD medications will require entry of point-of-sale DUR service codes (Reason for Service, Professional Service, Result of Service) for override of drug-drug interaction (DD) with use of this drug combination.

| | Therapeutic Drug Class: OPIOID : | S, Short Acting - Effective 4/1/2025 |
|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Preferred | Non-Preferred | *Preferred codeine and tramadol products do not require prior authorization for adult |
| No PA Required* | PA Required | members (18 years of age or greater) if meeting all other opioid policy criteria. |
| (If criteria and quantity limit | | |
| are met) | | Preferred codeine or tramadol products prescribed for members < 18 years of age must |
| | | meet the following criteria: |
| *Acetaminophen/codeine tablets | Acetaminophen / codeine elixir | Preferred tramadol and tramadol-containing products may be approved for |
| | | members < 18 years of age if meeting the following: |
| Hydrocodone/acetaminophen | ASCOMP WITH CODEINE | Member is 12 years to 17 years of age AND |
| solution, tablet | (codeine/butalbital/aspirin/caffeine) | Tramadol is NOT being prescribed for post-surgical pain following tonsil or |
| | | adenoid procedure AND |
| Hydromorphone tablet | *Butalbital/caffeine/acetaminophen/codeine | Member's BMI-for-age is not > 95th percentile per CDC guidelines AND |
| | capsule | Member does not have obstructive sleep apnea or severe lung disease OR |

- o For members < 12 years of age with complex conditions or life-limiting illness who are receiving care under a pediatric specialist, tramadol and tramadol-containing products may be approved on a case-by-case basis
- **Preferred Codeine and codeine-containing products** will receive prior authorization approval for members meeting the following criteria may be approved for members < 18 years of age if meeting the following:
 - o Member is 12 years to 17 years of age AND
 - Codeine is NOT being prescribed for post-surgical pain following tonsil or adenoid procedure AND
 - o Member's BMI-for-age is not > 95th percentile per CDC guidelines AND
 - o Member does not have obstructive sleep apnea or severe lung disease AND
 - Member is not pregnant, or breastfeeding AND
 - o Renal function is not impaired (GFR > 50 ml/min) AND
 - Member is not receiving strong inhibitors of CYP3A4 (such as erythromycin, clarithromycin, itraconazole, ketoconazole, posaconazole, fluconazole [≥200mg daily], voriconazole, delavirdine, and milk thistle) AND
 - o Member meets one of the following:
 - Member has trialed codeine or codeine-containing products in the past with no history of allergy or adverse drug reaction to codeine
 - Member has not trialed codeine or codeine-containing products in the past and the prescriber acknowledges reading the following statement: "Approximately 1-2% of the population metabolizes codeine in a manner that exposes them to a much higher potential for toxicity. Another notable proportion of the population may not clinically respond to codeine. We ask that you please have close follow-up with members newly starting codeine and codeine-containing products to monitor for safety and efficacy."

Non-preferred tramadol products may be approved following trial and failure of generic tramadol 50mg tablet AND generic tramadol/acetaminophen tablet.

All other non-preferred short-acting opioid products may be approved following trial and failure of three preferred products. Failure is defined as allergy‡, lack of efficacy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction.

‡Allergy: hives, maculopapular rash, erythema multiforme, pustular rash, severe hypotension, bronchospasm, and angioedema

Quantity Limits: Short-acting opioids will be limited to a total of 120 tablets per 30 days (4/day) per member for members who are not included in the opioid treatment naive policy.

- Exceptions will be made for members with a diagnosis of a terminal illness (hospice or palliative care) or sickle cell anemia.
- For members who are receiving more than 120 tablets currently and who do not have a qualifying exemption diagnosis, a 6-month prior authorization can be granted via the prior authorization process for providers to taper members.

| | SEGLENTIS (tramadol/celecoxib) tablet Tramadol 100mg tablet Tramadol solution | Please note that if more than one agent is used, the combined total utilization may not exceed 120 units in 30 days. There may be allowed certain exceptions to this limit for acute situations (for example: post-operative surgery, fractures, shingles, car accident). Maximum Doses: Tramadol: 400mg/day Codeine: 360mg/day Butorphanol intranasal: 10ml per 30 days (four 2.5ml 10mg/ml package units per 30 days) |
|--|--|--|
| Therapeutic | | S (buccal, transmucosal, sublingual) - Effective 4/1/2025 |
| | PA Required ACTIQ (fentanyl citrate) lozenge Fentanyl citrate lozenge, buccal tablet FENTORA (fentanyl citrate) buccal tablet | Fentanyl buccal, intranasal, transmucosal, and sublingual products: Prior authorization approval may be granted for members experiencing breakthrough cancer pain and those that have already received and are tolerant to opioid drugs for the cancer pain AND are currently being treated with a long-acting opioid drug. The prior authorization may be granted for up to 4 doses per day. For patients in hospice or palliative care, prior authorization will be automatically granted regardless of the number of doses prescribed. |
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: OPIOIDS | S, Long Acting - Effective 4/1/2025 |
| Preferred No PA Required (unless indicated by * criteria) BELBUCA (buprenorphine) buccal film | Non-Preferred PA Required **OXYCONTIN (oxycodone ER) tablet Buprenorphine transdermal patch | *Belbuca (buprenorphine) buccal film may be approved for members who have trialed and failed‡ treatment with Butrans (buprenorphine) patch at a dose of 20 mcg/hr OR with prescriber confirmation that the maximum dose of Butrans 20 mcg/hr will not provide adequate analgesia. Quantity limit: 60 films/30 days. |
| BUTRANS ^{BNR} (buprenorphine) transdermal patch *Fentanyl 12mcg, 25mcg, 50mcg, 75mcg, 100mcg transdermal | CONZIP (tramadol ER) capsule Fentanyl 37mcg, 62mcg, 87mcg transdermal patch Hydrocodone ER capsule, tablet | Oxycontin (oxycodone ER) may be approved for members who have trialed and failed‡ treatment with TWO preferred agents. All other non-preferred products may be approved for members who have trialed and failed‡ three preferred products. |
| patch Morphine ER (generic MS Contin) tablet | Hydromorphone ER tablet HYSINGLA (hydrocodone ER) tablet | ‡Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 14-day trial, allergy (hives, maculopapular rash, erythema multiforme, pustular rash, intolerable application site skin reactions, severe hypotension, bronchospasm, and angioedema), intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. |
| Tramadol ER (generic Ultram ER) tablet | Methadone (all forms) Morphine ER capsule MS CONTIN (morphine ER) tablet | <u>Methadone:</u> Members may receive 30-day approval when prescribed for neonatal abstinence syndrome without requiring trial and failure of preferred agents or opioid prescriber consultation. |

| | Tramadol ER capsule | If a prescriber would like to discuss strategies for tapering off methadone or transitioning to other pain management therapies for a Health First Colorado member, consultation with the Health First Colorado pain management physician is available free of charge by contacting the pharmacy call center helpdesk and requesting an opioid prescriber consult. |
|---|---|--|
| | | Reauthorization: Reauthorization for a non-preferred agent may be approved if the following criteria are met: • Provider attests to continued benefit outweighing risk of opioid medication use AND • Member met original prior authorization criteria for this drug class at time of original authorization Quantity/Dosing Limits: |
| | | Oxycontin and Hydrocodone ER (generic Zohydro ER) will only be approved for twice daily dosing. Hysingla will only be approved for once daily dosing. Fentanyl patches will require a PA for doses of more than 15 patches/30 days (if using one strength) or 30 patches for 30 days (if using two strengths). For fentanyl patch strengths of 37mcg/hr, 62mcg/hr, and 87mcg/hr, member must trial and fail two preferred strengths of separate patches that will provide the desired dose (such as 12mcg/hr + 50mcg/hr = 62mcg/hr). |
| | | Infectives |
| D 6 1 | | TICS, INHALED -Effective 1/1/2025 |
| Preferred No PA Required | Non-Preferred PA Required | *CAYSTON (aztreonam) inhalation solution may be approved if the following criteria |
| (*Must meet eligibility criteria) | 2.2.2.54 | are met: |
| Tahaanania lahalatian aslatian | ARIKAYCE (amikacin liposomal) inhalation vial | Member has a history of trial and failure of preferred tobramycin solution for |
| Tobramycin inhalation solution (generic TOBI) | BETHKIS (tobramycin) inhalation ampule | inhalation (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with a 4-week trial, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interactions) OR provider attests that |
| *CAYSTON (aztreonam) inhalation solution | KITABIS (tobramycin) nebulizer pak | member cannot use preferred tobramycin solution for inhalation due to documented allergy or contraindication to therapy AND |
| minaration solution | TOBI (tobramycin) inhalation solution | The member has known colonization of <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> in the lungs AND |
| | | |

Oxycodone ER tablet

Oxymorphone ER tablet

Methadone Continuation:

Members who have been receiving methadone for pain indications do not have to meet non-preferred criteria. All new starts for methadone will require prior authorization under the non-preferred criteria listed above.

TOBI PODHALER (tobramycin) inhalation capsule

Tobramycin inhalation ampule (generic Bethkis)

Tobramycin nebulizer pak (generic Kitabis)

• The member has been prescribed an inhaled beta agonist to use prior to nebulization of Cayston (aztreonam).

ARIKAYCE (amikacin) may be approved if the following criteria are met:

- Member has refractory mycobacterium avium complex (MAC) lung disease with limited or no alternative treatment options available **AND**
- Member has trialed and failed 6 months of therapy with a 3-drug regimen that includes a macrolide (failure is defined as lack of efficacy, contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interactions).

All other non-preferred inhaled antibiotic agents may be approved if the following criteria are met:

- The member has a diagnosis of cystic fibrosis with known colonization of *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* in the lungs **AND**
- Member has history of trial and failure of preferred tobramycin solution for inhalation (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with a 4-week trial, contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drugdrug interactions).

| Drug Name | Minimum Age | Maximum Dose | Quantity Limit (Based on day supply limitation for pack size dispensed) |
|----------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|---|
| ARIKAYCE (amikacin) | ≥ 18 years | 590 mg once daily | Not applicable |
| BETHKIS (tobramycin) | Age ≥ 6 years | 300 mg twice daily | 28-day supply per 56-day period |
| CAYSTON (aztreonam) | ≥7 years | 75 mg three times daily | 28-day supply per 56-day period |
| KITABIS PAK (tobramycin) | Age ≥ 6 years | 300 mg twice daily | 28-day supply per 56-day period |
| TOBI [†] (tobramycin) | Age ≥ 6 years | 300 mg twice daily | 28-day supply per 56-day period |
| TOBI PODHALER (tobramycin) | Age ≥ 6 years | 112 mg twice daily | 28-day supply per 56-day period |

| | | | | y inhaled antibiotic agent in this class n | nay receive |
|---|---|----------------------|-----------------------|--|-----------------|
| | | approval to conti | inue that agent. | | |
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: ANTI-HERPE | ETIC AGENTS | - Oral - Effectiv | ve 1/1/2025 | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | Non-preferred pr | oducts may be app | roved for members who have failed an | |
| Acyclovir tablet, capsule | Acyclovir suspension (all other members) | | | fferent active ingredients. Failure is def ntolerable side effects, or significant dr | |
| *Acyclovir suspension (members under 18 years or cannot | SITAVIG (acyclovir) buccal tablet | | ir) buccal tablet ma | y be approved for diagnosis of recurre | nt herpes |
| swallow a solid dosage form) | VALTREX (valacyclovir) tablet | labialis (cold sor | es) if member meet | is non-preferred criteria listed above Al Failure is defined as lack of efficacy v | ND has failed |
| Famciclovir tablet | | trial, allergy, into | olerable side effects | s, or significant drug-drug interaction. | - |
| Valacyclovir tablet | | | | uire prior authorization for members < vers ≥ 18 years of age who cannot swall | |
| | | | Maximun | n Dose Table | |
| | | | Adult | Pediatric | |
| | | Acyclovir | 4,000 mg/day | 3,200 mg/day | |
| | | Famciclovir | 2,000 mg/day | | |
| | | Valacyclovir | 4,000 mg/day | Age 2-11 years: 3,000 mg/day Age ≥ 12 years: 4,000 mg/day | |
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: ANTI-HERPE | TIC AGENTS- | Topical - Effect | tive 1/1/2025 | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | N D 6 N | 7 | | |
| Acyclovir cream (Teva only) | Acyclovir cream (all other manufacturers) | for members who | o have failed an ade | ovir ointment/cream formulations magequate trial with the preferred topical diagnosis, dose and duration) as deeme | |
| Acyclovir ointment | Penciclovir cream | | ailure is defined as: | lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable si | |
| DENAVIR ^{BNR} (penciclovir) cream | XERESE (acyclovir/ hydrocortisone) cream | | | prior authorization may be approved for | r members that |
| | ZOVIRAX (acyclovir) cream, ointment | meet the following | | | |
| | | | d diagnosis of recui | rrent herpes labialis AND | |
| | | | | f at least 10 days with acyclovir (Failur | e is defined as |
| | | | drug-drug interaction | on, lack of efficacy, contraindication to | |
| | | Member has | s failed treatment of | f at least one day with famciclovir 1500 | |
| | | | | ly (Failure is defined as significant drug entraindication to or intolerable side effort | |
| | Therenoutie Drug Class. ELLOPOOL | INOLONES | Oral Effective | 1/1/2025 | |
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: FLUOROQU | THOLUNES - | Orai - Effective | 2 1/1/2023 | |

| Preferre | ed |
|--|----------------|
| No PA Requ | |
| (*if meeting eligibi | lity criteria) |
| *CIPRO (ciprofloxac suspension ^{BNR} | ein) oral |
| Ciprofloxacin tablet | |
| Levofloxacin tablet | |
| Moxifloxacin tablet | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| Preferre | |
| No PA Required | |
| V2 0WV222 | lity criteria) |
| ("must meet engibl | |
| EPCLUSA | |
| EPCLUSA (sofosbuvir/velpa | , |
| EPCLUSA | 50 mg-37.5 |

HARVONI

pack

MAVYRET

*VOSEVI tablet

previr)

(ledipasvir/sofosbuvir)

45mg-200mg tablet, pellet

Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir 90 mg-400 mg tablet (Asegua only)

(glecaprevir/pibrentasvir)

Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir 400mg-

(sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/voxila

100mg (Asegua only)

tablet, pellet pack

Non-Preferred **PA Required**

BAXDELA (delafloxacin) tablet

CIPRO (ciprofloxacin) tablet

Ciprofloxacin oral suspension

Levofloxacin oral solution

Ofloxacin tablet

*CIPRO suspension does not require prior authorization for members < 18 years of age and may be approved for members ≥ 18 years of age

Non-preferred products may be approved for members who have failed an adequate trial (7 days) with at least one preferred product. (Failure is defined as: lack of efficacy, contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction).

Levofloxacin solution may be approved for members with prescriber attestation that member:

- is unable to take Cipro (ciprofloxacin) crushed tablet or suspension **OR**
- is < 5 years of age and being treated for pneumonia **OR**
- has failed† an adequate trial (7 days) of ciprofloxacin suspension

†Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, significant drug-drug interaction, or contraindication to therapy.

Therapeutic Drug Class: **HEPATITIS C VIRUS TREATMENTS** - Effective 1/1/2025

Direct Acting Antivirals (DAAs)

Non-Preferred **PA Required**

EPCLUSA 400 mg-100 mg (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) tablet

HARVONI 90 mg-400 mg (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) tablet

SOVALDI (sofosbuvir) tablet, pellet packet

ZEPATIER (elbasvir/grazoprevir) tablet

Pharmacy claims for **preferred products** prescribed for initial treatment will be eligible for up to a 90-day supply fill allowing for the appropriate days' duration for completing the initial treatment regimen (with no PA required). Subsequent fills will require prior authorization meeting re-treatment criteria below.

*Second line preferred agents (Vosevi) may be approved for members 18 years of age or older with chronic HCV infection who are non-cirrhotic or have compensated cirrhosis (Child-Pugh A) AND meet the following criteria:

- GT 1-6 and has previously failed treatment with a regimen containing an NS5A inhibitor (such as ledipasvir, daclatasvir, or ombitasvir) **OR**
- GT 1a or 3 and has previously failed treatment with a regimen containing sofosbuvir without an NS5A inhibitor

AND

Request meets the applicable criteria below for re-treatment.

Re-treatment:

All requests for HCV re-treatment for members who have failed therapy with a DAA will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis. Additional information may be requested for re-treatment requests including:

- Assessment of member readiness for re-treatment
- Previous regimen medications and dates treated
- Genotype of previous HCV infection
- Any information regarding adherence to previously trialed regimen(s) and current chronic medications
- Adverse effects experienced from previous treatment regimen
- Concomitant therapies during previous treatment regimen

| | Vosevi regimens will require verification that member has been tested for evidence of active hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection and for evidence of prior HBV infection prior to initiating treatment. |
|--|---|
| | Non-preferred agents may be approved if documentation is provided indicating an acceptable rationale for not prescribing a preferred treatment regimen (acceptable rationale may include patient-specific medical contraindications to a preferred treatment or cases where a member has initiated treatment on a non-preferred drug and needs to complete therapy). |
| | Members currently receiving treatment with a non-preferred agent will receive approval to finish their treatment regimen, provided required documentation is sent via normal prior authorization request process. |
| | Ribavirin Products |
| No PA Required | Preferred products are eligible for up to a 90-day supply fill. |
| Ribavirin capsule | Non-preferred ribavirin products require prior authorizations which will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis. |
| Ribavirin tablet | a case-by-case basis. |
| Therapeutic Drug Class: | HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS (HIV) TREATMENTS, ORAL - Effective 1/1/2025 |
| | exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) or post-exposure prophylaxis (PEP) are eligible for coverage with a written prescription by an enrolled lditional information regarding pharmacist enrollment can be found at https://hcpf.colorado.gov/pharm-serv . |
| | |
| | Non-Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors (NNRTIs) |
| No PA Required | Non-Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors (NNRTIs) All products are preferred and do not require prior authorization. |
| No PA Required EDURANT (rilpivirine) tablet | |
| - | |
| EDURANT (rilpivirine) tablet | |
| EDURANT (rilpivirine) tablet Efavirenz capsule, tablet | |
| EDURANT (rilpivirine) tablet Efavirenz capsule, tablet Etravirine tablet | |
| EDURANT (rilpivirine) tablet Efavirenz capsule, tablet Etravirine tablet INTELENCE (etravirine) tablet | |
| EDURANT (rilpivirine) tablet Efavirenz capsule, tablet Etravirine tablet INTELENCE (etravirine) tablet Nevirapine suspension, IR tablet, ER tablet | |

| D:1 : DD 1 | | |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| Didanosine DR capsule | | |
| Emtricitabine capsule | | |
| EMTRIVA (emtricitabine) capsule, solution | | |
| EPIVIR (lamivudine) solution, tablet | | |
| Lamivudine solution, tablet | | |
| RETROVIR (zidovudine) capsule, syrup | | |
| Stavudine capsule | | |
| Tenofovir disoproxil fumarate (TDF) tablet | | |
| VIREAD (TDF) oral powder, tablet | | |
| ZIAGEN (abacavir) solution, tablet | | |
| Zidovudine capsule, syrup, tablet | | |
| | Protease Inhibitors (| PIs) |
| No PA Required | | All products are preferred and do not require prior authorization. |
| APTIVUS (tipranavir) capsule | | |
| Atazanavir capsule | | |
| Darunavir tablet | | |
| Fosamprenavir tablet | | |
| LEXIVA (fosamprenavir) suspension, tablet | | |
| NORVIR (ritonavir) powder packet, tablet | | |
| PREZISTA (darunavir) suspension, tablet | | |
| REYATAZ (atazanavir) capsule, powder pack | | |
| Ritonavir tablet | | |
| VIRACEPT (nelfinavir) tablet | | |
| | Other Agents | |

| No PA Required | | All products are preferred and do not require prior authorization. |
|---|------------------|--|
| ISENTRESS (raltegravir) chewable, powder pack, tablet | | 7 in products are presented and do not require prior addition. |
| ISENTRESS HD (raltegravir) tablet | | |
| Maraviroc tablet | | |
| RUKOBIA (fostemsavir tromethamine ER) tablet | | |
| SELZENTRY (maraviroc) solution, tablet | | |
| SUNLENCA (lenacapavir) tablet | | |
| TIVICAY (dolutegravir) tablet | | |
| TIVICAY PD (dolutegravir) tablet for suspension | | |
| TYBOST (cobicistat) tablet | | |
| VOCABRIA (cabotegravir) tablet | | |
| | Combination Agen | nts |
| No PA Required | | All products are preferred and do not require prior authorization. |
| Abacavir/Lamivudine tablet | | |
| ATRIPLA (efavirenz/Emtricitabine/TDF) tablet | | |
| BIKTARVY (bictegravir/emtricitabine/TAF) tablet | | |
| CIMDUO (lamivudine/TDF) tablet | | |
| COMBIVIR (lamivudine/zidovudine) tablet | | |
| COMPLERA (emtricitabine/rilpivirine/TDF) tablet | | |
| DELSTRIGO (doravirine/lamivudine/TDF) tablet | | |
| DESCOVY (emtricitabine/TAF) tablet | | |

| DOVATO (dolutegravir/lamivudine) tablet | |
|---|--|
| Efavirenz/Emtricitabine/TDF tablet | |
| Efavirenz/Lamivudine/TDF tablet | |
| Emtricitabine/TDF tablet | |
| EPZICOM (abacavir/lamivudine) tablet | |
| EVOTAZ (atazanavir/cobicistat) tablet | |
| GENVOYA (elvitegravir/cobicistat/ emtricitabine/TAF) tablet | |
| JULUCA (dolutegravir/rilpivirine) tablet | |
| KALETRA (lopinavir/ritonavir) solution, tablet | |
| Lamivudine/Zidovudine tablet | |
| Lopinavir/Ritonavir solution, tablet | |
| ODEFSEY (emtricitabine/rilpivirine/TAF) tablet | |
| PREZCOBIX (darunavir/cobicistat) tablet | |
| STRIBILD (elvitegravir/cobicistat/ emtricitabine/TDF) tablet | |
| SYMFI/SYMFI LO (efavirenz/lamivudine/TDF) tablet | |
| SYMTUZA (darunavir/cobicistat/ emtricitabine/TAF) tablet | |
| TRIUMEQ (abacavir/dolutegravir/ lamivudine) tablet | |
| TRIUMEQ PD (abacavir/dolutegravir) tablet for suspension | |
| TRIZIVIR (abacavir/lamivudine/zidovudine) tablet | |

| *TDIWADA (00-4-:-:4-1-:/TDI) | toblat | | | | |
|--|---|--|---|---|--|
| *TRUVADA (emtricitabine/TDF) t | | Therapeutic Drug Class: TETR | ACYCLI | NES - Effective 7/1/2024 | |
| No PA Required | , | PA Required | | TED Effective 7/1/2021 | |
| Doxycycline hyclate capsules Doxycycline hyclate tablets | Demeclocycline DORYX (doxy | • | trialed/fa | norization for non-preferred tetracycline agents may be approved if member has alled a preferred doxycycline product AND preferred minocycline. Failure is a lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug n. | |
| Doxycycline monohydrate 50mg, 100mg capsule Doxycycline monohydrate tablets Minocycline capsules | Doxycycline m Doxycycline m Minocycline IR MINOLIRA (m MORGIDOX (c NUZYRA (oma SOLODYN ER Tetracycline ca | ninocycline ER) tablet (doxycycline/skin cleanser) kit nadacycline) tablet R (minocycline ER) tablet | is unable Nuzyra (following following following | norization for liquid oral tetracycline formulations may be approved if member to take a solid oral dosage form. omadacycline) prior authorization may be approved if member meets all of the geriteria: the above "non-preferred" prior authorization criteria and the geriteria: the above "non-preferred" prior authorization criteria and the geriteria: the above "non-preferred" prior authorization criteria and the geriteria: the above "non-preferred" prior authorization criteria and the geriteria: the above "non-preferred" prior authorization criteria and the geriteria: the above "non-preferred" prior authorization criteria and the geriteria: the above "non-preferred" prior authorization criteria and failure product and preferred and sensitivity and skin structure Infection (ABSSSI) or clinical rationale and supporting literature describing/supporting intended use AND one of the following: of If member diagnosis is ABSSSI, member must have trial and failure of sulfamethoxazole/trimethoprim product in addition to preferred tetracyclines OR If member diagnosis is CABP, member must have trial and failure of either a beta-lactam antibiotic (amoxicillin/clavulanic acid) or a macrolide (azithromycin) AND Maximum duration of use is 14 days st defined as lack of efficacy with 7-day trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or at drug-drug interaction. | |
| | | III. Card | iovascı | ılar | |
| | Th | herapeutic Drug Class: ALPHA | -BLOCK | IERS - Effective 7/1/2024 | |
| No PA Required Prazosin capsule | MINIPRESS (p | PA Required prazosin) capsule | | erred products may be approved following trial and failure of one preferred failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy or intolerable side | |
| | Т | Therapeutic Drug Class: BETA | BLOCK | ERS - Effective 7/1/2024 | |
| | Beta-Blockers, Single Agent | | | | |

| No PA Required (*Must meet eligibility criteria) | PA Required |
|--|--|
| (With theet enginetry criteria) | Betaxolol tablet |
| Acebutolol capsule | BYSTOLIC (nebivolol) tablet |
| Atenolol tablet | CORGARD (nadolol) tablet |
| Bisoprolol tablet | COREG (carvedilol) tablet |
| Carvedilol IR tablet | COREG CR (carvedilol ER) capsule |
| *HEMANGEOL (propranolol) solution | Carvedilol ER capsule |
| Labetalol tablet | INDERAL LA/XL (propranolol ER) capsule |
| Metoprolol tartrate tablet | INNOPRAN XL (propranolol ER) capsule |
| Metoprolol succinate ER tablet | KASPARGO (metoprolol succinate) sprinkle capsule |
| Nadolol tablet | LOPRESSOR (metoprolol tartrate) tablet |
| Nebivolol tablet | Pindolol tablet |
| Propranolol IR tablet, solution | TENORMIN (atenolol) tablet |
| Propranolol ER capsule | Timolol tablet |
| | TOPROL XL (metoprolol succinate) tablet |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

*HEMANGEOL (propranolol) oral solution may be approved for members between 5 weeks and 1 year of age with proliferating infantile hemangioma requiring systemic therapy.

Maximum dose: 1.7 mg/kg twice daily

Non-preferred products may be approved following trial and failure with two preferred products (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions).

INNOPRAN XL (propranolol ER) capsule brand product formulation may be approved if meeting the following:

- Request meets non-preferred criteria listed above AND
- Member has trialed and failed therapy with a generic propranolol ER capsule formulation OR prescriber provides clinical rationale supporting why generic propranolol ER capsule product formulations cannot be trialed. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions.

KAPSPARGO SPRINKLE (metoprolol succinate) extended-release capsule may be approved for members ≥ 6 years of age that have difficulty swallowing or require medication administration via a feeding tube.

Maximum dose: 200mg/day (adult); 50mg/day (pediatric)

Members currently stabilized on timolol oral tablet non-preferred products may receive approval to continue on that product.

Members currently stabilized on the non-preferred Bystolic (nebivolol) tablets may receive approval to continue on that product.

Members currently stabilized on the non-preferred carvedilol ER capsules may receive approval to continue on that product.

| Table 1: Receptor Blockers | Selectiv | ity and | Other Propertie | es of Preferred Beta |
|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------------------------|--|
| | β_1 | β_2 | Alpha-1 receptor antagonist | Intrinsic sympathomimetic activity (ISA) |
| Acebutolol | X | | | X |
| Atenolol | X | | | |
| Betaxolol | X | | | |
| Bisoprolol | X | | | |
| Carvedilol | X | X | X | |
| Labetalol | X | X | X | |

| | | | | 1 1 | | 1 |
|--------------------------------|--|--|---|----------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| | | Metoprolol succinate | X | | | |
| | | Metoprolol | X | | | |
| | | tartrate | Λ | | | |
| | | Nadolol | X | X | | |
| | | Nebivolol | X | Λ | | |
| | | | | v | | V |
| | | Pindolol | X | X | | X |
| | | Propranolol | X | X | | |
| | Beta-Blockers, A | Anti-Arrhythmics | | | | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | J | | | | |
| Sotalol tablet | BETAPACE/AF (sotalol) tablet SOTYLIZE (sotalol) solution | age. For members ≥ 5 ye for members who are un | ears of age nable to tal y with one | e, SOTY ke a soli | YLIZE (sotalol) oid oral dosage fo | nembers 3 days to < 5 years of oral solution may be approved a proved that have a light or a solution may be approved that have a light or a solution or a light of the solution of the soluti |
| | Beta-Blockers | , Combinations | | | | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | | | | | |
| Atenolol/Chlorthalidone tablet | TENORETIC (atenolol/chlorthalidone) tablet | products (failure is defin | ned as lack | of effic | cacy with 4-weel | nd failure with two preferred k trial, allergy, intolerable sid |
| Bisoprolol/HCTZ tablet | ZIAC (bisoprolol/HCTZ) tablet | effects or significant dru | ig-arug ini | teractioi | ns). | |
| Metoprolol/HCTZ tablet | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: CALCIUM CH | ANNEL-BLOCKER | S - Effec | ctive 7/ | /1/2024 | |
| | Dihydropyr | dines (DHPs) | | | | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | | | _ | 6.11 | 16.11 |
| Amlodipine tablet | ADALAT CC (nifedipine ER) tablet | Non-preferred products agents. Failure is define intolerable side effects, | ed as lack | of effica | acy, contraindica | |
| Felodipine ER tablet | NODI IOVA (amiladinina) amananian | intolerable side effects, | or signific | ant urug | 5 drug micraetto | 1113. |
| relogipille EK tablet | NORLIQVA (amlodipine) suspension | Nimodinino oral consu | la oral cor | scula ma | ay he approved f | or adult mambare (> 18 magra |
| Nifedipine ER tablet | KATERZIA (amlodipine) suspension | Nimodipine oral capsu of age) with subarachno | | | ay be approved f | or adult members (≥ 18 years |
| | | of age) with subarachno NYMALIZE (nimodip | id hemorr ine) oral s id hemorr | hage syringe 1 | may be approved | or adult members (≥ 18 years I for adult members (≥ 18 years) eding tube or have difficulty |

| | Nicardipine capsule Nimodipine capsule Nisoldipine ER tablet NORVASC (amlodipine) tablet NYMALIZE (nimodipine) solution, oral syringe PROCARDIA XL (nifedipine ER) tablet SULAR (nisoldipine ER) tablet | Maximum dose: 360 mg/day for 21 days (6 syringes/day or 126 syringes/21 days) KATERZIA (amlodipine) suspension may be approved if meeting the following: The member has a feeding tube or confirmed difficulty swallowing solid oral dosage forms OR cannot obtain the required dose through crushed amlodipine tablets AND For members < 6 years of age, the prescriber confirms that the member has already been receiving the medication following initiation in a hospital or other clinical setting |
|--|---|--|
| | | idines (Non-DHPs) |
| No PA Required | PA Required | |
| Diltiazem IR tablet | CALAN SR (verapamil ER) tablet | Non-preferred products may be approved following trial and failure of three preferred agents. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interactions. |
| Diltiazem CD/ER capsule | CARDIZEM (diltiazem) tablet | |
| Verapamil IR, ER tablet | CARDIZEM CD/LA (diltiazem CD/ER) capsule, tablet | |
| Verapamil ER 120 mg, 180 mg, 240 mg capsule | Diltiazem ER/LA tablet | |
| | TIAZAC ER (diltiazem ER) capsule | |
| | Verapamil ER 360 mg capsule | |
| | Verapamil PM ER 100 mg, 200 mg, 300 mg capsule | |
| | VERELAN/PM (verapamil ER) pellet capsule | |
| | | ISIN MODIFIERS - Effective 7/1/2024 |
| N. D. D. | | zyme inhibitors (ACE Inh) |
| No PA Required | PA Required | Non-preferred ACE inhibitors, ACE inhibitor combinations, ARBs, ARB combinations, |
| Benazepril tablet | ACCUPRIL (quinapril) tablet | renin inhibitors, and renin inhibitor combination products may be approved for members who have trialed and failed treatment with three preferred products (failure is defined as |
| Enalapril tablet | ALTACE (ramipril) capsule | lack of efficacy with a 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drugdrug interaction). |
| Fosinopril tablet | Captopril tablet | |
| Lisinopril tablet | Enalapril solution | *Enalapril solution may be approved without trial and failure of three preferred agents for members who are unable to take a solid oral dosage form. |

| Quinapril tablet Ramipril tablet | EPANED (enalapril) solution LOTENSIN (benazepril) tablet Moexipril tablet Perindopril tablet PRINIVIL (lisinopril) tablet QBRELIS (lisinopril) solution Trandolapril tablet VASOTEC (enalapril) tablet ZESTRIL (lisinopril) tablet | *QBRELIS (lisinopril) solution may be approved for members 6 years of age or older who are unable to take a solid oral dosage form and have trialed and failed Epaned (enalapril) solution. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with a 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| | ACE Inhibitor | r Combinations |
| No PA Required | PA Required | |
| Amlodipine/Benazepril capsule | ACCURETIC (quinapril/HCTZ) tablet | Non-preferred ACE inhibitors, ACE inhibitor combinations, ARBs, ARB combinations, renin inhibitors, and renin inhibitor combination products may be approved for members who have trialed and failed treatment with three preferred products (failure is defined as |
| Benazepril/HCTZ tablet | Captopril/HCTZ tablet | lack of efficacy with a 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drugdrug interaction). |
| Enalapril/HCTZ tablet | Fosinopril/HCTZ tablet | |
| Lisinopril/HCTZ tablet | LOTENSIN HCT (benazepril/HCTZ) tablet | |
| | LOTREL (amlodipine/benazepril) capsule | |
| | Quinapril/HCTZ tablet | |
| | VASERETIC (enalapril/HCTZ) tablet | |
| | ZESTORETIC (lisinopril/HCTZ) tablet | |
| | | ptor blockers (ARBs) |
| No PA Required | PA Required | Non professor ACE inhibitors ACE inhibitor combinations ADDs ADD combinations |
| Irbesartan tablet | ATACAND (candesartan) tablet | Non-preferred ACE inhibitors, ACE inhibitor combinations, ARBs, ARB combinations, renin inhibitors, and renin inhibitor combination products may be approved for members who have trialed and failed treatment with three preferred products (failure is defined as |
| Losartan tablet | AVAPRO (irbesartan) tablet | lack of efficacy with a 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drugdrug interaction). |
| Olmesartan tablet | BENICAR (olmesartan) tablet | drug moruodon). |

| Telmisartan tablet | Candesartan tablet | |
|--|---|--|
| Valsartan tablet | COZAAR (losartan) tablet | |
| | DIOVAN (valsartan) tablet | |
| | EDARBI (azilsartan) tablet | |
| | Eprosartan tablet | |
| | MICARDIS (telmisartan) tablet | |
| | Valsartan solution | |
| | | nbinations |
| Preferred No PA Required (Unless indicated*) *ENTRESTO (sacubitril/valsartan) tablet BNR Irbesartan/HCTZ tablet Losartan/HCTZ tablet Olmesartan/Amlodipine tablet Valsartan/Amlodipine tablet Valsartan/Amlodipine tablet Valsartan/HCTZ tablet | Non-Preferred PA Required ATACAND HCT (candesartan/HCTZ) tablet AVALIDE (irbesartan/HCTZ) tablet AZOR (olmesartan/amlodipine) tablet BENICAR HCT (olmesartan/HCTZ) tablet Candesartan/HCTZ tablet DIOVAN HCT (valsartan/HCTZ) tablet EDARBYCLOR (azilsartan/chlorthalidone) tablet ENTRESTO (sacubitril/valsartan) sprinkles EXFORGE (valsartan/amlodipine) tablet EXFORGE HCT (valsartan/amlodipine/HCTZ) tablet HYZAAR (losartan/HCTZ) tablet MICARDIS HCT (telmisartan/HCTZ) tablet Olmesartan/amlodipine/HCTZ tablet | Non-preferred ACE inhibitors, ACE inhibitor combinations, ARBs, ARB combinations, renin inhibitors, and renin inhibitor combination products may be approved for members who have trialed and failed treatment with three preferred products (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with a 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drugdrug interaction). *ENTRESTO (sacubitril/valsartan) may be approved for members if the following criteria are met: • Member is 1 to 17 years of age and has a diagnosis of symptomatic heart failure with systemic left ventricular systolic dysfunction (LVSD) and/or has chronic heart failure with a below-normal left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) OR • Member is ≥ 18 years of age and has a diagnosis of chronic heart failure. • Diagnosis will be verified through automated verification (AutoPA) of the appropriate corresponding ICD-10 diagnosis codes related to the indicated use of the medication. |
| | • | |
| | Telmisartan/amlodipine tablet | |

| | Telmisartan/HCTZ tablet TRIBENZOR (olmesartan/amlodipine tablet Valsartan/Amlodipine/HCTZ tablet | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| | | tors & Kenii | n Inhibitor Combinations |
| | PA Required Aliskiren tablet TEKTURNA (aliskiren) tablet TEKTURNA HCT (aliskiren/HCTZ) ta | ablet | Non-preferred renin inhibitors and renin inhibitor combination products may be approved for members who have failed treatment with three preferred products from the angiotensin modifier class (failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction). Renin inhibitors and combinations will not be approved in patients with diabetes. Renin inhibitors are contraindicated when used in combination with an ACE-inhibitor, ACE-inhibitor combination, ARB, or ARB-combination. |
| | | | |
| Therapeu | e | | HYPERTENSION THERAPIES - Effective 7/1/2024 |
| | | osphodieste | rase Inhibitors |
| Preferred *Must meet eligibility criteria | Non-Preferred PA Required | *Eligibility o | eriteria for preferred products: |
| *Sildenafil tablet, oral suspension | ADCIRCA (tadalafil) tablet | | lenafil and tadalafil tablet formulations may be approved for a diagnosis of pulmonary or right-sided heart failure. |
| *Tadalafil 20mg tablet | ALYQ (tadalafil) tablet LIQREV (sildenafil) suspension REVATIO (sildenafil) suspension, tablet TADLIQ suspension | Sildenafil suspension may be approved for a diagnosis of pulmonary hypertension for member years of age or members ≥ 5 years of age who are unable to take/swallow tablets. Non-preferred oral tablet products may be approved if meeting the following: Member has a diagnosis of pulmonary hypertension AND Member has trialed and failed treatment with preferred sildenafil tablet AND preferred tadalafil tablet. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy, intolerating effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. | |
| | | Non-preferred Men | o have been previously stabilized on a non-preferred product may receive approval to he medication. d oral liquid products may be approved if meeting the following: mber has a diagnosis of pulmonary hypertension AND uest meets one of the following: |

| Non-Preferred PA Required | elin Recept | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
|---|------------------------------|--|
| PA Required | | tor Antagonists |
| IRIS (ambrisentan) tablet MIT (macitentan) tablet | A p | Eligibility Criteria for all agents in the class Approval may be granted for a diagnosis of pulmonary hypertension. Member and prescriber should be enrolled in applicable REMS program for prescribed medication. Non-preferred agents may be approved for members who have trialed and failed two |
| LEER (bosentan) 32mg tablet for su LEER (bosentan) 62.5mg, 125mg ta | suspension stablet N a | oreferred agents. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or ignificant drug-drug interaction. Members who have been previously stabilized on a non-preferred product may receive approval to continue the medication. |
| | Analogues a | and Receptor Agonists |
| Non-Preferred PA Required ostenol vial DULIN (treprostinil) vial stinil vial SO (treprostinil) inhaler, inhalation AVI (selexipag) tablet, dose pack, v TRI (epoprostenol) vial | A N P C N A a solution | Eligibility Criteria for all agents in the class Approval will be granted for a diagnosis of pulmonary hypertension. Non-preferred products may be approved for members who have failed treatment with a Preferred Product. (Failure is defined as: lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, contraindication to IV therapy or significant drug-drug interaction). Members who have been previously stabilized on a non-preferred product may receive approval to continue on the medication. |
| | te Cyclase (| sGC) Stimulator |
| Guanvlat | • For member | riociguat) may be approved for members who meet the following criteria: ers of childbearing potential: ber is not pregnant and is able to receive monthly pregnancy tests while taking MPAS and one month after stopping therapy AND |
| | (epoprostenol) vial Guanyla | (epoprostenol) vial Guanylate Cyclase (Non-Preferred PA Required For member of Members (1) Members (2) Members (2) Members (3) Members (4) Members (4) |

| | Member and their partners are utilizing one of the following contraceptive methods during treatment and for one month after stopping treatment (IUD, contraceptive implants, tubal sterilization, a hormone method with a barrier method, two barrier methods, vasectomy with | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| | a hormone method, or vasectomy with a barrier method) | | | |
| | | AND Member has a CrCl ≥ 15 mL/min and is not on dialysis AND | | |
| | | r does not have severe liver impairment (Child Pugh C) AND | | |
| | • Member | r has a diagnosis of persistent/recurrent chronic thromboembolic pulmonary hypertension H) (WHO Group 4) after surgical treatment or has inoperable CTEPH OR | | |
| | | r has a diagnosis of pulmonary hypertension and has failed treatment with a preferred | | |
| | | for pulmonary hypertension. (Failure is defined as a lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable | | |
| | side effe | ects, or significant drug-drug interaction). | | |
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: LIPC | OTROPICS - Effective 7/1/2024 | | |
| | | Sequestrants | | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | Non-preferred bile acid sequestrants may be approved if the member has failed treatment with 2 preferred products in the last 12 months (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with | | |
| Colesevelam tablet | Colesevelam packet | 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions). | | |
| Colestipol tablet | COLESTID (colestipol) tablet, granules | Non-preferred lipotropic agents with a preferred product with same strength, dosage form, and active ingredient may be approved with adequate trial and/or failure of the preferred product with the same ingredient (such as preferred ezetimibe and Zetia) and additional agents. (Failure is defined as: lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy, | | |
| Cholestyramine packet, light packet, powder | Colestipol granules | | | |
| | QUESTRAN (cholestyramine/sugar) packet, powder | intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions). | | |
| | QUESTRAN LIGHT (cholestyramine/ aspartame) packet, powder | | | |
| | WELCHOL (colesevelam) packet, tablet | | | |
| | | rates | | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | Non preferred fibrates may be approved if the member has failed treatment with a said | | |
| Fenofibric acid DR (generic Trilipix) capsule | ANTARA (fenofibrate) capsule | Non-preferred fibrates may be approved if the member has failed treatment with generic gemfibrozil or generic fenofibrate and niacin ER in the last 12 months (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial of each drug, allergy, intolerable side effects or | | |
| | Fenofibric acid tablet | significant drug-drug interactions). | | |
| Fenofibrate capsule, tablet | Escafilments acrossle | Non-suffered lineture is a sustained a susface of the sustained of | | |
| (generic Lofibra/Tricor) Gemfibrozil tablet | Fenofibrate capsule (generic Antara/Fenoglide/Lipofen) | Non-preferred lipotropic agents with a preferred product with same strength, dosage form, and active ingredient may be approved with adequate trial and/or failure of the preferred product with the same ingredient (such as preferred ezetimibe and Zetia) and 2 | | |
| FENOGLIDE (fenofibrate) tablet additional agents. (Failure is defined as: lack of effic | | additional agents. (Failure is defined as: lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions). | | |
| | LIDOTEN (for a filosofa) assessed | 2 18 11 11/1 | | |

LIPOFEN (fenofibrate) capsule

| | LOPID (gemfibrozil) tablet | |
|--|--|---|
| | TRICOR (fenofibrate nano) tablet | |
| | TRICOR (Telloribrate liallo) tablet | |
| | TRILIPIX (fenofibric acid) capsule | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | Other Li | potropics |
| No PA Required | PA Required | Non-preferred lipotropic agents with a preferred product with same strength, dosage |
| (*Must meet eligibility criteria) | _ | form, and active ingredient may be approved with adequate trial and/or failure of the |
| Ezetimibe tablet | Icosapent ethyl capsule | preferred product with the same ingredient (such as preferred ezetimibe and Zetia) and 2 additional agents. (Failure is defined as: lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy, |
| Beamine moter | | intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions). |
| Niacin ER tablet | LOVAZA (omega-3 ethyl esters) capsule | *Omega 2 othyl cotors (conoris I overs) may be approved for members who have |
| *Omega-3 ethyl esters capsule (generic Lovaza) | NEXLETOL (bempedoic acid) tablet | *Omega-3 ethyl esters (generic Lovaza) may be approved for members who have a baseline triglyceride level ≥ 500 mg/dL |
| (generic Lovaza) | NEXLIZET (bempedoic acid/ezetimibe) tablet | Lovaza (brand name) may be approved if meeting the following: • Member has a baseline triglyceride level > 500 mg/dl AND |
| | ZETIA (ezetimibe) tablet | Member has failed an adequate trial of omega-3 Ethyl Esters AND an adequate trial of gemfibrozil or fenofibrate (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions) |
| | | Nexletol (bempedoic acid) or Nexlizet (bempedoic acid/ezetimibe) may be approved if meeting the following criteria: |
| | | Member is ≥ 18 years of age AND |
| | | Member is not pregnant AND |
| | | Member is not receiving concurrent simvastatin > 20 mg daily or pravastatin > 40 mg daily AND |
| | | Member has a diagnosis of either heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia or |
| | | established atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (see definition below), AND |
| | | Conditions Which Define Clinical Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease |
| | | Acute Coronary Syndrome History of Myocardial Infarction |
| | | Stable or Unstable Angina |
| | | Coronary or other Arterial Revascularization |
| | | Stroke Transient Ischemic Attack |
| | | Peripheral Arterial Disease of Atherosclerotic Origin |
| | | Member is concurrently adherent (> 80% of the past 180 days) on a maximally tolerated dose of a high intensity statin therapy (atorvastatin ≥ 40 mg daily OR |

| | | rosuvastatin ≥ 20 mg daily [as a single-entity or as a combination product]) AND ezetimibe (as a single-entity or as a combination product) concomitantly for ≥ 8 continuous weeks), AND If intolerant to a statin due to side effects, member must have a one month documented trial with at least two other maximally dosed statins in addition to ezetimibe. For members with a past or current incidence of rhabdomyolysis, a one-month trial and failure of a statin is not required, AND Member has a treated LDL > 70 mg/dL for a clinical history of ASCVD OR LDL > 100 mg/dL if familial hypercholesterolemia Initial Approval: 1 year Reauthorization: Reauthorization may be approved for 1 year with provider attestation of medication safety and efficacy during the initial treatment period |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| N DAD | | STATINS -Effective 7/1/2024 |
| No PA Required Atorvastatin tablet | PA Required ALTOPREV (lovastatin ER) tablet | Non-preferred Statins may be approved following trial and failure of treatment with two preferred products (failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions). |
| Lovastatin tablet | ATORVALIQ (atorvastatin) suspension | Age Limitations: Altoprev will not be approved for members < 18 years of age. |
| Pravastatin tablet | CRESTOR (rosuvastatin) tablet | Fluvastatin will not be approved for members < 10 years of age. Livalo will not be approved for members < 8 years of age. |
| Rosuvastatin tablet | EZALLOR (rosuvastatin) sprinkle capsule | approved for information to yours of age. |
| Simvastatin tablet | FLOLIPID (simvastatin) suspension Fluvastatin capsule, ER tablet | |
| | LESCOL XL (fluvastatin ER) tablet | |
| | LIPITOR (atorvastatin) tablet | |
| | LIVALO (pitavastatin) tablet | |
| | Pitavastatin tablet | |
| | ZOCOR (simvastatin) tablet | |
| | ZYPITAMAG (pitavastatin) tablet | |
| | Theraneutic Drug Class: STATIN | COMBINATIONS -Effective 7/1/2024 |
| No PA Required | PA Required | |
| Simvastatin/Ezetimibe tablet | Atorvastatin/Amlodipine tablet | Non-preferred Statin combinations may be approved following trial and failure of treatment with two preferred products (failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions). |

| | CADUET (atorvastatin/amlodipine) tablet | |
|---|---|--|
| | 6.12 6.2.1 (a.6.1 · a.6.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.1 | Age Limitations: Vytorin and generic ezetimibe/simvastatin will not be approved for |
| | VYTORIN (simvastatin/ezetimibe) tablet | members < 18 years of age. Caduet and generic amlodipine/atorvastatin will not be |
| | | approved for members < 10 years of age. |
| | | ment Disorders -Effective 7/1/2024 |
| No PA Required (*Must meet eligibility criteria) | PA Required | *Eligibility Criteria for all agents in the class |
| (Widst meet engionity criteria) | | Member is ≥18 years of age AND |
| *Austedo (deutetrabenazine) | Xenazine (tetrabenazine) tablet | Member has been diagnosed with tardive dyskinesia or chorea associated with Huntington's disease AND |
| tablet | | If the member has hepatic impairment, FDA labeling for use has been evaluated AND |
| *Austedo (deutetrabenazine) XR tablet, titration pack | | For chorea associated with Huntington's disease: |
| tuoiet, titution paek | | Member has been evaluated for untreated or inadequately treated depression and member has been counseled regarding the risks of |
| *Ingrezza (valbenazine) capsule, | | depression and suicidality associated with agents in this therapeutic |
| initiation pack | | class. |
| | | AND |
| * Tetrabenazine tablet | | • For tardive dyskinesia: |
| | | If applicable, the need for ongoing treatment with 1st and 2nd generation antipsychotics, metoclopramide, or prochlorperazine has been evaluated AND |
| | | A baseline Abnormal Involuntary Movement Scale (AIMS) has been performed. |
| | | performed. |
| | | Xenazine (tetrabenazine) Maximum dose 50 mg/day (PA available for extensive metabolizers of CYP2D6) |
| | | Waximum dose 30 mg/day (1 A available for extensive metabolizers of C 11 2D0) |
| | | Ingrezza (valbenazine) Quantity limits: |
| | | • 40 mg: 1.767 capsules/day |
| | | • 60 mg: 1 capsule/day |
| | | • 80 mg: 1 capsule/day |
| | | Austedo (deutetrabenazine) Maximum dose: 48 mg/day |
| | | Non-preferred Movement Disorder Agents may be approved for members ≥18 years of age after trial and failure of two preferred products. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interaction. |
| | | anergy, intolerable side effects of significant drug-drug interaction. |

| IV. Central Nervous System | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: ANTICON | WULSANTS -Oral-Effective 4/1/2025 | |
| No PA Required | PA Required Non-preferred brand name medications do not require a prior authorization when the equivalent generic is preferred and "dispense as written" is indicated on the prescription. Barbiturates | Members currently stabilized (in outpatient or medication in this class may receive prior authorized medication. Non-preferred brand name medications do not equivalent generic is preferred and "dispense a | |
| | Darbiturates | equivalent generie is preferred and anspense of | |
| Phenobarbital elixir, solution, tablet | MYSOLINE (primidone) tablet | Non-Preferred Products Newly Started for Tre Non-preferred medications newly started for r disorder/convulsions may be approved if the f | |
| Primidone tablet | | The requested medication is being pr sufficient education and experience to | |
| | Hydantoins | The request meets minimum age and | |
| | Trydantoms | AND | |
| DILANTIN (phenytoin) 30 mg capsules, Infatab, suspension PHENYTEK (phenytoin ER) capsule Phenytoin suspension, chewable, | DILANTIN (phenytoin ER), 100 mg capsules | For medications indicated for use as a used in conjunction with another medisorder/convulsions AND The request meets additional criteria APTIOM (eslicarbazepine) Member has history of trial and failure product | |
| ER capsule | | _ | |
| | Succinamides | BRIVIACT (brivaracetam) Member has history of trial and failure | |
| Ethosuximide capsule, solution | CELONTIN (methsuximide) Kapseal Methsuximide capsule | DIACOMIT (stiripentol) Member is concomitantly taking clob Member has diagnosis of seizures ass | |
| | ZARONTIN (ethosuximide) capsule, solution | ELEPSIA XR (levetiracetam ER) tablet | |
| Benzodiazepines | | Member has history of trial and failure | |
| Clobazam tablet, suspension | KLONOPIN (clonazepam) tablet | EPIDIOLEX (cannabidiol) ■ Member has diagnosis of seizures ass (LGS) or Dravet Syndrome OR | |
| Clonazepam tablet, ODT | ONFI (clobazam) suspension, tablet | Member has a diagnosis of seizures a | |
| | SYMPAZAN (clobazam) SL film | (TSC). FINTEPLA (fenfluramine) | |
| Valproi | c Acid and Derivatives | Member has a diagnosis of seizures a | |

Members currently stabilized (in outpatient or acute care settings) on any non-preferred nedication in this class may receive prior authorization approval to continue on that nedication.

Ion-preferred brand name medications do not require a prior authorization when the quivalent generic is preferred and "dispense as written" is indicated on the prescription.

Ion-Preferred Products Newly Started for Treating Seizure Disorder or Convulsions: on-preferred medications newly started for members with a diagnosis of seizure isorder/convulsions may be approved if the following criteria are met:

- The requested medication is being prescribed by a practitioner who has sufficient education and experience to safely manage treatment AND
- The request meets minimum age and maximum dose limits listed in Table 1 AND
- For medications indicated for use as adjunctive therapy, the medication is being used in conjunction with another medication indicated for treatment of seizure disorder/convulsions AND
- The request meets additional criteria listed for any of the following:

APTIOM (eslicarbazepine)

Member has history of trial and failure; of any carbamazepine-containing product

RIVIACT (brivaracetam)

Member has history of trial and failure: of any levetiracetam-containing product

OIACOMIT (stiripentol)

- Member is concomitantly taking clobazam **AND**
- Member has diagnosis of seizures associated with Dravet syndrome

ELEPSIA XR (levetiracetam ER) tablet

• Member has history of trial and failure! of levetiracetam ER (KEPPRA XR)

EPIDIOLEX (cannabidiol)

- Member has diagnosis of seizures associated with Lennox-Gastaut syndrome (LGS) or Dravet Syndrome **OR**
- Member has a diagnosis of seizures associated with tuberous sclerosis complex (TSC).

INTEPLA (fenfluramine)

Member has a diagnosis of seizures associated with Dravet syndrome or

| DEPAKOTE (divalproex DR) sprinkle capsule Divalproex sprinkle capsule, DR tablet, ER tablet Valproic acid capsule, solution | DEPAKOTE (divalproex DR) tablet DEPAKOTE ER (divalproex ER) tablet |
|--|---|
| Carba | mazepine Derivatives |
| Carbamazepine IR tablet, ER tablet, chewable, ER capsule, suspension CARBATROL ER (carbamazepine) capsule Oxcarbazepine tablet TEGRETOL (carbamazepine) suspension, tablet TEGRETOL XR (carbamazepine ER) tablet TRILEPTAL BNR (oxcarbazepine) suspension | APTIOM (eslicarbazepine) tablet EQUETRO (carbamazepine) capsule Oxcarbazepine suspension Oxcarbazepine ER (generic Oxtellar XR) tablet OXTELLAR XR (oxcarbazepine) tablet TRILEPTAL (oxcarbazepine) tablet |
| | Lamotrigines |
| | Daniou ignics |
| Lamotrigine IR tablet, ER tablet, chewable/dispersible tablet, ODT | LAMICTAL (lamotrigine) chewable/dispersible dose pack, tablet LAMICTAL (lamotrigine) ODT, ODT dose pack |

pack

LAMICTAL XR (lamotrigine ER) tablet, dose

Lamotrigine ER/IR/ODT dose packs

Lennox-Gastaut syndrome

OXTELLAR XR (oxcarbazepine ER)

- Member is being treated for partial-onset seizures AND
- Member has history of trial and failure‡ of any carbamazepine or oxcarbazepine-containing product

SPRITAM (levetiracetam) tablet for suspension

• Member has history of trial and failure; of levetiracetam solution

SYMPAZAN (clobazam) film

- Member has history of trial and failure‡ of clobazam tablet or solution **OR**
- Provider attests that member cannot take clobazam tablet or solution

Non-Preferred Products Newly Started for Non-Seizure Disorder Diagnoses:

Non-preferred medications newly started for non-seizure disorder diagnoses may be approved if meeting the following criteria:

- Member has history of trial and failure[‡] of two preferred agents AND
- The prescription meets minimum age and maximum dose limits listed in Table
 1.

[‡]Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, significant drugdrug interaction, documented contraindication to therapy, or inability to take preferred formulation. Members identified as HLA-B*15:02 positive, carbamazepine and oxcarbazepine should be avoided per Clinical Pharmacogenetics Implementation Consortium Guideline. This may be considered a trial for prior authorization approvals of a non-preferred agent.

| <u> </u> | mum Age and Maximum Dose Minimum Maximum Dose** | |
|------------------------------------|--|------------------|
| | Age** | Wiaximum Dose |
| Barbiturates | | |
| primidone (MYSOLINE) | | 2,000 mg per day |
| Benzodiazepines | | |
| clobazam (ONFI) suspension, tablet | 2 years | 40 mg per day |
| clobazam film (SYMPAZAN) | 2 years | 40 mg per day |
| clonazepam (KLONOPIN) | | 20 mg per day |
| Brivaracetam/Levetiracetam | | |
| brivaracetam (BRIVIACT) | 1 month | 200 mg per day |
| levetiracetam (KEPPRA) | 1 month | 3,000 mg per day |
| levetiracetam (SPRITAM) | 4 years | 3,000 mg per day |
| levetiracetam ER (ELEPSIA XR) | 12 years | 3,000 mg per day |

| | Topiramates | levetiracetam ER (KEPPRA XR) | 12 years | 3,000 mg per day |
|-----------------------------|---|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | _ | Carbamazepine Derivatives | | |
| Topiramate tablet, sprinkle | EPRONTIA (topiramate) solution | carbamazepine (EPITOL) | | 1,600 mg per day |
| capsule | Li KONTIA (topitalilate) solution | carbamazepine ER (EQUETRO) | | 1,600 mg per day |
| capsuic | QUDEXY XR (topiramate) capsule | eslicarbazepine (APTIOM) | 4 years | 1,600 mg per day |
| | QODEXT AR (topitalitate) capsule | oxcarbazepine ER (OXTELLAR XR) | 6 years | 2,400 mg per day |
| | TOPAMAX (topiramate) tablet, sprinkle capsule | Hydantoins | | |
| | | phenytoin ER (DILANTIN) 100mg | | 1,000 mg loading dose |
| | Topiramate ER capsule | capsules, suspension, Infatab | | 600 mg/day |
| | | | | maintenance dose |
| | TROKENDI XR (topiramate ER) capsule | Lamotrigines | | |
| | | lamotrigine IR (LAMICTAL) | 2 years | 500 mg per day |
| Brivar | racetam/Levetiracetam | lamotrigine (LAMICTAL ODT) | 2 years | 500 mg per day |
| | T | lamotrigine ER (LAMICTAL XR) | 13 years | 600 mg per day |
| Levetiracetam IR tablet, ER | BRIVIACT (brivaracetam) solution, tablet | | | |
| tablet, solution | BRIVIACI (blivaracciam) solution, tablet | Succinamides | | 1.700 /1 |
| tubici, sorution | ELEPSIA XR (levetiracetam ER) tablet | ethosuximide (ZARONTIN) | 3 years | 1,500 mg/day |
| | BBB Shi i iii (le vetifueetum Biv) tuotet | methsuximide (CELONTIN) | | Not listed |
| | KEPPRA (levetiracetam) tablet, solution | Valproic Acid and Derivatives | 1.0 | 60 7 /1 |
| | (, , | divalproex ER (DEPAKOTE ER) | 10 years | 60 mg/kg/day |
| | KEPRA XR (levetiracetam ER) tablet | Topiramates | | |
| | | topiramate (TOPAMAX) | 2 years | 400 mg per day |
| | Levetiracetam 250mg tablets for suspension | topiramate ER (QUDEXY XR) | 2 years | 400 mg per day |
| | | topiramate ER (TROKENDI XR) | 6 years | 400 mg per day |
| | SPRITAM (levetiracetam) tablet | Other | | |
| | | cannabidiol (EPIDIOLEX) | 1 year | 25 mg/kg/day |
| | Other | cenobamate (XCOPRI) | 18 years | 400 mg per day |
| | | felbamate tablet, suspension | 2 years | 3,600 mg per day |
| *Felbamate suspension | BANZEL (rufinamide) suspension, tablet | fenfluramine (FINTEPLA) | 2 years | 26 mg per day |
| | (,,, | lacosamide (VIMPAT) | 1 month | 400 mg per day |
| FELBATOL (felbamate) | DIACOMIT (stiripentol) capsule, powder packet | perampanel (FYCOMPA) | 4 years | 12 mg per day |
| suspension | | rufinamide (BANZEL) tablet and | 1 year | 3,200 mg per day |
| - | EPIDIOLEX (cannabidiol) solution | suspension | | 1 2 2 2 2 |
| FELBATOL (felbamate) BNR | | stiripentol (DIACOMIT) | 6 months | 3,000 mg per day |
| tablet | Felbamate tablet | | (weighing <u>></u> | |
| | | | 7 kg) | |
| Lacosamide solution, tablet | FINTEPLA (fenfluramine) solution | tiagabine | 12 years | 56 mg per day |
| | | tiagabine (GABITRIL) | 12 years | 56 mg per day |
| Rufinamide tablet | FYCOMPA (perampanel) suspension, tablet | vigabatrin | 1 month | 3,000 mg per day |
| , . | | vigabatrin (SABRIL) | 1 month | 3,000 mg per day |
| Zonisamide capsule | GABITRIL (tiagabine) tablet | vigabatrin (VIGADRONE) powder packet | 1 month | 3,000 mg per day |
| | | zonisamide (ZONEGRAN) | 16 years | 600 mg per day |
| | Lacosamide UD solution | **Limits based on data from FDA package i | | |
| | | outside of the indicated range may be evalua | ted on a case-by | -case dasis. |

| | MOTPOLY XR (lacosamide) capsule | |
|----------------------------------|---|--|
| | Rufinamide suspension | |
| | SABRIL (vigabatrin) powder packet, tablet | |
| | Tiagabine tablet | |
| | Vigabatrin tablet, powder packet | |
| | VIGAFYDE (vigabatrin) solution | |
| | VIMPAT (lacosamide) solution, kit, tablet | |
| | XCOPRI (cenobamate) tablet, pack | |
| | ZONISADE (zonisamide) suspension | |
| | ZTALMY (ganaxolone) suspension | |
| Th | L nerapeutic Drug Class: NEWER GENERATI | ON ANTI-DEPRESSANTS -Effective 4/1/2025 |
| No PA Required | PA Required | |
| Bupropion IR, SR, XL tablet | Non-preferred brand name medications do not | Non-preferred products may be approved for members who have failed adequate trial with two preferred newer generation anti-depressant products. If two preferred newer |
| | require a prior authorization when the | generation anti-depressant products are not available for indication being treated, |
| Citalopram solution, tablet | equivalent generic is preferred and "dispense as | approval of prior authorization for non-preferred products will require adequate trial of all preferred products FDA approved for that indication (failure is defined as lack of |
| Desvenlafaxine succinate ER | written" is indicated on the prescription. | efficacy with 6-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug |
| (generic Pristiq) tablet | APLENZIN (bupropion ER) tablet | interaction). |
| Duloxetine (generic Cymbalta) | AUVELITY ER (dextromethorphan/bupropion) | Zurzuvae (zuranolone) may be approved if meeting the following criteria: |
| capsule | tablet | Member is ≥ 18 years of age AND |
| Escitalopram tablet | Bupropion XL (generic Forfivo XL) tablet | Member has a diagnosis of postpartum depression based on Diagnostic and |
| Fluoxetine capsule, solution, 60 | CELEXA (citalopram) tablet | Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-5) criteria for a major depressive episode AND |
| mg tablet | Citalopram hydrobromide capsule | Member is not currently pregnant AND |

CYMBALTA (duloxetine) capsule

Desvenlafaxine fumarate ER tablet

Escitalopram solution

DRIZALMA (duloxetine) sprinkle capsule

EFFEXOR XR (venlafaxine ER) capsule

Fluvoxamine tablet

Paroxetine IR tablet

Mirtazapine tablet, ODT

Sertraline solution, tablet

Prescriber attests that the member has been counseled and has been engaged in

as zuranolone may cause fetal harm AND

limited data on its effects on a breastfed infant AND

o The importance of effective contraception during zuranolone treatment,

O Zuranolone is present in low levels in human breast milk and there are

use of SSRIs as first-line, recommended therapies for perinatal

Consideration for the favorable long-term safety data associated with

shared decision making with regard to:

| Trazodone tablet | FETZIMA (levomilnacipran ER) capsule, titration | depressive disorders by |
|-------------------------|---|---|
| Venlafaxine IR tablet | pack | Gynecologists (ACOG) alternatives |
| | Fluoxetine IR tablet, DR capsule | AND |
| Venlafaxine ER capsules | Fluvoxamine ER capsule | Prescriber attests that the member |
| Vilazodone tablet | FORFIVO XL (bupropion ER) tablet | in potentially hazardous activities for ≥ 12 hours after each zuranole |
| | LEXAPRO (escitalopram) tablet | The member has been counseled |
| | Nefazodone tablet | calories of food containing 25% to |
| | Paroxetine CR/ER tablet, suspension | Prescriber verifies that concomits potential drug interactions (CNS |
| | Paroxetine mesylate capsule | inducers) and any needed dosage |
| | PAXIL (paroxetine) tablet, suspension | accordance with package labelingBaseline renal and hepatic function |
| | PAXIL CR (paroxetine ER) tablet | that dosing is appropriate in acco |
| | PEXEVA (paroxetine mesylate) tablet | |
| | PRISTIQ (desvenlafaxine succinate ER) tablet | Quantity Limit: |
| | PROZAC (fluoxetine) Pulvule | • Zurzuvae 20 mg and 25 mg: 28 c |
| | REMERON (mirtazapine) Soltab (ODT), tablet | • Zurzuvae 30 mg: 14 capsules/14 |
| | Sertraline capsule | Maximum dose: 50 mg once daily |
| | TRINTELLIX (vortioxetine) tablet | Duration of Approval: Approval will allow |
| | Venlafaxine ER tablet | treatment per postpartum period |
| | Venlafaxine besylate ER tablet | |
| | VIIBRYD (vilazodone) tablet, dose pack | Citalopram doses higher than 40mg/day |
| | WELLBUTRIN SR, XL (bupropion) tablet | years of age will require prior authorization https://www.fda.gov/drugs/drugsafety/ucn |
| | ZOLOFT (sertraline) tablet, oral concentrate | Members currently stabilized on a non-pre |
| | ZURZUVAE (zuranolone) capsule | receive approval to continue on that agent |
| | | Verification may be provided from the |
| Т | herapeutic Drug Class: MONOAMINE OXID | ASE INHIBITORS (MAOIS) -Effect |
| | PA Required | Non-preferred products may be approved: |
| | EMSAM (selegiline) patch | weeks) with two preferred anti-depressant |
| | MARPLAN (isocarboxazid) tablet | products are not available for indication be non-preferred products will require adequa |
| | MAKE LAIN (ISOCALOUNAZIA) tablet | products FDA approved for that indication |
| | NARDIL (phenelzine) tablet | 8-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effect |
| | Phenelzine tablet | |

y the American College of Obstetricians and a) or SNRIs as reasonable ACOG-recommended

- per has been counseled to refrain from engaging es requiring mental alertness, including driving, olone dose AND
- d to take the medication with 400 to 1,000 to 50% fat AND
- tant medications have been assessed for S depressants, CYP3A4 inhibitors, CYP3A4 ge adjustments for zuranolone have been made in ng AND
- tion have been assessed and prescriber verifies ordance with package labeling.
- capsules/14 days
- 4 days

ow 30 days to fill for one 14-day course of

for ≤60 years of age and 20mg/day for >60 ion. Please see the FDA guidance at: em297391.htm for important safety information.

referred newer generation antidepressant may nt for one year if medically necessary.

prescriber or the pharmacy.

ective 4/1/2025

for members who have failed adequate trial (8 nt products. If two preferred anti-depressant being treated, approval of prior authorization for uate trial of all preferred anti-depressant on. (Failure is defined as: lack of efficacy after ects, or significant drug-drug interaction)

| | Tranylcypromine tablet | Members currently stabilized on a Non-preferred MAOi antidepressant may receive approval to continue that agent for one year if medically necessary. Verification may be provided from the prescriber or the pharmacy. | | |
|---|--|---|--|--|
| Therapeutic Drug Class: TRICYCLIC ANTI-DEPRESSANTS (TCAs) -Effective 4/1/2025 | | | | |
| No PA Required | PA Required Non-preferred brand name medications do not | Non-preferred products may be approved for members who have failed adequate trial (8 | | |
| Amitriptyline tablet | require a prior authorization when the equivalent generic is preferred and "dispense as written" is indicated on the prescription. | weeks) with three preferred tricyclic products. If three preferred products are not available for indication being treated, approval of prior authorization for non-preferred products will require adequate trial of all tricyclic preferred products FDA approved for | | |
| Clomipramine capsule | Amoxapine tablet | that indication. (Failure is defined as: lack of efficacy after 8-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction) | | |
| Desipramine tablet | | | | |
| Doxepin 10mg, 25mg, 50mg, 75mg, 100mg, 150mg | ANAFRANIL (clomipramine) capsule Imipramine pamoate capsule | Members currently stabilized on a non-preferred tricyclic antidepressant may receive approval to continue on that agent for one year if medically necessary. Verification may be provided from the prescriber or the pharmacy. | | |
| capsule, oral concentrate Imipramine HCl tablet | NORPRAMIN (desipramine) tablet | | | |
| Nortriptyline capsule | Nortriptyline solution | | | |
| | PAMELOR (nortriptyline) capsule | | | |
| | Protriptyline tablet | | | |
| | Trimipramine capsule | | | |
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: ANTI-PARK | INSON'S AGENTS -Effective 4/1/2025 | | |
| | | amine precursors and combinations | | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | | | |
| Carbidopa/Levodopa IR, ER tablet | Carbidopa tablet | Non-preferred agents may be approved with adequate trial and failure of carbidopalevodopa IR and ER formulations (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with a 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions). | | |
| Carbidopa/Levodopa/Entacapone | Carbidopa/Levodopa ODT | Carbidopa or levodopa single agent products may be approved for members with | | |
| tablet | CREXONT ER (carbidopa/levodopa) capsule | diagnosis of Parkinson's Disease as add-on therapy to carbidopa-levodopa. | | |
| | DHIVY (carbidopa/levodopa) tablet | Non-preferred medications that <u>are not</u> prescribed for Parkinson's Disease (or an indication related to Parkinson's Disease) may receive approval for other FDA-labeled | | |
| | DUOPA (carbidopa/levodopa) suspension | indications without meeting trial and failure step therapy criteria. | | |
| | INBRIJA (levodopa) capsule for inhalation | Members with history of trial and failure of a non-preferred Parkinson's Disease agent that is the brand/generic equivalent of a preferred product (same strength, dosage form | | |
| | LODOSYN (carbidopa) tablet | and active ingredient) may be considered as having met a trial and failure of the equivalent preferred. | | |
| | RYTARY ER (carbidopa/levodopa) capsule | equivalent preferred. | | |

| | SINEMET (carbidopa/levodopa) IR tablet STALEVO (carbidopa/levodopa/ entacapone) tablet | Members currently stabilized on a non-preferred product may receive approval to continue therapy with that product. | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| | MAO-B inhibitors | | | | |
| No PA Required Rasagiline tablet | PA Required AZILECT (rasagiline) tablet | Non-preferred agents may be approved with adequate trial and failure of selegiline capsule or tablet (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with a 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions). | | | |
| Selegiline capsule, tablet | XADAGO (safinamide) tablet ZELAPAR (selegiline) ODT | Non-preferred medications that are not prescribed for Parkinson's Disease (or an indication related to Parkinson's Disease) may receive approval for other FDA-labeled indications without meeting trial and failure step therapy criteria. Members with history of trial and failure of a non-preferred Parkinson's Disease agent that is the brand/generic equivalent of a preferred product (same strength, dosage form and active ingredient) may be considered as having met a trial and failure of the equivalent preferred. Members currently stabilized on a non-preferred product may receive approval to continue therapy with that product. | | | |
| | Dopam | ine Agonists | | | |
| No PA Required Pramipexole IR tablet | PA Required APOKYN (apomorphine) SC cartridge | Non-preferred agents may be approved with adequate trial and failure of ropinirole IR AND pramipexole IR (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, documented contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions). | | | |
| Ropinirole IR tablet | Apomorphine SC cartridge Bromocriptine capsule, tablet KYNMOBI (apomorphine) SL film MIRAPEX (pramipexole) ER tablet NEUPRO (rotigotine) patch PARLODEL (bromocriptine) capsule, tablet Pramipexole ER tablet Ropinirole ER tablet | APOKYN (apomorphine subcutaneous cartridge) may be approved if meeting the following: APOKYN (apomorphine) is being used as an adjunct to other medications for acute, intermittent treatment of hypomobility, "off" episodes ("end-of-dose wearing off" and unpredictable "on/off" episodes) in patients with advanced Parkinson's disease AND Due to the risk of profound hypotension and loss of consciousness, member is not concomitantly using a 5HT3 antagonist such as ondansetron, granisetron, dolasetron, palonosetron or alosetron. Maximum dose: 6mg (0.6mL) three times per day KYNMOBI (apomorphine sublingual film) may be approved if meeting the following: KYNMOBI (apomorphine) is being used for the acute, intermittent treatment of "off" episodes in patients with Parkinson's disease AND Due to the risk of profound hypotension and loss of consciousness, member must not be concomitantly using a 5HT3 antagonist such as ondansetron, granisetron, dolasetron, palonosetron or alosetron. | | | |

| | Maximum dose: 30mg five times per day Non-preferred medications that <u>are not</u> prescribed for Parkinson's Disease (or an indication related to Parkinson's Disease) may receive approval for other FDA-labeled |
|---|--|
| Other Parkin PA Required Intadine tablet MTAN (entacapone) tablet Icapone tablet COVRI ER (amantadine ER) capsule JRIANZ (istradefylline) tablet GENTYS (opicapone) capsule MOLEX ER (amantadine) tablet SMAR (tolcapone) tablet sapone tablet | Members with history of trial and failure step therapy criteria. Members with history of trial and failure of a non-preferred Parkinson's Disease agent that is the brand/generic equivalent of a preferred product (same strength, dosage form and active ingredient) may be considered as having met a trial and failure of the equivalent preferred. Members currently stabilized on a non-preferred product may receive approval to continue therapy with that product. **Non-preferred agents may be approved with adequate trial and failure of two preferred agents (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, documented contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions). Non-preferred medications that are not prescribed for Parkinson's Disease (or an indication related to Parkinson's Disease) may receive approval for other FDA-labeled indications without meeting trial and failure of a non-preferred Parkinson's Disease agent that is the brand/generic equivalent of a preferred product (same strength, dosage form and active ingredient) may be considered as having met a trial and failure of the equivalent preferred. Members currently stabilized on a non-preferred product may receive approval to continue therapy with that product. |
| o Deno Class. DENZODIA ZEDINES (A | NON SEDATIVE HVDNOTIC) Escative 4/1/2025 |
| | |
| - | Non-preferred products may be approved following trial and failure of three preferred agents. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interactions. |
| | <u>Children</u> : Prior authorization will be required for all agents when prescribed for children <18 years of age (with the exception of oral solution products) and may be approved with prescriber verification of necessity of use for member age. |
| | PA Required ITAN (entacapone) tablet Capone tablet OVRI ER (amantadine ER) capsule RIANZ (istradefylline) tablet ENTYS (opicapone) capsule OLEX ER (amantadine) tablet MAR (tolcapone) tablet apone tablet Drug Class: BENZODIAZEPINES (INTERNATION CONTINUE) AZOLAM ODT, oral concentrate VAN (lorazepam) tablet |

| Clonazepam tablet, ODT | KLONOPIN (clonazepam) tablet |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Clorazepate tablet* | LOREEV (lorazepam ER) capsule |
| Diazepam tablet*, solution | XANAX (alprazolam) tablet |
| Lorazepam tablet*, oral concentrate | XANAX XR (alprazolam ER) tab |
| Oxazepam capsule* | |
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Diazepam Intensol may be approved following trial and failure of the preferred 5 mg/5 mL oral solution. Failure is defined as intolerable side effects, drug-drug interaction, or lack of efficacy.

All benzodiazepine anxiolytics will require prior authorization for members \geq 65 years of age when exceeding 90 days of therapy.

Continuation of Therapy:

- Members < 65 years of age who are currently stabilized on a non-preferred benzodiazepine medication may receive approval to continue that medication.
- Members < 18 years of age who are currently stabilized on a non-preferred oral solution product may receive authorization to continue that medication.

Prior authorization will be required for prescribed doses that exceed the maximum (Table 1).

| Table 1 Maximum Doses | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Product | Maximum Daily Dose | Maximum Monthly Dose | |
| Alprazolam tablet | | | |
| Alprazolam ER tablet | | | |
| Alprazolam ODT | | | |
| XANAX (alprazolam) tablet | Adults ≥ 18 years: 10 mg/day | Total of 300 mg from all dosage forms per 30 | |
| XANAX XR | 10 mg/day | days | |
| (alprazolam ER) tablet | | | |
| Alprazolam Intensol oral concentrate 1 mg/mL | | | |
| Clorazepate tablet | ≥12 years: 90 mg/day Children 9-12 years: up | Total of 2,700 mg (adults) and 1,800 mg | |
| TRANXENE (clorazepate) T-Tab | to 60 mg/day | (children) from all tablet strengths per 30 days | |
| Chlordiazepoxide capsule | Adults > 18 years: 300 mg/day Children 6-17 years: up to 40 mg/day (preoperative apprehension and anxiety) | Total of 9,000 mg (adults) and 120 mg (children, pre-op therapy) from all tablet strengths per 30 days | |
| Diazepam Intensol oral | Adults ≥ 18 years: 40 | Total of 1200 mg | |
| concentrate 5 mg/mL | mg/day | (adults) and 300 mg | |
| | Members age 6 months | (pediatrics) from all | |
| Diazepam solution 5 | to 17 years: up to 10 | dosage forms per 30 | |
| mg/5 mL | mg/day | days | |

| | | Diazepam tablet | | | |
|---|---|--|--|---|-------|
| | | ATIVAN (lorazepam) Intensol concentrate 2 mg/mL ATIVAN (lorazepam) tablet Lorazepam oral concentrated soln 2 mg/mL Lorazepam tablet | Adults ≥ 18 years: 10 mg/day Children: N/A Adults ≥ 18 years: 120 | Total of 300 mg from all dosage forms per 30 days | |
| | | Oxazepam capsule | mg/day Children 6-18 years: absolute dosage not established | Total of 3600 mg from all dosage forms per 30 days | |
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: ANXIOLYTIC, NO | N- BENZODIAZEPIN | NES - <i>Effective 4/1/202</i> | 25 | |
| No PA Required Buspirone tablet | | is defined as lack of effica or significant drug-drug in | cy, contraindication to thera teractions. | ial and failure of buspirone. In apy, allergy, intolerable side e | |
| | peutic Drug Class: ATYPICAL ANTI-PSY | | 1 00 | | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | | | may be approved for member | |
| (unless indicated by * in criteria; | Non moderned board or modern displaced and | | | ned as contraindication, lack | of |
| all products subject to dose and age limitations) | Non-preferred brand name medications do not require a prior authorization when the equivalent generic is preferred and "dispense as written" is | interactions, or known interacting genetic polymorphism that prevents safe preferred | | rred | |
| Aripiprazole tablet | indicated on the prescription. | Non preferred products me | ay ha annroyad for mambar | s meeting all of the following | |
| Asenapine SL tablet | ABILIFY (aripiprazole) tablet, MyCite | Non-preferred products may be approved for members meeting all of the following: Medication is being prescribed for an FDA-Approved indication AND Prescription meets dose and age limitations (Table 1) AND | | ζ. | |
| Clozapine tablet | Aripiprazole oral solution, ODT | Request meets one of the following: Member has history of trial and failure of two preferred products with FD. | | ı FDA | |
| Lurasidone tablet | CAPLYTA (lumateperone) capsule | approval for | use for the prescribed indica | ation (failure defined as lackerable side effects (including | of |
| Olanzapine tablet, ODT | COBENFY (xanomeline/trospium) capsule, starter pack | weight gain). | , contraindication, significar | nt drug-drug interactions, or levents safe preferred produc | known |
| Paliperidone ER tablet | Clozapine ODT | dosing) OR | | r (365 days) the member has | |
| Quetiapine IR tablet** | CLOZARIL (clozapine) tablet, ODT | and failed (be | een unsuccessfully treated v | with) a preferred antipsychoti mber's diagnosis (failure defi | ic |
| Quetiapine ER tablet | FANAPT (iloperidone tablet, titration pack) | lack of effica (including ra | ncy with 6-week trial, allergy pid weight gain), significan | | nown |

| REXULTI (brexpiprazole) dose pack, tablet* | GEODON (ziprasidone) capsule |
|--|---|
| Risperidone ODT, oral solution, | INVEGA ER (paliperidone) tablet |
| tablet | LATUDA (lurasidone) tablet |
| VRAYLAR (cariprazine) capsule* | LYBALVI (olanzapine/samidorphan) tablet |
| Ziprasidone capsule | NUPLAZID (pimavanserin) capsule, tablet |
| Zipiusidone capsule | Olanzapine/Fluoxetine capsule |
| | OPIPZA (aripiprazole) film |
| | RISPERDAL (risperidone) tablet, oral solution |
| | SAPHRIS (asenapine) SL tablet |
| | SECUADO (asenapine) patch |
| | SEROQUEL IR (quetiapine IR) tablet*** |
| | SEROQUEL XR (quetiapine ER) tablet |
| | SYMBYAX (olanzapine/fluoxetine) capsule |
| | VERSACLOZ (clozapine) suspension |
| | ZYPREXA (olanzapine) tablet |
| | ZYPREXA ZYDIS (olanzapine) ODT |

dosing). Treatment must be under an FDA approved indication for a mental health condition or disorder.

Age Limits: All products including preferred products will require a PA for members younger than the FDA approved age for the agent (Table 1). Members younger than the FDA approved age for the agent who are currently stabilized on an atypical antipsychotic will be eligible for approval.

Atypical Antipsychotic prescriptions for members under 5 years of age may require a provider-provider telephone consult with a child and adolescent psychiatrist (provided at no cost to provider or member).

**Quetiapine IR when given at subtherapeutic doses may be restricted for therapy. Low-dose quetiapine (<150mg/day) is only FDA approved as part of a drug titration schedule to aid patients in getting to the target quetiapine dose. PA will be required for quetiapine < 150mg per day except for utilization (when appropriate) in members 65 years or older. PA will be approved for members 10-17 years of age with approved diagnosis (Table 1) stabilized on <150mg quetiapine IR per day.

Aripiprazole solution: Aripiprazole <u>tablet</u> quantity limit is 2 tablets/day for pediatric members to allow for incremental dose titration and use of the preferred tablet formulation should be considered for dose titrations when possible and clinically appropriate. If incremental dose cannot be achieved with titration of the aripiprazole tablet for members < 18 years of age OR for members unable to swallow solid tablet dosage form, aripiprazole solution may be approved. For all other cases, aripiprazole solution is subject to meeting non-preferred product approval criteria listed above.

Nuplazid (pimavanserin tartrate) may be approved for the treatment of hallucinations and delusions associated with Parkinson's Disease psychosis **AND** following trial and failure of therapy with quetiapine or clozapine, or clinical rationale is provided supporting why these medications cannot be trialed. Failure will be defined as contraindication, intolerable side effects, drug-drug interaction, or lack of efficacy.

Abilify MyCite may be approved if meeting all of the following:

- Member has history of adequate trial and failure of 5 preferred agents (one trial must include aripiprazole tablet). Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 6week trial on maximally tolerated dose, allergy, intolerable side effects, significant drug-drug interactions AND
- Information is provided regarding adherence measures being recommended by provider and followed by member (such as medication organizer or digital medication reminders) AND
- Member has history of adequate trial and failure of 3 long-acting injectable formulations of atypical antipsychotics, one of which must contain aripiprazole (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 8-week trial, contraindication, allergy, intolerable side effects, significant drug-drug interactions) AND
- Abilify MyCite is being used with a MyCite patch and member is using a compatible mobile application. AND

• Medication adherence information is being shared with their provider via a web portal or dashboard.

<u>Quantity Limits</u>: Quantity limits will be applied to all products (Table 1). In order to receive approval for off-label dosing, the member must have an FDA approved indication and must have tried and failed on the FDA approved dosing regimen.

Members currently stabilized on a non-preferred atypical antipsychotic may receive approval to continue therapy with that agent for one year.

Therapeutic Drug Class: ATYPICAL ANTI-PSYCHOTICS – Long Acting Injectables- Effective 10/1/2024

No PA Required

ABILIFY ASIMTUFII (aripiprazole) syringe, vial

ABILIFY MAINTENA (aripiprazole) syringe, vial

ARISTADA ER (aripiprazole lauroxil) syringe

ARISTADA INITIO (aripiprazole lauroxil) syringe

Chlorpromazine ampule, vial

Fluphenazine vial

Fluphenazine decanoate vial

HALDOL (haloperidol decanoate) ampule

Haloperidol decanoate ampule, vial

PA Required

Non-preferred brand name medications do not require a prior authorization when the equivalent generic is preferred and "dispense as written" is indicated on the prescription.

GEODON (ziprasidone) vial

Risperidone microspheres ER vial

RYKINDO (risperidone microspheres) vial, vial kit

ZYPREXA (olanzapine) vial

Preferred products do not require prior authorization. All products are subject to meeting FDA-labeled dosing quantity limits listed in Table 1.

Non-preferred products may be approved for members meeting the following:

- Medication is being prescribed for an FDA-Approved indication AND
- Prescription meets dose limitations (Table 1) AND
- Member has history of trial and failure of one preferred product with FDA approval for use for the prescribed indication (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 6-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, contraindication, significant drug-drug interactions, or known interacting genetic polymorphism that prevents safe preferred product dosing).

Table 1: FDA-Labeled Dosing Quantity Limits

| Long-Acting injectable | Route | Quantity Limit |
|----------------------------------|-------|--|
| ABILIFY ASIMTUFII (aripiprazole) | IM | 1 pack/2 months (56 days) |
| ABILIFY MAINTENA (aripiprazole) | IM | 1 pack/28 days |
| ARISTADA ER (aripiprazole) | IM | 1,064 mg: 1 pack/2 months (56 days) All other strengths: 1 pack/28 days |

| Haloperidol 1 | lactate | syringe, | vial |
|---------------|---------|----------|------|
|---------------|---------|----------|------|

INVEGA HAFYERA (paliperidone palmitate) syringe

INVEGA SUSTENNA (paliperidone palmitate) syringe

INVEGA TRINZA (paliperidone palmitate) syringe

Olanzapine vial

PERSERIS ER (risperidone) syringe, syringe kit

RISPERDAL CONSTA^{BNR} (risperidone microspheres) syringe, vial

UZEDY (risperidone) syringe

Ziprasidone

ZYPREXA RELPREVV (olanzapine pamoate) Vial kit

| ARISTADA INITIO (aripiprazole) | IM | 1 pack/7 weeks (49 days) |
|--------------------------------|--------------|--|
| INVEGA HAFYERA (paliperidone) | IM | 1 pack/6 months (168 days) |
| INVEGA SUSTENNA (paliperidone) | IM | 156 mg: 2 packs/5 weeks (35 days) All other strengths: 1 pack/28 days |
| INVEGA TRINZA (paliperidone) | IM | 1 pack/3 months (84 days) |
| PERSERIS ER (risperidone) | Subcutaneous | 1 pack/28 days |
| RISPERDAL CONSTA (risperidone) | IM | 2 packs/28 days |
| UZEDY (risperidone) | Subcutaneous | 150 mg, 200 mg and 250 mg: 1 pack/2 months All other strengths: 1 pack/28 days |
| ZYPREXA RELPREVV (olanzapine) | IM | 405 mg: 1 pack/28 days All other strengths: 1 pack/14 days |

^{*}Requests for dosing regimens exceeding maximum may be approved for one year with preattestation that the member is stabilized on the requested dose and schedule.

Note: Effective January 14, 2022, no place of service prior authorization is required for extended-release injectable medications (LAIs) used for the treatment of mental health or substance use disorders (SUD), when administered by a healthcare professional and billed under the pharmacy benefit. In addition, LAIs may be administered in any setting (pharmacy, clinic, medical office or member home) and billed to the pharmacy or medical benefit as most appropriate and in accordance with all Health First Colorado billing policies.

| Brand | Generic | Approved Indications | Age Range | Maximum Daily | Quantity and Maximum Dose |
|-----------|----------------|--|----------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| | | | | Dose by Age/Indication | Limitations |
| ABILIFY | aripiprazole | Schizophrenia | ≥ 13 years | 30 mg | Maximum one tablet per day (maximum |
| | | Bipolar I Disorder | ≥ 18 years | 30 mg | of two tablets per day allowable for |
| | | Bipolar I Disorder | 10-17 years | 30 mg | members < 18 years of age to |
| | | Irritability w/autistic disorder | 6-17 years | 15 mg | accommodate for incremental dose |
| | | Tourette's disorder | 6-18 years | 20 mg (weight-based) | changes) |
| | | Adjunctive treatment of MDD | ≥ 18 years | 15 mg | |
| CAPLYTA | lumateperone | Schizophrenia Bipolar I Disorder | ≥ 18 years | 42 mg | Maximum dosage of 42mg per day |
| | | Bipolar II Disorder | | | |
| CLOZARIL | clozapine | Treatment-resistant schizophrenia | | | Maximum dosage of 900mg per day |
| | | Recurrent suicidal behavior in schizophrenia or schizoaffective disorder | ≥ 18 years | 900 mg | |
| COBENFY | xanomeline and | Schizophrenia | ≥ 18 years | 250 mg | Maximum two capsules per day |
| | trospium | | | xanomeline and | |
| | | | | 60 mg trospium | |
| FANAPT | iloperidone | Schizophrenia | ≥ 18 years | 24 mg | Maximum two tablets per day |
| | | Bipolar I Disorder | | | |
| GEODON | ziprasidone | Schizophrenia | ≥ 18 years | 200 mg | Maximum two capsules per day |
| | | Bipolar I Disorder | ≥ 18 years | 160 mg | |
| INVEGA ER | paliperidone | Schizophrenia & schizoaffective disorder | ≥ 12 years and weight | 12 mg | Maximum two 6mg tablets per day; all |
| | | | ≥ 51 kg | | other strengths 1 tablet per day |
| | | | \geq 12 years and weight | 6 mg | |
| | | | < 51 kg | | |
| LATUDA | lurasidone | Schizophrenia | ≥ 18 years | 160 mg | Maximum one tablet per day (If dosing |
| | | Schizophrenia | 13-17 years | 80 mg | 160mg for schizophrenia, then max of |
| | | Bipolar I disorder | ≥ 18 years | 120 mg | two tablets per day) |
| | | Bipolar I disorder | 10–17 years | 80 mg | |
| LYBALVI | olanzapine and | Schizophrenia in adults | ≥ 18 years | 20 mg olanzapine | Maximum one tablet per day |
| | samidorphan | Bipolar I disorder in adults | ≥ 18 years | and 10 mg | |
| | | | | samidorphan | |
| NUPLAZID | pimavanserin | Parkinson's disease psychosis | ≥ 18 years | 34 mg | Maximum dosage of 34mg per day |
| RISPERDAL | risperidone | Schizophrenia | ≥ 18 years | 16 mg | Maximum dosage of 16mg/day |
| | | Schizophrenia | 13-17 years | 6 mg | (4 tablet/day limitation applied in claim |
| | | Bipolar mania | ≥ 10 years | 6 mg | system to allow for dose escalation and |
| | | Irritability w/autistic disorder | 5–17 years | 3 mg | tapering) |
| REXULTI | brexpiprazole | Schizophrenia | ≥ 13 years | 4 mg | Maximum of 3mg/day for MDD |
| | * * | Adjunctive treatment of MDD | ≥ 18 years | 3 mg | adjunctive therapy, and agitation due to |

| | | Agitation associated with Alzheimer's disease (AD) | | | AD, Maximum of 4mg/day for schizophrenia |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| SAPHRIS | asenapine | Schizophrenia Bipolar mania or mixed episodes | ≥ 18 years ≥ 10 years | 20 mg 20 mg | Maximum two tablets per day |
| SECUADO | asenapine patch | Schizophrenia | ≥ 18 years | 7.6 mg/ 24 hours | Maximum 1 patch per day |
| SEROQUEL | quetiapine | Schizophrenia Schizophrenia Bipolar I mania or mixed Bipolar I mania or mixed Bipolar I depression Bipolar I Disorder Maintenance | ≥ 18 years 13-17 years ≥ 18 years 10-17 years ≥ 18 years ≥ 18 years | 750 mg 800 mg 800 mg 600 mg 300 mg 800 mg | Maximum three tablets per day |
| SEROQUEL XR | quetiapine ER | Schizophrenia Bipolar I mania Bipolar I mania Bipolar I depression Adjunctive treatment of MDD | ≥ 13 years ≥ 18 years 10-17 years ≥ 18 years ≥ 18 years | 800 mg 800 mg 600 mg 300 mg 300 mg | Maximum one tablet per day (for 300mg & 400mg tablets max 2 tablets per day) |
| SYMBYAX | olanzapine/ fluoxetine | Acute depression in Bipolar I Disorder Treatment resistant depression (MDD) | ≥ 10 years | 12 mg olanzapine/ 50 mg fluoxetine | Maximum three capsules per day (18mg olanzapine/75mg fluoxetine) |
| VERSACLOZ | clozapine | Treatment-resistant schizophrenia Recurrent suicidal behavior in schizophrenia or schizoaffective disorder | ≥ 18 years ≥ 18 years | 900 mg | Maximum dosage of 900 mg per day |
| VRAYLAR | cariprazine | Schizophrenia Acute manic or mixed episodes with Bipolar I disorder Depressive episodes with Bipolar I disorder Adjunctive treatment of MDD | ≥ 18 years ≥ 18 years ≥ 18 years ≥ 18 years | 6 mg 6 mg 3 mg 3 mg | Maximum dosage of 6mg/day |
| ZYPREXA ZYPREXA ZYDIS | olanzapine | Schizophrenia Acute manic or mixed episodes with Bipolar I disorder | ≥ 13 years | 20 mg | Maximum one tablet per day |

| Therapeutic I | Therapeutic Drug Class: CALCITONIN GENE – RELATED PEPTIDE INHIBITORS (CGRPis) - Effective 4/1/2025 | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| PA Required for all agents | | *Preferred agents may be approved if meeting the following criteria: | | | |
| Preferred | Non-Preferred | | | | |
| | | <u>Preferred Medications for Migraine Prevention (must meet all of the following):</u> | | | |
| * AIMOVIG (erenumab-aooe) auto-injector | EMGALITY (galcanezumab-gnlm) 100 mg syringe | The requested medication is being used as preventive therapy for episodic or chronic migraine AND | | | |
| auto-injector | 100 mg syringe | Member has diagnosis of migraine with or without aura AND | | | |
| | QULIPTA (atogepant) tablet | Memori has diagnosis of inigranic with of without data in is | | | |

| * AJOVY (fremanezumab-vfrm) |
|-----------------------------|
| auto-injector, syringe |

- * EMGALITY (galcanezumabgnlm) pen, 120 mg syringe
- * NURTEC (rimegepant) ODT
- * UBRELVY (ubrogepant) tablet

ZAVZPRET (zavegepant) nasal

- Member has tried and failed 2 oral preventive pharmacological agents listed as Level A per
 the most current American Headache Society/American Academy of Neurology guidelines
 (such as divalproex, topiramate, metoprolol, propranolol). Failure is defined as lack of
 efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction OR
- If the prescribed medication is Nurtec, the member has tried and failed two preferred injectable product formulations. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects, significant drug-drug interaction, severe needle phobia, or member (or parent/caregiver) is unable to administer preferred CGRP inhibitor injectable formulation due to limited functional ability (such as vision impairment, limited manual dexterity and/or limited hand strength).

Preferred Medications for Acute Migraine Treatment (must meet all of the following):

- The requested medication is being used as acute treatment for migraine headache AND
- Member has history of trial and failure of two triptans (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction, severe needle phobia, or member (or parent/caregiver) is unable to administer preferred triptan injectable formulation due to limited functional ability (such as vision impairment, limited manual dexterity and/or limited hand strength).

Non-Preferred Medications for Migraine Prevention (must meet all of the following):

- The requested medication is being used as preventive therapy for episodic or chronic migraine AND
- Member has diagnosis of migraine with or without aura AND
- Member has tried and failed two oral preventive pharmacological agents listed as Level A
 per the most current American Headache Society/American Academy of Neurology
 guidelines (such as divalproex, topiramate, metoprolol, propranolol). Failure is defined as
 lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction AND
- The requested medication is not being used in combination with another CGRP medication AND
- The member has history of adequate trial and failure of three preferred products indicated for preventive therapy (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects, significant drug-drug interaction, severe needle phobia, or member (or parent/caregiver) is unable to administer preferred triptan injectable formulation due to limited functional ability (such as vision impairment, limited manual dexterity and/or limited hand strength).

Non-Preferred Medications for Acute Migraine Treatment (must meet all of the following):

- Member is 18 years of age or older AND
- Medication is being prescribed to treat migraine headache with moderate to severe pain AND
- The requested medication is not being used in combination with another CGRP medication AND
- Member has history of trial and failure with <u>all</u> of the following (failure is defined as lack of

efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy, contraindication, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction):

- o Two triptans AND
- o One NSAID agent AND
- o One preferred agent indicated for acute migraine treatment

Non-Preferred Medications for Treatment of Episodic Cluster Headache (must meet all of the following):

- Member is 19-65 years of age AND
- Member meets diagnostic criteria for episodic cluster headache (has had no more than 8 attacks per day, a minimum of one attack every other day, and at least 4 attacks during the week prior to this medication being prescribed) AND
- Member is not taking other preventive medications to reduce the frequency of cluster headache attacks AND
- Member has history of trial and failure of all of the following (failure is defined as lack of
 efficacy with 4-week trial, contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or
 significant drug-drug interaction):
 - o Oxygen therapy AND
 - o Sumatriptan subcutaneous or intranasal OR zolmitriptan intranasal
- Initial authorization will be limited to 8 weeks. Continuation (12-month authorization) will require documentation of clinically relevant improvement with no less than 30% reduction in headache frequency in a 4-week period.

Age Limitations:

All products: ≥ 18 years

| Table 1. Calcitonin Gene-Related Peptide Inhibitor Quantity Limits | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Drug Name | Maximum Dosing | | |
| Aimovig (erenumab) | one 140 mg autoinjector per 30 days | | |
| Ajovy (fremanezumab) | one 225 mg autoinjector or syringe per 30 days or three 225 mg autoinjectors or syringes every 90 days | | |
| Emgality 100mg | three 100 mg prefilled syringes per 30 days | | |
| (galcanezumab) | | | |
| Emgality 120 mg | two 120 mg pens or prefilled syringes once as first loading | | |
| (galcanezumab) | dose then one 120 mg pen or prefilled syringe per 30 days | | |
| Nurtec (rimegepant) | Prevention: 16 tablets/30 days; Acute Treatment: 8 tablets/30 | | |
| Nuitee (filliegepailt) | days | | |
| Qulipta (atogepant) | 30 tablets/30 days | | |
| Ubrelvy 50 mg (ubrogepant) | 16 tablets/30 days | | |
| Ubrelvy 100 mg (ubrogepant) | 16 tablets/30 days | | |
| ZAVZPRET (zavegepant) | 6 unit-dose nasal spray devices per 30 days | | |

Members with current prior authorization approval on file for a preferred agent may receive approval

| for continuation of therapy with the preferred agent. | | | |
|--|--|---|--|
| Therapeutic Drug Class: LITHIUM AGENTS -Effective 4/1/2025 | | | |
| No PA Required Lithium carbonate capsule, tablet Lithium citrate solution Lithium ER tablet | PA Required Non-preferred brand name medications do not require a prior authorization when the equivalent generic is preferred and "dispense as written" is indicated on the prescription. LITHOBID ER (lithium ER) tablet | Non-preferred products may be approved with trial and failure of one preferred agent (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 6-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, significant drug-drug interactions, intolerance to dosage form). Members currently stabilized on a non-preferred product may receive approval to continue therapy with that product. | |
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: NEUROCOGNITIV | TE DISORDER AGENTS -Effective 4/1/2025 | |
| *Must meet eligibility criteria *Donepezil 5mg, 10mg tablet *Donepezil ODT *Galantamine IR tablet *Memantine IR tablet, dose pack *Memantine ER capsule *Rivastigmine capsule, patch | Non-Preferred PA Required ADLARITY (donepezil) patch ARICEPT (donepezil) tablet Donepezil 23mg tablet EXELON (rivastigmine) patch Galantamine solution, ER capsule Memantine IR solution MESTINON (pyridostigmine) IR/ER tablet, syrup Nemantine/donepezil ER capsule, NAMZARIC (memantine/donepezil ER) capsule, dost pack Pyridostigmine syrup, IR/ER tablet | *Eligibility criteria for Preferred Agents – Preferred products may be approved for a diagnosis of neurocognitive disorder (eligible for AutoPA automated approval). Non-preferred products may be approved if the member has failed treatment with one of the preferred products in the last 12 months. (Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions) Members currently stabilized on a non-preferred product may receive approval to continue on that agent for one year if medically necessary and if there is a diagnosis of neurocognitive disorder. | |
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: SEDATIV | E HYPNOTICS -Effective 4/1/2025 | |

| | N |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| Preferred No PA Required* (Unless age, dose, or | Non-Preferred PA Required |
| duplication criteria apply) | AMBIEN (zolpidem) tablet |
| Eszopiclone tablet | AMBIEN CR (zolpidem ER) tablet |
| Ramelteon tablet | BELSOMRA (suvorexant) tablet |
| Zaleplon capsule | DAYVIGO (lemoborexant) tablet |
| Zolpidem IR, ER tablet | Doxepin tablet |
| | EDLUAR (zolpidem) SL tablet |
| | HETLIOZ (tasimelteon) capsule |
| | HETLIOZ LQ (tasimelteon) suspension |
| | LUNESTA (eszopiclone) tablet |
| | QUVIVIQ (daridorexant) tablet |
| | ROZEREM (ramelteon) tablet |
| | SILENOR (doxepin) tablet |
| | Tasimelteon capsule |
| | Zolpidem capsule, SL tablet |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

Non-Benzodiazepines

Non-preferred non-benzodiazepine sedative hypnotics may be approved for members who have failed treatment with two preferred non-benzodiazepine agents (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with a 2-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction).

<u>Children:</u> Prior authorization will be required for all agents for members < 18 years of age.

<u>Duplications</u>: Only one agent in the sedative hypnotic drug class will be approved at a time (concomitant use of agents in the same sedative hypnotic class or differing classes will not be approved).

All sedative hypnotics will require prior authorization for members \geq 65 years of age when exceeding 90 days of therapy.

Belsomra (suvorexant) may be approved for adult members that meet the following:

- Member has trialed and failed therapy with two preferred agents (failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction)
 AND
- Member is not receiving strong CYP3A4 inhibitors (such as erythromycin, clarithromycin, telithromycin, itraconazole, ketoconazole, posaconazole, fluconazole, voriconazole, delavirdine, and milk thistle) or strong CYP3A4 inducers (such as carbamazepine, oxcarbazepine, phenobarbital, phenytoin, rifampin, rifabutin, rifapentine, dexamethasone, efavirenz, etravirine, nevirapine, darunavir/ritonavir, ritonavir, and St John's Wort) AND
- Member does not have a diagnosis of narcolepsy

Dayvigo (lemborexant) may be approved for adult member that meet the following:

- Member has trialed and failed therapy with two preferred agents AND Belsomra (surovexant). Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction AND
- Member is not receiving strong CYP3A4 inhibitors (such as erythromycin, clarithromycin, telithromycin, itraconazole, ketoconazole, posaconazole, fluconazole, voriconazole, delavirdine, and milk thistle) or strong CYP3A4 inducers (such as carbamazepine, oxcarbazepine, phenobarbital, phenytoin, rifampin, rifabutin, rifapentine, dexamethasone, efavirenz, etravirine, nevirapine, darunavir/ritonavir, ritonavir, and St John's Wort) AND
- Member does not have a diagnosis of narcolepsy

Hetlioz (tasimelteon) capsules may be approved for members meeting the following criteria:

- Member is ≥18 years of age and has a documented diagnosis of Non-24-hour sleep wake disorder (Non-24) OR
- Member is ≥16 years of age and has a documented diagnosis of nighttime sleep disturbances in Smith-Magenis syndrome (SMS)
 AND

| | | The requested medication is being prescribed by a sleep specialist or a practitioner who has sufficient education and experience to safely prescribe tasimelteon Hetlioz LQ (tasimelteon) oral suspension may be approved for members meeting the following criteria: Member is 3 to 15 years of age and has a documented diagnosis of nighttime sleep disturbances in Smith-Magenis Syndrome (SMS) AND the requested medication is being prescribed by a sleep specialist or a practitioner who has sufficient education and experience to safely prescribe tasimelteon. Silenor (doxepin) may be approved for adult members that meet ONE of the following criteria: Member has tried and failed two preferred oral sedative hypnotics (Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction) OR Provider attests to the medical necessity of prescribing individual doxepin doses of less than 10 mg, OR Member's age is ≥ 65 years Prior authorization will be required for prescribed doses exceeding maximum (Table 1) below. |
|---|--|---|
| | | Benzodiazepines |
| Preferred No PA Required* (Unless age, dose, or duplication criteria apply) Temazepam 15mg, 30mg capsule Triazolam tablet | Non-Preferred PA Required DORAL (quazepam) tablet Estazolam tablet Flurazepam capsule HALCION (triazolam) tablet Quazepam tablet RESTORIL (temazepam) capsule Temazepam 7.5mg, 22.5mg capsule | Non-preferred benzodiazepine sedative hypnotics may be approved for members who have trialed and failed therapy with two preferred benzodiazepine agents (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with a 2-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction). Temazepam 22.5 mg may be approved if the member has trialed and failed temazepam 15mg or 30mg AND one other preferred product (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with a 2-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction). Temazepam 7.5 mg may be approved if provider attests to the medical necessity of prescribing individual temazepam doses of less than 15 mg. Children: Prior authorization will be required for all sedative hypnotic agents when prescribed for members < 18 years of age. Duplications: Only one agent in the sedative hypnotic drug class will be approved at a time (concomitant use of agents in the same sedative hypnotic class or differing classes will not be approved). All sedative hypnotics will require prior authorization for member's ≥ 65 years of age when exceeding 90 days of therapy. Members currently stabilized on a non-preferred benzodiazepine medication may receive authorization to continue that medication. |

| Prior authorization will be required for prescribed doses exceedi | ang maximum | (Table I). |
|---|-------------|------------|
|---|-------------|------------|

| Table 1: Sedative Hypnotic Maximum Dosing | | |
|---|---------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Brand | Generic | Maximum Dose |
| | | Non-Benzodiazepine |
| Ambien CR | Zolpidem CR | 12.5 mg/day |
| Ambien IR | Zolpidem IR | 10 mg/day |
| Belsomra | Suvorexant | 20 mg/day |
| Dayvigo | Lemborexant | 10 mg/day |
| Edluar | Zolpidem sublingual | 10 mg/day |
| - | Zolpidem sublingual | Men: 3.5mg/day Women: 1.75 mg/day |
| Hetlioz | Tasimelteon capsule | 20 mg/day |
| Hetlioz LQ | Tasimelteon liquid | ≤ 28 kg: 0.7 mg/kg/day |
| | | > 28 kg: 20 mg/day |
| Lunesta | Eszopiclone | 3 mg/day |
| Quviviq | Daridorexant | 50 mg/day |
| - | Zaleplon | 20 mg/day |
| Rozerem | Ramelteon | 8 mg/day |
| Benzodiazepine | | |
| Halcion | Triazolam | 0.5 mg/day |
| Restoril | Temazepam | 30 mg/day |
| Silenor | Doxepin | 6mg/day |
| - | Estazolam | 2 mg/day |
| - | Flurazepam | 30 mg/day |
| Doral | Quazepam | 15 mg/day |

| | Therapeutic Drug Class: SKELETAL MUSCLE RELAXANTS -Effective 4/1/2025 | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| No PA Required | PA Required | | | |
| (*if under 65 years of age) | | All agents in this class will require a PA for members 65 years of age and older. The | | |
| | AMRIX ER (cyclobenzaprine ER) capsule | maximum allowable approval will be for a 7-day supply. | | |
| Baclofen tablet | | | | |
| | Baclofen solution, suspension | Authorization for any CARISOPRODOL product will be given for a maximum 3-week | | |
| Cyclobenzaprine tablet | _ | one-time authorization for members with acute, painful musculoskeletal conditions who | | |
| | Carisoprodol tablet | have failed treatment with three preferred products within the last 6 months. | | |
| Methocarbamol tablet | | | | |
| | Carisoprodol/Aspirin tablet | *Dantrolene may be approved for members who have trialed and failed‡ one preferred | | |
| Tizanidine tablet | | agent and meet the following criteria: | | |
| | Chlorzoxazone tablet | Documentation of age-appropriate liver function tests AND | | |
| | | • One of following diagnoses: Multiple Sclerosis, Cerebral Palsy, stroke, upper motor | | |
| | Cyclobenzaprine ER capsule | neuron disorder, or spinal cord injury | | |
| | | Dantrolene will be approved for the period of one year | | |

| Preferred *No PA Required (if age, max daily dose, and diagnosis met) | Non-Preferred PA Required |
|---|---|
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: STIMULA! |
| | ZANAFLEX (tizanidine) capsule, tablet |
| | Tizanidine capsule |
| | SOMA (carisoprodol) tablet |
| | Orphenadrine/Aspirin/Caffeine tablet |
| | Orphenadrine ER tablet |
| | NORGESIC/NORGESIC FORTE (orphenadrine/aspirin/ caffeine) tablet |
| | Metaxalone tablet |
| | LYVISPAH (baclofen) granules |
| | LORZONE (chlorzoxazone) tablet |
| | FLEQSUVY (baclofen) solution |
| | FEXMID (cyclobenzaprine) tablet |
| | *Dantrolene capsule |
| | DANTRIUM (dantrolene) capsule |

If a member is stabilized on dantrolene, they may continue to receive approval

All other non-preferred skeletal muscle relaxants may be approved for members who have trialed and failed‡ three preferred agents. ‡Failure is defined as: lack of efficacy with 14-day trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, contraindication to, or significant drugdrug interactions.

NTS AND RELATED AGENTS -Effective 4/1/2025

daily dose, and diagnosis met)

Brand/generic changes effective 08/08/2024

Amphetamine salts, mixed ER (generic Adderall XR) capsule

Amphetamine salts, mixed (generic Adderall IR) tablet

Armodafinil tablet

Atomoxetine capsule

Clonidine ER tablet

ADDERALL IR (amphetamine salts, mixed IR) tablet

ADDERALL XR (amphetamine salts, mixed ER) capsule

ADZENYS XR-ODT (amphetamine)

Amphetamine tablet (generic Evekeo)

APTENSIO XR (methylphenidate ER) capsule

AZSTARYS (serdexmethylphenidate/ dexmethylphenidate) capsule

*Preferred medications may be approved through AutoPA for indications listed in Table 1 (preferred medications may also receive approval for off-label use for fatigue associated with multiple sclerosis).

Non-preferred medications may be approved for members meeting the following criteria (for Sunosi (solriamfetol) and Wakix (pitolisant), refer to specific criteria listed below):

- Prescription meets indication/age limitation criteria (Table 1) AND
- If member is ≥ 6 years of age:
 - Has documented trial and failure! with three preferred products in the last 24 months AND
 - If the member is unable to swallow solid oral dosage forms, two of the trials must be methylphenidate solution, dexmethylphenidate ER, Vyvanse, Adderall XR, or any other preferred product that can be taken without the need to swallow a whole capsule.

OR

If member is 3–5 years of age:

| DAYTRANA ^{BNR} | CO |
|---|-----------|
| (methylphenidate) patch | CO' |
| Dexmethylphenidate IR tablet | DE |
| Dexmethylphenidate ER capsule | DE: |
| Guanfacine ER tablet | Dex |
| Methylphenidate (generic Methylin/Ritalin) solution, tablet | DY ta |
| | EV |
| Methylphenidate ER tablet (generic Concerta) | FO |
| Modafinil tablet | |
| VYVANSE ^{BNR} | INT |
| (lisdexamfetamine) capsule | JOF |
| | Liso |
| | Met |
| | ME |
| | Met |
| | |
| | MY |
| | NU |
| | ON PRO |
| | PRO |
| | OE |

COTEMPLA XR-ODT (methylphenidate ER)

DESOXYN (methamphetamine) tablet

DEXEDRINE (dextroamphetamine) Spansule

Dextroamphetamine ER capsule, solution, tablet

DYANAVEL XR (amphetamine) suspension, tablet

EVEKEO (amphetamine) ODT, tablet

FOCALIN (dexmethylphenidate) tablet, XR capsule

INTUNIV (guanfacine ER) tablet

JORNAY PM (methylphenidate) capsule

Lisdexamfetamine capsule, chewable tablet

Methamphetamine tablet

METHYLIN (methylphenidate) solution

Methylphenidate CD/ER/LA capsule, chewable tablet, ER tablet (generic Relexxi/Ritalin), patch

MYDAYIS ER (dextroamphetamine/ amphetamine) capsule

NUVIGIL (armodafinil) tablet

ONYDA XR (clonidine) suspension PROCENTRA (dextroamphetamine) solution

PROVIGIL (modafinil) tablet

QELBREE (viloxazine ER) capsule

- O Has documented trial and failure; with one preferred product in the last 24 months **AND**
- If the member is unable to swallow solid oral dosage forms, the trial
 must be methylphenidate solution, dexmethylphenidate ER, Vyvanse,
 Adderall XR, or any other preferred product that can be taken without
 the need to swallow a whole capsule.

SUNOSI (solriamfetol) prior authorization may be approved if member meets the following criteria:

- Member is 18 years of age or older AND
- Member has diagnosis of either narcolepsy or obstructive sleep apnea (OSA) and is experiencing excessive daytime sleepiness AND
- Member does not have end stage renal disease AND
- If Sunosi is being prescribed for OSA, member has 1 month trial of CPAP AND
- Member has trial and failure[‡] of modafinil AND armodafinil AND one other agent in stimulant PDL class.

WAKIX (pitolisant) prior authorization may be approved if member meets the following criteria:

- Member is 6 years of age or older AND
- Member has diagnosis of narcolepsy and is experiencing excessive daytime sleepiness **AND**
- Member does not have end stage renal disease (eGFR <15 mL/minute) **AND**
- Member does not have severe hepatic impairment AND
- Member has trial and failure[‡] of modafinil AND armodafinil AND one other agent in the stimulant PDL class AND
- Member has been counseled that Wakix may reduce the efficacy of hormonal contraceptives and counseled regarding use of an alternative non-hormonal method of contraception during Wakix therapy and for at least 21 days after discontinuing treatment.

Maximum Dose (all products): See Table 2

Exceeding Maximum Dose: Prior authorization may be approved for doses that are higher than the listed maximum dose (Table 2) for members meeting the following criteria:

- Member is taking medication for indicated use listed in Table 1 AND
- Member has 30-day trial and failure[‡] of three different preferred or nonpreferred agents at maximum doses listed in Table 2 AND
- Documentation of member's symptom response to maximum doses of three other agents is provided AND
- Member is not taking a sedative hypnotic medication (such as temazepam, triazolam, or zolpidem from the Sedative Hypnotic PDL class).

| QUILLICHEW ER (methylphenidate) chewable tablet, XR suspension | ‡Failure is defined as: lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. |
|--|--|
| RELEXXII (methylphenidate ER) tablet | |
| RITALIN (methylphenidate) IR/ER tablet, ER capsule | |
| STRATTERA (atomoxetine) capsule | |
| SUNOSI (solriamfetol) tablet | |
| VYVANSE (lisdexamfetamine) chewable tablet | |
| WAKIX (pitolisant) tablet | |
| XELSTRYM (dextroamphetamine) patch | |
| ZENZEDI (dextroamphetamine) tablet | |

Table 1: Diagnosis and Age Limitations

- Approval for medically accepted indications <u>not</u> listed in Table 1 may be given with prior authorization review and may require submission of peer-reviewed literature or medical compendia showing safety and efficacy of the medication used for the prescribed indication.
- Preferred medications may also receive approval for off-label use for fatigue associated with multiple sclerosis if meeting all other criteria for approval.
- Bolded drug names are preferred (subject to preferential coverage changes for brand/generic equivalents)

| Drug | Diagnosis and Age Limitations | |
|--|--|--|
| Stimulants-Immediate Release | | |
| Amphetamine sulfate (EVEKEO) | ADHD (Age ≥ 3 years), Narcolepsy (Age ≥ 6 years) | |
| Dexmethylphenidate IR (FOCALIN) | ADHD (Age \geq 6 years) | |
| Dextroamphetamine IR tablet (ZENZEDI) | ADHD (Age 3 to16 years), Narcolepsy (Age ≥ 6 years) | |
| Dextroamphetamine solution (PROCENTRA) | ADHD (Age 3 to 16 years), Narcolepsy (Age ≥ 6 years) | |
| Methamphetamine (DESOXYN) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years) | |
| methylphenidate IR (generic METHYLIN, RITALIN) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years[†]), Narcolepsy (Age ≥ 6 years), OSA. [†]Prior Authorization for members 3-6 years of age with a diagnosis of ADHD may be approved with prescriber attestation to the following: Member's symptoms have not significantly improved despite adequate behavior interventions AND Member experiences moderate-to-severe continued disturbance in functioning AND Prescriber has determined that the potential benefits of starting methylphenidate before the age of 6 years outweigh the potential harm of delaying treatment. | |
| Mixed amphetamine salts IR (generic ADDERALL) | ADHD (Age ≥ 3 years), Narcolepsy (Age ≥ 6 years) | |

| | Stimulants –Extended-Release | |
|--|---|--|
| Amphetamine ER (ADZENYS XR-ODT and ADZENYS ER suspension) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years) | |
| Amphetamine ER (DYANAVEL XR) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years) | |
| Mixedamphetamine salts ER (ADDERALL XR) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years) | |
| Dexmethylphenidate ER (generic Focalin XR) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years) | |
| Dextroamphetamine ER (DEXEDRINE) | ADHD (Age 6 to 16 years), Narcolepsy (Age ≥ 6 years) | |
| Dextroamphetamine ER/amphetamine ER (MYDAYIS ER) | ADHD (Age ≥ 13 years) | |
| Dextroamphetamine ER patch (XELSTRYM) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years) | |
| Lisdexamfetamine dimesylate (VYVANSE capsule , Vyvanse chewable) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years), Moderate to severe binge eating disorder in adults (Age ≥ 18 years) | |
| Methylphenidate ER OROS (CONCERTA) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years), Narcolepsy (Age ≥ 6 years), OSA | |
| Methylphenidate patch (DAYTRANA) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years) | |
| Methylphenidate SR (METADATE ER) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years), Narcolepsy (Age ≥ 6 years) | |
| Methylphenidate ER (METADATE CD) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years) | |
| Methylphenidate ER (QUILLICHEW ER) | ADHD (Age 6 years to ≤ 65 years), Narcolepsy (Age ≥ 6 years) | |
| Methylphenidate ER (QUILLIVANT XR) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years), Narcolepsy (Age ≥ 6 years) | |
| Methylphenidate ER (RELEXXI ER) | ADHD (Age 6 to 65 years) | |
| Methylphenidate ER (RITALIN LA) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years) [†] Prior Authorization for members 4-6 years of age with a diagnosis of ADHD may be approved with prescriber attestation to the following: • Member's symptoms have not significantly improved despite adequate behavior interventions AND • Member experiences moderate-to-severe continued disturbance in functioning AND Prescriber has determined that the potential benefits of starting methylphenidate before the age of 6 years outweigh the potential harm of delaying treatment. | |
| Methylphenidate ER (ADHANSIA XR) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years) | |
| Methylphenidate ER (JORNAY PM) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years) | |
| Methylphenidate XR (APTENSIO XR) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years) | |
| Methylphenidate XR ODT (COTEMPLA XR-ODT) | ADHD (Age 6 to 17 years) | |
| Serdexmethylphenidate/dexmethylphenidate (AZSTARYS) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years) | |
| Non-Stimulants | | |
| Atomoxetine (generic STRATTERA) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years) | |
| Clonidine ER | ADHD as monotherapy or adjunctive therapy to stimulants (Age ≥ 6 years) | |
| Guanfacine ER (generic INTUNIV) | ADHD as monotherapy or adjunctive therapy to stimulants (Age ≥ 6 years) | |
| Viloxazine ER (QELBREE) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years) | |

| Wakefulness-promoting Agents | | |
|---|--|--|
| Armodafinil (generic NUVIGIL) Excessive sleepiness associated with narcolepsy, OSA, SWD, and adjunct therapy to treat fatigue a sleepiness in patients with major depressive disorder (MDD) (Age ≥ 18 years) | | |
| Modafinil (PROVIGIL) | Excessive sleepiness associated with narcolepsy, OSA, SWD, and adjunct therapy to treat fatigue and sleepiness in patients with major depressive disorder (MDD), antipsychotic medication-related fatigue (Age ≥ 18 years) | |
| Pitolisant (WAKIX) Excessive sleepiness associated with narcolepsy (Age ≥ 6 years) | | |
| Solriamfetol (SUNOSI) | Excessive sleepiness associated with narcolepsy, OSA (Age ≥ 18 years) | |
| KEY: ADHD –attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder, OSA –obstructive sleep apnea, SWD –shift work disorder | | |

| Table 2: Maximum Dose | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| Drug | Maximum Daily Dose | |
| ADDERALL | 60 mg | |
| ADDERALL XR | 60 mg | |
| ADHANSIA XR | 85 mg | |
| ADZENYS XR ODT | 18.8 mg (age 6-12) | |
| ADZENYS ER SUSPENSION | 12.5 mg (age \ge 13) | |
| AMPHETAMINE SALTS | 40 mg | |
| APTENSIO XR | 60 mg | |
| CONCERTA | 54 mg (age 6-12) or 72 mg (≥ age 13) | |
| AZSTARYS | 52.3 mg serdexmethylphenidate and | |
| AZSTAKTS | 10.4 mg dexmethylphenidate | |
| CLONIDINE ER | 0.4 mg | |
| COTEMPLA XR-ODT | 51.8 mg | |
| DEXTROAMPHETAMINE ER | 60 mg | |
| DAYTRANA | 30 mg/9 hour patch (3.3 mg/hr) | |
| DESOXYN | 25 mg | |
| DEXEDRINE | 60 mg | |
| DYANAVEL XR | 20 mg | |
| EVEKEO | 60 mg | |
| FOCALIN | 20 mg | |
| FOCALIN XR | 40 mg | |
| GUANFACINE ER | 4 mg (age 6-12) or 7 mg (age ≥ 13) | |
| INTUNIV ER | 4 mg (age 6-12) or 7 mg (age ≥ 13) | |
| JORNAY PM | 100 mg | |
| METADATE CD | 60 mg | |
| METADATE ER | 60 mg | |
| METHYLIN | 60 mg | |
| METHYLIN ER | 60 mg | |
| METHYLIN SUSPENSION | 60 mg | |
| METHYLPHENIDATE | 60 mg | |
| METHYLPHENIDATE ER | 60 mg | |

| MYDAYIS ER | 25 mg (age 13-17) or 50 mg (age \ge 18) |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| NUVIGIL | 250 mg |
| PROCENTRA | 60 mg |
| PROVIGIL | 400 mg |
| QELBREE | $400 \text{ mg (age 6-17) or } 600 \text{ mg (age } \ge 18)$ |
| QUILLICHEW ER | 60 mg |
| QUILLIVANT XR | 60 mg |
| RELEXXII | 54 mg (ages 6-12) or 72 mg (≥ age 13) |
| RITALIN IR | 60 mg |
| RITALIN SR | 60 mg |
| RITALIN LA | 60 mg |
| STRATTERA | 100mg |
| SUNOSI | 150 mg |
| VYVANSE CAPSULES AND CHEWABLE TABLETS | 70 mg |
| WAKIX | 35.6 mg |
| XELSTRYM ER PATCH | 18 mg/9 hours |
| ZENZEDI | 60 mg |
| | |

PA Required

No PA Required

| Therapeutic Drug Class: TRIPTANS, DITANS AND OTHER MIGRAINE TREATMENTS - Oral -Effective 4/1/2025 | | | |
|---|---|---|--|
| No PA Required | PA Required | Reyvow (lasmiditan) may be approved if meeting the f | following: |
| (Quantity limits may apply) | | Member has trialed and failed three preferred j | products OR member is unable to |
| | Almotriptan tablet | use triptan therapy due to cardiovascular risk f | actors |
| Eletriptan tablet (generic Relpax) | | AND | |
| | FROVA (frovatriptan) tablet | Member has trialed and failed two preferred ag | C |
| Naratriptan tablet (generic | | class indicated for the acute treatment of migra | aine. |
| Amerge) | Frovatriptan tablet | | |
| Districtor tablet ODT (service | IMITDEY (sugardinten) toldet | All other non-preferred oral products may be approved | |
| Rizatriptan tablet, ODT (generic | IMITREX (sumatriptan) tablet | and failed three preferred oral products. Failure is defin | • |
| Maxalt) | MAXALT/MAXALT MLT (rizatriptan) tablet, | week trial, allergy, documented contraindication to ther | apy, intolerable side effects, or |
| Sumatriptan tablet (generic | ODT | significant drug-drug interaction. | |
| Imitrex) | | Quantity Limits: | |
| | RELPAX (eletriptan) tablet | Amerge (naratriptan), Frova (frovatriptan), Imitrex | 9 tabs/30 days |
| Zolmitriptan tablet (generic | (*** 1 ***) **** | (sumatriptan), Zomig (zolmitriptan) | 7 tabs/30 days |
| Zomig) | REYVOW (lasmiditan) tablet | Treximet (sumatriptan/naproxen) | 9 tabs/30 days |
| | | Axert (almotriptan) and Relpax (eletriptan) | 6 tabs/30 days |
| | Sumatriptan/Naproxen tablet | Maxalt (rizatriptan) | 12 tabs/30 days |
| | | Reyvow (lasmiditan) | 8 tabs/30 days |
| | Zolmitriptan ODT | | |
| | 70) 100 (1 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 2 2 | | |
| | ZOMIG (zolmitriptan) tablet | | |
| | 1 | T . | |

Therapeutic Drug Class: TRIPTANS, DITANS, AND OTHER MIGRAINE TREATMENTS - Non-Oral -Effective 4/1/2025

| (Quantity limits may apply) IMITREX (sumatriptan) nasal spray | Dihydroergotamine injection, nasal spray IMITREX (sumatriptan) cartridge, pen injector |
|--|---|
| Sumatriptan cartridge, pen injector MIGRANAL ^{BNR} (dihydroergotamine) nasal spray | TOSYMRA (sumatriptan) nasal spray TRUDHESA (dihydroergotamine) nasal spray ZEMBRACE SYMTOUCH (sumatriptan) auto- injector |
| Sumatriptan nasal spray*, vial | Zolmitriptan nasal spray ZOMIG (zolmitriptan) nasal spray |

Zembrace Symtouch injection, Tosymra nasal spray, or Onzetra Xsail nasal powder may be approved for members who have trialed and failed one preferred non-oral triptan products AND two oral triptan agents with different active ingredients. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, significant drugdrug interaction, or documented inability to take alternative dosage form.

All other non-preferred products may be approved for members who have trialed and failed one preferred non-oral triptan product AND one preferred oral triptan product. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions, documented inability to tolerate dosage form.

Quantity Limits:

| Dihydroergotamine mesylate vial 1mg/mL | 24 vials/ 28 days |
|---|----------------------------------|
| Imitrex (sumatriptan) injection | 4 injectors / 30 days |
| Imitrex (sumatriptan) nasal spray | 6 inhalers / 30 days |
| Migranal (dihydroergotamine mesylate) | 8 nasal spray devices/ 30 days |
| nasal spray | |
| Onzetra Xsail (sumatriptan) nasal powder | 16 nosepieces / 30 days |
| Tosymra (sumatriptan) nasal spray | 12 nasal spray devices / 30 days |
| Zembrace Symtouch (sumatriptan) injection | 36mg / 30 days |
| Zomig (zolmitriptan) nasal spray | 6 inhalers / 30 days |

Members currently utilizing a non-oral dihydroergotamine product formulation (based on recent claims history) may receive one year approval to continue therapy with that medication.

V. Dermatological

| O | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Therapeutic Drug Class: ACNE AGENTS– Topical -Effective 7/1/202 | | | | |
| Preferred | Non-Preferred | Authorization for all acne agents prescribed | | |
| No PA Required (if age and | PA Required | approved. | | |
| diagnosis criteria are met*) | | | | |
| *Adapalene gel | ACANYA (clindamycin/benzoyl peroxide) gel, pump | Preferred topical clindamycin and erythrom verification of ICD-10 diagnosis code for accomedonal acne, disorders of keratinization | | |
| *Adapalene/benzoyl peroxide gel (generic Epiduo), gel pump | Adapalene cream, gel pump, solution | suppurativa, or perioral dermatitis (erythron clindamycin and erythromycin products for | | |
| (generic Epiduo Forte) | ALTRENO (tretinoin) lotion | considered following clinical prior authoriza | | |
| *Clindamycin phosphate gel, | ARAZLO (tazarotene) lotion | All other preferred topical acne agents may • For members > 25 years of age, ma | | |
| swab/pledget | ATRALIN (tretinoin) gel | verification that the medication is r | | |
| *Clindamycin/benzoyl peroxide | BENZAMYCIN (erythromycin/benzoyl peroxide) | cystic acne, disorders of keratinizat | | |
| | No PA Required (if age and diagnosis criteria are met*) *Adapalene gel *Adapalene/benzoyl peroxide gel (generic Epiduo), gel pump (generic Epiduo Forte) *Clindamycin phosphate gel, lotion, solution, medicated swab/pledget | Preferred No PA Required (if age and diagnosis criteria are met*) *Adapalene gel *Adapalene/benzoyl peroxide gel (generic Epiduo), gel pump (generic Epiduo Forte) *Clindamycin phosphate gel, lotion, solution, medicated swab/pledget *Clindamycin/benzoyl peroxide *Clindamycin/benzoyl peroxide BENZAMYCIN (erythromycin/benzoyl peroxide) | | |

Authorization for all acne agents prescribed solely for cosmetic purposes will not be approved.

Preferred topical clindamycin and erythromycin products may be approved by AutoPA verification of ICD-10 diagnosis code for acne vulgaris, psoriasis, cystic acne, comedonal acne, disorders of keratinization, neoplasms, folliculitis, hidradenitis suppurativa, or perioral dermatitis (erythromycin only). Approval of preferred topical clindamycin and erythromycin products for other medically accepted indications may be considered following clinical prior authorization review by a call center pharmacist.

All other preferred topical acne agents may be approved if meeting the following criteria:

For members > 25 years of age, may be approved following prescriber verification that the medication is not being utilized for cosmetic purposes AND prescriber verification that the indicated use is for acne vulgaris, psoriasis, cystic acne, disorders of keratinization, neoplasms, or comedonal acne. These

| *Clindamycin/benzoyl peroxide gel tube (generic Duac) |
|--|
| *Dapsone gel |
| *Erythromycin solution |
| *Erythromycin/Benzoyl peroxido gel (generic Benzamycin) |

*Sulfacetamide sodium suspension

*Sulfacetamide sodium/sulfur cleanser.

*RETIN-ABNR (tretinoin) cream, gel

BP (sulfacetamide sodium/sulfur/urea) cleansing wash

CABTREO (adapalene/benzoyl peroxide/clindamycin) gel

CLEOCIN-T (clindamycin) lotion

CLINDACIN ETZ/PAC (clindamycin phosphate) kit

CLINDAGEL gel

Clindamycin phosphate foam

Clindamycin/Benzoyl peroxide gel pump

Clindamycin/tretinoin gel

Dapsone gel pump

ERY/ERYGEL (erythromycin/ethanol) gel, medicated swabs/pads

Erythromycin gel

EVOCLIN (clindamycin) foam

FABIOR (tazarotene) foam

KLARON (sulfacetamide) suspension

NEUAC (clindamycin/benzoyl peroxide/emollient) kit

ONEXTON (clindamycin/benzoyl peroxide) gel, gel pump

RETIN-A MICRO (tretinoin) (all products)

ROSULA (sulfacetamide sodium/sulfur) cloths, wash

SSS 10-5 (sulfacetamide sodium/sulfur) foam

- medications are only eligible for prior authorization approval for the aforementioned diagnoses.
- For members ≤ 25 years of age, may be approved for a diagnosis of acne vulgaris, psoriasis, cystic acne, disorders of keratinization, neoplasms, or comedonal acne. Diagnosis will be verified through automated verification (AutoPA) of the appropriate corresponding ICD-10 diagnosis code related to the indicated use of the medication.

Non-preferred topical products may be approved for members meeting all of the following criteria:

- Member has trialed/failed three preferred topical products with different mechanisms (such as tretinoin, antibiotic). Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction AND
- Prescriber verification that the medication is being prescribed for one of the following diagnoses: acne vulgaris, psoriasis, cystic acne, disorders of keratinization, neoplasms, or comedonal acne.

| | Sulfacetamide sodium cleanser, cleansing gel, lotion, shampoo, wash Sulfacetamide sodium/sulfur cream, pad, suspension, wash SUMADAN/XLT (sulfacetamide sodium/sulfur) | |
|---|--|--|
| | kit, wash SUMAXIN/ CP/TS (sulfacetamide sodium/sulfur) kit, pads, suspension, wash | |
| | Tazarotene cream, foam, gel | |
| | Tretinoin (all products) | |
| | Tretinoin microspheres (all products) | |
| | WINLEVI (clascoterone) cream | |
| | ZIANA (clindamycin/tretinoin) gel | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | · | ORAL ISOTRETINOIN -Effective 7/1/2024 |
| | Required for all agents | Preferred products may be approved for adults and children ≥ 12 years of age for treating |
| Preferred | Non-Preferred | severe acne vulgaris or for treating moderate acne vulgaris in members unresponsive to conventional therapy. |
| AMNESTEEM capsule | ABSORICA capsule | Ton tonical distribution |
| CLARAVIS capsule | ABSORICA LD capsule | Non-preferred products may be approved for members meeting the following: • Member has trialed/failed one preferred agent (failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction) |
| Isotretinoin 10 mg, 20 mg, 30 | Isotretinoin 10 mg, 20 mg, 30 mg, 40 mg capsule | AND |
| mg, 40 mg capsule (Mayne- Pharma, Upsher-Smith, Zydus only) | (All manufacturers except Mayne- Pharma, Upsher-Smith, Zydus) | Member is an adult or child ≥ 12 years of age with severe, recalcitrant nodulocystic acne and has been unresponsive to conventional therapy. |
| | Isotretinoin 25 mg, 35 mg capsule | |
| ZENATANE capsule | MYORISAN capsule | |
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: ANTI-PS O | DRIATICS - Oral -Effective 7/1/2024 |
| No PA Required | PA Required | |
| Acitretin capsule | Methoxsalen capsule | Prior authorization for non-preferred oral agents may be approved with failure of two preferred anti-psoriatic agents, one of which must be a preferred oral agent. Failure is |

| | | defined as lack of efficacy of a 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interaction. |
|---|--|--|
| | | RIATICS -Topical -Effective 7/1/2024 |
| No PA Required Calcipotriene cream, solution TACLONEX SCALP BNR (calcipotriene/betamethasone) suspension TACLONEX (calcipotriene/betamethasone) ointment | Therapeutic Drug Class: ANTI-PSO PA Required Calcipotriene foam, ointment Calcipotriene/betamethasone dipropionate ointment, suspension Calcitriol ointment DUOBRII (halobetasol/tazarotene) lotion ENSTILAR (calcipotriene/betamethasone) foam SORILUX (calcipotriene) foam VTAMA (tapinarof) cream ZORYVE 0.3% (roflumilast) cream | ZORYVE (roflumilast) may receive approval if meeting the following based on prescribed indication: Seborrheic dermatitis (0.3% foam formulation) • Member is ≥ 9 years of age AND • Member has a diagnosis of seborrheic dermatitis AND • Member does not have moderate or severe hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh B or C) AND • Medication is being prescribed by or in consultation with a dermatologist AND • If the affected area is limited to the scalp: ○ Prescriber attests that member has been counseled regarding alternative treatment options, including over-the-counter (OTC) antifungal shampoo (such as selenium sulfide, zinc pyrithione) and OTC coal tar shampoo, when appropriate) AND ○ Member has documented trial and failure (with a minimum 2-week treatment period) of at least one prescription product for seborrheic dermatitis, such as ketoconazole 2% antifungal shampoo or a topical corticosteroid. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interaction. • If the affected area includes the face or body: Member has documented trial and failure (with a minimum 2-week treatment period) with at least one product from ALL of the following categories (Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interaction. |

AND

• Member has been counseled that Zoryve foam is flammable. Fire, flame, or smoking during and immediately following application must be avoided.

• Topical calcineurin inhibitor (such as pimecrolimus,

Topical corticosteroid

tacrolimus)

Plaque psoriasis (0.3% cream formulation) Member is ≥ 6 years of age AND Member has a diagnosis of plaque psoriasis AND

- Member has body surface area (BSA) involvement of ≤20% AND
- Member does not have moderate or severe hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh B or C) AND
- Medication is being prescribed by or in consultation with a dermatologist AND
- If the affected area is limited to the scalp:
 - Prescriber attests that member has been counseled regarding alternative treatment options, including over-the-counter (OTC) emollients, vitamin D analogs, and coal tar shampoo when appropriate

AND

- Member has documented trial and failure (with a minimum 2-week treatment period) of a topical corticosteroid. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interaction.
- If the affected area includes the face or body:
 - Member has documented trial and failure (with a minimum 2-week treatment period) of at least one product from ALL of the following categories. (Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interaction):
 - Topical corticosteroid
 - Topical calcineurin inhibitor (such as pimecrolimus, tacrolimus)

Quantity limit:

Foam or cream - 60 grams/30 days

<u>Initial approval:</u>

Foam or cream: 8 weeks

<u>Reauthorization</u>: Reauthorization for one year may be approved based on provider attestation that member's symptoms improved during the initial 8 weeks of treatment and continuation of therapy is justified.

| | | Prior authorization for all other non-preferred topical agents may be approved with failure of two preferred topical agents. If non-preferred topical agent being requested is a combination product, trial of two preferred agents must include a preferred combination agent. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy of a 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interaction. Preferred and non-preferred products that contain a corticosteroid ingredient (such as betamethasone) will be limited to 4 weeks of therapy. Continued use will require one week of steroid-free time in between treatment periods. Members with >30% of their body surface area affected may not use Enstilar (calcipotriene/betamethasone DP) foam or Taclonex (calcipotriene/betamethasone DP) ointment products as safety and efficacy have not been established. Members may not apply Zoryve (roflumilast) cream to >20% of affected body surface area, as safety and efficacy have not been established. |
|--|--|---|
| Therapeutic Drug Class: IMMUNOMODULATORS, TOPICAL – Effective 7/1/2024 | | |
| Atopic Dermatitis | | |

| | Therapeutic Drug Class: IMMUNOMODULATORS, TOPICAL – Effective 7/1/2024 | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|
| Atopic Dermatitis | | | | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | | | |
| ELIDEL (pimecrolimus) cream ^{BNR} Tacrolimus ointment | EUCRISA (crisaborole) ointment OPZELURA (ruxolitinib) cream Pimecrolimus cream ZORYVE (tapinarof) 0.15% cream, foam | EUCRISA (crisaborole) may be approved if the following criteria are met: Member is at least 3 months of age and older AND Member has a diagnosis of mild to moderate atopic dermatitis AND Member has a history of failure, contraindication, or intolerance to at least two medium-to high-potency topical corticosteroids for a minimum of 2 weeks OR is not a candidate for topical corticosteroids AND Member must have tried and failed pimecrolimus and tacrolimus. Failure is defined as a lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, contraindication to, or significant drug-drug interactions. AND Eucrisa (crisaborole) must be prescribed by or in consultation with a dermatologist or allergist/immunologist. OPZELURA (ruxolitinib) cream may be approved if the following criteria are met based on prescribed indication: Atopic Dermatitis | | |

- Member is ≥ 12 years of age AND
- Member is immunocompetent AND
- Member has a diagnosis of mild to moderate atopic dermatitis AND
- Member has body surface area (BSA) involvement of ≤20% AND
- Medication is being prescribed by or in consultation with a dermatologist or allergist/immunologist AND
- Member has a history of failure, contraindication, or intolerance to at least two medium-to high potency topical corticosteroids for a minimum of 2 weeks OR is not a candidate for topical corticosteroids AND
- Member must have trialed and failed twice-daily pimecrolimus and tacrolimus. Failure is
 - defined as a lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, contraindication to, or significant drug-drug interaction AND
- Member is not using Opzelura (ruxolitinib) cream along with a strong inhibitor of CYP3A4 (such as fluconazole ≥ 200 mg/day, ketoconazole, itraconazole, voriconazole, ritonavir) due to the potential for increased systemic exposure to ruxolitinib.

Nonsegmental Vitiligo

- Member is ≥ 12 years of age AND
- Member is immunocompetent AND
- Member has a diagnosis of stable nonsegmental vitiligo, defined as no increase in the size of existing lesions and the absence of new lesions in the previous 3 to 6 months, AND
- Medication is being prescribed by or in consultation with a dermatologist AND
- Member will be applying Opzelura (ruxolitinib) to ≤10% of body surface area (BSA) per application AND
- Member has a history of failure, contraindication, or intolerance to at least two medium-to high-potency topical corticosteroids for a minimum of 2 weeks OR is not a candidate for topical corticosteroids AND
- Member must have trialed and failed twice-daily pimecrolimus OR tacrolimus. Failure is defined as a lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, contraindication to, or significant drug-drug interaction AND
- Member is not using Opzelura (ruxolitinib) cream along with a strong inhibitor of CYP3A4 (such as fluconazole ≥ 200 mg/day, ketoconazole, itraconazole, voriconazole, ritonavir) due to the potential for increased systemic exposure to ruxolitinib.

Quantity limit: 60 grams/week

| | | All other non-preferred topical immunomodulator products may be approved for atopic dermatitis following adequate trial and failure; of one prescription topical corticosteroid AND two preferred agents. ‡Failure is defined as a lack of efficacy with one month trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, contraindication to, or significant drug-drug interactions. |
|---|--|--|
| | <u>. </u> | astic Agents |
| Preferred No PA Required (Unless indicated*) *Diclofenac 3% gel (generic Solaraze) Fluorouracil 5% cream (generic Efudex) Fluorouracil 2%, 5% solution | Non-Preferred PA Required Bexarotene gel CARAC (fluorouracil) cream EFUDEX (fluorouracil) cream Fluorouracil 0.5% (generic Carac) cream PANRETIN (alitretinoin) gel TARGRETIN (bexarotene) gel VALCHLOR (mechlorethamine) gel | *Diclofenac 3% gel (generic Solaraze) may be approved if the member has a diagnosis of actinic keratosis (AK). TARGRETIN (bexarotene) gel or VALCHLOR (mechlorethamine) gel may be approved for members who meet the following criteria: • Member is ≥ 18 years of age AND • Member has been diagnosed with Stage IA or IB cutaneous T-cell lymphoma (CTCL) AND • Member has refractory or persistent CTCL disease after other therapies OR has not tolerated other therapies AND • Member and partners have been counseled on appropriate use of contraception Non-preferred agents may be approved for members who have failed an adequate trial of all preferred products FDA-approved for that indication. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. |
| | Other | Agents |
| No PA Required Imiquimod (generic Aldara) cream Podofilox gel, solution | PA Required CONDYLOX (podofilox) gel HYFTOR (sirolimus) gel Imiquimod (generic Zyclara) cream, cream pump VEREGEN (sinecatechins) ointment ZYCLARA (imiquimod) cream, cream pump | Myftor (sirolimus) gel Member has a diagnosis of facial angiofibroma associated with tuberous sclerosis AND Member is ≥ 6 years of age AND Provider has evaluated, and member has received, all age-appropriate vaccinations as recommended by current immunization guidelines prior to initiating treatment with HYFTOR Initial approval: 6 months Reauthorization: An additional 6 months may be approved based on provider attestation that symptoms improved during the initial 6 months of treatment and the provider has assessed use of all vaccinations recommended by current immunization guidelines. Maximum dose: one 10-gram tube/28 days Veregen (sinecatechins) may be approved if the following criteria are met: Member has a diagnosis of external genital and/or perianal warts (Condylomata acuminata) AND |

| Azelaic acid gel (Sandoz only) | Azelaic acid gel (All other manufacturers) | Prior authorization for non-preferred products in this class may be approved if meeting the following criteria for the prescribed diagnosis: |
|--------------------------------|--|--|
| No PA Required | PA Required | ACEA AGENTS -Effective 7/1/2024 |
| | | Quantity Limits: Aldara (imiquimod) cream has a quantity limit of 12 packets/28 days. |
| | | All other non-preferred products may be approved for members who have trialed and failed all preferred products that are FDA-approved for use for the prescribed indication. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug drug interaction. |
| | | the following criteria are met: Member is ≥ 12 years of age AND Member has tried and failed two preferred products. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. |
| | | Antineoplastic Agents class (such as diclofenac gel or fluorouracil) AND the preferred imiquimod (generic Aldara) product. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. OR • Treatment of external genital and/or perianal warts (Condylomata acuminata) if |
| | | Member is ≥ 18 years of age AND Member is immunocompetent AND Member has tried and failed one preferred product from the |
| | | class (such as diclofenac gel or fluorouracil) AND the preferred imiquimod (generic Aldara) product. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. Zyclara (imiquimod) 3.75% cream may be approved for: • Treatment of clinically typical visible or palpable, actinic keratoses (AK) of the full face or balding scalp if the following criteria are met: |
| | | Zyclara (imiquimod) 2.5% cream may be approved if the following criteria are met: Member has a diagnosis of clinically typical visible or palpable actinic keratoses (AK) of the full face or balding scalp AND Member is ≥ 18 years of age AND Member is immunocompetent AND Member has tried and failed one preferred product in the Antineoplastic Agents |
| | | Member is ≥ 18 years of age AND Member is immunocompetent AND Member has tried and failed two preferred products. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. |

| FINACEA (azelaic acid) gel FINACEA (azelaic acid) foam Metronidazole cream, lotion Metronidazole 0.75% gel | Brimonidine gel pump *Doxycycline monohydrate DR capsule (generic Oracea) Ivermectin cream Metronidazole 1% gel, gel pump NORITATE (metronidazole) cream RHOFADE (oxymetazoline) cream ROSADAN (metronidazole/skin cleanser) cream kit, gel kit | Member has a diagnosis of persistent (non-transient) facial erythema with inflammatory papules and pustules due to rosacea AND Prescriber attests that medication is not being used solely for cosmetic purposes AND Member has tried and failed two preferred agents of different mechanisms of action (Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects) Demodex Blepharitis: Requests for non-preferred topical ivermectin cream may be approved for treatment of moderate to severe Demodex blepharitis *Doxycycline monohydrate DR (generic Oracea) may be approved if the following criteria are met: Member has taken generic doxycycline for a minimum of three months and failed therapy in the last 6 months. Failure is defined as: lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions AND Member has history of an adequate trial/failure (8 weeks) of 2 other preferred agents (oral or topical). Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions AND Member is ≥ 18 years of age and has been diagnosed with rosacea with inflammatory lesions (papules and pustules) |
|--|---|---|
| | Therepautic Drug Class: TODICA | L STEROIDS – Effective 7/1/2024 |
| | 1 6 | otency |
| No PA Required | PA Required | |
| DERMA-SMOOTHE-FS (fluocinolone) 0.01% body oil/scalp oil ^{BNR} | Alclometasone 0.05% cream, ointment CAPEX (fluocinolone) 0.01% shampoo | Non-preferred Low Potency topical corticosteroids may be approved following adequate trial and failure of two preferred agents in the Low Potency class (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions). |
| Desonide 0.05% cream, ointment | Desonide 0.05% lotion | |
| Fluocinolone 0.01% cream Hydrocortisone (Rx) cream, | Fluocinolone 0.01% body oil, 0.01% scalp oil, 0.01% solution | |
| lotion, ointment | PROCTOCORT (hydrocortisone) (Rx) 1% cream | |

SYNALAR (fluocinolone) 0.01% solution

| | SYNALAR TS (fluocinolone/skin cleanser) Kit | |
|--|---|--|
| | TEXACORT (hydrocortisone) 2.5% solution | |
| | Medium pot | ency |
| No PA Required | PA Required | |
| Betamethasone dipropionate 0.05% cream, lotion, ointment | BESER (fluticasone) lotion, emollient kit | Non-preferred Medium Potency topical corticosteroids may be approved following adequate trial and failure of two preferred agents in the Medium Potency class (failure is defined as: lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy. |
| Betamethasone valerate 0.1% | Betamethasone valerate 0.1% lotion, 0.12% foam | intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions). |
| cream, ointment | Clocortolone 0.1% cream, cream pump | |
| Fluocinolone 0.025% cream, 0.05% cream, 0.005% | CLODERM (clocortolone) 0.1% cream, cream pump | |
| ointment | CUTIVATE (fluticasone) 0.05% cream, lotion | |
| Fluticasone cream, ointment | Diflorasone 0.05% cream | |
| Hydrocortisone valerate 0.2% cream Mometasone 0.1% cream, 0.1% ointment, 0.1% solution | Fluocinolone 0.025% ointment | |
| | Fluocinonide-E 0.05% cream | |
| | Flurandrenolide 0.05% cream, lotion, ointment | |
| Triamcinolone acetonide 0.025% cream, 0.1% cream, 0.025% ointment, 0.05% ointment, 0.1% ointment, 0.025% lotion, 0.1% lotion | Fluticasone 0.05% lotion | |
| | Hydrocortisone butyrate 0.1% cream, lotion, solution, ointment, lipid/lipocream | |
| Triamcinolone 0.1% dental paste | Hydrocortisone valerate 0.2% ointment | |
| F | KENALOG (triamcinolone) spray | |
| | LOCOID (hydrocortisone butyrate) 0.1% lotion | |
| | LOCOID LIPOCREAM (hydrocortisone butyrate- emollient) 0.1% cream | |
| | LUXIQ (betamethasone valerate) 0.12% foam | |
| | PANDEL (hydrocortisone probutate) 0.1% cream | |
| | Prednicarbate 0.1% cream, ointment | |

| | PSORCON (diflorasone) 0.05% cream | |
|---|---|---|
| SYNALAR (fluocinolone) 0.025% cream/kit, ointment/kit | | |
| Triamcinolone 0.147 mg/gm spray | | |
| | High potency | T |
| No PA Required (*unless exceeds duration of therapy) * Betamethasone dipropionate 0.05% ointment *Betamethasone dipropionate/propylene glycol (augmented) 0.05% cream *Fluocinonide 0.05% cream, 0.05% gel, 0.05% solution, 0.05% ointment *Triamcinolone acetonide 0.5% cream, 0.5% ointment | PA Required Amcinonide 0.1% cream, lotion APEXICON-E (diflorasone/emollient) 0.05% cream Desoximetasone 0.05%, 0.25% cream, 0.05% gel, 0.05%, 0.25% ointment Diflorasone 0.05% ointment Halcinonide 0.1% cream HALOG (halcinonide) 0.1% cream, ointment, solution TOPICORT (desoximetasone) 0.05%, 0.25% cream, 0.05% gel, 0.05%, 0.25% ointment | Non-preferred High Potency topical corticosteroids may be approved following adequate trial and failure of two preferred agents in the High Potency class (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions). *All High Potency topical corticosteroids will require prior authorization beyond 4 weeks of therapy. The provider will be encouraged to transition to a medium or low potency topical steroid after this time has elapsed. Claims for compounded products containing high-potency topical steroids will be limited to a maximum of 60 grams or 60 mL of a high-potency ingredient per 4-week treatment period. Claims exceeding this quantity limit will require prior authorization with prescriber's justification for use of the product at the prescribed dose. |
| | Very high poter | ncy |
| No PA Required (Unless exceeds duration of therapy*) *Betamethasone dipropionate/propylene glycol (augmented) ,0.05% lotion 0.05% ointment *Clobetasol 0.05% cream, 0.05% gel, 0.05% ointment, 0.05% solution *Fluocinonide 0.1% cream | PA Required Betamethasone dipropionate/propylene glycol (augmented) 0.05% gel BRYHALI (halobetasol) 0.01% lotion Clobetasol emollient/emulsion 0.05% cream, foam Clobetasol 0.05% lotion, foam, spray, shampoo CLODAN (clobetasol) 0.05% cleanser kit Desoximetasone 0.25% spray | Non-preferred Very High Potency topical corticosteroids may be approved following adequate trial and failure of clobetasol propionate in the same formulation as the product being requested (if the formulation of the requested non-preferred product is not available in preferred clobetasol product options, then trial and failure of any preferred clobetasol product formulation will be required). Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 2-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions. *All Very High Potency topical corticosteroids will require prior authorization beyond 2 weeks of therapy. If clobetasol propionate shampoo is being used to treat plaque psoriasis, then prior authorization will be required beyond 4 weeks of therapy. The provider will be encouraged to transition to a medium or low potency topical steroid after this time has elapsed. |

| DIPROLENE (betamethasone dipropionate/propylene glycol, augmented) 0.05% ointment Halobetasol 0.05% cream, foam, ointment IMPEKLO (clobetasol) 0.05% lotion LEXETTE (halobetasol) 0.05% foam OLUX (clobetasol) 0.05% foam TOPICORT (desoximetasone) 0.25% spray TOVET EMOLLIENT (clobetasol) 0.05% foam ULTRAVATE (halobetasol) 0.05% lotion VANOS (fluocinonide) 0.1% cream | | |
|--|---|--|
| IMPEKLO (clobetasol) 0.05% lotion LEXETTE (halobetasol) 0.05% foam OLUX (clobetasol) 0.05% foam TOPICORT (desoximetasone) 0.25% spray TOVET EMOLLIENT (clobetasol) 0.05% foam ULTRAVATE (halobetasol) 0.05% lotion | | |
| LEXETTE (halobetasol) 0.05% foam OLUX (clobetasol) 0.05% foam TOPICORT (desoximetasone) 0.25% spray TOVET EMOLLIENT (clobetasol) 0.05% foam ULTRAVATE (halobetasol) 0.05% lotion | Halobetasol 0.05% cream, foam, ointment | |
| OLUX (clobetasol) 0.05% foam TOPICORT (desoximetasone) 0.25% spray TOVET EMOLLIENT (clobetasol) 0.05% foam ULTRAVATE (halobetasol) 0.05% lotion | IMPEKLO (clobetasol) 0.05% lotion | |
| TOPICORT (desoximetasone) 0.25% spray TOVET EMOLLIENT (clobetasol) 0.05% foam ULTRAVATE (halobetasol) 0.05% lotion | LEXETTE (halobetasol) 0.05% foam | |
| TOVET EMOLLIENT (clobetasol) 0.05% foam ULTRAVATE (halobetasol) 0.05% lotion | OLUX (clobetasol) 0.05% foam | |
| ULTRAVATE (halobetasol) 0.05% lotion | TOPICORT (desoximetasone) 0.25% spray | |
| | TOVET EMOLLIENT (clobetasol) 0.05% foam | |
| VANOS (fluocinonide) 0.1% cream | ULTRAVATE (halobetasol) 0.05% lotion | |
| | VANOS (fluocinonide) 0.1% cream | |
| | | |
| | | |

VI. Endocrine

| , | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Therapeutic Drug Class: ANDROGENIC AGENTS, Topical, Injectable, Oral -Effective 10/1/2024 | | | |
| PA Requir | red for all agents in this class | | |
| Preferred | Non-Preferred | Hypogonadotropic or Primary Hypogonadism (may be secondary to Klinefelter | |
| Testosterone cypionate IM injection Testosterone gel packet Testosterone 1.62% gel pump Injectable testosterone cypionate is a pharmacy benefit when self-administered. | ANDROGEL (testosterone) gel packet ANDROGEL (testosterone) gel 1.62% pump DEPO-TESTOSTERONE (testosterone cypionate) IM injection JATENZO (testosterone undecanoate) capsule KYZATREX (testosterone undecanoate) capsule | Syndrome): Preferred products may be approved for members meeting the following: Member is a male patient ≥ 16 years of age with a documented diagnosis of hypogonadotropic or primary hypogonadism OR ≥ 12 years of age with a diagnosis of hypogonadotropic or hypogonadism secondary to Klinefelter Syndrome (all other diagnoses will require manual review) AND Member has two documented low serum testosterone levels below the lower limit of normal range for testing laboratory prior to initiation of therapy AND Member does not have a diagnosis of breast or prostate cancer AND If the member is > 40 years of age, has prostate-specific antigen (PSA) < 4 ng/mL or has no palpable prostate nodule AND | |

| Administration in an office setting is a medical benefit. | METHITEST (methyltestosterone) tablet |
|---|---|
| ,g | Methyltestosterone capsule |
| | NATESTO (testosterone) nasal spray |
| | TESTIM (testosterone) gel |
| | Testosterone 1% gel tube, 30 mg/1.5 ml pump |
| | Testosterone enanthate IM injection |
| | TLANDO (testosterone undecanoate) capsule |
| | UNDECATREX (testosterone undecanoate) capsule |
| | XYOSTED (testosterone enanthate) SC injection |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

Member has baseline hematocrit < 50%

Reauthorization Criteria (requests for renewal of a currently expiring prior authorization for a preferred product may be approved for members meeting the following criteria):

- Member is a male patient \geq 16 years of age with a documented diagnosis of hypogonadotropic or primary hypogonadism $OR \geq 12$ years of age with a diagnosis of hypogonadotropic or hypogonadism secondary to Klinefelter Syndrome AND
- Serum testosterone is being regularly monitored (at least annually) to achieve total testosterone level in the middle tertile of the normal reference range AND
- Member does not have a diagnosis of breast or prostate cancer AND
- Member has a hematocrit < 54%

Gender Transition/Affirming Hormone Therapy:

Preferred androgenic drugs may be approved for members meeting the following:

- 1. Female sex assigned at birth and has reached Tanner stage 2 of puberty AND
- 2. Is undergoing female to male transition AND
- 3. Has a negative pregnancy test prior to initiation AND
- 4. Hematocrit (or hemoglobin) is being monitored.

Non-Preferred Products:

Non-preferred **topical** androgenic agents may be approved for patients meeting the above criteria with trial and failed; therapy with two preferred topical androgen formulations.

Non-preferred **injectable** androgenic agents may be approved for patients meeting the above criteria with trial and failed! therapy with a preferred injectable androgenic drug.

Prior authorization for **oral** androgen agents (tablet, capsule, buccal) may be approved if member has trialed and failed; therapy with a preferred topical agent AND testosterone cypionate injection.

‡Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 8 week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, contraindication to, or significant drug-drug interaction.

For all agents and diagnoses, members < 16 years of age will require a manual prior authorization review by a pharmacist (with exception of members \ge 12 years of age with a diagnosis of hypogonadotropic or hypogonadism secondary to Klinefelter Syndrome).

| Therapeutic Drug Class: BONE RESORPTION SUPPRESSION AND RELATED AGENTS - Effective 10/1/2024 | | | | |
|--|-------------|--|--|--|
| Bisphosphonates | | | | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | | | |
| | | | | |

| No PA Required | PA Required | |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|---|
| | | Non-preferred bisphosphonates may be approved for members who have failed treatment |
| Alendronate tablet, solution | ACTONEL (risedronate) tablet | with one preferred product at treatment dose. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with a |
| | | 12-month trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. |
| Ibandronate tablet | ATELVIA (risedronate) tablet | |
| | 1 | |

| Risedronate tablet | BINOSTO (alendronate) effervescent FOSAMAX (alendronate) tablet FOSAMAX plus D (alendronate/vit D | and drug holiday should be considered following 5 years of treatment. Low risk is defined as having a bone mineral density, based on the most recent T-score, of greater than (better than) -2.5 AND no history of low trauma or fragility fracture. |
|--------------------|---|---|
| | · | Non-Bisphosphonates |
| No PA Required | PA Required | |
| Raloxifene tablet | Calcitonin salmon nasal spray | CALCITONIN SALMON (nasal) may be approved if the member meets the following criteria: Member has a diagnosis of post-menopausal osteoporosis (BMD T-scores of -2.5 or less) AND |
| | EVISTA (raloxifene) tablet | • Has trial and failure of one preferred bisphosphonate or non-bisphosphonate product for 12 |
| | FORTEO (teriparatide) SC pen | months (failure is defined as: lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction) OR |
| | Teriparatide SC pen | Member is unable to use a solid oral dosage form. Quantity limit: One spray daily |
| | TYMLOS (abaloparatide) SC pen | |
| | ` ' ' | FORTEO (teriparatide) or generic teriparatide may be approved if the member meets the following criteria: |
| | | Member has one of the following diagnoses: Male primary or hypogonadal osteoporosis (BMD T-scores of -2.5 or less). Osteoporosis due to corticosteroid use Postmenopausal osteoporosis |
| | | AND Member is at very high risk for fracture* OR member has history of trial and failure of one preferred bisphosphonate or non-bisphosphonate product for 12 months. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction AND Prior authorization will be given for one year and total exposure of parathyroid hormone analogs (Forteo and Tymlos) shall not exceed two years Maximum dose: 20mcg daily |
| | | TYMLOS (abaloparatide) may be approved if the member meets the following criteria: Member has a diagnosis of postmenopausal osteoporosis (BMD T-scores of -2.5 or less) AND Member is post-menopausal with very high risk for fracture* OR member has history of trial and failure of one preferred bisphosphonate or non-bisphosphonate product for 12 months (Failure is defined as: lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drugdrug interaction) AND Prior authorization will be given for one year and total exposure of parathyroid hormone analogs (Forteo and Tymlos) shall not exceed two yearsMaximum dose: 80 mcg daily |
| | | All other non-preferred non-bisphosphonates may be approved for members who have failed treatment with one preferred bisphosphonate or non-bisphosphonate product at treatment dose. |

Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with a 12-month trial, allergy, unable to use oral therapy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction.

*Members at very high risk for fracture: Members will be considered at very high risk for fracture if they meet <u>one</u> of the following:

- A history of fracture within the past 12 months **OR**
- Fractures experienced while receiving guideline-supported osteoporosis therapy OR
- A history of multiple fractures **OR**
- A history of fractures experienced while receiving medications that cause skeletal harm (such as long-term glucocorticoids) **OR**
- A very low T-score (less than -3.0) **OR**
- A high risk for falls or a history of injurious falls **OR**
- A very high fracture probability by FRAX (> 30% for a major osteoporosis fracture or > 4.5% for hip fracture)

Raloxifene maximum dose: 60mg daily

Note: Prior authorization criteria for Prolia (denosumab) and other injectable bone resorption and related agents are listed on Appendix P.

Therapeutic Drug Class: **CONTRACEPTIVES - Topical** *Effective* 10/1/2024

Effective 01/14/22, topical contraceptive patch products are eligible for coverage with a written prescription by an enrolled pharmacist. Additional information regarding pharmacist enrollment can be found at https://hcpf.colorado.gov/pharm-serv.

| No PA Required | PA Required | |
|---|---|--|
| ANNOVERA (segesterone acetate/EE) vaginal ring Norelgestromin/EE TD patch NUVARING ^{BNR} (etonorgestrel/EE) vaginal ring *PHEXXI (lactic acid/citric/potassium) vaginal gel | Etonorgestrel/EE vaginal ring XULANE (norelgestromin/EE) TD patch ZAFEMY (norelgestromin/EE) TD patch | Non-preferred topical contraceptive products may be approved following a trial and failure of one preferred topical contraceptive product. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. *PHEXXI (lactic acid/citric/potassium) vaginal gel quantity limit: 120 grams per 30 days Continuation of therapy: Members who are currently using Annovera (segesterone/ethinyl estradiol) vaginal ring may receive approval to continue use of the product. Effective 7/1/2022: Prescriptions are eligible to be filled for up to a twelve-month supply. |

| TWIRLA (levonorgestrel/EE) TD patch | | Note: IUD and select depot product formulations are billed through the medical benefit |
|---|--|--|
| Therapeutic | Drug Class: DIABETES MANAGEMEN | NT CLASSES, INSULINS- Effective 02/27/2025 |
| | Rapid-Ac | ting |
| No PA Required Insulin aspart cartridge, pen, vial Insulin lispro Kwikpen, Jr. Kwikpen, vial (Eli Lilly) | PA Required ADMELOG (insulin lispro) Solostar pen, vial AFREZZA (regular insulin) cartridge, unit APIDRA (insulin glulisine) Solostar pen, vial FIASP (insulin aspart) FlexPen, PenFill, pump cartridge, vial HUMALOG (insulin lispro) 200 U/mL pen, Tempo pen HUMALOG 100U/mL KwikPen, vial HUMALOG (insulin lispro) cartridge HUMALOG Jr. (insulin lispro) KwikPen NOVOLOG (insulin aspart) cartridge, FlexPen, vial LYUMJEV (insulin lispro-aabc) Kwikpen, | All non-preferred products may be approved following trial and failure of treatment with two preferred products, one of which is the same rapid-acting insulin analog (lispro or aspart) as the non-preferred product being requested. (Failure is defined as allergy [hives, maculopapular rash, erythema multiforme, pustular rash, severe hypotension, bronchospasm, and angioedema] or intolerable side effects). Afrezza (human insulin) may be approved if meeting the following criteria: • Member is 18 years or older AND • Member has trialed and failed treatment with two preferred products (failure is defined as allergy [hives, maculopapular rash, erythema multiforme, pustular rash, severe hypotension, bronchospasm, or angioedema] or intolerable side effects) AND • Member must not have chronic lung disease such as COPD or asthma AND • If member has type 1 diabetes, must use in conjunction with long-acting insulin AND • Prescriber acknowledges that Afrezza is not recommended in patients who smoke or have recently stopped smoking. |
| | vial, Tempo pen | |
| | Short-Ac | ting |
| No PA Required HUMULIN R U-100 (insulin regular) vial (OTC) | PA Required NOVOLIN R U-100 (insulin regular) vial (OTC | Non-preferred products may be approved following trial and failure of treatment with one preferred product (failure is defined as allergy or intolerable side effects). |
| NOVOLIN R U-100 (insulin regular) FlexPen (OTC) | | |
| | Intermediate | -Acting |
| No PA Required HUMULIN N U-100 (insulin NPH) vial (OTC) | PA Required HUMULIN N U-100 (insulin NPH) KwikPen (CONTIN N U-100 (insulin NPH) vial (OTC) | Non-preferred products may be approved following trial and failure of treatment with one preferred product (failure is defined as allergy or intolerable side effects). |

| NOVOLIN N U-100 (insulin NPH) | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| FlexPen (OTC) | | | |
| | Long-Acting | | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | *Po C 1 T 'lo 1' 1' 1' 1 '1 C 1' 1 1 | |
| LANTUS ^{BNR} (insulin glargine) Solostar, vial | BASAGLAR (insulin glargine) Kwikpen, Tempo pen | *Preferred Tresiba pen and insulin degludec vial formulations may be approved for members who have trialed and failed‡ Lantus. | |
| Insulin degludec vial* | Insulin degludec FlexTouch | Non-preferred products may be approved if the member has tried and failed‡ treatment with Lantus AND a preferred insulin degludec product. | |
| TRESIBA BNR (insulin degludec) FlexTouch* | Insulin glargine solostar, vial | ‡Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, or intolerable side effects. | |
| Flex I ouch* | Insulin glargine MAX solostar | | |
| | Insulin glargine-yfgn pen, vial | | |
| | LEVEMIR (insulin detemir) FlexTouch, vial | | |
| | REZVOGLAR (insulin glargine-aglr) Kwikpen | | |
| | SEMGLEE (insulin glargine-yfgn) pen, vial | | |
| | TOUJEO (insulin glargine) Solostar | | |
| | TOUJEO MAX (insulin glargine) Solostar | | |
| | TRESIBA (insulin degludec) vial | | |
| | | | |
| | Concentrated | | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | N C 1 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 | |
| HUMULIN R U-500 (insulin regular) concentrated vial, Kwikpen | | Non-preferred products may be approved following trial and failure of treatment with one preferred product (failure is defined as allergy or intolerable side effects). | |
| Mixtures | | | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | | |
| HUMULIN 70/30 (OTC) Kwikpen, vial | HUMALOG MIX 50/50 Kwikpen, vial | Non-preferred products may be approved if the member has failed treatment with two of the preferred products (failure is defined as: allergy or intolerable side effects). | |
| Insulin aspart protamine/insulin aspart 70/30 FlexPen, vial (generic Novolog | HUMALOG MIX 75/25 Kwikpen, vial | | |
| Mix) | NOVOLIN 70/30 FlexPen, vial (OTC) | | |

| Insulin lispro protamine/insulin lisp 75/25 Kwikpen (generic Humal Mix) | | NOVOLOG MIX 70/30 FlexP | en, vial | | | |
|---|--|---|--|--------------------|--|---|
| The | apeutic | Drug Class: DIABETES | MANAG | EMENT CLASS | SES, NON- INSULINS- 10/1/2024 | 4 |
| | | | Aı | mylin | | |
| | SYMLI | PA Required N (pramlintide) pen | SYMLIN (pramlintide) may be approved following trial and failure of metformin AND trial and failur of a DPP4-inhibitor or GLP-1 analogue. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy (such as not meeting hemoglobin A1C goal despite adherence to regimen) following 3-month trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or a significant drug-drug interaction. Prior authorization may be approved for Symlin (pramlintide) products for members with a diagnosis of Type 1 diabetes without requiring trial and failure of other products. Maximum Dose: Prior authorization will be required for doses exceeding FDA-approved dosing listed in product package labeling. | | cacy (such as not meeting crial, allergy, intolerable side e approved for Symlin without requiring trial and | |
| | | | Bigu | ıanides | | |
| No PA Required | | PA Required | | | | |
| Metformin IR tablets Metformin ER 500mg, 750mg tablets (generic Glucophage XR) | Metforn Metforn Metforn RIOME | ETZA ER (metformin) tablet nin 625 mg tablets nin ER (generic Fortamet, Glum nin solution (generic Riomet) T (metformin) solution T ER (metformin) suspension | | | lergy, intolerable side effects, | |
| | T | <u> </u> | tidase-4 E | Enzyme inhibito | rs (DPP-4is) | |
| Preferred JANUVIA (sitagliptin) tablet TRADJENTA (linagliptin) tablet | NESIN. ONGLY Saxagli | Non-Preferred PA Required tin tablet A (alogliptin) tablet ZA (saxagliptin) tablet ptin tablet | Non-preferred DPP-4 inhibitors may be approved after a member has failed a 3-month trial of two preferred products. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy (such as not meeting hemoglobin A1C goal despite adherence to regimen), allergy, intolerable side effects, or a significant drug-drug interaction Maximum Dose: Prior authorization will be required for doses exceeding the FDA-approved maximum dosing listed the following table: DPP-4 Inhibitor FDA-Approved Maximum Daily Dose Aladictic (case in Notice) | | eting hemoglobin A1C goal ificant drug-drug interaction. | |
| | Sitaglip | tin (generic Zituvio) | Aloglipti | n (generic Nesina) | 25 mg/day | |

| Januvia (sitagliptin) | 100 mg/day |
|-------------------------|------------|
| Nesina (alogliptin) | 25 mg/day |
| Onglyza (saxagliptin) | 5 mg/day |
| Tradjenta (linagliptin) | 5 mg/day |
| Zituvio (sitagliptin) | 100 mg/day |

| Preferred | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| | |
| JANUMET (sitagliptin/metformin) | tablet |
| JANUMET XR (sitagliptin/metforn | nin) tablet |
| JENTADUETO (linagliptin/metform | nin) tablet |
| JENTADUETO XR (linagliptin/me tablet | tformin) |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

Non-Preferred PA Required

Alogliptin/metformin tablet

ZITUVIO (sitagliptin tablet)

KAZANO (alogliptin/metformin) tablet

KOMBIGLYZE XR (saxagliptin/metformin)

Saxagliptin/metformin tablet

Sitagliptin/metformin (generic Zituvimet)

Non-preferred combination products may be approved for members who have been stable on the two individual ingredients of the requested combination for three months AND have had adequate three-month trial and failure of a preferred combination agent. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy (such as not meeting hemoglobin A1C goal despite adherence to regimen), allergy, intolerable side effects, or a significant drug-drug interaction.

Maximum Dose:

DPP-4 Inhibitors – Combination with Metformin

Prior authorization will be required for doses exceeding the FDA-approved maximum dosing listed in the following table:

| DPP-4 Inhibitor Combination | FDA Approved Maximum Daily Dose |
|--|--|
| Alogliptin/metformin tablet | 25 mg alogliptin/2,000 mg metformin |
| Janumet and Janumet XR (sitagliptin/metformin) | 100 mg sitagliptin/ 2,000 mg of metformin |
| Jentadueto and Jentadueto XR (linagliptin/metformin) | 5 mg linagliptin/ 2,000 mg metformin |
| Kazano (alogliptin/metformin) | 25 mg alogliptin/ 2,000 mg metformin |
| Kombiglyze XR (saxagliptin ER/metformin ER) tablet | 5 mg saxagliptin/ 2,000 mg metformin |

| Glucagon-like Peptide-1 Receptor Agonists (GLP-1 Analogues) | | | | | |
|---|------------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Preferred *Must meet eligibility criteria | Non-Preferred PA Required | *Preferred products may be approved for members v | with a diagnosis of type 2 diabe | tes. | |
| *BYETTA ^{BNR} (exenatide) pen | Exenatide pen | **BYDUREON BCISE (exenatide ER): may be ap diabetes following a 3-month trial and failure; of O | | gnosis of Type 2 | |
| *TRULICITY (dulaglutide) pen | Liraglutide pen | WEGOVY (semaglutide) may be approved if meet | ing the following criteria: | | |
| *VICTOZABNR (liraglutide) pen | MOUNJARO (tirzepatide) pen | Member is 18 years of age or older ANDMember has established cardiovascular dis | ease (history of myocardial infa | arction, stroke, or | |
| **BYDUREON BCISE | OZEMPIC (semaglutide) pen | symptomatic peripheral arterial disease) an kg/m ²) AND | d either obesity or overweight (| defined as a BMI ≥25 | |
| (exenatide ER) autoinjector (changes effective 08/08/2024) | RYBELSUS (semaglutide) oral tablet | Member does not have a diagnosis of Type 1 or Type 2 diabetes AND Wegovy (semaglutide) is being prescribed to decrease the risk of adverse cardiovascular erectardiovascular death, non-fatal myocardial infarction, or non-fatal stroke) AND | | | |
| | WEGOVY (Semaglutide) pen | Member has been counseled regarding implementation of lifestyle interventions (diet modification and exercise) to promote weight loss. | | | |
| | | Note: Prior authorization requests for Wegovy (s not be approved. | emaglutide) prescribed solely | for weight loss will | |
| | | All other non-preferred products may be approved f following a 3-month trial and failure; of two preferr | _ | type 2 diabetes | |
| | | Maximum Dose: | | | |
| | | Prior authorization is required for all products exceed | ding maximum dose listed in pa | roduct package | |
| | | labeling. Table 1: GLP-1 Analogue M | Javimum Daga | 1 | |
| | | Bydureon Bcise (exenatide) | 2 mg weekly | | |
| | | Byetta (exenatide) | 20 mcg daily | | |
| | | Mounjaro (tirzepatide) | 15 mg weekly | | |
| | | Ozempic (semaglutide) | 2 mg weekly | | |
| | | Rybelsus (semaglutide) | 14 mg daily | | |
| | | Trulicity (dulaglutide) | 4.5 mg weekly | 1 | |
| | | Victoza (liraglutide) | 1.8 mg daily | | |
| | | Wegovy (semaglutide) | 2.4 mg weekly | 1 | |

‡Failure is defined as lack of efficacy (such as not meeting hemoglobin A1C goal despite adherence to regimen), allergy, intolerable side effects, limited dexterity resulting in the inability to administer doses of a preferred product, or a significant drug-drug interaction.

Note: Prior Authorization for GLP-1 analogues prescribed solely for weight loss will not be approved.

| | Other Hypoglyce | mic Combinations |
|--|---|---|
| | PA Required | Non-preferred products may be approved for members who have been stable on each of |
| | Alogliptin/pioglitazone tablet | the individual ingredients in the requested combination for 3 months (including cases where the ingredients are taken as two separate 3-month trials or when taken in |
| | Glipizide/metformin tablet | combination for at least 3 months). |
| | Glyburide/metformin tablet | SOLIQUA (insulin glargine/lixisenatide) may be approved if member has had a trial and failure with one preferred GLP-1 AND one preferred insulin glargine product |
| | GLYXAMBI (empagliflozin/linagliptin) tablet | (Failure is defined as lack of efficacy (such as not meeting hemoglobin A1C goal despite adherence to regimen), allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug |
| | OSENI (alogliptin/pioglitazone) tablet | interaction.) |
| | Pioglitazone/glimepiride tablet | |
| | QTERN (dapagliflozin/saxagliptin) tablet | |
| | SOLIQUA (insulin glargine/lixisenatide) pen | |
| | STEGLUJAN (ertugliflozin/sitagliptin) tablet | |
| | TRIJARDY XR tablet(empagliflozin/linagliptin/metformin) | |
| | XULTOPHY (insulin degludec/liraglutide) pen | |
| | Megli | tinides |
| | PA Required | Non-preferred products may be approved for members who have failed treatment with |
| | Nateglinide tablet | one sulfonylurea. Failure is defined as: lack of efficacy (such as not meeting |
| | Repaglinide tablet | hemoglobin A1C goal despite adherence to regimen), allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. |
| | Meglitinides Combin | ation with Metformin |
| | PA Required | |
| | Repaglinide/metformin | Non-preferred products may be approved for members who have been stable on the two individual ingredients of the requested combination for 3 months. |
| | Sodium-Glucose Cotransporte | er Inhibitors (SGLT inhibitors) |
| No PA Required | PA Required | Non-preferred products may receive approval following trial and failure with two |
| FARXIGA ^{BNR} (dapagliflozin) | Dapagliflozin tablet | preferred products. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 3-month trial (such as not meeting hemoglobin A1C goal despite adherence to regimen), allergy, intolerable side |
| tablet | INPEFA (sotagliflozin) tablet | effects, or a significant drug-drug interaction. |
| | | |

| JARDIANCE (empagliflozin) tablet STEGLATRO (ertugliflozin) tablet | | SGLT Inhibitor | Clinical Setting | Renal Dosing Recommendations (FDA labeling) |
|--|--------------------------------|------------------------------|---|--|
| | STEGLATRO (Clugimoziii) taolet | | Glycemic control in patients without established CV disease or CV risk factors | Initiation of therapy not recommended when eGFR is less than 45 mL/min/1.73 m ² |
| | | FARXIGA (dapagliflozin) | Reduce risk of CV death; Chronic kidney disease (CKD); Reduce risk of CV death, hospitalization or urgent visit for heart failure (HF) | Initiation of therapy not recommended when eGFR is less than 25 mL/min/1.73 m ² |
| | | INPEFA (sotagliflozin) | Reduce risk of CV death, HF hospitalization and urgent HF visit in adults with HF or Type 2 DM, chronic kidney disease and other CV risk factors | Safety and efficacy of initiating therapy when eGFR is less than 25 mL/min/1.73 m ² or on dialysis has not been established |
| | | | Glycemic control in adults with Type 2 DM | Safety and efficacy of initiating therapy when eGFR is less than 30 mL/min/1.73 m ² or on dialysis has not been established |
| | | INVOKANA (canagliflozin) | Reduce risk of major CV events in adults with Type 2 DM and established CVD; Reduce risk of ESKD, doubling of serum creatinine, CV death, and hospitalization for HF in adults with Type 2 DM and diabetic nephropathy (albuminuria > 300 mg/day) | Initiation of therapy not recommended when eGFR is less than 30 mL/min/1.73 m ² |
| | | | Glycemic control in patients 10 years and older with Type 2 DM without established CV disease or CV risk factors | Not recommended when eGFR is less than 30 mL/min/1.73 m ² |
| | | JARDIANCE (empagliflozin) | Reduce risk of CV death and hospitalization for HF; Chronic kidney disease (CKD); Reduce risk of CV death in adults with Type 2 DM and established CVD | Initiation of therapy not recommended when eGFR is less than 20 mL/min/1.73 m ² or on dialysis |
| | | STEGLATRO (ertugliflozin) | Adjunct to diet and exercise in patients with Type 2 DM | Not recommended when eGFR is less than 45 mL/min/1.73 m ² |

| | | Maximum Dose: | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|
| | | Prior authorization is required for all products exceeding maximum dose listed in product | | |
| | | package labeling. | | |
| | SGLT Inhibitor Combinations with Metformin | | | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | | | |
| SYNJARDY (empagliflozin/metformin) | Dapagliflozin/Metformin XR tablet | Non-preferred products may be approved for members who have been stable on the two individual ingredients of the requested combination for 3 months. | | |
| tablet | INVOKAMET (canagliflozin/metformin) tablet | INVOKAMET, INVOKAMET XR, SEGLUROMET, SYNJARDY, SYNJARDY XR and XIGDUO XR are contraindicated in patients with an eGFR less than 30 mL/min/1.73 | | |
| SYNJARDY XR (empagliflozin/metformin) tablet | INVOKAMET XR (canagliflozin/metformin) tablet | m ² or on dialysis. | | |
| XIGDUO XR ^{BNR} (dapagliflozin/metformin) tablet | SEGLUROMET (ertugliflozin/metformin) tablet | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | diones (TZDs) | | |
| No PA Required Pioglitazone tablet | PA Required ACTOS (pioglitazone) tablet | Non-preferred agents may be approved following trial and failure of one preferred product. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy (such as not meeting hemoglobin A1C goal despite adherence to regimen) with a 3-month trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or a significant drug-drug interaction. | | |
| | Thiazolidinediones Con | bination with Metformin | | |
| | PA Required | | | |
| | ACTOPLUS MET (pioglitazone/metformin) TABLET | Non-preferred products may be approved for members who have been stable on the two individual ingredients of the requested combination for 3 months. | | |
| | Pioglitazone/metformin tablet | | | |
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: ESTRO | GEN AGENTS -Effective 10/1/2024 | | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | Non-preferred parenteral estrogen agents may be approved with trial and failure of one | | |
| Parenteral | | preferred parenteral agent. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. | | |
| DELESTROGEN ^{BNR} (estradiol valerate) vial | Estradiol valerate 10mg/mL vial, 20mg/mL vial | Non-preferred oral estrogen agents may be approved with trial and failure of one preferred oral agent. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. | | |
| DEPO-ESTRODIOL (estradiol cypionate) vial | | effects, of significant drug-drug interaction. | | |

| Estradiol valerate 40mg/mL vial | Pral/Transdermal | Non-preferred transdermal estrogen agents may be approved with trial and failure of two preferred transdermal agents. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. |
|---|---|---|
| Estradiol oral tablet Estradiol (generic Climara) weekly patch MINIVELLE ^{BNR} (estradiol) patch VIVELLE-DOT ^{BNR} (estradiol) patch | CLIMARA (estradiol) patch DOTTI (estradiol) patch ESTRACE (estradiol) oral tablet Estradiol bi-weekly patch LYLLANA (estradiol) patch MENOSTAR (estradiol) patch | Table 1: Transdermal Estrogen FDA-Labeled Dosing ALORA (estradiol) patch CLIMARA (estradiol) patch DOTTI (estradiol) patch Estradiol patch (once weekly) Estradiol patch (twice weekly) LYLLANA (estradiol) patch MENOSTAR (estradiol) patch MINIVELLE (estradiol) patch VIVELLE-DOT (estradiol) patch 2/week Note: Estrogen agents are a covered benefit for gender affirming hormone therapy and treating clinicians and mental health providers should be knowledgeable about the diagnostic criteria for gender-affirming hormone treatment and have sufficient training and experience in assessing related mental health conditions. |
| Preferred | Therapeutic Drug Class: GLUCAGON, SE | LF-ADMINISTERED -Effective 11/8/2024 |
| No PA Required BAQSIMI (glucagon) nasal spray Glucagon Emergency Kit (Eli Lilly, Fresenius, Amphastar) ZEGALOGUE (dasiglucagon) autoinjector | PA Required GVOKE (glucagon) Hypopen, Syringe, vial ZEGALOGUE (dasiglucagon) syringe | Non-preferred products may be approved if the member has failed treatment with two preferred products (failure is defined as allergy to ingredients in product, intolerable side effects, contraindication, or inability to administer dosage form). Quantity limit for all products: 2 doses per year unless used/ damaged/ lost |
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: GROWTI | HORMONES -Effective 10/1/2024 |
| Preferred No PA Required (If diagnosis and dose met) GENOTROPIN (somatropin) cartridge, Miniquick pen | Non-Preferred PA Required HUMATROPE (somatropin) cartridge NGENLA (Somatrogon-ghla) pen | All preferred products may be approved if the member has one of the qualifying diagnoses listed below (diagnosis may be verified through AutoPA) AND if prescription does not exceed limitations for maximum dosing (Table 1). Non-preferred Growth Hormone products may be approved if the following criteria are met: |

| NORDITROPIN (somatropin) | NUTROPIN AQ (somatropin) Nuspin injector | | reatment with one p |
|--------------------------|--|---------------------------------|---|
| Flexpro pen | OMNITROPE (somatropin) cartridge, vial | | of efficacy, allergy, teractions) AND |
| | Olvirvi i Kol E (somatropin) cartridge, viai | | ualifying diagnosis |
| | SAIZEN (somatropin) cartridge, vial | | i Syndrome (PWS) |
| | SEROSTIM (somatropin) vial | Creatinine C | al insufficiency/fail Clearance < 30mL/r |
| | SKYTROFA (lonapegsomatropin-tcgd) cartridge | | rism: as a result of |
| | SOGROYA (somapacitan-beco) pen | o Has faile | iation therapy or tra ed at least one GH s |
| | ZOMACTON (somatropin) vial | patient's | ast one documented age – refer to rang ciencies in ≥ 3 pitu: |
| | | ADH) Cachevia as | sociated with AIDS |
| | | ■ Noonan Syr | |
| | | Short bowel | • |
| | | - | mptomatic growth |
| | | approval) AND | |
| | | | s not exceed limita |
| | | | ation (Table 1) base |
| | | patient weight fr | om most recent clin |
| | | Table 1: Growth H | ormone Product |
| | | | Pediatric Ma |
| | | Medication | Dosing per v |
| | | | 18 years) |
| | | Genotropin | 0.48 mg/kg/ |
| | | Humatrope | 0.47 mg/kg/ |
| | | Ngenla | 0.66 mg/kg/ |
| | | Norditropin | 0.47 mg/kg/ |
| | | Flexpro | |
| | | Nutropin AQ | 0.7 mg/kg/w |

- preferred growth hormone product (failure is , intolerable side effects or signific
- is that includes any of the following conditions:

 - ailure requiring transplantation (defined as /min)
 - of pituitary disease, hypothalamic disease, trauma verified by one of the following:
 - stimulation test (peak GH level < 10 ng/mL)
 - ted low IGF-1 level (below normal range for nge on submitted lab document)
 - tuitary axes (such as TSH, LH, FSH, ACTH,
 - OS
 - h hormone deficiency (limited to 3-month PA

tations for FDA-labeled maximum dosing for sed on prescriber submission/verification of linical documentation

| Table 1: Growth Hormone Product Maximum Dosing* | | | |
|---|------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| | Pediatric Maximum | Adult Maximum | |
| Medication | Dosing per week (age < | Dosing per week (age \ge) | |
| | 18 years) | 18 years) | |
| Genotropin | 0.48 mg/kg/week | 0.08 mg/kg/week | |
| Humatrope | 0.47 mg/kg/week | 0.0875 mg/kg/week | |
| Ngenla | 0.66 mg/kg/week | Not Indicated | |
| Norditropin | 0.47 mg/kg/week | 0.112 mg/kg/week | |
| Flexpro | | | |
| Nutropin AQ | 0.7 mg/kg/week | 0.175 mg/kg/week for | |
| Nuspin | | ≤35 years of age | |
| | | 0.0875 mg/kg/week for | |
| | | >35 years of age | |
| Omnitrope | 0.48 mg/kg/week | 0.08 mg/kg/week | |
| Saizen | 0.18 mg/kg/week | 0.07 mg/kg/week | |

| Ser | ostim | Not Indicated | 42 mg/week for HIV |
|-----|--------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | | | wasting or cachexia (in |
| | | | combination with |
| | | | antiretroviral therapy) |
| Sky | ytrofa | 1.68 mg/kg/week | Not Indicated |
| Sog | groya | Dose Individualized for | 8 mg/week |
| | | each patient, based on | |
| | | growth response | |
| Zor | macton | 0.47 mg/kg/week | 0.0875 mg/kg/week |
| Zor | rbtive | Not Indicated | 56 mg/week for up to 4 |
| | | | weeks for short bowel |
| | | | syndrome only |

^{*}Based on FDA labeled indications and dosing

VII. Gastrointestinal

| Therapeutic Drug Class: BILE SALTS -Effective 7/1/2024 | | |
|--|---|---|
| No PA Required | PA Required | Chenodal (chenodiol) and Actigall (ursodiol) may be approved for members who meet |
| | | the following criteria: |
| Ursodiol capsule | BYLVAY (odevixibat) capsule, pellet | • Member is \geq 18 years of age AND |
| | | Member has tried and failed therapy with a 12-month trial of a preferred ursodiol |
| Ursodiol tablet | CHENODAL (chenodiol) tablet | product (failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects or |
| | | significant drug-drug interactions). |
| | CHOLBAM (cholic acid) capsule | |
| | *************************************** | Cholbam (cholic acid) may be approved for members who meet the following criteria: |
| | LIVMARLI (maralixibat) solution | Bile acid synthesis disorders: |
| | OCALWA (1 d. 1 d. 1 d. 1 d. 1 d. | Member age must be greater than 3 weeks old AND |
| | OCALIVA (obeticholic acid) tablet | o Member has a diagnosis for bile acid synthesis disorder due to single |
| | DEL TONE (was diel) son suls | enzyme defect (Single Enzyme-Defect Disorders: Defective sterol |
| | RELTONE (ursodiol) capsule | nucleus synthesis, 3β -hydroxy- Δ -c27-steroid oxidoreductase deficiency, |
| | URSO (ursodiol) tablet | AKR1D1 deficiency, CYP7A1 deficiency, Defective side-chain |
| | UNSO (uisouloi) tablet | synthesis, CYP27A1 deficiency (cerebrotendinous xanthomatosis), 2- |
| | URSO FORTE (ursodiol) tablet | methylacyl-CoA racemase deficiency (AMACR), 25-hydroxylation |
| | ONSO PORTE (uisouloi) tablet | pathway (Smith–Lemli-Opitz). |
| | | Peroxisomal disorder including Zellweger spectrum disorders: |
| | | Member age must be greater than 3 weeks old AND |

- Member has diagnosis of peroxisomal disorders (PDs) including Zellweger spectrum disorders AND
- Member has manifestations of liver disease, steatorrhea or complications from decreased fat-soluble vitamin absorption.

Ocaliva (obeticholic acid) may be approved for members meeting the following criteria:

- Member is > 18 years of age AND
- Medication is prescribed by or in consultation with a gastroenterologist, hepatologist, or liver transplant provider AND
- Member has the diagnosis of primary biliary cholangitis without cirrhosis OR a diagnosis of primary biliary cholangitis with compensated cirrhosis with no evidence of portal hypertension AND
- Member has failed treatment with a preferred ursodiol product for at least 6 months due to an inadequate response, intolerable side effects, drug-drug interaction, or allergy to preferred ursodiol formulations.

Reltone (ursodiol) may be approved for members meeting the following criteria:

- Member is ≥ 18 years of age AND
- The requested medication is prescribed by or in consultation with a gastroenterologist, hepatologist, or liver transplant provider AND
- The requested medication is being prescribed for one of the following:
 - Treatment of radiolucent, noncalcified gallbladder stones < 20 mm in greatest diameter AND elective cholecystectomy would be undertaken except for the presence of increased surgical risk due to systemic disease, advanced age, idiosyncratic reaction to general anesthesia, or for those patients who refuse surgery OR
 - Prevention of gallstone formation in obese patients experiencing rapid weight loss

AND

- No compelling reasons for the member to undergo cholecystectomy exist, including unremitting acute cholecystitis, cholangitis, biliary obstruction, gallstone pancreatitis, or biliary-gastrointestinal fistula, **AND**
- Member has trialed and failed treatment with a preferred ursodiol product for at least 6 months due to an inadequate response, intolerable side effects, drug-drug interaction, or allergy to inactive ingredients contained in the preferred ursodiol formulations.

Initial approval: 1 year

<u>Reauthorization</u>: May be reauthorized for 1 additional year with provider attestation that partial or complete stone dissolution was observed after completion of the initial year of Reltone therapy. Maximum cumulative approval per member is 24 months.

Urso (ursodiol) and **Urso Forte** (ursodiol) may be approved for members meeting the following criteria:

Member is ≥ 18 years of age AND

| | | Medication is prescribed by or in consultation with a gastroenterologist, hepatologist, or liver transplant provider AND Member has the diagnosis of Primary Biliary Cholangitis as evidenced by two of the following at the time of diagnosis: Evidence of cholestasis with an alkaline phosphatase elevation of at least 1.5 times the upper limit of normal Presence of antimitochondrial antibody with titer of 1:40 or higher Histologic evidence of nonsuppurative destruction cholangitis and destruction of interlobular bile ducts AND Member has failed treatment with a preferred ursodiol product for at least 6 months due to an inadequate response, intolerable side effects, drug-drug interaction, or allergy to inactive ingredients contained in the preferred ursodiol formulations. Requests for drug products that are FDA-indicated for the treatment of nonalcoholic steatohepatitis (NASH) may be approved if meeting the following: A diagnosis of NASH has been confirmed through liver biopsy AND Member meets the FDA-labeled minimum age requirement for the prescribed product AND Member does not have significant liver disease other than NASH, AND The requested medication is being prescribed for use for the FDA-labeled indication and as outlined in product package labeling AND Medication is prescribed by or in consultation with a gastroenterologist, hepatologist, or liver transplant provider. Non-preferred products prescribed for FDA-labeled indications not identified above may receive approval for use as outlined in product package labeling. |
|---|---|--|
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: ANTI-F | EMETICS, Oral -Effective 7/1/2024 |
| No PA Required | PA Required | |
| DICLEGIS DR ^{BNR} tablet (doxylamine/pyridoxine) | AKYNZEO (netupitant/palonosetron) capsule | Emend (aprepitant) TriPack or Emend (aprepitant) powder kit may be approved following trial and failure of two preferred products AND Emend (aprepitant) <u>capsule</u> . Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 14-day trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or |
| | ANTIVERT (meclizine) 50 mg tablet | significant drug-drug interaction. |
| Meclizine (Rx) 12.5 mg, 25 mg tablet | ANZEMET (dolasetron) tablet | Doxylamine/pyridoxine tablet (generic) or Bonjesta (doxylamine/pyridoxine) may be approved for 9 months if meeting the following criteria: |
| Metoclopramide solution, tablet | Aprepitant capsule, tripack | Member has nausea and vomiting associated with pregnancy AND |
| Ondansetron ODT; 4mg, 8mg tablet | BONJESTA ER (doxylamine/pyridoxine) tablet | Member has trialed and failed DICLEGIS DR tablet AND one of the following (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with a 7-day trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction): |
| | Doxylamine/pyridoxine tablet (generic Diclegis) | |

| Ondansetron oral suspension/ solution Prochlorperazine tablet Promethazine syrup, tablet | Dronabinol capsule EMEND (aprepitant) capsule, powder for suspension, dose/tri-pack Granisetron tablet MARINOL (dronabinol) capsule Ondansetron 16mg tablet REGLAN (metoclopramide) tablet | Dopamine antagonist (such as metoclopramide, prochlorperazine, promethazine) OR Serotonin antagonist (ondansetron, granisetron) All other non-preferred products may be approved for members who have trialed and failed treatment with two preferred products. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 14-day trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. Dronabinol prior authorization may be approved for members meeting above non-preferred criteria OR via AutoPA for members with documented HIV diagnosis. Promethazine product formulations require prior authorization for members < 2 years of age due to risk of fatal respiratory depression. |
|--|---|--|
| | Trimethobenzamide capsule ZOFRAN (ondansetron) tablet | |
| | | IETICS, Non-Oral -Effective 7/1/2024 |
| No PA Required Prochlorperazine 25 mg suppository Promethazine 12.5 mg, 25 mg | PA Required PROMETHEGAN 50 mg (Promethazine) suppository SANCUSO (granisetron) patch | Non-preferred products may be approved for members who have trialed and failed treatment with two preferred products. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 14-day trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. |
| suppository Scopolamine patch | TRANSDERM-SCOP (scopolamine) patch | |
| | | LITY, CHRONIC -Effective 7/1/2024 |
| PA Require | ed for all agents in this class | All agents will only be approved for FDA labeled indications and up to FDA approved |
| Preferred | Non-Preferred | maximum doses listed below. |
| LINZESS (linaclotide) capsule | Alosetron tablet AMITIZA (lubiprostone) capsule | Preferred agents may be approved if the member meets the following criteria: • Has diagnosis of Irritable Bowel Syndrome – Constipation (IBS-C), Chronic Idiopathic Constipation (CIC), or Opioid Induced Constipation (OIC) in patients with opioids prescribed for noncancer pain AND |
| Lubiprostone capsule MOVANTIK (naloxegol) tablet | IBSRELA tablet LOTRONEX (alosetron) tablet | Member does not have a diagnosis of GI obstruction AND For indication of OIC, member opioid use must exceed 4 weeks of treatment For indications of CIC, OIC, IBS-C; member must have documentation of |
| | MOTEGRITY (prucalopride) tablet | adequate trial of two or more over-the-counter motility agents (polyethylene |

Prucalopride tablet

RELISTOR (methylnaltrexone) syringe, tablet, vial

SYMPROIC (naldemedine) tablet

TRULANCE (plecanatide) tablet

VIBERZI (eluxadoline) tablet

glycol, docusate or bisacodyl, for example). OR If the member cannot take oral medications, then the member must fail a 7-day trial with a nonphosphate enema (docusate or bisacodyl enema). Failure is defined as a lack of efficacy for a 7-day trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, contraindication to, or significant drugdrug interaction **AND**

For indication of IBS-D, must have documentation of adequate trial and failure
with loperamide and trial and failure with dicyclomine or hyoscyamine. Failure
is defined as a lack of efficacy for a 7-day trial, allergy, intolerable side effects,
contraindication to, or significant drug-drug interaction.

Non-preferred agents may be approved if the member meets the following criteria:

- Member meets all listed criteria for preferred agents **AND**
- Member has trialed and failed two preferred agents OR if the indication is OIC caused by methadone, then a non-preferred agent may be approved after an adequate trial of MOVANTIK (naloxegol). Failure is defined as a lack of efficacy for a 7-day trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, contraindication to, or significant drug-drug interaction AND
- If prescribed Viberzi (eluxadoline) or Lotronex (alosetron), member meets the additional criteria for those agents listed below.

VIBERZI (eluxadoline) may be approved for members who meet the following additional criteria:

- Diagnosis of Irritable Bowel Syndrome Diarrhea (IBS-D) **AND**
- Member has a gallbladder **AND**
- Member does not have severe hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh C), history of severe constipation, known mechanical gastrointestinal obstruction, biliary duct obstruction, history of pancreatitis or structural disease of the pancreas AND
- Member does not drink more than 3 alcoholic drinks per day

LOTRONEX (alosetron) and generic alosetron may be approved for members who meet the following additional criteria:

- Member is a female with Irritable Bowel Syndrome Diarrhea (IBS-D) with symptoms lasting 6 months or longer **AND**
- Member does not have severe hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh C), history of severe constipation or ischemic colitis, hypercoagulable state, Crohn's disease or ulcerative colitis, or known mechanical gastrointestinal obstruction.

| Medication | FDA approved indication | FDA Max Dose |
|------------------------|--|--------------|
| Amitiza (lubiprostone) | IBS-C (females only), CIC, OIC (not caused by methadone) | 48mcg/day |
| Linzess (linaclotide) | IBS-C, CIC | 290mcg/day |
| Movantik (naloxegol) | OIC | 25mg/day |

| Viberzi (eluxadoline) | IBS-D | 200mg/day |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|
| Relistor subcutaneous injection | OIC | 12mg/day |
| (methylnaltrexone) | | |
| Relistor oral (methylnaltrexone) | OIC | 450mg/day |
| Lotronex (alosetron) | IBS-D (females only) | 2mg/day (females only) |
| Symproic (Naldemedine) | OIC | 0.2mg/day |
| Trulance (plecanatide) | CIC, IBS-C | 3mg/day |
| Motegrity (prucalopride) | CIC | 2mg/day |

CIC – chronic idiopathic constipation, OIC – opioid induced constipation, IBS – irritable bowel syndrome, D – diarrhea predominant, C – constipation predominant

| Therapeutic Drug Class: H. PYLORI TREATMENTS -Effective 7/1/2024 | | |
|--|--|---|
| No PA Required | PA Required | |
| PYLERA ^{BNR} capsule (bismuth subcitrate/metronidazole tetracycline) | Amoxicillin/lansoprazole/clarithromycin pack Bismuth subcitrate/metronidazole tetracycline capsule OMECLAMOX-PAK (amoxicillin/omeprazole/clarithromycin) TALICIA (omeprazole/amoxicillin/ rifabutin) tablet | Non-preferred <i>H. pylori</i> treatments should be used as individual product ingredients unless one of the individual products is not commercially available, then a PA for the combination product may be given. |
| | VOQUEZNA DUAL (vonoprazan/amoxicillin) dose pack VOQUEZNA TRIPLE (vonoprazan/amoxicillin/ clarithromycin dose pack | |
| Therapeutic Drug Class: HEMORRHOIDAL, ANORECTAL, AND RELATED TOPICAL ANESTHETIC AGENTS - Effective 7/1/2024 | | |
| Hydroconticono cingle ocent | | |

| cortisone single agent | |
|--|--|
| PA Required | |
| CORTENEMA (hydrocortisone) enema PROCORT cream | Non-preferred products may be approved following trial and failure of therapy with 3 preferred products (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions). |
| | PA Required CORTENEMA (hydrocortisone) enema |

| Hydrocortisone 2.5% cream with applicator Hydrocortisone enema | docaine single agent | |
|---|---|---|
| No PA Required | PA Required | |
| Lidocaine 5% ointment | Lidocaine 3% cream | |
| Oth | er and Combinations | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | |
| Hydrocortisone-Pramoxine 1%-1% cream | ANALPRAM HC (Hydrocortisone-Pramoxine) 1%-1% cream, 2.5%-1% cream | |
| Lidocaine-Hydrocortisone 3-0.5% cream with applicator | EPIFOAM (Hydrocortisone-Pramoxine) 1%-1% foam | |
| Lidocaine-Prilocaine Cream (all | Hydrocortisone-Pramoxine 2.5%-1% cream | |
| other manufacturers) PROCTOFOAM-HC | Lidocaine-Hydrocortisone in Coleus 2%-2% cream kit | |
| (hydrocortisone-pramoxine) 1%-1% foam | Lidocaine-Hydrocortisone 2.8%-0.55% gel | |
| | Lidocaine-Hydrocortisone 3%-0.5% cream w/o applicator, cream kit | Rectiv (nitroglycerin) ointment may be approved if meeting the following: Member has a diagnosis of anal fissure AND Prescriber attests that member has trialed and maximized use of |
| | Lidocaine-Hydrocortisone 3%-1% cream kit | appropriate supportive therapies including sitz bath, fiber, topical analgesics (such lidocaine), and stool softeners/laxatives. |
| | Lidocaine-Hydrocortisone 3%-2.5% gel kit | |
| | Lidocaine-Prilocaine Cream (Fougera only) | |
| | PLIAGLIS (lidocaine-tetracaine) 7%-7% cream | |
| | PROCORT (Hydrocortisone-Pramoxine) 1.85%-1.15% cream | |
| | RECTIV (nitroglycerin) 0.4% ointment | |
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: PANCREA | TIC ENZYMES -Effective 7/1/2024 |
| No PA Required | PA Required | |
| CREON (pancrelipase) capsule | PERTZYE (pancrelipase) capsule | Non-preferred products may be approved for members who have failed an adequate tria (4 weeks) with at least two preferred products. (Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interaction.) |

| VIOKACE (pancrelipase) tablet | | |
|--|---|--|
| ZENPEP (pancrelipase) capsule | | |
| | | PUMP INHIBITORS -Effective 7/1/2024 |
| No PA Required Esomeprazole DR packet for oral suspension, capsule (RX) Lansoprazole DR capsules (RX) Lansoprazole ODT (lansoprazole) (for members under 2 years) Omeprazole DR capsule (RX) Pantoprazole tablet PROTONIX (pantoprazole DR) packet for oral suspension BNR | PA Required ACIPHEX (rabeprazole) tablet, sprinkle capsule DEXILANT (dexlansoprazole) capsule Dexlansoprazole capsule Esomeprazole DR 49.3 capsule (RX), (OTC) capsule KONVOMEP (Omeprazole/Na bicarbonate) suspension Lansoprazole DR capsule OTC NEXIUM (esomeprazole) capsule (RX), oral suspension packet, 24HR (OTC) | For members treating GERD symptoms that are recommended that the dose of the PPI be re-eval (such as famotidine) be trialed in order to reduce Prior authorization for non-preferred proton purt the following criteria are met: • Member has a qualifying diagnosis (below) A • Member has trialed and failed therapy with the months. (Failure is defined as: lack of efficacy intolerable side effects, or significant drug-dr • Member has been diagnosed using one of the Diagnosis made by GI specialision Endoscopy • X-ray • Biopsy • Blood test • Breath Test |
| | Omeprazole/Na bicarbonate capsule, packet for oral suspension Omeprazole DR tablet (OTC), ODT (OTC) Pantoprazole packet for oral suspension PREVACID (lansoprazole) capsule, Solutab, suspension PRILOSEC (omeprazole) suspension PROTONIX (pantoprazole DR) tablet Rabeprazole tablet VOQUEZNA (vonoprazan) tablet ZEGERID (omeprazole/Na bicarbonate) capsule, packet for oral suspension | Qualifying Diagnoses: Barrett's esophagus, duodenal ulcer, erosive eso H. pylori infection, hypersecretory conditions (Z pediatric esophagitis, requiring mechanical vent) Quantity Limits: All agents will be limited to once daily dosing ediagnoses: Barrett's esophagus, GI Bleed, H. py (Zollinger-Ellison), or members who have spina Adult members with GERD on once daily, experience symptoms may receive initial prior trial of twice daily, high-dose PPI therapy. Coregimen for GERD beyond 4 weeks will require approval verifying adequate member response may be placed for one year. If a member with to twice daily, high-dose PPI therapy, this should be perfectly the property of the pro |

otoms that are controlled on PPI therapy, it is PPI be re-evaluated or step-down with an H2 blocker order to reduce long-term PPI use.

ed proton pump inhibitors may be approved if all of

- osis (below) AND
- herapy with three preferred agents within the last 24 ack of efficacy following 4-week trial, allergy, ficant drug-drug interaction) **AND**
- ing one of the following diagnostic methods:
 - by GI specialist

er, erosive esophagitis, gastric ulcer, GERD, GI Bleed, conditions (Zollinger-Ellison), NSAID-induced ulcer, chanical ventilation, requiring a feeding tube

daily dosing except when used for the following Bleed, H. pylori infection, hypersecretory conditions ho have spinal cord injury with associated acid reflux.

on once daily, high-dose PPI therapy who continue to ive initial prior authorization approval for a 4-week PI therapy. Continuation of the twice daily dosing eeks will require additional prior authorization mber response to the dosing regimen and approval member with symptomatic GERD does not respond erapy, this should be considered a treatment failure.

s of age) on once daily dosing of a PPI who continue ceive one-year prior authorization approval for twice

Age Limits:

| | | Nexium 24H and Zegerid will not be approved for members less than 18 years of age. |
|---|---|--|
| | | Prevacid Solutab may be approved for members ≤ 2 years of age OR for members ≥ 2 years of age with a feeding tube. |
| | | Continuation of Care: Members currently taking Dexilant (dexlansoprazole) capsules may continue to receive approval for that medication. |
| Therape | utic Drug Class: NON-BIOLOGIC ULCER A | ATIVE COLITIS AGENTS- Oral -Effective 7/1/2024 |
| No PA Required | PA Required | |
| Brand/generic changes effective 08/08/2024 | AZULFIDINE (sulfasalazine) Entab, tablet | Prior authorization for non-preferred oral formulations will require trial and failure of two preferred oral products with different active ingredients AND one preferred rectal product. If inflammation is not within reach of topical therapy, trial of preferred rectal |
| APRISO (mesalamine ER) capsule | Balsalazide capsule | product is not required. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. |
| | Budesonide DR tablet | |
| Mesalamine DR tablet (generic Lialda) (<i>Takeda only</i>) | COLAZAL (balsalazide) capsule | Uceris (budesonide) tablet : Prior authorization may be approved following trial and failure of one preferred oral product AND one preferred rectal product. If inflammation is not within reach of topical therapy, trial of preferred rectal product is not required. |
| Mesalamine ER capsule (generic Apriso) (<i>Teva only</i>) | DELZICOL (mesalamine DR) capsule | Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drugdrug interaction. Approval will be placed for 8 weeks. Further prior authorization may be |
| | DIPENTUM (olsalazine) capsule | approved if 7 days of steroid-free time has elapsed, and member continues to meet the |
| PENTASA ^{BNR} (mesalamine) capsule | LIALDA (mesalamine DR) tablet | above criteria. |
| Sulfasalazine IR and DR tablet | Mesalamine DR tablet (generic Asacol HD, Lialda) | |
| | Mesalamine DR/ER capsule (generic Delzicol and Pentasa) | |
| | UCERIS (budesonide) tablet | |
| | | |
| Therapeu | tic Drug Class: NON-BIOLOGIC ULCERA | TIVE COLITIS AGENTS- Rectal -Effective 7/1/2024 |
| No PA Required | PA Required | Prior authorization for non-preferred rectal formulations will require trial and failure of |
| Mesalamine suppository | Budesonide foam | one preferred rectal formulation and one preferred oral formulation (Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction). |
| Mesalamine 4gm/60 ml enema | CANASA (mesalamine) suppository | Uceris (budesonide) foam: If the above criteria are met, Uceris (budesonide) foam prior |
| (generic SF ROWASA) | Mesalamine enema, kit | authorization may be approved for 6 weeks. Further prior authorization may be approved if 7 days of steroid-free time has elapsed, and member continues to meet the above |
| | ROWASA/SF ROWASA enema, kit (mesalamine) | criteria. |
| | UCERIS (budesonide) foam | |

| VIII Uamatalagiaal | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| VIII. Hematological Therapeutic Drug Class: ANTICOAGULANTS- Oral -Effective 7/1/2024 | | | |
| N. D. D. w | | IGULAN15- Orai -Effective 7/1/2024 | |
| No PA Required Dabigatran capsule ELIQUIS (apixaban) tablet, tablet pack Warfarin tablet XARELTO (rivaroxaban) 10 mg, 15 mg, 20 mg tablet, dose pack | PA Required PRADAXA (dabigatran) capsule, pellet Rivaroxaban 2.5mg tablet SAVAYSA (edoxaban) tablet XARELTO (rivaroxaban) 2.5 mg tablet XARELTO (rivaroxaban) oral suspension | SAVAYSA (edoxaban) may be approved if all the following criteria have been met: • The member has failed therapy with two preferred agents. (Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction) AND • Member is not on dialysis AND • Member does not have CrCl > 95 mL/min AND • The member has a diagnosis of deep vein thrombosis (DVT), pulmonary embolism (PE) OR • The member has a diagnosis of non-valvular atrial fibrillation AND • The member does not have a mechanical prosthetic heart valve XARELTO 2.5mg (rivaroxaban) may be approved for members meeting all of the following criteria: • Xarelto 2.5mg is being prescribed to reduce major CV events in members diagnosis of chronic coronary artery disease (CAD) or peripheral artery disease AND • Xarelto 2.5mg is being taken twice daily and in combination with aspirin 75-100mg daily AND • Member must not be receiving dual antiplatelet therapy, other non-aspirin antiplatelet therapy, or other oral anticoagulant AND • Member must not have had an ischemic, non-lacunar stroke within the past month AND • Member must not have had a hemorrhagic or lacunar stroke at any time XARELTO (rivaroxaban) oral suspension may be approved without prior authorization for members <18 years of age who require a rivaroxaban dose of less than 10 mg OR with prior authorization verifying the member is unable to use the solid oral dosage form. All other non-preferred oral agents require trial and failure of two preferred oral agents. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drugdrug interaction. | |
| | | Continuation of Care: Members with current prior authorization approval on file for a non-preferred <u>oral</u> anticoagulant medication may continue to receive approval for that medication | |
| Therapeutic Drug Class: ANTICOAGULANTS- Parenteral -Effective 7/1/2024 | | | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | Non-preferred parenteral anticoagulants may be approved if member has trial and failure of one preferred parenteral agent. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, | |
| Enoxaparin syringe | ARIXTRA (fondaparinux) syringe | intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction | |

| Enoxaparin vial | Fondaparinux syringe FRAGMIN (dalteparin) vial, syringe LOVENOX (enoxaparin) syringe, vial | ARIXTRA (fondaparinux) may be approved if the following criteria have been met: • Member is 18 years of age or older AND • Member has a CrCl > 30 ml/min AND • Member weighs > 50 kg AND • Member has a documented history of heparin induced-thrombocytopenia OR • Member has a contraindication to enoxaparin Members currently stabilized on fondaparinux (Arixtra) or dalteparin (Fragmin) may receive prior authorization approval to continue receiving that medication. |
|---|--|--|
| | | PLATELETS -Effective 4/8/2025 |
| No PA Required Aspirin/dipyridamole ER capsule | PA Required EFFIENT (prasugrel) tablet | Zontivity (vorapaxar) may be approved for patients with a diagnosis of myocardial infarction or peripheral artery disease without a history of stroke, transient ischemic attack, intracranial bleeding, or active pathological bleeding. Patients must also be taking aspirin and/or clopidogrel concomitantly. |
| BRILINTA (ticagrelor) tablet ^{BNR} Cilostazol tablet | PLAVIX (clopidogrel) tablet Ticagrelor tablet | Non-preferred products without criteria will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis. |
| Clopidogrel tablet | C | |
| Dipyridamole tablet | | |
| Pentoxifylline ER tablet | | |
| Prasugrel tablet | | |
| | | ULATING FACTORS -Effective 7/1/2024 |
| | d for all agents in this class* | *Prior authorization for preferred agents may be approved if meeting the following |
| Preferred | Non-Preferred | criteria: |
| FULPHILA (pegfilgrastim-jmdb) syringe | FYLNETRA (pegfilgrastim-jmdb) syringe | Medication is being used for one of the following indications: Patient with cancer receiving myelosuppressive chemotherapy –to reduce |
| NEUPOGEN (filgrastim) vial, | GRANIX (tbo-filgrastim) syringe, vial | incidence of infection (febrile neutropenia) (Either the post nadir ANC is less than 10,000 cells/mm3 or the risk of neutropenia for the member is |
| syringe | LEUKINE (sargramostim) vial | calculated to be greater than 20%) Acute Myeloid Leukemia (AML) patients receiving chemotherapy |
| | NEULASTA (pegfilgrastim) kit, syringe | Bone Marrow Transplant (BMT) Peripheral Blood Progenitor Cell Collection and Therapy |
| | NIVESTYM (filgrastim-aafi) syringe, vial | Hematopoietic Syndrome of Acute Radiation Syndrome Severe Chronic Neutropenia (Evidence of neutropenia infection exists or ANC is below 750 cells/mm3) |
| | NYVEPRIA (pegfilgrastim-apgf) syringe | • |
| | RELEUKO (filgrastim-ayow) syringe, vial | Prior authorization for non-preferred agents may be approved if meeting the following criteria: |

| | STIMUFEND (pegfilgrastim-fpgk) syringe | Medication is being used for one of the following indications: |
|------------------------------|---|---|
| | LIDENIVOA (na efilozoation al es) autainia eta e On | o Patient with cancer receiving myelosuppressive chemotherapy –to reduce |
| | UDENYCA (pegfilgrastim-cbqv) autoinjector, On- | incidence of infection (febrile neutropenia) (Either the post nadir ANC is |
| | Body, syringe | less than 10,000 cells/mm3 or the risk of neutropenia for the member is |
| | ZARXIO (filgrastim-sndz) syringe | calculated to be greater than 20%) |
| | ZARATO (Highastini-shdz) syringe | Acute Myeloid Leukemia (AML) patients receiving chemotherapy |
| | ZIEXTENZO (pegfilgrastim-bmez) syringe | o Bone Marrow Transplant (BMT) |
| | Ellerite (pegingrusum emez) syringe | Peripheral Blood Progenitor Cell Collection and Therapy |
| | | Hematopoietic Syndrome of Acute Radiation Syndrome |
| | | Severe Chronic Neutropenia (Evidence of neutropenia infection exists or ANC is below 750 cells/mm3) |
| | | AND |
| | | • Member has history of trial and failure of Neupogen AND one other preferred agent. |
| | | Failure is defined as a lack of efficacy with a 3-month trial, allergy, intolerable side |
| | | effects, significant drug-drug interactions, or contraindication to therapy. Trial and |
| | | failure of Neupogen will not be required if meeting one of the following: |
| | | Member has limited access to caregiver or support system for assistance |
| | | with medication administration OR |
| | | Member has inadequate access to healthcare facility or home care interpretations. |
| | | interventions. |
| T | herapeutic Drug Class: ERYTHROPOIESIS | S STIMULATING AGENTS Effective 7/1/2024 |
| PA Require | ed for all agents in this class* | |
| Preferred | Non-Preferred | *Prior Authorization is required for all products and may be approved if meeting the following: |
| EPOGEN (epoetin alfa) vial | ARANESP (darbepoetin alfa) syringe, vial | Medication is being administered in the member's home or in a long-term care facility AND |
| RETACRIT (epoetin alfa-epbx) | MIRCERA (methoxy peg-epoetin beta) syringe | Member meets <u>one</u> of the following: |
| (Pfizer only) vial | | A diagnosis of cancer, currently receiving chemotherapy, with |
| | PROCRIT (epoetin alfa) vial | chemotherapy-induced anemia, and hemoglobin [†] of 10g/dL or lower OR |
| | RETACRIT (epoetin alfa-epbx) (Vifor only) vial | A diagnosis of chronic renal failure, and hemoglobin [†] below 10g/dL OR |
| | | A diagnosis of hepatitis C, currently taking ribavirin and failed |
| | | response to a reduction of ribavirin dose, and hemoglobin [†] less than |
| | | 10g/dL (or less than 11g/dL if symptomatic) OR |
| | | o A diagnosis of HIV, currently taking zidovudine, hemoglobin [†] less |
| | | than 10g/dL, and serum erythropoietin level of 500 mU/mL or less OR |
| | | Member is undergoing elective, noncardiac, nonvascular surgery and |
| | | medication is given to reduce receipt of allogenic red blood cell |
| | | transfusions, hemoglobin [†] is greater than 10g/dL, but less than or equal |
| | | to 13g/dL and high risk for perioperative blood loss. Member is not |
| | | |
| | | willing or unable to donate autologous blood pre-operatively AND |

| • | For any non-preferred product, member has trialed and failed treatment with one |
|---|---|
| | preferred product. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with a 6-week trial, |
| | allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. |

o Members with active bleeding & platelet count <30,000/mcL

[†]Hemoglobin results must be from the last 30 days.

| | | Hemoglobin results must be from the last 30 days. |
|--|----------------------------------|---|
| | IX. In | ımunological |
| | | IUNE GLOBULINS -Effective 1/1/2025 |
| PA Requir | ed for all agents in this class* | Preferred agents may be approved for members meeting at least one of the approved |
| Preferred | Non-Preferred | conditions listed below for prescribed doses not exceeding maximum (Table 1). |
| CUVITRU 20% SQ liquid | ALYGLO 10% IV liquid | Non-preferred agents may be approved for members meeting the following: • Member meets at least one of the approved conditions listed below AND |
| GAMMAGARD 10% IV/SQ liquid | BIVIGAM 10% IV liquid | Member has history of trial and failure of two preferred agents (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or |
| GAMUNEX-C 10% IV/SQ liquid | CUTAQUIG 16.5% SQ liquid | significant drug-drug interactions) AND Prescribed dose does not exceed listed maximum (Table 1) |
| | FLEBOGAMMA DIF 5%, 10% IV liquid | Approved Conditions for Immune Globulin Use: • Primary Humoral Immunodeficiency disorders including: |
| HIZENTRA 20% SQ syringe, vial | GAMMAGARD S/D vial | Common Variable Immunodeficiency (CVID) Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (SCID) |
| PRIVIGEN 10% IV liquid | GAMMAKED 10% IV/SQ liquid | X-Linked Agammaglobulinemia X-Linked with Hyperimmunoglobulin M (IgM) Immunodeficiency |
| If immune globulin is being | GAMMAPLEX 5%, 10% IV liquid | Wiskott-Aldrich Syndrome Members < 13 years of age with pediatric Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) and CD-4 count > 200/mm3 |
| administered in a long-term care facility or in a member's home by | HYQVIA 10% SQ liquid | Neurological disorders including: Guillain-Barré Syndrome |
| a home healthcare provider, it should be billed as a pharmacy | OCTAGAM 5%, 10% IV liquid | Relapsing-Remitting Multiple Sclerosis Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy |
| claim. All other claims must be submitted through the medical | PANZYGA 10% IV liquid | Myasthenia GravisPolymyositis and Dermatomyositis |
| benefit. | XEMBIFY 20% IV liquid | Multifocal Motor NeuropathyKawasaki Syndrome |
| | | Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia (CLL) |
| | | • Autoimmune Neutropenia (AN) with absolute neutrophil count < 800 mm and |
| | | history of recurrent bacterial infections • Autoimmune Hemolytic Anemia (AHA) |
| | | Liver or Intestinal Transplant |
| | | Immune Thrombocytopenia Purpura (ITP) including: |
| | | Requiring preoperative therapy for undergoing elective splenectomy with platelet count < 20,000/mcL |
| | | Mambars with active bleading & platelet count <30,000/mcI |

| (| 0 | Pregnant members with platelet counts <10,000/mcL in the third |
|---|---|--|
| | | trimester |

- o Pregnant members with platelet count 10,000 to 30,000/mcL who are bleeding
- Multisystem Inflammatory Syndrome in Children (MIS-C)

| Table 1: FDA-Approved Maximum Immune Globulin Dosing | | |
|--|---------------------------------|--|
| Asceniv – IV admin | 800 mg/kg every 3 to 4 weeks | |
| Bivigam – IV admin | 800 mg/kg every 3 to 4 weeks | |
| Cuvitru –subcutaneous admin | 12 grams protein/site for up to | |
| | four sites weekly | |
| | (48grams/week) | |
| Flebogamma DIF – IV admin | 600 mg/kg every 3 weeks | |
| Gammaplex 5% – IV admin | 1 gram/kg for 2 consecutive | |
| | days | |
| Gammagard liquid subcutaneous or | 2.4 grams/kg/month | |
| IV admin | | |
| Gammaked –subcutaneous or IV | 600 mg/kg every 3 weeks | |
| admin | | |
| Gamunex-C –subcutaneous or IV | 600 mg/kg every 3 weeks | |
| admin | | |
| Hizentra –subcutaneous admin | 0.4 g/kg per week | |
| Octagam – IV admin | 2 grams/kg every 4 weeks | |
| Panzyga – IV admin | 2 g/kg every 3 weeks | |
| Privigen – IV admin | 2 g/kg over 2 to 5 consecutive | |
| | days | |

Members currently receiving a preferred or non-preferred immunoglobulin product may receive approval to continue therapy with that product at prescribed doses not exceeding maximum (Table 1).

| Therapeutic Drug Class: NEWER GENERATION ANTIHISTAMINES -Effective 1/1/2025 | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| No PA Required | PA Required | | |
| Cetirizine (OTC) syrup/solution (OTC/RX), tablet | Cetirizine (OTC) chewable tablet, softgel, UD cups solution | Non-preferred single agent antihistamine products may be approved for members who have failed treatment with two preferred products in the last 6 months. For members with respiratory allergies, an additional trial of an intranasal corticosteroid will be required in the last 6 months. | |
| Desloratadine tablet (RX) | CLARINEX (desloratadine) tablet | | |
| Levocetirizine tablet (RX/OTC) | Desloratadine ODT (RX) | Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with a 14-day trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. | |
| Loratadine tablet (OTC), | Fexofenadine tablet (OTC), suspension (OTC) | | |
| syrup/solution (OTC) | Levocetirizine solution (RX) | | |

| | Loratadine chewable (OTC), ODT (OT | C) | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Ther | rapeutic Drug Class: ANTIHISTAMI | NE/DECONO | GESTANT COMBINATIONS - Effective 1/1/2025 |
| No PA Required Loratadine-D (OTC) tablet No PA Required | PA Required Cetirizine-PSE (OTC) CLARINEX-D (desloratadine-D) Fexofenadine/PSE (OTC) | Non-preferred failed treatmen allergies, an ad Failure is defir interaction. | antihistamine/decongestant combinations may be approved for members who have not with the preferred product in the last 6 months. For members with respiratory additional trial of an intranasal corticosteroid will be required in the last 6 months. The day of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug. The day of the da |
| Azelastine 137 mcg Budesonide (OTC) DYMISTA (azelastine/ | Azelastine (Astepro) 0.15% Azelastine/Fluticasone BECONASE AQ (beclomethasone dipr | ranionata) | three preferred products (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with a 2-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions). Non-preferred combination agents may be approved following trial of individual products with same active ingredients AND trial and failure of one additional |
| fluticasone) BNR Fluticasone (RX) Ipratropium | Flunisolide 0.025% Fluticasone (OTC) | орюнае) | preferred agent (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 2-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions). |
| Olopatadine Triamcinolone acetonide (OTC | Mometasone NASONEX (mometasone) OMNARIS (ciclesonide) | | |
| | PATANASE (olopatadine) QNASL (beclomethasone) | | |
| | RYALTRIS (olopatadine/mometasone) XHANCE (fluticasone) ZETONNA (ciclesonide) | | |
| | <u> </u> | EUKOTRIEN | NE MODIFIERS -Effective 1/1/2025 |
| No PA Required | PA Required | | Non-preferred products may be approved if meeting the following criteria: |

| Montelukast tablet, chewable | ACCOLATE (zafirlukast) tablet Montelukast granules SINGULAIR (montelukast) tablet, che Zafirlukast tablet Zileuton ER tablet ZYFLO (zileuton) tablet | ewable, granules | Member has trialed and failed treatment with one preferred product (failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions) AND Member has a diagnosis of asthma. Montelukast granules may be approved if a member has tried and failed montelukast chewable tablets AND has difficulty swallowing. |
|------------------------------|--|--|---|
| | 1 0 | ETHOTREXATE | PRODUCTS -Effective 1/1/2025 |
| | PA Required JYLAMVO (methotrexate) oral solution OTREXUP (methotrexate) auto-injector RASUVO (methotrexate) auto-injector REDITREX (methotrexate) syringe TREXALL (methotrexate) oral tablet XATMEP (methotrexate) oral solution | • Member has idiopathic art • Member has idiopathic art • Member has lack of effica member has formulation i • Member (or place to limited limited hand) TREXALL may be apply a member has allergy or int XATMEP may be apply a member has an insufficient including full • Member has and is unable to the member has an insufficient has a member ha | REX or RASUVO may be approved if meeting the following criteria: diagnosis of severe, active rheumatoid arthritis OR active polyarticular juvenile thritis (pJIA) OR inflammatory bowel disease (IBD) AND trialed and failed preferred methotrexate tablet formulation (failure is defined as cy, allergy, intolerable side effects, inability to take oral product formulation, or a diagnosis of pJIA and provider has determined that the subcutaneous s necessary to optimize methotrexate therapy) AND parent/caregiver) is unable to administer preferred methotrexate vial formulation d functional ability (such as vision impairment, limited manual dexterity and/or strength). proved if meeting the following criteria: trialed and failed preferred methotrexate tablet formulation. Failure is defined as olerable side effects. proved for members who meet the following criteria: 18 years of age a diagnosis of acute lymphoblastic leukemia OR a diagnosis of active polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis (pJIA) and has had not therapeutic response to, or is intolerant to, an adequate trial of first-line therapy and dose non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agents (NSAIDs) AND a documented swallowing difficulty due to young age and/or a medical condition to use the preferred methotrexate tablet formulation see serious embryo-fetal harm when administered during pregnancy and it is the during pregnancy for the treatment of non-malignant diseases. Advise members that to use effective contraception during and after treatment with methotrexate, |

| | Members of continue the | currently stabilized on a non-preferred methotrexate product may receive approval to nat agent. |
|--|--|--|
| <u> </u> | Therapeutic Drug Class: MULTIPLE S | SCLEROSIS AGENTS -Effective 4/1/2025 |
| | 1 5 | lifying Therapies |
| Preferred No PA Required (Unless indicated*) | Non-Preferred PA Required AUBAGIO (teriflunomide) tablet | *Kesimpta (ofatumumab) may be approved if member has trialed and failed treatment with one preferred agent (failure is defined as intolerable side effects, contraindication to therapy, drug-drug interaction, or lack of efficacy). |
| AVONEX (interferon beta 1a) pen, syringe | BAFIERTAM (monomethyl fumarate DR) capsule | Non-Preferred Products: Non-preferred products may be approved if meeting the following: • Member has a diagnosis of a relapsing form of multiple sclerosis AND |
| BETASERON (interferon beta 1b) injection | EXTAVIA (interferon beta 1b) kit, vial | Member has previous trial and failure with three preferred agents. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug- |
| COPAXONE ^{BNR} (glatiramer) injection | GILENYA (fingolimod) capsule | drug interaction AND Prescribed dose does not exceed the maximum FDA-approved dose for the medication being ordered AND |
| Dimethyl fumarate tablet, starter pack | Glatiramer 20mg, 40mg injection GLATOPA (glatiramer) injection | If indicated in the product labeling, a negative pre-treatment pregnancy test has been documented, AND |
| Fingolimod capsule | MAVENCLAD (cladribine) tablet | If indicated in the product labeling, an ophthalmologic examination has been performed and documented prior to medication initiation, AND The request process additional criteria lighted for any of the following: |
| *KESIMPTA (ofatumumab) pen**2nd Line** | MAYZENT (siponimod) tablet, pack | The request meets additional criteria listed for any of the following: |
| pen | PLEGRIDY (peg-interferon beta 1a) pen, syringe | Mayzent (siponimod): |
| Teriflunomide tablet | PONVORY (ponesimod) tablet, pack | Member has previous trial and failure of three preferred agents, one of which must be Gilenya (fingolimod). Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, |
| | REBIF (interferon beta 1a) syringe | intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. |
| | REBIF REDIDOSE (interferon beta 1a) pen | Mavenclad (cladribine): Member has history of ≥ 1 relapse in the 12 months preceding initiation of therapy AND |
| | TASCENSO ODT (fingolimod) tablet TECFIDERA (dimethyl fumarate) tablet, pack | Member has previous trial and failure of three other therapies for relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 3-month trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interactions) |

Vumerity (diroximel fumarate) or Bafiertam (monomethyl fumarate DR):

meet additional criteria below) AND

Member has previous trial and failure of three preferred agents, one of which must be

significant drug-drug interactions, intolerable side effects (if GI adverse events, must

Tecfidera (dimethyl fumarate). Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy,

VUMERITY (diroximel DR) capsule

ZEPOSIA (ozanimod) capsule, kit, starter pack

| | | If the requested medication is being prescribed due to GI adverse events with Tecfidera therapy (and no other reason for failure of Tecfidera is given), then the following additional criteria must be met: Member has trialed a temporary dose reduction of Tecfidera (with maintenance dose being resumed within 4 weeks) AND Member has trialed taking Tecfidera with food AND GI adverse events remain significant despite maximized use of gastrointestinal symptomatic therapies (such as calcium carbonate, bismuth subsalicylate, PPIs, H2 blockers, anti-bloating/anti-constipation agents, anti-diarrheal, and centrally acting anti-emetics) AND Initial authorization will be limited to 3 months. Continuation (12-month authorization) will require documentation of clinically significant reduction in GI adverse events. Members currently stabilized on a preferred second line (Kesimpta) or non-preferred product (may receive approval to continue therapy with that agent. | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Symptom Management Therapies | | | | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | Non-preferred products may be approved with prescriber attestation that there is clinical | | |
| Dalfampridine ER tablet | AMPYRA ER (dalfampridine) tablet | rationale supporting why the preferred brand/generic equivalent product formulation is unable to be used. | | |
| Darramphume ER tablet | AWI TRA ER (darrampridine) tablet | unable to be used. | | |
| | | Maximum Dose: | | |
| | | Ampyra (dalfampridine) 10mg twice daily | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | <u> </u> | MUNE MODULATORS -Effective 1/1/2025 | | |
| | | ; Cyltezo (adalimumab-adbm); DUPIXENT (dupilumab); ENBREL (etanercept); | | |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | MIRA (adalimumab); OTEZLA (apremilast) tablet; KEVZARA (sarilumab); | | |
| | | XELJANZ IR (tofacitinib) tablet; XOLAIR (omalizumab) syringe oriatic arthritis, see below), and Ankylosing Spondylitis | | |
| Preferred | Non-Preferred | niauc ai mitus, see below), and Ankylosing spondynus | | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | First line preferred agents (preferred adalimumab products, ENBREL, and XELJANZ | | |
| (If diagnosis met) | - | IR) may receive approval for use for FDA-labeled indications. | | |
| (*Must meet eligibility criteria) | ABRILADA (adalimumab-afzb) pen, syringe | *TALT7 (ivolvinumah) may massiya ammayal fanyas fan EDA lahalad indi adi | | |
| Adalimumab-aaty pen, syringe | ACTEMRA (tocilizumab) syringe, Actpen | *TALTZ (ixekizumab) may receive approval for use for FDA-labeled indications following trial and failure; of a preferred adalimumab product or ENBREL. | | |
| Adalimumab-adbm pen, syringe | Adalimumab-aacf pen, syringe | *KEVZARA (sarilumab) may receive approval for use for FDA-labeled indications following trial and failure; of: | | |
| CYLTEZO (adalimumab-adbm) | Adalimumab-adaz pen, syringe | A preferred adalimumab product or ENBREL AND | | |
| pen, syringe | Adalimumab-fkjp pen, syringe | XELJANZ IR. | | |
| ENBREL (etanercept) | Acammumau-injp pen, syringe | | | |

Adalimumab-ryvk auto-injector HADLIMA (adalimumab-bwwd) Pushtouch, syringe AMJEVITA (adalimumab-atto) auto-injector, syringe **HUMIRA** (adalimumab) BIMZELX (bimekizumab-bkzx) pen *KEVZARA (sarilumab) pen, syringe CIMZIA (certolizumab pegol) syringe, vial *TALTZ (ixekizumab) 80 mg COSENTYX (secukinumab) syringe, pen-injector syringe, autoinjector *TYENNE (tocilizumab-aazg) HULIO (adalimumab-fkip) pen, syringe pen, syringe HYRIMOZ (adalimumab-adaz) pen, syringe XELJANZ IR (tofacitinib) tablet IDACIO (adalimumab-aacf) pen, syringe ILARIS (canakinumab) vial KINERET (anakinra) syringe OLUMIANT (baricitinib) tablet ORENCIA (abatacept) clickject, syringe RINVOQ (upadacitinib), solution, tablet SIMLANDI (adalimumab-ryvk) auto-injector SIMPONI (golimumab) pen, syringe SKYRIZI (risankizumab-rzaa) OnBody, SC pen, syringe XELJANZ (tofacitinib) solution XELJANZ XR (tofacitinib ER) tablet

syringe

YUFLYMA (adalimumab-aaty) auto-injector,

YUSIMRY (adalimumab-aqvh) pen

*TYENNE (tocilizumab-aazg) may receive approval for use for FDA-labeled indications following trial and failure; of:

- A preferred adalimumab product or ENBREL AND
- XELJANZ IR.

Quantity Limit: XELJANZ IR is limited to 2 tablets per day or 60 tablets for a 30-day supply

Non-Preferred Agents:

COSENTYX (secukinumab) may receive approval for:

- FDA-labeled indications following trial and failure; of all indicated preferred agents OR
- Treatment of enthesitis-related arthritis if meeting the following:
 - Member is ≥ 4 years of age and weighs ≥ 15 kg **AND**
 - Member has had trialed and failed; NSAID therapy and ENBREL and a preferred adalimumab product

KINERET (anakinra) may receive approval for:

- Treatment of systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis (sJIA) or Adult-Onset Still's Disease (AOSD) **OR**
- Treatment of rheumatoid arthritis following trial and failure; of
 - o A preferred adalimumab product or ENBREL AND
 - XELJANZ IR

ILARIS (canakinumab) may receive approval if meeting the following:

- Medication is being prescribed for systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis (sJIA) or Adult-Onset Still's Disease (AOSD), **AND**
- Member has trialed and failed‡ a tocilizumab product.

Quantity Limit: 300mg (2mL) every 4 weeks

XELJANZ (**tofacitinib**) **XR** approval will require verification of the clinically relevant reason for use of the XELJANZ XR formulation versus the XELJANZ IR formulation, in addition to meeting non-preferred criteria listed below.

XELJANZ (tofacitinib) oral solution may be approved when the following criteria are met:

- Member has a diagnosis of polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (pJIA) who require a weight-based dose for <40 kg following trial and failure; of a preferred adalimumab product or ENBREL OR
- Member cannot swallow a tofacitinib tablet

| Note: Product formulations in the physician | |
|--|--|
| administered drug (PAD) category are located | |
| on <u>Appendix P</u> | |

All other non-preferred agents may receive approval for FDA-labeled indications following trial and failure; of all preferred agents that are FDA-indicated or have strong evidence supporting use for the prescribed indication from clinically recognized guideline compendia (only one preferred adalimumab product trial required).

Non-preferred agents that are being prescribed per FDA labeling to treat non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis (nr-axSpA) will require trial and failure; of preferred agents that are FDA-labeled for treating an axial spondyloarthritis condition, including ankylosing spondylitis (AS) or nr-axSpA.

<u>Continuation of therapy</u>: Members currently taking a preferred agent may receive approval to continue therapy with that agent. Members with current prior authorization approval on file for a non-preferred agent may receive approval for continuation of therapy with the prescribed agent.

‡Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. Note that trial and failure of preferred TNF inhibitors will not be required when prescribed to treat polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis (pJIA) in members with documented clinical features of lupus.

The Department would like to remind providers that many products are associated with patient-centered programs that are available to assist with drug administration, education, and emotional support related to our members' various disease states.

Psoriatic Arthritis

| | 1 5011 |
|---|---|
| Preferred | Non-Preferred |
| No PA Required | PA Required |
| (If diagnosis met) (*Must meet eligibility criteria) | ABRILADA (adalimumab-afzb) pen, syringe |
| Adalimumab-aaty pen, syringe | Adalimumab-aacf pen, syringe |
| Adalimumab-adbm pen, syringe | Adalimumab-adaz pen, syringe |
| CYLTEZO (adalimumab-adbm) pen, syringe | Adalimumab-fkjp pen, syringe |
| | Adalimumab-ryvk auto-injector |
| ENBREL (etanercept) | AMJEVITA (adalimumab-atto) auto-injector, |
| HADLIMA (adalimumab-bwwd) Pushtouch, syringe | syringe BIMZELX (bimekizumab-bkzx) pen |
| HUMIRA (adalimumab) | CIMZIA (certolizumab pegol) syringe, vial |
| *OTEZLA (apremilast) tablet | |

First line preferred agents (HADLIMA, HUMIRA, ENBREL, XELJANZ IR) may receive approval for psoriatic arthritis indication.

- *OTEZLA (apremilast) may receive approval for psoriatic arthritis indication following trial and failure; of:
 - A preferred adalimumab product or ENBREL **AND**
 - XELJANZ IR or TALTZ.
- *TALTZ (ixekizumab) may receive approval for psoriatic arthritis indication following trial and failure; of:
 - A preferred adalimumab product or ENBREL AND
 - XELJANZ IR or OTEZLA.

Quantity Limit: XELJANZ IR is limited to 2 tablets per day or 60 tablets for a 30-day supply

Non-Preferred Agents:

| *TALTZ (ixekizumab) 80 mg syringe | COSENTYX (secukinumab) syringe, pen-injector | COSENTYX (secukinumab) may receive approval for psoriatic arthritis indication for members ≥ 2 years of age and weighing ≥ 15 kg following trial and failure; of: |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| symme | HULIO (adalimumab-fkjp) pen, syringe | A preferred adalimumab product or ENBREL AND |
| XELJANZ IR (tofacitinib) tablet | | • XELJANZ IR AND |
| | HYRIMOZ (adalimumab-adaz) pen, syringe | TALTZ or OTEZLA. |
| | IDACIO (adalimumab-aacf) pen, syringe | STELARA (ustekinumab) syringe for subcutaneous use may receive approval if meeting the following: |
| | ORENCIA (abatacept) syringe, clickject | Member has trial and failure‡ of: |
| | RINVOQ (upadacitinib) tablet | A preferred adalimumab product or ENBREL AND XELJANZ IR AND |
| | RINVOQ LQ (upadacitinib) solution | O TALTZ or OTEZLA AND |
| | SIMLANDI (adalimumab-ryvk) auto-injector | Prior authorization approval may be given for an initial 16-week supply and authorization approval for continuation may be provided based on clinical |
| | SIMPONI (golimumab) pen, syringe | response. |
| | SKYRIZI (risankizumab-rzaa) OnBody, pen, syringe | XELJANZ (tofacitinib) XR approval will require verification of the clinically relevant reason for use of the XELJANZ XR formulation versus the XELJANZ IR formulation, in addition to meeting non-preferred criteria listed |
| | STELARA (ustekinumab) syringe | below. |
| | TREMFYA (guselkumab) injector, syringe | All other non-preferred agents may receive approval for psoriatic arthritis following trial and failure; of: |
| | XELJANZ (tofacitinib) solution | A preferred adalimumab product or ENBREL AND XELJANZ IR AND |
| | YELIANZ YR (tofacitinih ER) tahlet | TALTZ or OTEZLA. |

XELJANZ XR (tofacitinib ER) tablet

YUSIMRY (adalimumab-aqvh) pen

syringe

Appendix P

YUFLYMA (adalimumab-aaty) auto-injector,

Note: Product formulations in the physician

administered drug (PAD) category are located on

‡Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction.

<u>Continuation of therapy</u>: Members currently taking a preferred agent may receive approval to continue therapy with that agent. Members with current prior authorization approval on file for a non-preferred agent may receive approval for continuation of therapy with the prescribed agent.

The Department would like to remind providers that many products are associated with patient-centered programs that are available to assist with drug administration, education, and emotional support related to our members' various disease states.

Plaque Psoriasis

| Preferred | Non-Preferred |
|---|---|
| No PA Required (If diagnosis met) | PA Required |
| (*Must meet eligibility criteria) | |
| A deliminado estre non erminas | ABRILADA (adalimumab-afzb) pen, syringe |
| Adalimumab-aaty pen, syringe | Adalimumab-aacf pen, syringe |
| Adalimumab-adbm pen, syringe | A lating and a large and a large |
| CYLTEZO (adalimumab-adbm) | Adalimumab-adaz pen, syringe |
| pen, syringe | Adalimumab-fkjp pen, syringe |
| ENBREL (etanercept) | Adalimumab-ryvk auto-injector |
| HADLIMA (adalimumab-bwwd) Pushtouch, syringe | AMJEVITA (adalimumab-atto) auto-injector, syringe |
| HUMIRA (adalimumab) | BIMZELX (bimekizumab-bkzx) pen |
| *OTEZLA (apremilast) tablet | CIMZIA (certolizumab pegol) syringe, vial |
| *TALTZ (ixekizumab) 80 mg syringe | COSENTYX (secukinumab) syringe, pen-injector |
| TYENNE (tocilizumab-aazg) pen, syringe | HULIO (adalimumab-fkjp) pen, syringe |
| | HYRIMOZ (adalimumab-adaz) pen, syringe |
| | IDACIO (adalimumab-aacf) pen, syringe |
| | ORENCIA (abatacept) syringe, clickject |
| | SILIQ (brodalumab) syringe |
| | SIMLANDI (adalimumab-ryvk) auto-injector |
| | SKYRIZI (risankizumab-rzaa) OnBody, pen, syringe |
| | SOTYKTU (ducravacitinib) oral tablet |
| | STELARA (ustekinumab) syringe |
| | TALTZ (ixekizumab) 20mg, 40mg syringe |
| | TREMFYA (guselkumab) injector, syringe |

First line preferred agents (preferred adalimumab products, ENBREL) may receive approval for plaque psoriasis indication.

*Second line preferred agents (TALTZ, OTEZLA) may receive approval for plaque psoriasis indication following trial and failure; of a preferred adalimumab product OR ENBREL.

Non-Preferred Agents:

STELARA (ustekinumab) syringe for subcutaneous use may receive approval if meeting the following:

- Member has trial and failure; of one indicated first line agent (preferred adalimumab products, ENBREL) AND two indicated second line agents (TALTZ, OTEZLA), AND
- Prior authorization approval may be given for an initial 16-week supply and authorization approval for continuation may be provided based on clinical response.

All other non-preferred agents may receive approval for plaque psoriasis indication following trial and failure; of one indicated first line agent (a preferred adalimumab product, ENBREL) AND two second line agents (TALTZ, OTEZLA).

‡Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction.

<u>Continuation of therapy</u>: Members currently taking a preferred agent may receive approval to continue therapy with that agent. Members with current prior authorization approval on file for a non-preferred agent may receive approval for continuation of therapy with the prescribed agent.

The Department would like to remind providers that many products are associated with patient-centered programs that are available to assist with drug administration, education, and emotional support related to our members' various disease states.

| | YUFLYMA (adalimumab-aaty) auto-injector, syringe YUSIMRY (adalimumab-aqvh) pen Note: Product formulations in the physician administered drug (PAD) category are located on Appendix P | |
|---|---|--|
| | | nd Ulcerative Colitis |
| Preferred No PA Required (If diagnosis met) (*Must meet eligibility criteria) | Non-Preferred PA Required ABRILADA (adalimumab-afzb) pen, syringe | Preferred agents (preferred adalimumab products, XELJANZ IR) may receive approval for Crohn's disease and ulcerative colitis indications. Quantity Limit: XELJANZ IR is limited to 2 tablets per day or 60 tablets for a 30-day |
| Adalimumab-aaty pen, syringe | Adalimumab-aacf pen, syringe | supply |
| Adalimumab-adbm pen, syringe | Adalimumab-adaz pen, syringe | Non-Preferred Agents: |
| CYLTEZO (adalimumab-adbm) pen, syringe | Adalimumab-fkjp pen, syringe Adalimumab-ryvk auto-injector | ENTYVIO (vedolizumab) pen for subcutaneous injection may receive approval if the following criteria are met: • For treatment of moderately-to-severely active Crohn's disease, member has |
| HADLIMA (adalimumab-bwwd) Pushtouch, syringe | AMJEVITA (adalimumab-atto) auto-injector, syringe | trial and failure; of one preferred adalimumab product OR for treatment of moderately-to-severely active ulcerative colitis, member has trial and failure; of one preferred adalimumab product and XELJANZ IR AND |
| HUMIRA (adalimumab) | CIMZIA (certolizumab pegol) syringe, vial | Member is ≥ 18 years of age AND Prescriber acknowledges that administration of IV induction therapy prior to |
| *XELJANZ IR (tofacitinib) tablet | COSENTYX (secukinumab) syringe, pen-injector | approval of ENTYVIO (vedolizumab) pen for subcutaneous injection using the above criteria should be avoided and will not result in an automatic approval of requests for these formulations. |
| | ENTYVIO (vedolizumab) pen | |
| | HULIO (adalimumab-fkjp) syringe | OMVOH (mirikizumab-mrkz) pen for subcutaneous injection may receive approval if the following criteria are met: |
| | HYRIMOZ (adalimumab-adaz) pen, syringe | The requested medication is being prescribed for treatment of moderately-to-severely active ulcerative colitis AND Member is ≥ 18 years of age AND |
| | IDACIO (adalimumab-aacf) pen, syringe OLUMIANT (baricitinib) tablet | Member has trial and failure; of one preferred adalimumab product AND XELJANZ IR AND ENTYVIO (vedolizumab) AND |
| | OMVOH (mirikizumab-mrkz) pen | Prescriber acknowledges that administration of IV induction therapy prior to approval of OMVOH (mirikizumab-mrkz) pen for subcutaneous injection using the characteristic described and will not result in a provide the characteristic described. |
| | RINVOQ (upadacitinib) tablet | the above criteria should be avoided and will not result in an automatic approval of requests for these formulations. |

SKYRIZI (risankizumab) syringe for subcutaneous use and on-body injector formulations may receive approval if meeting the following:

RINVOQ LQ (upadacitinib) solution

SIMLANDI (adalimumab-ryvk) auto-injector

SIMPONI (golimumab) pen, syringe

SKYRIZI (risankizumab-rzaa) OnBody, pen, syringe

STELARA (ustekinumab) syringe

VELSIPITY (etrasimod) tablet

XELJANZ (tofacitinib) solution

XELJANZ XR (tofacitinib ER) tablet

YUFLYMA (adalimumab-aaty) auto-injector

YUSIMRY (adalimumab-aqvh) pen

ZYMFENTRA (infliximab-dyyb) pen kit, syringe kit

Note: Product formulations in the physician administered drug (PAD) category are located on Appendix P

- The requested medication is being prescribed for use for treating moderately-toseverely active Crohn's disease or for treating moderate-to-severly ulcerative colitis AND
- Member is \geq 18 years of age **AND**
- Request meets one of the following based on prescribed indication:
 - For treatment of moderately-to-severely active Crohn's disease, member has trial and failure; of one preferred adalimumab product and ENTYVIO (vedolizumab) OR
 - For treatment of moderately-to-severely active ulcerative colitis, member has trial and failure; of one preferred adalimumab product and XELJANZ IR and ENTYVIO (vedolizumab)

AND

 Prescriber acknowledges that administration of IV induction therapy prior to approval of SKYRIZI (risankizumab) prefilled syringe or on-body injector formulation using the above criteria should be avoided and will not result in an automatic approval of requests for these formulations.

Dosing Limit: SKYRIZI on-body formulation maintenance dosing is limited to one 360 mg/2.4 mL single-dose prefilled cartridge or one 180 mg/1.2mL prefilled cartridge every 8 weeks.

STELARA (ustekinumab) syringe for subcutaneous use may receive approval if meeting the following:

- The requested medication is being prescribed for use for treating moderately-to-severely active Crohn's disease or for treating moderately-to-severely active ulcerative colitis AND
- Request meets one of the following based on prescribed indication:
 - For treatment of moderately-to-severely active Crohn's disease, member has trial and failure; of one preferred adalimumab product and ENTYVIO (vedolizumab) OR
 - For treatment of moderately-to-severely active ulcerative colitis, member has trial and failure; of one preferred adalimumab product and XELJANZ IR and ENTYVIO (vedolizumab)

AND

- The member is ≥ 18 years of age **AND**
- Prescriber acknowledges that loading dose administration prior to approval of STELARA for maintenance therapy using the above criteria should be avoided and will not result in an automatic approval of STELARA for maintenance therapy AND
- Prior authorization approval may be given for an initial 16-week supply and authorization approval for continuation may be provided based on clinical response.

TREMFYA (guselkumab) pen for subcutaneous injection may receive approval if the following criteria are met:

For treatment of moderately-to-severely active ulcerative colitis, member has trial and failure; of one preferred adalimumab product and XELJANZ IR AND Member is ≥ 18 years of age **AND** Prescriber acknowledges that administration of IV induction therapy prior to approval of TREMFYA (guselkumab) pen for subcutaneous injection using the above criteria should be avoided and will not result in an automatic approval of requests for these formulations. XELJANZ (tofacitinib) XR approval will require verification of the clinically relevant reason for use of the XELJANZ XR formulation versus the XELJANZ IR formulation, in addition to meeting non-preferred criteria listed below. All other non-preferred agents may receive approval for FDA-labeled indications if meeting the following: The requested medication is being prescribed for treating moderately-toseverely active Crohn's disease or moderately-to-severely active Ulcerative Colitis in alignment with indicated use outlined in FDA-approved product labeling AND The requested medication meets FDA-labeled indicated age for prescribed use For treatment of moderately-to-severely active Crohn's disease, member has trial and failure; of one preferred adalimumab product **OR** for treatment of moderately-to-severely active ulcerative colitis, member has trial and failure; of one preferred adalimumab product and XELJANZ IR. Continuation of therapy: Members currently taking a preferred agent may receive approval to continue therapy with that agent. Members with current prior authorization approval on file for a non-preferred agent may receive approval for continuation of therapy with the prescribed agent. ‡Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. Note that trial and failure of Xeljanz IR will not be required when prescribed for ulcerative colitis for members ≥ 50 years of age that have an additional CV risk factor. The Department would like to remind providers that many products are associated with patient-centered programs that are available to assist with drug administration, education, and emotional support related to our members' various disease states. **Asthma** Preferred Non-Preferred *Preferred products (Dupixent, Fasenra, Tezspire, Xolair) may receive approval if **PA Required PA Required** meeting the following: (*Must meet eligibility criteria) **DUPIXENT** (dupilumab): NUCALA (mepolizumab) auto-injector, syringe Member is 6 years of age or older **AND**

| *DUPIXENT (dupilumab) pen, syringe | Note |
|---|------------|
| *FASENRA (benralizumab) pen | adm App |
| *TEZSPIRE (tezepelumab-ekko) pen | |
| *XOLAIR (omalizumab) syringe, autoinjector | |
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Note: Product formulations in the physician administered drug (PAD) category are located on Appendix P

- Member has an FDA-labeled indicated use for treating one of the following:
 - Moderate to severe asthma (on medium to high dose inhaled corticosteroid and a long-acting beta agonist) with eosinophilic phenotype based on a blood eosinophil level of ≥ 150/mcL OR
 - Oral corticosteroid dependent asthma

AND

- Member's asthma has been refractory to recommended evidence-based, guideline-supported pharmacologic therapies **AND**
- Medication is being prescribed as add-on therapy to existing asthma regimen.

Quantity Limit: 2 syringes every 28 days after initial 14 days of therapy (first dose is twice the regular scheduled dose)

FASENRA (benralizumab):

- Member is ≥ 6 years of age **AND**
- Member has an FDA-labeled indicated use for treating severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype based on a blood eosinophil level of ≥ 150/mcL **AND**
- Member's asthma has been refractory to recommended evidence-based, guideline-supported pharmacologic therapies AND
- The requested medication is being prescribed as add-on therapy to existing asthma regimen.

Quantity Limit: One 30 mg unit dose pack every 28 days for the first 3 doses and then every 8 weeks thereafter

TEZSPIRE (tezepelumab-ekko):

- Member is ≥ 12 years of age **AND**
- Member has a diagnosis of severe asthma AND
- Member's asthma has been refractory to recommended evidence-based, guideline-supported pharmacologic therapies AND
- The requested medication is being prescribed as add-on therapy to existing asthma regimen.

Quantity Limit: Four 210 mg unit dose packs every 28 days

XOLAIR (**omalizumab**) may receive approval if meeting the following based on prescribed indication:

- Member is ≥ 6 years of age **AND**
- Member has an FDA-labeled indicated use for treating asthma AND
- Member has a positive skin test or in vitro reactivity to a perennial inhaled allergen or has a pre-treatment IgE serum concentration ≥ 30 IU/mL **AND**
- Member's asthma has been refractory to recommended evidence-based, guideline-supported pharmacologic therapies **AND**

The requested medication is being prescribed as add-on therapy to existing asthma regimen. **Non-Preferred Agents:** Non-preferred FDA-indicated biologic agents for asthma may receive approval if meeting the following: • The requested medication is being prescribed for treating asthma in alignment with indicated use outlined in FDA-approved product labeling (including asthma type and severity) **AND** If prescribed for use for asthma with eosinophilic phenotype, member has a blood eosinophil count ≥ 150 cells/mcL **AND** The requested medication meets FDA-labeled indicated age for prescribed use AND Member's asthma has been refractory to recommended evidence-based, guideline-supported pharmacologic therapies AND The requested medication is being prescribed as add-on therapy to existing asthma regimen AND Member has trialed and failed! two preferred agents. **Ouantity Limits:** Non-preferred medications will be subject to quantity limitations in alignment with FDAapproved dosing per product package labeling. **Nucala** (mepolizumab) is limited to 100mg every 4 weeks (members \geq 12 years of age) or 40mg every 4 weeks (members 6-11 years of age). ‡Failure is defined as a lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, contraindication to, or significant drug-drug interactions. Continuation of therapy: Members currently taking a preferred agent may receive approval to continue therapy with that agent. Members with current prior authorization approval on file for a non-preferred agent may receive approval for continuation of therapy with the prescribed agent. **Atopic Dermatitis** *Preferred products (Adbry and Dupixent) may receive approval if meeting the Preferred Non-Preferred **PA Required** following: (*Must meet eligibility criteria) ADBRY (tralokinumab-ldrm): *ADBRY (tralokinumab-ldrm) CIBINOO (abrocitinib) tablet The requested drug is being prescribed for moderate-to-severe atopic dermatitis syringe, autoinjector AND RINVOQ (upadacitinib) tablet Member has trialed and failed! the following agents: *DUPIXENT (dupilumab) pen, syringe

administered drug (PAD) category are located on as mometasone furoate, betamethasone dipropionate) AND Appendix P One topical calcineurin inhibitor (such as pimecrolimus or tacrolimus) Maximum Dose: 600 mg/2 weeks Quantity Limit: Four 150 mg/mL prefilled syringes/2 weeks **DUPIXENT** (dupilumab): Member has a diagnosis of moderate to severe atopic dermatitis **AND** Member has trialed and failed‡ the following agents: One medium potency to very-high potency topical corticosteroid [such as mometasone furoate, betamethasone dipropionate, or fluocinonide (see PDL for list of preferred products) **AND** One topical calcineurin inhibitor (such as pimecrolimus or tacrolimus) Quantity Limit: 2 syringes every 28 days after initial 14 days of therapy (first dose is twice the regular scheduled dose) **Non-Preferred Agents:** Non-preferred agents indicated for the treatment of atopic dermatitis may receive approval if meeting the following: Member has a diagnosis of moderate to severe chronic atopic dermatitis AND Member has trialed and failed‡ therapy with two preferred agents for the prescribed indication AND Member has trialed and failed! the following agents: o One medium potency to very-high potency topical corticosteroid (such as mometasone furoate, betamethasone dipropionate, or fluocinonide) One topical calcineurin inhibitor (such as pimecrolimus and tacrolimus) AND The medication is being prescribed by or in consultation with a dermatologist, allergist, immunologist, or rheumatologist. Approval: One year ‡Failure is defined as a lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, contraindication to, or significant drug-drug interactions. Continuation of therapy: Members currently taking a preferred agent may receive approval to continue therapy with that agent. Members with current prior authorization approval on file for a non-preferred agent may receive approval for continuation of

therapy with the prescribed agent.

Note: Product formulations in the physician

One medium potency to very-high potency topical corticosteroid (such

| | Other in | ndications |
|---|---|--|
| Preferred (If diagnosis met, No PA required) (Must meet eligibility criteria*) | Non-Preferred PA Required ACTEMRA (tocilizumab) syringe, Actpen | *DUPIXENT (dupilumab) may receive approval if meeting the following based on prescribed indication: |
| *Must meet eligibility criteria*) *DUPIXENT (dupilumab) pen, syringe ENBREL (etanercept) *FASENRA (benralizumab) pen HUMIRA (adalimumab) *KEVZARA (sarilumab) OTEZLA (apremilast) tablet XELJANZ IR (tofacitinib) tablet *XOLAIR (omalizumab) syringe, autoinjector | ACTEMRA (tocilizumab) syringe, Actpen ARCALYST (rilonacept) injection CIMZIA (certolizumab pegol) syringe COSENTYX (secukinumab) syringe, pen-injector CYLTEZO (adalimumab-adbm) pen, syringe ILARIS (canakinumab) vial KINERET (anakinra) syringe NUCALA (mepolizumab) auto-injector, syringe OLUMIANT (baricitinib) tablet YUFLYMA (adalimumab-aaty) auto-injector Note: Product formulations in the physician administered drug (PAD) category are located on Appendix P | Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease Member is ≥ 18 years of age AND Medication is being prescribed by or in consultation with a pulmonologist or allergist AND Requested medication is being prescribed as an add-on maintenance treatment for inadequately controlled chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) AND Member's COPD is an eosinophilic phenotype based on a blood eosinophil level of ≥ 300 cells/mcL AND Member is receiving, and will continue, standard maintenance triple therapy for COPD (inhaled corticosteroid, long-acting muscarinic agent, long-acting beta agonist) as recommended by the current Global Initiative for Chronic Obstructive Lung Disease (GOLD) guidelines AND Member has experienced at least 2 moderate OR 1 severe COPD exacerbation during the past 12 months Chronic Rhinosinusitis with Nasal Polyposis Member is ≥ 12 years of age AND Medication is being prescribed as an add-on maintenance treatment for inadequately controlled chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyposis (CRSwNP) AND Member has trialed and failed‡ therapy with at least two intranasal corticosteroid regimens Eosinophilic Esophagitis (EoE): Member weighs at least 15 kg AND Member has a diagnosis of eosinophilic esophagitis (EoE) with ≥ 15 intraepithelial eosinophils per high-power field (eos/hpf), with or without a history of esophageal dilations AND Member is following appropriate dietary therapy interventions AND Member is following appropriate dietary therapy interventions for EoE: Member has trialed and failed‡ one of the following treatment options for EoE: |
| | | Member has trialed and failed‡ one of the following treatment options for EoE: Proton pump inhibitor trial of at least eight weeks in duration if reflux is a contributing factor OR |

Prurigo Nodularis: Member is ≥ 18 years of age AND Medication is being prescribed as treatment for prurigo nodularis AND Member has trialed and failed‡ therapy with at least two corticosteroid regimens (topical or intralesional injection). *FASENRA (benralizumab) may be approved for the treatment of adult patients with eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis (EGPA). *KEVZARA (sarilumab) treatment of adult patients with polymyalgia rheumatica who have had an inadequate response to corticosteroids or who cannot tolerate corticosteroid taper. TYENNE (tocilizumab-aazg) may receive approval for use for FDA-label indications following trial and failure; of a preferred adalimumab product or ENBREL *XOLAIR (omalizumab) may receive approval if meeting the following based on prescribed indication: Chronic Rhinosinusitis with Nasal Polyps: Member is 18 years of age or older **AND** Medication is being prescribed as add-on maintenance treatment of chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps (CRSwNP) in adult patients 18 years of age and older with inadequate response to nasal corticosteroids AND Member has tried and failed therapy with at least two intranasal corticosteroid regimens Chronic Idiopathic Urticaria (CIU): Member is 12 years of age or older AND Member is diagnosed with chronic idiopathic urticaria AND Member is symptomatic despite H1 antihistamine treatment AND Member has tried and failed‡ at least three of the following: High-dose second generation H1 antihistamine H2 antihistamine First-generation antihistamine Leukotriene receptor antagonist Hydroxyzine or doxepin (must include) AND

Minimum four-week trial of local therapy with a corticosteroid

medication

 Prescriber attests that the need for continued therapy will be periodically reassessed (as the appropriate duration of Xolair therapy for CIU has currently not been evaluated).

IgE-Mediated Food Allergy:

 Medication is being prescribed for reduction of allergic reactions (Type I), including anaphylaxis, that may occur with accidental exposure to one or more foods in adult and pediatric patients aged 1 year and older with IgE-mediated food allergy.

All other preferred agents (preferred adalimumab products, ENBREL, OTEZLA) may receive approval for use for FDA-labeled indications.

Non-Preferred Agents:

ARCALYST (rilonacept) may receive approval if meeting the following:

- Medication is being prescribed for one of the following autoinflammatory periodic fever syndromes (approval for all other indications is subject to meeting non-preferred criteria listed below):
 - o Cryopyrin-associated Autoinflammatory Syndrome (CAPS), including:
 - Familial Cold Autoinflammatory Syndrome (FCAS)
 - Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS)
 - Maintenance of remission of Deficiency of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist (DIRA) in adults and pediatric patients weighing at least 10 kg
 - Treatment of recurrent pericarditis and reduction in risk of recurrence in adults and children ≥ 12 years of age

AND

- Member has trialed and failed‡ colchicine AND
- Initial approval will be given for 12 weeks and authorization approval for continuation will be provided based on clinical response.

ILARIS (canakinumab) may receive approval if meeting the following:

- Medication is being prescribed for one of the following (approval for all other indications is subject to meeting non-preferred criteria listed below):
 - o Familial Mediterranean Fever (FMF)
 - Hyperimmunoglobulinemia D syndrome (HIDS)
 - Mevalonate Kinase Deficiency (MKD)
 - Neonatal onset multisystem inflammatory disease (NOMID)
 - TNF Receptor Associated Periodic Syndrome (TRAPS)
 - Cryopyrin-associated Autoinflammatory Syndrome (including Familial Cold Autoinflammatory Syndrome and Muckle-Wells Syndrome)
 - Symptomatic treatment of adult patients with gout flares in whom NSAIDs and colchicine are contraindicated, are not tolerated, or do not

corticosteroids are not appropriate (limited to four 150mg doses per one year approval) AND Member has trialed and failed‡ colchicine. **Quantity Limits:** o Cryopyrin-associated periodic syndrome: 600mg (4mL) every 8 weeks All other indications: 300mg (2mL) every 4 weeks **KINERET** (anakinra) may receive approval if meeting the following: Medication is being prescribed for one of the following indications (approval for all other indications is subject to meeting non-preferred criteria below): Neonatal onset multisystem inflammatory disease (NOMID). Familial Mediterranean Fever (FMF) AND Member has trialed and failed‡ colchicine. NUCALA (mepolizumab) may receive approval if meeting the following based on prescribed indication (for any FDA-labeled indications in this subclass category that are not listed, approval is subject to meeting non-preferred criteria listed below): Chronic Rhinosinusitis with Nasal Polyps: Member is 18 years of age or older **AND** Medication is being prescribed as an add-on maintenance treatment in adult patients with inadequately controlled chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyposis (CRSwNP) AND Member has a baseline bilateral endoscopic nasal polyps score (NPS; scale 0-8) **AND** nasal congestion/obstruction score (NC; scale 0-3) averaged over 28-day period AND Member has trialed and failed! therapy with three intranasal corticosteroids (see PDL Class) AND Medication is being prescribed by or in consultation with a rheumatologist, allergist, ear/nose/throat specialist or pulmonologist AND Initial authorization will be for 24 weeks, for additional 12-month approval member must meet the following criteria: o NC and NPS scores are provided and show a 20% reduction in symptoms from baseline AND Member continues to use primary therapies such as intranasal corticosteroids. Eosinophilic Granulomatosis with polyangiitis (EGPA): Member is 18 years of age or older **AND**

provide an adequate response, and in whom repeated courses of

Member has been diagnosed with relapsing or refractory EGPA at least 6 months prior to request as demonstrated by ALL the following: Member has a diagnosis of asthma AND Member has a blood eosinophil count of greater than or equal to 1000 cells/mcL or a blood eosinophil level of 10% AND Member has the presence of two of the following EGPA characteristics: Histopathological evidence of eosinophilic vasculitis, perivascular eosinophilic infiltration, or eosinophil-rich granulomatous inflammation Neuropathy Pulmonary infiltrates Sinonasal abnormality Cardiomyopathy Glomerulonephritis Alveolar hemorrhage Palpable purpura Antineutrophil cytoplasmic antibody (ANCA) positive AND Member has trialed and failed: Fasenra (benralizumab) AND Dose of NUCALA (mepolizumab) 300 mg once every 4 weeks is being prescribed. Hypereosinophilic Syndrome (HES): Member is 12 years of age or older AND Member has a diagnosis for HES for at least 6 months that is nonhematologic secondary HES AND Member has a blood eosinophil count of greater than or equal to 1000 cells/mcL AND Member has a history of two or more HES flares (defined as worsening clinical symptoms or blood eosinophil counts requiring an increase in therapy) AND Member has been on stable dose of HES therapy for at least 4 weeks, at time of request, including at least one of the following: Oral corticosteroids Immunosuppressive therapy Cytotoxic therapy AND Dose of 300 mg once every 4 weeks is being prescribed. All other non-preferred agent indications may receive approval for FDA-labeled use following trial and failure: of all preferred agents that are FDA-indicated or have strong

| | TAKHZYRO (lanadelumab-flyo) syringe, vial | |
|--|--|--|
| CINRYZE (C1 esterase inhibitor) kit | ORLADEYO (berotralstat) oral capsule | HAEGARDA (C1 esterase inhibitor - human) may be approved for members meeting the following criteria: |
| Prophylaxis: | <u>Prophylaxis:</u> | time. Prior authorization approval will be for one year. |
| Preferred | Non-Preferred | Members are restricted to coverage of one medication for <u>routine prophylaxis</u> at one |
| | ed for all agents in this class | Medications Indicated for Routine Prophylaxis: |
| - | | ANGIOEDEMA PRODUCTS -Effective 1/1/2025 |
| EPIPEN JR 0.15 mg/0.15 ml, (epinephrine) auto-injector | | |
| EPIPEN 0.3 mg/0.3 ml (epinephrine) auto-injector | SYMJEPI 0.15mg/0.3ml, 0.3mg/0.3ml (epinephrine) syringe | |
| *Epinephrine 0.15mg/0.15ml, 0.3mg/0.3ml auto-injector (Mylan only) | Epinephrine 0.15mg/0.15ml, 0.3mg/0.3ml auto- injector (All other manufacturers; generic Adrenaclick, Epipen) | Quantity limit: 4 auto-injectors per year unless used / damaged / lost |
| Brand/generic changes effective 02/22/2024* | AUVI-Q (epinephrine) auto-injector | Non-preferred products may be approved if the member has failed treatment with one of the preferred products. Failure is defined as allergy to ingredients in product or intolerable side effects. |
| No PA Required | PA Required | |
| | | INE PRODUCTS -Effective 1/1/2025 |
| | X Misee | ellaneous |
| | | The Department would like to remind providers that many products are associated with patient-centered programs that are available to assist with drug administration, education, and emotional support related to our members' various disease states. |
| | | Note: Prior authorization requests for OLUMIANT (baricitinib) prescribed solely for treating alopecia areata will not be approved. |
| | | approval on file for a non-preferred agent will be subject to meeting reauthorization criteria above when listed for the prescribed indication, or if reauthorization criteria are not listed for the prescribed indication, may receive approval for continuation of therapy. |
| | | Continuation of therapy: Members currently taking a preferred agent may receive approval to continue therapy with that agent. Members with current prior authorization |
| | | ‡Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. |
| | | evidence supporting use for the prescribed indication from clinically recognized guideline compendia (only one preferred adalimumab product trial required). |

| HAEGARDA (C1 esterase | | o Member has a diagnosis of HAE Type I or Type II co |
|--|--|---|
| inhibitor) vial | Treatment: | obtained on two separate instances at least one month |
| <u>Treatment:</u> | <u>Treument.</u> | level) OR has a diagnosis of HAE Type III based on o Member has a documented history of at least one sym |
| DEDINIEDT (C1 | Icatibant syringe (generic FIRAZYR) | severe HAE attack (moderate to severe abdominal pa |
| BERINERT (C1 esterase inhibitor) kit, vial | RUCONEST (C1 estera se inhibitor, recomb) vial | swelling) in the absence of hives or a medication kno |
| ,, | | angioedema AND |
| FIRAZYR (icatibant acetate) syringe BNR | | Member meets at least one of the following: Haegarda is being used for short-term proph surgical procedure or major dental work OR Haegarda is being used for long-term prophy one of the following: |
| | | CINRYZE (C1 esterase inhibitor - human) may be approved if |
| | | following criteria: |
| | | Member has history of trial and failure of Haegarda. I efficacy allergy, intolerable side effects, or a signification |

- confirmed by laboratory tests th apart (C4 level, C1-INH clinical presentation AND
- mptom of a moderate to pain, facial swelling, airway own to cause
 - hylaxis to undergo a
 - hylaxis and member meets
 - sulting in documented ED
 - nvolving the face, throat, or
- ate HAE including ACE
- ve information and/or -labeled package insert edication made from human

for members meeting the

- Failure is defined as lack of cant drug-drug interaction AND
- Member has a diagnosis of HAE Type I or Type II confirmed by laboratory tests obtained on two separate instances at least one month apart (C4 level, C1-INH level) OR has a diagnosis of HAE Type III based on clinical presentation AND
- Member has a documented history of at least one symptom of a moderate to severe HAE attack (moderate to severe abdominal pain, facial swelling, airway swelling) in the absence of hives or a medication known to cause angioedema AND
- Member meets at least one of the following:
 - Cinryze is being used for <u>short-term prophylaxis</u> to undergo a surgical procedure or major dental work **OR**
 - Cinryze is being used for long-term prophylaxis and member meets one of the following:

- admission or hospitalization **OR** History of laryngeal attacks **OR** abdomen AND inhibitors and estrogen-containing medications AND blood. Minimum age: 6 years Maximum dose: 100 Units/kg criteria: interaction AND AND immunologist AND
 - History of ≥1 attack per month resulting in documented ED
 - History of ≥ 2 attacks per month involving the face, throat, or
 - Member is not taking medications that may exacerbate HAE including ACE
 - Prescriber acknowledges that the member will receive information and/or counseling regarding the information from the FDA-labeled package insert outlining transmission of infectious agents with a medication made from human

ORLADEYO (berotralstat) may be approved for members meeting the following

- Member has history of trial and failure of HAEGARDA. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug
- Member has a diagnosis of HAE Type I or Type II confirmed by laboratory tests obtained on two separate instances at least one month apart (C4 level, C1-INH level) OR has a diagnosis of HAE Type III based on clinical presentation AND
- Member has a documented history of at least one symptom of a moderate to severe HAE attack (moderate to severe abdominal pain, facial swelling, airway swelling) in the absence of hives or a medication known to cause angioedema
- ORLADEYO is prescribed by or in consultation with an allergist or
- Appropriate drug interaction interventions will be made for members using concomitant medications that may require dose adjustments (such as cyclosporine, fentanyl, pimozide, digoxin) AND
- Member meets at least one of the following:
 - ORLADEYO is being used for short-term prophylaxis to undergo a surgical procedure or major dental work
 - ORLADEYO is being used for long-term prophylaxis and member meets one of the following:
 - History of ≥ 1 attack per month resulting in documented ED admission or hospitalization **OR**
 - History of laryngeal attacks **OR**
 - History of ≥ 2 attacks per month involving the face, throat, or abdomen AND
 - Member is not taking medications that may exacerbate HAE, including ACE inhibitors and estrogen-containing medications

Minimum age:12 years

Maximum dose: 150 mg once daily

TAKHZYRO (lanadelumab-flyo) may be approved for members meeting the following criteria:

- Member has history of trial and failure of Haegarda. Failure is defined as: lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or a significant drug-drug interaction **AND**
- Member has a diagnosis of HAE Type I or Type II confirmed by laboratory tests obtained on two separate instances at least one month apart (C4 level, C1-INH level) OR has a diagnosis of HAE Type III based on clinical presentation **AND**
- Member has a documented history of at least one symptom of a moderate to severe HAE attack (moderate to severe abdominal pain, facial swelling, airway swelling) in the absence of hives or a medication known to cause angioedema AND
- Member is not taking medications that may exacerbate HAE including ACE inhibitors and estrogen-containing medications

Minimum age: 2 years

Maximum dose: The recommended starting dose is 300mg every 2 weeks. A dosing interval of 300 mg every 4 weeks is also effective and may be considered if the patient is well-controlled (attack free) for more than 6 months

Medications Indicated for Treatment of Acute Attacks:

Members are restricted to coverage of one medication for <u>treatment of acute attacks</u> at one time. Prior authorization approval will be for one year.

FIRAZYR (icatibant acetate) may be approved for members meeting the following criteria:

- Member has a diagnosis of HAE Type I or Type II confirmed by laboratory tests obtained on two separate instances at least one month apart (C4 level, C1-INH level) OR has a diagnosis of HAE Type III based on clinical presentation AND
- Member has a documented history of at least one symptom of a moderate to severe HAE attack (moderate to severe abdominal pain, facial swelling, airway swelling) in the absence of hives or a medication known to cause angioedema AND
- Member is not taking medications that may exacerbate HAE including ACE inhibitors and estrogen-containing medications

Minimum age: 18 years Maximum dose: 30mg

BERINERT (C1 esterase inhibitor - human) may be approved for members meeting the following criteria:

| | RUCONEST (C1 esterase inhibitor - recombinant) may be approved for members meeting the following criteria: Member has a history of trial and failure of Firazyr OR Berinert. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or a significant drug-drug interaction AND Member has a diagnosis of HAE Type I or Type II confirmed by laboratory tests obtained on two separate instances at least one month apart (C4 level, C1-INH level) OR has a diagnosis of HAE Type III based on clinical presentation AND Member has a documented history of at least one symptom of a moderate to severe HAE attack (moderate to severe abdominal pain, facial swelling, airway swelling) in the absence of hives or a medication known to cause angioedema AND Member is not taking medications that may exacerbate HAE including ACE inhibitors and estrogen-containing medications Minimum age: 13 years Maximum dose: 4,200 Units/dose All other non-preferred agents may be approved if the member has trialed and failed at least two preferred agents with the same indicated role in therapy as the prescribed medication (prophylaxis or treatment). Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or a significant drug-drug interaction. |
|--|--|
| | tests obtained on two separate instances at least one month apart (C4 level, C1-INH level) OR has a diagnosis of HAE Type III based on clinical presentation AND Member has a documented history of at least one symptom of a moderate to severe HAE attack (moderate to severe abdominal pain, facial swelling, airway swelling) in the absence of hives or a medication known to cause angioedema AND Member is not taking medications that may exacerbate HAE including ACE inhibitors and estrogen-containing medications AND Prescriber acknowledges that the member will receive information and/or counseling regarding the information from the FDA-labeled package insert outlining transmission of infectious agents with a medication made from human blood. Minimum age: 6 years Max dose: 20 IU/kg |

| Calcium acetate capsule | AURYXIA (ferric citrate) tablet | Member has diagnosis of end stage renal disease AND |
|-------------------------------------|--|---|
| | | Member has elevated serum phosphorus [> 4.5 mg/dL or > 1.46 mmol/L] AND |
| PHOSLYRA (calcium acetate) solution | Calcium acetate tablet | Provider attests to member avoidance of high phosphate containing foods from diet AND |
| | CALPHRON (calcium acetate) tablet | Member has trialed and failed‡ one preferred agent (lanthanum products require) |
| Sevelamer carbonate tablet, | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | trial and failure; of a preferred sevelamer product). |
| powder pack | FOSRENOL (lanthanum carbonate) chewable | |
| | tablet, powder pack | Auryxia (ferric citrate) may be approved if the member meets all the following criteria: |
| | | Member is diagnosed with end-stage renal disease, receiving dialysis, and has |
| | Lanthanum carbonate chewable tablet | elevated serum phosphate (> 4.5 mg/dL or > 1.46 mmol/L). AND |
| | | Provider attests to counseling member regarding avoiding high phosphate |
| | RENVELA (sevelamer carbonate) powder pack, | containing foods from diet AND |
| | tablet | Member has trialed and failed‡ three preferred agents with different |
| | Construct HCL (111) | mechanisms of action prescribed for hyperphosphatemia in end stage renal |
| | Sevelamer HCl tablet | disease |
| | VELPHORO (sucroferric oxide) chewable tablet | OR |
| | VEET HORO (sucroterite oxide) ellewable tablet | Member is diagnosed with chronic kidney disease with iron deficiency anemia |
| | XPHOZAH (tenapanor) tablet | and is not receiving dialysis AND |
| | AT TOZZAT (tenapanor) tablet | Member has tried and failed‡ at least two different iron supplement product for the least two different iron supplement iron s |
| | | formulations (OTC or RX) |
| | | Velphoro (sucroferric oxyhydroxide tablet, chewable) may be approved if the member |
| | | meets all of the following criteria: |
| | | Member is diagnosed with chronic kidney disease and receiving dialysis and has |
| | | elevated serum phosphate (> 4.5 mg/dL or > 1.46 mmol/L). AND |
| | | Provider attests to counseling member regarding avoiding high phosphate |
| | | containing foods from diet AND |
| | | Member has trialed and failed‡ two preferred agents, one of which must be a |
| | | preferred sevelamer product |
| | | Maximum Dose: Velphoro 3000mg daily |
| | | Mambaus augmently stabilized on a non-mustamed lanthonym musdyet may receive |
| | | Members currently stabilized on a non-preferred lanthanum product may receive approval to continue therapy with that product. |
| | | approvar to continue incrapy with that product. |
| | | ‡Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 6-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, |
| | | or significant drug-drug interaction. |
| | | |
| | | Note: Medications administered in a dialysis unit or clinic are billed through the Health |
| | | First Colorado medical benefit or Medicare with members with dual eligibility. |
| | | |
| | | |
| | Theraneutic Drug Class: PRENATAL VII | ΓAMINS / MINERALS -Effective 10/1/2024 |
| 7 0 7 | <u> </u> | THIND I WILL DIJECTIVE 10/1/2027 |
| Preferred | Non-Preferred | |
| *Must meet eligibility c | riteria PA Required | |

| COMPLETE NATAL DHA pack M-NATAL PLUS tablet | All other rebateable prescription products are non-preferred | *Preferred and non-preferred prenatal vitamin products are a benefit for members from 11-60 years of age who are pregnant, lactating, or trying to become pregnant. Prior authorization for non-preferred agents may be approved if member fails 7-day trial with four preferred agents. Failure is defined as: allergy, intolerable side effects, or |
|--|--|--|
| NESTABS tablets | | significant drug-drug interaction. |
| PRENATAL VITAMIN PLUS LOW IRON tablet (Patrin Pharma only) | | |
| SE-NATAL 19 chewable tablet ^{BNR} | | |
| TARON-C DHA capsule | | |
| THRIVITE RX tablet | | |
| TRINATAL RX 1 tablet | | |
| VITAFOL gummies | | |
| WESNATAL DHA COMPLETE tablet | | |
| WESTAB PLUS tablet | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

XI. Ophthalmic Therapeutic Drug Class: OPHTHALMIC, ALLERGY -Effective 4/1/2025

| Therapeutic Drug Class: OPHTHALMIC, ALLERGY -Effective 4/1/2025 | | |
|---|---------------------------------|--|
| No PA Required | PA Required | |
| ALREX ^{BNR} (loteprednol) 0.2% | ALAWAY (ketotifen) 0.025% (OTC) | Non-preferred products may be approved following trial and failure of therapy with two preferred products (failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions). |
| Azelastine 0.05% | ALOCRIL (nedocromil) 2% | |
| Cromolyn 4% | ALOMIDE (lodoxamide) 0.1% | |
| Ketotifen 0.025% (OTC) | Bepotastine 1.5% | |
| LASTACAFT (alcaftadine) 0.25% (OTC) | BEPREVE (bepotastine) 1.5% | |

| Olopatadine 0.1%, 0.2% (OTC) (generic Pataday Once/Twice | Epinastine 0.05% | |
|---|---|---|
| Daily) | Loteprednol 0.2% | |
| | Olopatadine 0.1%, 0.2% (RX) | |
| | PATADAY ONCE DAILY (olopatadine) 0.2% (OTC) | |
| | PATADAY TWICE DAILY (olopatadine) 0.1% (OTC) | |
| | PATADAY XS ONCE DAILY (olopatadine) 0.7% (OTC) | |
| | ZADITOR (ketotifen) 0.025% (OTC) | |
| | ZERVIATE (cetirizine) 0.24% | |
| , | Therapeutic Drug Class: OPHTHALMIC , IN | MMUNOMODULATORS -Effective 4/1/2025 |
| No PA Required | PA Required | Non-preferred products may be approved for members meeting all of the following |
| RESTASIS ^{BNR} (cyclosporine 0.05%) vials | CEQUA (cyclosporine) 0.09% solution Cyclosporine 0.05% vials MIEBO (Perfluorohexyloctane/PF) RESTASIS MULTIDOSE (cyclosporine) 0.05% | Member is 18 years and older AND Member has a diagnosis of chronic dry eye AND Member has failed a 3-month trial of one preferred product. Failure is defined as a lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, contraindication to, or significant drug-drug interactions AND Prescriber is an ophthalmologist, optometrist or rheumatologist |
| | TYRVAYA (varenicline) nasal spray | Maximum Dose/Quantity: |
| | VERKAZIA (cyclosporin emulsion) | 60 single use containers for 30 days 5.5 mL/20 days for Restasis Multi-Dose and Vevye |
| | VEVYE (cyclosporine) 0.1% | 3mL/30 days for Miebo |
| | XIIDRA (lifitegrast) 5% solution | Verkazia (cyclosporine ophthalmic emulsion) may be approved if the following criteria are met: Member is ≥ 4 years of age AND |
| | | Verkazia is being used for the treatment of vernal keratoconjunctivitis (VKC) AND |
| | | Member has trialed and failed therapy with three agents from the following pharmacologic categories: preferred dual-acting mast cell stabilizer/antihistamine from the Ophthalmics-Allergy PDL class, oral |

| | | antihistamine, preferred topical ophthalmic corticosteroid from the |
|---|---|--|
| | | Ophthalmics-Anti-inflammatories PDL class. Failure is defined as lack of |
| | | efficacy with 2-week trial, allergy, contraindication to therapy, intolerable side |
| | | effects, or significant drug-drug interaction |
| | | • Quantity limit: 120 single-dose 0.3 mL vials/15 days |
| 7 | Charanautia Drug Class: OPUTHALMIC A | NTI-INFLAMMATORIES -Effective 4/1/2025 |
| | NSAIDs | THE THE LANGUATORIES - Effective 4/1/2025 |
| No PA Required | PA Required | - |
| | | Durezol (difluprednate) may be approved if meeting the following criteria: |
| Diclofenac 0.1% | ACULAR (ketorolac) 0.5%, LS 0.4% | |
| Flurbiprofen 0.03% | ACUVAIL (ketorolac/PF) 0.45% | Member has a diagnosis of severe intermediate uveitis, severe panuveitis, or severe uveitis with the complication of uveitic macular edema AND has trialed and failed prednisolone acetate 1% (failure is defined as lack of efficacy, |
| Ketorolac 0.5%, Ketorolac LS 0.4% | Bromfenac 0.07%, 0.075%, 0.09% | allergy, contraindication to therapy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug- drug interaction) OR |
| 0.170 | BROMSITE (bromfenac) 0.075% | |
| NEVANAC (nepafenac) 0.1% | ILEVRO (nepafenac) 0.03% | Members with a diagnosis other than those listed above require trial and failure of three preferred agents (failure is defined as lack of efficacy, contraindication to the contraction). |
| | PROLENSA (bromfenac) 0.07% | to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction). |
| | Corticosteroids | Eysuvis (loteprednol etabonate) may be approved if meeting all of the following: |
| No PA Required | PA Required | Mombar is > 18 years of age AND |
| 110 212 210 4011 00 | 111104 | Member is ≥ 18 years of age AND Eysuvis (loteprednol etabonate) is being used for short-term treatment (up to |
| FLAREX (fluorometholone) | Dexamethasone 0.1% | two weeks) of the signs and symptoms of dry eye disease AND |
| 0.1% | Difluprednate 0.05% | Member has failed treatment with one preferred product in the Ophthalmic Immunomodulator therapeutic class. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with a |
| Fluorometholone 0.1% drops | DUREZOL (difluprednate) 0.05% | 3-month trial, contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction) AND |
| FML FORTE (fluorometholone) 0.25% drops | EYSUVIS (loteprednol) 0.25% | Member does not have any of the following conditions: Viral diseases of the cornea and conjunctiva including epithelial herpes simplex |
| LOTEMAX ^{BNR} (loteprednol) | FML LIQUIFILM (fluorometholone) 0.1% drop | keratitis (dendritic keratitis), vaccinia, and varicella OR Mycobacterial infection of the eye and fungal diseases of ocular structures |
| 0.5% drops, gel | FML S.O.P (fluorometholone) 0.1% ointment | • Quantity limit: one bottle/15 days |
| LOTEMAX (loteprednol) 0.5% ointment | INVELTYS (loteprednol) 1% | Lotemax SM (loteprednol etabonate) or Inveltys (loteprednol etabonate) may be approved if meeting all of the following: |
| MAXIDEX (dexamethasone) | LOTEMAX SM (loteprednol) 0.38% gel | • Member is ≥ 18 years of age AND |
| 0.1% | Loteprednol 0.5% drops, 0.5% gel | Lotemax SM or Inveltys (loteprednol etabonate) is being used for the treatment of post-operative inflammation and pain following ocular surgery AND |
| | PRED FORTE (prednisolone) 1% | |

| PRED MILD (prednisolone) 0.12% Prednisolone acetate 1% | Prednisolone sodium phosphate 1% | Member has trialed and failed therapy with two preferred loteprednol formulations (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 2-week trial, allergy, contraindication to therapy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction) AND Member has trialed and failed therapy with two preferred agents that do not contain loteprednol (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 2-week trial, contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction) AND Member does not have any of the following conditions: Viral diseases of the cornea and conjunctiva including epithelial herpes simplex keratitis (dendritic keratitis), vaccinia, and varicella OR Mycobacterial infection of the eye and fungal diseases of ocular structures All other non-preferred products may be approved with trial and failure of three preferred agents (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 2-week trial, allergy, contraindication, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction). |
|--|---|--|
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: OPHTHAL | MIC, GLAUCOMA -Effective 4/1/2025 |
| | Beta-blockers | |
| No PA Required Carteolol 1% Levobunolol 0.5% | PA Required Betaxolol 0.5% BETIMOL (timolol) 0.25%, 0.5% | Non-preferred products may be approved following trial and failure of therapy with three preferred products, including one trial with a preferred product having the same general mechanism (such as prostaglandin analogue, alpha2-adrenergic agonist, beta-blocking agent, or carbonic anhydrase inhibitor). Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4- |
| Levobunolol 0.5% Timolol (generic Timoptic) 0.25%, 0.5% | BETIMOL (timolol) 0.25%, 0.5% BETOPIC-S (betaxolol) 0.25% ISTALOL (timolol) 0.5% Timolol (generic Istalol) 0.5% drops Timolol GFS 0.25%, 0.5% Timolol/PF (generic Timoptic Ocudose) 0.25%, 0.5% TIMOPTIC, TIMOPTIC OCUDOSE (timolol) 0.25%, 0.5% TIMOPTIC-XE (timolol GFS) 0.25%, 0.5% | week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions. Non-preferred combination products may be approved following trial and failure of therapy with one preferred combination product AND trial and failure of individual products with the same active ingredients as the combination product being requested (if available) to establish tolerance. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions. Preservative free products may be approved with provider documentation of adverse effect to preservative-containing product. |

| Carboni | c anhydrase inhibitors |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| No PA Required | PA Required |
| Brinzolamide 1% | AZOPT (brinzolamide) 1% |
| Dorzolamide 2% | |
| Pros | taglandin analogue |
| No PA Required | PA Required |
| Latanoprost 0.005% | Bimatoprost 0.03% |
| LUMIGAN ^{BNR} (bimatoprost) | IYUZEH (latanoprost/PF) 0.005% |
| 0.01% | Tafluprost 0.0015% |
| TRAVATAN Z ^{BNR} (travoprost) 0.004% | Tafluprost PF 0.0015% |
| | Travoprost 0.004% |
| | VYZULTA (latanoprostene) 0.024% |
| | XALATAN (latanoprost) 0.005% |
| | XELPROS (latanoprost) 0.005% |
| | ZIOPTAN (tafluprost PF) 0.0015% |
| | |
| Alpha- | 2 adrenergic agonists |
| No PA Required | PA Required |
| ALPHAGAN P ^{BNR} 0.1%, 0.15% (brimonidine) | Apraclonidine 0.5% |
| Brimonidine 0.2% | Brimonidine 0.1%, 0.15% |
| brillionidine 0.2% | IOPIDINE (apraclonidine) 0.5%, 1% |
| | |
| Other ophthalm | ic, glaucoma and combinations |
| No PA Required | PA Required |
| | Brimonidine/Timolol 0.2%-0.5% |

| COMBIGAN ^{BNR} 0.2%-0.5% (brimonidine/timolol) | COSOPT/COSOPT PF (dorzolamide/timolol) 2%-0.5% | |
|---|--|--|
| Dorzolamide/Timolol 2%-0.5% | Dorzolamide/Timolol PF 2%-0.5% | |
| RHOPRESSA (netarsudil) 0.02% | PHOSPHOLINE IODIDE (echothiophate) 0.125% | |
| ROCKLATAN (netarsudil/latanoprost) 0.02%-0.005% | Pilocarpine 1%, 2%, 4% | |
| | SIMBRINZA (brinzolamide/brimonidine) 1%-0.2% | |
| | VUITY (pilocarpine) 1.25% | |
| | | |

XII. Renal/Genitourinary Therapeutic Drug Class: BENIGN PROSTATIC HYPERPLASIA (BPH) AGENTS - Effective 10/1/2024

| Inerapeutic Drug Class: BENIGN PROSTATIC HYPERPLASIA (BPH) AGENTS -Effective 10/1/2024 | | | |
|--|--|---|--|
| No PA Required | PA Required | | |
| Alfuzosin ER tablet | AVODART (dutasteride) softgel | Prior authorization for non-preferred products in this class may be approved if member meets all of the following criteria: • Member has tried and failed‡ three preferred agents AND | |
| Doxazosin tablet Dutasteride capsule | CARDURA (doxazosin) tablet CARDURA XL (doxazosin ER) tablet | For combinations agents, member has tried and failed‡ each of the individual agents within the combination agent and one other preferred agent. | |
| Finasteride tablet | *CIALIS (tadalafil) 2.5 mg, 5 mg tablet | ‡Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 8-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, contraindication to, or significant drug-drug interaction. | |
| Tamsulosin capsule | Dutasteride/tamsulosin capsule | *CIALIS (tadalafil) may be approved for members with a documented diagnosis of BPH who have | |
| Terazosin capsule | FLOMAX (tamsulosin) capsule | failed a trial of finasteride (at least 3 months in duration) AND either a trial of a nonselective alpha blocker (therapeutic dose for at least two months) OR a trial of tamsulosin (therapeutic dose for at least one month). | |
| | PROSCAR (finasteride) tablet | Documentation of BPH diagnosis will require BOTH of the following: | |
| | RAPAFLO (silodosin) capsule | AUA Prostate Symptom Score ≥ 8 AND Results of a digital rectal exam. | |
| | Silodosin capsule | Cialis (tadalafil) will not be approved for any patient continuing alpha-blocker therapy as this combination is contraindicated in this population. | |
| | *Tadalafil 2.5 mg, 5 mg tablet | Doses exceeding 5mg per day of Cialis (tadalafil) will not be approved. | |
| Therapeutic Drug Class: ANTI-HYPERURICEMICS -Effective 10/1/2024 | | | |

| No PA Required | PA Required | Non-pi | referred xanthine oxidase inhibitor products (allopurinol or febuxostat formulations) may be |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| tablets | Allopurinol 200 mg tablets | allergy for the | ed following trial and failure of preferred allopurinol. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. If member has tested positive HLA-B*58:01 allele, it is not recommended that they trial allopurinol. A positive result on |
| Colchicine tablet | Col CDNG (111 i) 111 i | | netic test will count as a failure of allopurinol. |
| Febuxostat tablet | COLCRYS (colchicine) tablet | approv | uthorization for all other non-preferred agents (non-xanthine oxidase inhibitors) may be ed after trial and failure of two preferred products. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, |
| Probenecid tablet | GLOPERBA (colchicine) oral solution | allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. GLOPERBA (colchicine) oral solution may be approved for members who require individual doses <0.6 mg OR for members who are unable to use a solid oral dosage form. | |
| Probenecid/Colchicine tablet | MITIGARE (colchicine) capsule | | |
| | ULORIC (febuxostat) tablet | | cine tablet quantity limits: Chronic hyperuricemia/gout prophylaxis: 60 tablets per 30 days Familial Mediterranean Fever: 120 tablets per 30 days |
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: OVERA | CTIVE | BLADDER AGENTS -Effective 10/1/2024 |
| No PA Required | PA Required | | No. of Control of the |
| Fesoterodine ER tablet | Darifenacin ER tablet | | Non-preferred products may be approved for members who have failed treatment with two preferred products. Failure is defined as: lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. |
| GELNIQUE (oxybutynin) gel | DETROL (tolterodine) tablet | | Members with hepatic failure can receive approval for trospium (Sanctura) or trospium |
| MYRBETRIQ (mirabegron) tablet ^{BNR} | DETROL LA (tolterodine) ER capsule | | extended release (Sanctura XR) products without a trial on a Preferred product. |
| Oxybutynin IR, ER tablets, syrup | Flavoxate tablet | | |
| Solifenacin tablet | GEMTESA (vibegron) tablet | | |
| Tolterodine tablet, ER capsule | Mirabegron tablet | | |
| Tolefounie tablet, EX capsule | MYRBETRIQ (mirabegron) suspension | | |
| | Oxybutynin 2.5 mg tablet | | |
| | OXYTROL (oxybutynin patch) | | |
| | TOVIAZ (Fesoterodine ER) tablet | | |
| | Trospium ER capsule, tablet | | |
| | VESICARE (solifenacin) tablet | | |
| | VESICARE LS (solifenacin) suspension | | |

| | WIII DEG | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| | | PIRATORY |
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: RESPIRA' | TORY AGENTS -Effective 4/14/2025 |
| | Inhaled An | ticholinergics |
| Preferred | Non-Preferred | *SPIRIVA RESPIMAT (tiotropium) 1.25 mcg may be approved for members ≥ 6 |
| No PA Required | PA Required | years of age with a diagnosis of asthma (qualifying diagnosis verified by AutoPA). |
| (Unless indicated*) | | SPIRIVA RESPIMAT is intended to be used by members whose asthma is not controlled |
| Solutions | Solutions YUPELRI (revefenacin) solution | with regular use of a combination medium-dose inhaled corticosteroid and long-acting beta agonist (LABA). |
| Ipratropium solution | 1 OFELRI (Teverenaciii) solution | beta agoilist (LABA). |
| ipianopiam solution | Short-Acting Inhalation Devices | *SPIRIVA RESPIMAT (tiotropium) 2.5 mcg may be approved for members with a |
| Short-Acting Inhalation | | diagnosis of COPD who have trialed and failed SPIRIVA HANDIHALER. Failure is |
| <u>Devices</u> | Long-Acting Inhalation Devices | defined as intolerable side effects or inability to use dry powder inhaler (DPI) |
| ATROVENT HFA (ipratropium) | DISCOVER BY LIDER (LIPE) | formulation. |
| I and Acting Inholotion Devices | INCRUSE ELLIPTA (umeclidinium) | TONITAL A MACNAID (already mediate) may be approved for members > 10 years of |
| Long-Acting Inhalation Devices | Tiotropium DPI | LONHALA MAGNAIR (glycopyrrolate) may be approved for members ≥ 18 years of age with a diagnosis of COPD including chronic bronchitis and emphysema who have |
| SPIRIVA Handihaler ^{BNR} | Hottopium Di i | trialed and failed‡ treatment with two preferred anticholinergic agents. |
| (tiotropium) | TUDORZA PRESSAIR (aclidinium) | 7 |
| | | Non-preferred single agent anticholinergic agents may be approved for members with a |
| *SPIRIVA RESPIMAT | | diagnosis of COPD including chronic bronchitis and/or emphysema who have trialed and |
| (tiotropium) | | failed‡ treatment with two preferred agents, one of which must be SPIRIVA |
| | | HANDIHALER. |
| | | ‡Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 6-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, |
| | | or significant drug-drug interaction. |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | Inhaled Anticholia | nergic Combinations |
| No PA Required | PA Required | |
| 110 111 Required | 111 Required | |

| Ipratropium/Albuterol solution | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| | Short-Acting Inhalation Devices |
| Short-Acting Inhalation | |
| <u>Devices</u> | Long-Acting Inhalation Devices |
| COMBIVENT RESPIMAT | BEVESPI AEROSPHERE (glycopyrrolate |
| (albuterol/ipratropium) | /formoterol fumarate) |
| | |
| Long-Acting Inhalation Devices | BREZTRI AEROSPHERE |
| Bong Heimg Immunon Bevices | (budesonide/glycopyrrolate/ formoterol) |
| | |

Solutions

Solutions

BREZTRI AEROSPHERE (budesonide/glycopyrrolate/formoterol) may be approved for members ≥ 18 years of age with a diagnosis of COPD who have trialed and failed‡ treatment with two preferred anticholinergic-containing agents.

DUAKLIR PRESSAIR (aclidinium/formoterol) may be approved for members ≥ 18 years of age with a diagnosis of COPD who have trialed and failed‡ treatment with two preferred anticholinergic-containing agents.

All other non-preferred inhaled anticholinergic combination agents may be approved for members with a diagnosis of COPD including chronic bronchitis and/or emphysema who

| Budesonide nebules | PULMICORT (budesonide) respules | have failed an adequate trial of two preferred agents. An adequate trial is defined as at |
|---|--|--|
| Solutions | Solutions | Non-preferred inhaled corticosteroids may be approved in members with asthma who |
| No PA Required | PA Required | I HUBELI DIGG |
| | Inhalers STRIVERDI RESPIMAT (olodaterol) Inhaled Co | orticosteroids |
| | PERFOROMIST (formoterol) solution | |
| (salmeterol) inhaler | Formoterol solution | to preferred agents in combination Long-Acting Beta Agonist/Inhaled Corticosteroid therapeutic class. |
| <u>Inhalers</u> SEREVENT DISKUS | BROVANA (arformoterol) solution | For treatment of members with diagnosis of asthma needing add-on therapy, please refer |
| | Arformoterol solution | AND members must have failed a trial of Serevent. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with a 6-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. |
| Solutions Solutions | PA Required Solutions | Non-preferred agents may be approved for members with moderate to severe COPD, |
| Preferred | Inhaled Beta2 Ag Non-Preferred | onists (long acting) |
| | XOPENEX (levalbuterol) Inhaler | |
| | PROAIR RESPICLICK (albuterol) | |
| | Levalbuterol HFA | AIRSUPRA (budesonide/albuterol) Airsupra minimum age: 18 years old |
| | Albuterol HFA | |
| VENTOLIN BNR HFA (albuterol) | AIRSUPRA (budesonide/albuterol) | MDI formulation quantity limits: 2 inhalers / 30 days |
| <u>Inhalers</u> | <u>Inhalers</u> | intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. |
| Solutions Albuterol solution, for nebulizer | Solutions Levalbuterol solution | Non-preferred short acting beta-2 agonists may be approved for members who have failed treatment with one preferred agent. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, |
| No PA Required | PA Required | omsts (short acting) |
| | Inhalad Rata? Ag | or significant drug-drug interaction. onists (short acting) |
| | | ‡Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 6-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, |
| | Umeclidinium/Vilanterol | Members who are currently stabilized on Bevespi Aerosphere may receive approval to continue therapy with that product. |
| , | STIOLTO RESPIMAT (tiotropium/olodaterol) | combination). |
| ANORO ELLIPTA (umeclidinium/vilanterol) BNR | DUAKLIR PRESSAIR (aclidinium/formoterol) | have trialed and failed‡ treatment with two preferred inhaled anticholinergic combination agents OR three preferred inhaled anticholinergic-containing agents (single ingredient or |

| ARNUITY ELLIPTA (fluticasone furoate) ASMANEX HFA (mometasone furoate) inhaler ASMANEX Twisthaler (mometasone) PULMICORT FLEXHALER (budesonide) QVAR REDIHALER (beclomethasone) | ALVESCO (ciclesonide) inhaler Fluticasone propionate diskus *Fluticasone propionate HFA | or dexterity/coordination limitations (per provider notes) that significantly impact appropriate use of a specific dosage form.) *FLUTICASONE PROPIONATE HFA is available to members without prior authorization for: • Members with a diagnosis of eosinophilic esophagitis (EoE) OR • Members ≤ 12 years of age. Maximum Dose: Pulmicort (budesonide) nebulizer suspension: 2mg/day Quantity Limits: Pulmicort flexhaler: 2 inhalers / 30 days |
|---|--|---|
| | | eroid Combinations |
| No PA Required | PA Required | |
| (*Must meet eligibility criteria) ADVAIR DISKUSBNR (fluticasone/salmeterol) ADVAIR HFABNR (fluticasone/salmeterol) AIRDUO RESPICLICKBNR (fluticasone/salmeterol) DULERA (mometasone/formoterol) SYMBICORTBNR (budesonide/formoterol) inhaler | BREO ELLIPTA (vilanterol/fluticasone furoate) Budesonide/formoterol (generic Symbicort) Fluticasone/salmeterol (generic Airduo/Advair Diskus) Fluticasone/salmeterol HFA (generic Advair HFA) Fluticasone/vilanterol (generic Breo Ellipta) WIXELA INHUB (fluticasone/salmeterol) | *TRELEGY ELLIPTA (fluticasone furoate/umeclidinium/vilanterol) may be approved if the member has trialed/failed one preferred agent. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with a 6-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, significant drug-drug interactions, or dexterity/coordination limitations (per provider notes) that significantly impact appropriate use of a specific dosage form. Non-preferred inhaled corticosteroid combinations may be approved for members meeting both of the following criteria: Member has a qualifying diagnosis of asthma or severe COPD; AND Member has failed two preferred agents (Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with a 6-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, significant drug-drug interactions, or dexterity/coordination limitations (per provider notes) that significantly impact appropriate use of a specific dosage form. |
| 1 | | |

Phosphodiesterase Inhibitors (PDEIs)

(fluticasone furoate/ umeclidinium/vilanterol) least 6 weeks. (Failure is defined as: lack of efficacy with a 6-week trial, allergy,

| No PA Required | PA Required | Requests for use of the non-preferred brand product formulation may be approved if |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Roflumilast tablet | DALIRESP (roflumilast) tablet | meeting criteria outlined in the <u>Appendix P</u> "Generic Mandate" section. |
| | OHTUVAYRE (ensifentrine) suspension | |