



Colorado Department of Health Care Policy and Financing Preferred Drug List (PDL)

Effective April 1, 2024

Prior Authorization Forms: Available online at https://hcpf.colorado.gov/pharmacy-resources

Prior Authorization (PA) Requests: Colorado Pharmacy Call Center Phone Number: 800-424-5725 | Fax Number: 800-424-5881

Electronic Prior Authorization (ePA): Electronic Prior Authorization Requests are supported by CoverMyMeds and may be submitted via Electronic Health Record (EHR) systems or through the CoverMyMeds provider portal.

The PDL applies to Medicaid fee-for-service members. It does not apply to members enrolled in Rocky Mountain Health HMO or Denver Health Medicaid Choice.

<u>Initiation of pharmaceutical product subject to Prior Authorization:</u> Please note that starting the requested drug, including a non-preferred drug, prior to a PA request being reviewed and approved, through either inpatient use, by using office "samples," or by any other means, does not necessitate Medicaid approval of the PA request.

<u>Covid-19 Related Treatment Override</u>: Providers may call the Magellan Help Desk at 1-800-424-5725 to request a prior authorization override if a medication is related to the treatment or prevention of COVID-19 or the treatment of a condition that may seriously complicate the treatment of COVID-19.

Health First Colorado, at section 25.5-5-501, C.R.S., requires the generic of a brand name drug be prescribed if the generic is therapeutically equivalent to the brand name drug. Exceptions to this rule are: 1) If the brand name drug is more cost effective than the generic as determined by the Department, 2) If the patient has been stabilized on a brand name drug and the prescriber believes that transition to a generic would disrupt care, and 3) If the drug is being used for treatment of mental illness, cancer, epilepsy, or human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency syndrome.

Please see the **Brand Favored Product List** for a list of medications where the brand name drug is more cost effective than the generic drug.

A provider may request a step therapy exception for the treatment of a serious or complex medical condition pursuant to section 25.5-4-428, C.R.S. Serious or complex medical condition means the following medical conditions: serious mental illness, cancer, epilepsy, multiple sclerosis, or human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)/ acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS), or a condition requiring medical treatment to avoid death, hospitalization, or a worsening or advancing of disease progression resulting in significant harm or disability. The step therapy exception request form is available by visiting https://hcpf.colorado.gov/pharmacy-resources

Brand Name Required = BNR, Prior Authorization = PA, AutoPA = authorization can be automated at the point-of-sale transaction if criteria are met Preferred drug list applies only to prescription (RX) products, unless specified.

| Preferred Agents | Non-preferred Agents | Prior Authorization Criteria (All Non-preferred products will be approved for one year unless otherwise stated.) | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|
| | I. Analgesics | | | |
| Т | | ALGESIA AGENTS - Oral - Effective 4/1/2024 | | |
| | PA Required CYMBALTA (duloxetine) capsule DRIZALMA (duloxetine DR) sprinkle capsules Duloxetine 40 mg capsule | Non-preferred oral non-opioid analgesic agents may be approved if member meets all of the following criteria: • Member has trialed and failed duloxetine (20mg, 30mg, or 60mg) AND has trialed and failed gabapentin OR pregabalin capsule (Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 8-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction) | | |
| | GRALISE (gabapentin ER) tablet Gabapentin ER tablet HORIZANT (gabapentin ER) tablet LYRICA (pregabalin) capsule, solution, CR tablet NEURONTIN (gabapentin) capsule, tablet, solution Pregabalin solution, ER tablet | Prior authorization will be required for Lyrica (pregabalin) capsule dosages > 600mg per day (maximum of 3 capsules daily) and gabapentin dosages > 3600mg per day. | | |
| Th | lerapeutic Drug Class: NON-OPIOID ANA | LGESIA AGENTS - Topical - Effective 4/1/2024 | | |
| No PA Required Lidocaine patch LIDODERM (lidocaine) patch | PA Required Lidocaine patch (Puretek) ZTLIDO (lidocaine) topical system | Non-preferred topical products require a trial/failure with an adequate 8-week trial of gabapentin AND pregabalin AND duloxetine AND a preferred lidocaine patch. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with an 8-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. Lidocaine patch (<i>Puretek manufacturer only</i>) may be approved if the following criteria are met: • Member is ≥ 18 years of age AND • Member has had an adequate 8-week trial and failure of: gabapentin AND pregabalin AND duloxetine AND a preferred lidocaine patch. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with an 8-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction AND | | |
| | | Prescriber has provided a justification of clinical necessity indicating that an alternative generic lidocaine patch formulation cannot be used. | | |

| Therapeutic Drug Class: NON-STEROIDAL ANTI-INFLAMMATORIES (NSAIDS) - Oral - Effective 4/1/2024 | | | |
|--|---|---|--|
| No PA Required | PA Required | | |
| Generic changes effective 07/31/2023 | ARTHROTEC (diclofenac sodium/ misoprostol) | DUEXIS (ibuprofen/famotidine) or VIMOVO (naproxen/esomeprazole) may be approved if the member meets the following criteria: Trial and failure[‡] of all preferred NSAIDs at maximally tolerated doses AND | |
| Celecoxib capsule | tablet | • Trial and failure [‡] of three preferred proton pump inhibitors in combination with NSAID within the last 6 months AND | |
| Diclofenac potassium 50 mg tablet | CELEBREX (celecoxib) capsule | Has a documented history of gastrointestinal bleeding | |
| | DAYPRO (oxaprozin) caplet | Diclofenac potassium 25 mg immediate-release tablets may be approved if the following | |
| Diclofenac sodium EC/DR tablet | Diclofenac potassium capsule, powder pack | criteria are met: • Member is ≥ 18 years of age AND | |
| Ibuprofen suspension, tablet (RX) | Diclofenac potassium 25 mg tablet | Member does not have any of the following medical conditions: | |
| Indomethacin capsule, ER capsule | Diclofenac sodium ER/SR tablet | History of recent coronary artery bypass graft (CABG) surgery History of myocardial infarction | |
| Ketorolac tablet* | Diclofenac sodium/misoprostol tablet | Severe heart failureAdvanced renal disease | |
| Meloxicam tablet | Diflunisal tablet | History of gastrointestinal bleeding AND | |
| Nabumetone tablet | DUEXIS (ibuprofen/famotidine) tablet | Member has trial and failure [‡] of four preferred oral NSAIDs at maximally tolerated doeses. | |
| Naproxen DR/ER, tablet (RX) | ELYXYB (celecoxib) solution | doses | |
| Naproxen suspension | Etodolac capsule; IR, ER tablet | All other non-preferred oral agents may be approved following trial and failure [‡] of four preferred agents. [‡] Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, contraindication to therapy, | |
| Sulindac tablet | FELDENE (piroxicam) capsule | allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interactions. | |
| | Fenoprofen capsule, tablet | *Ketorolac tablets quantity limits: 5-day supply per 30 days and 20 tablets per 30 days | |
| | Flurbiprofen tablet | | |
| | Ibuprofen/famotidine tablet | | |
| | Ketoprofen IR, ER capsule | | |
| | LOFENA (diclofenac) tablet | | |
| | Meclofenamate capsule | | |
| | Mefenamic acid capsule | | |
| | Meloxicam submicronized capsule, suspension | | |

| | NALFON (fenoprofen) capsule, tablet |
|----------------|--|
| | NAPRELAN (naproxen CR) tablet |
| | Naproxen sodium CR, ER, IR tablet |
| | Naproxen/esomeprazole DR tablet |
| | Oxaprozin tablet |
| | Piroxicam capsule |
| | RELAFEN DS (nabumetone) tablet |
| | Tolmetin tablet |
| | VIMOVO (naproxen/esomeprazole) DR tablet |
| | |
| Therapeutic Dr | ug Class: NON-STEROIDAL ANTI-INFI |

| s: | NON-STEROIDAL ANTI-INFLA | AMMATORIES (NSAIDS) - | - Non-Oral - <i>Effective 4/1/2024</i> |
|----|--------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| | | | |

| No PA Required | PA Required | SPRIX (ketorolac) may be app |
|----------------------------------|--|---|
| Diclofenac 1.5% topical solution | Diclofenac 1.3% topical patch, 2% pump | Member is unable to tMember has trialed an |
| Diclofenac sodium 1% gel | FLECTOR (diclofenac) 1.3% topical patch | (failure is defined as l significant drug-drug |
| (OTC/Rx) | Ketorolac nasal spray | Quantity limit: 5-sing |
| | LICART (diclofenac) 1.3% topical patch | All other non-preferred topical and failed one preferred agent. |
| | PENNSAID (diclofenac solution) 2% pump, 2% | allergy, intolerable side effects, |
| | solution packet | Diclofenac topical patch quan |
| | | |

SPRIX (ketorolac) may be approved if meeting the following criteria:

- Member is unable to tolerate, swallow or absorb oral NSAID formulations **OR**
- Member has trialed and failed three preferred oral or topical NSAID agents (failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions)
- Quantity limit: 5-single day nasal spray bottles per 30 days

All other non-preferred topical agents may be approved for members who have trialed and failed one preferred agent. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 14-day trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction.

Diclofenac topical patch quantity limit: 2 patches per day

Diclofenac 3% gel (generic Solaraze) prior authorization criteria can be found in the Antineoplastic agents, topical, section of the PDL.

Opioid Utilization Policy (long-acting and short-acting opioids):

It is highly encouraged that the healthcare team utilize the Prescription Drug Monitoring Program (PDMP) to aid in ensuring safe and efficacious therapy for members using controlled substances.

<u>Total Morphine Milligram Equivalent Policy Effective 10/1/17:</u>

• The maximum allowable morphine milligram equivalent (MME) is 200 MME. Prescriptions for short-acting (SA) and long-acting (LA) opioids are cumulatively included in this calculation. The prescription that exceeds the cumulative MME limit of 200 MME for a member will require prior authorization and may require a provider-to-provider telephone consultation with the pain management physician (free of charge and provided by Health First Colorado).

- Prior authorization will be granted to allow for tapering
- Prior authorization for 1 year will be granted for diagnosis of sickle cell anemia
- Prior authorization for 1 year will be granted for admission to or diagnosis of hospice or end of life care
- Prior authorization for 1 year will be granted for pain associated with cancer

MME calculation is conducted using conversion factors from the following link: https://pharmacypmp.az.gov/resources/mme-calculator

Only one long-acting opioid agent (including different strengths) and one short-acting opioid agent (including different strengths) will be considered for a prior authorization.

Medicaid provides guidance on the treatment of pain, including tapering, on our webpage under the heading Pain Management Resources and Opioid Use at: https://www.colorado.gov/pacific/hcpf/pain-management-resources-and-opioid-use

Opioid Naïve Policy Effective 8/1/17 (*Update effective 04/01/23 in Italics*):

Members who have not filled a prescription for an opioid within the past 180 days will be identified as "opioid treatment naïve" and have the following limitations placed on the initial prescription(s):

- The prescription is limited to short-acting opioid agents or Butrans (buprenorphine). Use of other long-acting opioid agents will require prior authorization approval for members identified as opioid treatment naïve.
- The days' supply of the first, second, and third prescription for an opioid will be limited to 7 days, the quantity will be limited to 8 dosage forms per day (tablets, capsules), maximum #56 tablets/capsules for a 7-day supply
- The fourth prescription for an opioid will require prior authorization, filling further opioid prescriptions may require a clinical pharmacist review or provider to provider telephone consultation with a pain management physician (free of charge and provided by Health First Colorado).
- If a member has had an opioid prescription filled within the past 180 days, then this policy would not apply to that member and other opioid policies would apply as applicable.

Dental Prescriptions Opioid Policy Effective 11/15/18 (implemented in the claims system 01/07/19):

Members who receive an opioid prescribed by a dental provider will be subject to day supply limits and quantity per day limits for short acting opioids.

- The prescription is limited to short-acting opioid agents only. Use of long-acting opioid agents and short acting fentanyl agents will require prior authorization approval for members' prescriptions written by a dental provider.
- The days' supply of the first, second, and third prescription for an opioid will be limited to 4 days, the quantity will be limited to 6 dosage forms per day (tablets, capsules), maximum #24 tablets/capsules for a 4-day supply
- The fourth prescription for an opioid will require prior authorization. A prior authorization for the fourth fill may be approved for up to a 7-day supply and the quantity will be limited to 8 dosage forms per day (#56 tablets/capsules) for members with any of the following diagnoses/undergoing any of the following procedures:
 - o Traumatic oro-facial tissue injury with major mandibular/maxillary surgical procedures
 - Severe cellulitis of facial planes
 - o Severely impacted teeth with facial space infection necessitating surgical management
- Other potential exemptions that exceed the first 3 fill limits (day supply and quantity) may be evaluated with a provider-to-provider telephone consult with a pain management specialist (free of charge and provided by Health First Colorado)

If a member has had an opioid prescription prescribed by a non-dental provider, then this policy would not apply to that member and other opioid policies would apply as applicable. Dental prescriptions do not impact the opioid treatment naïve policy, but the prescriptions will be counted towards the Morphine Milligram Equivalent (MME) daily dose.

Opioid and Benzodiazepine Combination Effective 9/15/19:

Prior authorization will be required for members receiving long-term therapy with an opioid medication who are newly started on a benzodiazepine medication <u>OR</u> for members receiving long-term therapy with a benzodiazepine medication who are newly started on an opioid medication. Prior authorization may be approved if meeting the following:

• The member discontinued or is no longer taking either the opioid or benzodiazepine medication and will not be using these in combination **OR**

- The member will not be taking the prescribed opioid and benzodiazepine medications at the same time based on prescribed dosing interval (such as prn administration) for the regimen AND the prescriber attests that the member has received appropriate counseling* regarding the risks associated with combining opioid and benzodiazepine medications including increased risk for sedation, respiratory depression, overdose, and overdose-related death and counseling regarding the FDA Boxed Warning for combining these medications **OR**
- The prescriber has evaluated the regimen and attests that it is appropriate for the member to continue use of the concomitant opioid and benzodiazepine medication regimen as prescribed AND the prescriber attests that the member has received appropriate counseling* regarding the risks associated with combining opioid and benzodiazepine medications including increased risk for sedation, respiratory depression, overdose, and overdose-related death and counseling regarding the FDA Boxed Warning for combining these medications **OR**
- Prior authorization may be approved for members receiving palliative or hospice care OR
- For benzodiazepine prior authorizations, approval may be granted if the benzodiazepine is being prescribed for seizure disorder or convulsions.

*If counseling has not been provided, the prescriber attests that a reasonable effort will be made to contact the member or the member's pharmacy to ensure that counseling is provided.

Opioid and Quetiapine Combination Effective 9/15/19:

*Tramadol/acetaminophen tablet

Pharmacy claims for members receiving opioid and quetiapine medications in combination will require entry of point-of-sale DUR service codes (Reason for Service, Professional Service, Result of Service) for override of drug-drug interaction (DD) related to risk of increased sedation from concomitant use of this drug combination.

Opioid and Buprenorphine-Containing substance use disorder (SUD) Product Combination Effective 06/01/21:

Opioid claims submitted for members currently receiving buprenorphine-containing SUD medications will require entry of point-of-sale DUR service codes (Reason for Service, Professional Service, Result of Service) for override of drug-drug interaction (DD) with use of this drug combination.

| | Therapeutic Drug Class: OPIOIDS, Short Acting - Effective 4/1/2024 | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Preferred | Non-Preferred | *Preferred codeine and tramadol products do not require prior authorization for adult | | | |
| No PA Required* | PA Required | members (18 years of age or greater) if meeting all other opioid policy criteria. | | | |
| (If criteria and quantity limit | | | | | |
| are met) | | Preferred codeine or tramadol products prescribed for members < 18 years of age must | | | |
| | Acetaminophen / codeine elixir | meet the following criteria: | | | |
| *Acetaminophen/codeine tablets | | Preferred tramadol and tramadol-containing products may be approved for | | | |
| | ASCOMP WITH CODEINE | members < 18 years of age if meeting the following: | | | |
| Hydrocodone/acetaminophen | (codeine/butalbital/aspirin/caffeine) | Member is 12 years to 17 years of age AND | | | |
| solution, tablet | | Tramadol is NOT being prescribed for post-surgical pain following tonsil or | | | |
| | *Butalbital/caffeine/acetaminophen/codeine | adenoid procedure AND | | | |
| Hydromorphone tablet | capsule | Member's BMI-for-age is not > 95th percentile per CDC guidelines AND | | | |
| | | Member does not have obstructive sleep apnea or severe lung disease OR | | | |
| Morphine IR solution, tablet | Butalbital/caffeine/aspirin/codeine capsule | o For members < 12 years of age with complex conditions or life-limiting illness | | | |
| | | who are receiving care under a pediatric specialist, tramadol and tramadol- | | | |
| **NUCYNTA (tapentadol) tablet | Butalbital compound/codeine | containing products may be approved on a case-by-case basis | | | |
| | | Preferred Codeine and codeine-containing products will receive prior | | | |
| Oxycodone solution, tablet | Butorphanol tartrate (nasal) spray | authorization approval for members meeting the following criteria may be approved | | | |
| | | for members < 18 years of age if meeting the following: | | | |
| Oxycodone/acetaminophen tablet | Carisoprodol/aspirin/codeine | Member is 12 years to 17 years of age AND | | | |
| | | Codeine is NOT being prescribed for post-surgical pain following tonsil or | | | |
| *Tramadol 25mg, 50mg | Codeine tablet | adenoid procedure AND | | | |
| | | Member's BMI-for-age is not > 95th percentile per CDC guidelines AND | | | |
| *Tramadal/acataminanhan tahlat | T . | | | | |

Dihydrocodeine/acetaminophen/caffeine tablet

DILAUDID (hydromorphone) solution, tablet

FIORICET/CODEINE (codeine/butalbital/acetaminophen/caffeine) capsule

Hydrocodone/ibuprofen tablet

Hydromorphone solution

Levorphanol tablet

Meperidine solution, tablet

Morphine concentrated solution, oral syringe

NALOCET (oxycodone/acetaminophen) tablet

Oxycodone capsule, syringe, concentrated solution

Oxycodone/acetaminophen solution

Oxycodone/acetaminophen tablet (generic PROLATE)

Oxymorphone tablet

Pentazocine/naloxone tablet

PERCOCET (oxycodone/ acetaminophen) tablet

ROXICODONE (oxycodone) tablet

ROXYBOND (oxycodone) tablet

SEGLENTIS (tramadol/celecoxib) tablet

Tramadol 100mg tablet

Tramadol solution

- o Member does not have obstructive sleep apnea or severe lung disease AND
- Member is not pregnant, or breastfeeding AND
- o Renal function is not impaired (GFR > 50 ml/min) AND
- Member is not receiving strong inhibitors of CYP3A4 (such as erythromycin, clarithromycin, itraconazole, ketoconazole, posaconazole, fluconazole [≥200mg daily], voriconazole, delavirdine, and milk thistle) AND
- o Member meets one of the following:
 - Member has trialed codeine or codeine-containing products in the past with no history of allergy or adverse drug reaction to codeine
 - Member has not trialed codeine or codeine-containing products in the past and the prescriber acknowledges reading the following statement: "Approximately 1-2% of the population metabolizes codeine in a manner that exposes them to a much higher potential for toxicity. Another notable proportion of the population may not clinically respond to codeine. We ask that you please have close follow-up with members newly starting codeine and codeine-containing products to monitor for safety and efficacy."

Non-preferred tramadol products may be approved following trial and failure of generic tramadol 50mg tablet AND generic tramadol/acetaminophen tablet.

All other non-preferred short-acting opioid products may be approved following trial and failure of three preferred products. Failure is defined as allergy‡, lack of efficacy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction.

‡Allergy: hives, maculopapular rash, erythema multiforme, pustular rash, severe hypotension, bronchospasm, and angioedema

Quantity Limits: Short-acting opioids will be limited to a total of 120 tablets per 30 days (4/day) per member for members who are not included in the opioid treatment naive policy.

- **Nucynta IR will have a maximum daily quantity of 6 tablets (180 tabs per 30 days).
- Exceptions will be made for members with a diagnosis of a terminal illness (hospice or palliative care) or sickle cell anemia.
- For members who are receiving more than 120 tablets currently and who do not have a qualifying exemption diagnosis, a 6-month prior authorization can be granted via the prior authorization process for providers to taper members.
- Please note that if more than one agent is used, the combined total utilization
 may not exceed 120 units in 30 days. There may be allowed certain exceptions
 to this limit for acute situations (for example: post-operative surgery, fractures,
 shingles, car accident).

| | | Maximum Doses: Tramadol: 400mg/day Codeine: 360mg/day Butorphanol intranasal: 10ml per 30 days (four 2.5ml 10mg/ml package units per 30 days) |
|---|--|---|
| Therapeutic | | S (buccal, transmucosal, sublingual) - Effective 4/1/2024 |
| | PA Required ACTIQ (fentanyl citrate) lozenge Fentanyl citrate lozenge, buccal tablet | Fentanyl buccal, intranasal, transmucosal, and sublingual products: Prior authorization approval may be granted for members experiencing breakthrough cancer pain and those that have already received and are tolerant to opioid drugs for the |
| | FENTORA (fentanyl citrate) buccal tablet | cancer pain and those that have already received and are tolerant to opioid drugs for the cancer pain AND are currently being treated with a long-acting opioid drug. The prior authorization may be granted for up to 4 doses per day. For patients in hospice or palliative care, prior authorization will be automatically granted regardless of the number of doses prescribed. |
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: OPIOIDS | S, Long Acting - Effective 4/1/2024 |
| Preferred No PA Required (unless indicated by * criteria) BELBUCA ^{BNR} (buprenorphine) buccal film | Non-Preferred PA Required **OXYCONTIN (oxycodone ER) tablet Buprenorphine buccal film, transdermal patch | *Belbuca (buprenorphine) buccal film may be approved for members who have trialed and failed‡ treatment with Butrans (buprenorphine) patch at a dose of 20 mcg/hr OR with prescriber confirmation that the maximum dose of Butrans 20 mcg/hr will not provide adequate analgesia. Quantity limit: 60 films/30 days. |
| BUTRANS ^{BNR} (buprenorphine) transdermal patch | CONZIP (tramadol ER) capsule Fentanyl 37mcg, 62mcg, 87mcg transdermal patch | Oxycontin (oxycodone ER) may be approved for members who have trialed and failed; treatment with TWO preferred agents. |
| *Fentanyl 12mcg, 25mcg, 50mcg, 75mcg, 100mcg transdermal patch | Hydrocodone ER capsule, tablet Hydromorphone ER tablet | All other non-preferred products may be approved for members who have trialed and failed‡ three preferred products. ‡Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 14-day trial, allergy (hives, maculopapular |
| Morphine ER (generic MS Contin) tablet | HYSINGLA (hydrocodone ER) tablet | rash, erythema multiforme, pustular rash, intolerable application site skin reactions, severe hypotension, bronchospasm, and angioedema), intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. |
| *NUCYNTA ER (tapentadol ER) | Methadone (all forms) | |
| Tramadol ER (generic Ultram ER) tablet | Morphine ER capsule MS CONTIN (morphine ER) tablet | Methadone: Members may receive 30-day approval when prescribed for neonatal abstinence syndrome without requiring trial and failure of preferred agents or opioid prescriber consultation. |
| XTAMPZA ER (oxycodone) capsule | Oxycodone ER tablet | Methadone Continuation: Members who have been receiving methadone for pain indications do not have to meet non-preferred criteria. All new starts for methadone will require prior authorization under |
| | Oxymorphone ER tablet | the non-preferred criteria listed above. |

| | Tramadol ER capsule | If a prescriber would like to discuss strategies for tapering off methadone or |
|--|--|--|
| | | transitioning to other pain management therapies for a Health First Colorado member, consultation with the Health First Colorado pain management physician is available free of charge by contacting the pharmacy call center helpdesk and requesting an opioid prescriber consult. |
| | | Reauthorization: Reauthorization for a non-preferred agent may be approved if the following criteria are met: Provider attests to continued benefit outweighing risk of opioid medication use AND Member met original prior authorization criteria for this drug class at time of original authorization |
| | | **Quantity/Dosing Limits: Oxycontin, Nucynta ER, and Hydrocodone ER (generic Zohydro ER) will only be approved for twice daily dosing. Hysingla will only be approved for once daily dosing. Fentanyl patches will require a PA for doses of more than 15 patches/30 days (if using one strength) or 30 patches for 30 days (if using two strengths). For fentanyl patch strengths of 37mcg/hr, 62mcg/hr, and 87mcg/hr, member must trial and fail two preferred strengths of separate patches that will provide the desired dose (such as 12mcg/hr + 50mcg/hr = 62mcg/hr). |
| | | Infectives |
| | | FICS, INHALED -Effective 1/1/2024 |
| Preferred No PA Required (*Must meet eligibility criteria) | Non-Preferred PA Required | *CAYSTON (aztreonam) inhalation solution may be approved if the following criteria are met: |
| Tobramycin inhalation solution (generic TOBI) | ARIKAYCE (amikacin liposomal) inhalation vial BETHKIS (tobramycin) inhalation ampule | Member has a history of trial and failure of preferred tobramycin solution for inhalation (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with a 4-week trial, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interactions) OR provider attests that |
| *CAYSTON (aztreonam) inhalation solution | KITABIS (tobramycin) nebulizer pak | member cannot use preferred tobramycin solution for inhalation due to documented allergy or contraindication to therapy AND |
| TOBI (tobramycin) inhalation solution | | • The member has known colonization of <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> in the lungs AND |
| | TOBI PODHALER (tobramycin) inhalation capsule | The member has been prescribed an inhaled beta agonist to use prior to nebulization of Cayston (aztreonam). |
| | Tobramycin inhalation ampule (generic Bethkis) | ARIKAYCE (amikacin) may be approved if the following criteria are met: |
| | Tobramycin nebulizer pak (generic Kitabis) | Member has refractory mycobacterium avium complex (MAC) lung disease with limited or no alternative treatment options available AND |

• Member has trialed and failed 6 months of therapy with a 3-drug regimen that includes a macrolide (failure is defined as lack of efficacy, contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interactions).

All other non-preferred inhaled antibiotic agents may be approved if the following criteria are met:

- The member has a diagnosis of cystic fibrosis with known colonization of *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* in the lungs **AND**
- Member has history of trial and failure of preferred tobramycin solution for inhalation (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with a 4-week trial, contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drugdrug interactions).

| Table 1: Minimum Age, Maximum Dose, and Quantity Limitations | | | |
|--|------------------|------------------------|---|
| Drug Name | Minimum Age | Maximum Dose | Quantity Limit (Based on day supply limitation for pack size dispensed) |
| ARIKAYCE (amikacin) | ≥ 18 years | 590 mg once daily | Not applicable |
| BETHKIS (tobramycin) | Age ≥ 6 years | 300 mg twice daily | 28-day supply per 56-day period |
| CAYSTON (aztreonam) | ≥7 years | 75 mg three time daily | 28-day supply per 56-day period |
| KITABIS PAK (tobramycin) | Age ≥ 6 years | 300 mg twice daily | 28-day supply per 56-day period |
| TOBI [†] (tobramycin) | Age ≥ 6 years | 300 mg twice daily | 28-day supply per 56-day period |
| TOBI PODHALER (tobramycin) | Age ≥ 6 years | 112 mg twice daily | 28-day supply per 56-day period |

[†] Limitations apply to brand product formulation only

Members currently stabilized on any inhaled antibiotic agent in this class may receive approval to continue that agent.

| Therapeutic Drug Class: | ANTI-HERPETIC A | AGENTS - Oral - Effec | ctive 1/1/2024 |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| | | | |

No PA Required

Acyclovir tablet, capsule

Acyclovir suspension (all other members)

Non-preferred products may be approved for members who have failed an adequate trial with two preferred products with different active ingredients. Failure is defined as lack of

| *Acyclovir suspension (members under 18 years or cannot swallow a solid dosage form) Famciclovir tablet Valacyclovir tablet | SITAVIG (acyclovir) buccal tablet VALTREX (valacyclovir) tablet | | efficacy with 14-day trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. Sitavig (acyclovir) buccal tablet may be approved for diagnosis of recurrent herpes labialis (cold sores) if member meets non-preferred criteria listed above AND has failed trial with oral acyclovir suspension. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 14-day trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. *Acyclovir suspension does not require prior authorization for members < 18 years of age and may be approved for members ≥ 18 years of age who cannot swallow an oral dosage form. | | | |
|--|---|-----------|---|--|---|--|
| | | | | Maximun | n Dose Table | |
| | | | | Adult | Pediatric | |
| | | | Acyclovir | 4,000 mg/day | 3,200 mg/day | 7 |
| | | | Famciclovir | 2,000 mg/day | | |
| | | | Valacyclovir | 4,000 mg/day | Age 2-11 years: 3,000mg/day Age ≥ 12 years: 4,000mg/day | |
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: ANTI | I-HERPET | TIC AGENTS- | Topical - Effect | tive 1/1/2024 | |
| No PA Required Brand/generic changes effective 02/22/2024* Acyclovir cream (Teva only) Acyclovir ointment DENAVIR (penciclovir) cream *Penciclovir cream | PA Required Acyclovir cream (all other manufacture XERESE (acyclovir/ hydrocortisone) cr ZOVIRAX (acyclovir) cream, ointment | ream | for members who acyclovir ointme compendium. (For significant drug-was acyclovic meet the following body meet the following body member is in the significant of side effects) | o have failed an add nt/cream product (callure is defined as drug interaction) ir/hydrocortisone) pag criteria: d diagnosis of recumunocompetent is failed treatment of | f at least 10 days with acyclovir (Failu on, lack of efficacy, contraindication to | ed by approved side effects, or or members that are is defined as o or intolerable |
| | | | valacyclovii interaction, | s failed treatment of 2 grams twice dailack of efficacy, co | f at least one day with famciclovir 150 ly (Failure is defined as significant druntraindication to or intolerable side ef | ıg-drug |
| Duft 1 | Therapeutic Drug Class: FL | | valacyclovii interaction, INOLONES – | s failed treatment of 2 grams twice dai lack of efficacy, co | ly (Failure is defined as significant drontraindication to or intolerable side ef | ng-drug fects) |
| Preferred No PA Required (*if meeting eligibility criteria) | Therapeutic Drug Class: FL Non-Preferred PA Required | *CIPRO su | valacyclovii interaction, INOLONES – | s failed treatment of 2 grams twice dai lack of efficacy, co Oral - Effective require prior author | ly (Failure is defined as significant drontraindication to or intolerable side ef | ng-drug fects) |

| *CIPRO (ciprofloxacin) oral | | Non-preferred products may be approved for members who have failed an adequate trial (7 days) with | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| suspension ^{BNR} | | at least one preferred product. (Failure is defined as: lack of efficacy, contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction). | | |
| Ciprofloxacin tablet | Ciprofloxacin oral suspension | allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction). | | |
| | Le | Levofloxacin solution may be approved for members with prescriber attestation that member: | | |
| Levofloxacin tablet | Levofloxacin oral solution | | unable to take Cipro (ciprofloxacin) crushed tablet or suspension OR | |
| Moxifloxacin tablet | Ofloxacin tablet | • is < 5 years of age and being treated for pneumonia OR | | |
| Woxinoxaciii tablet | | | s failed† an adequate trial (7 days) of ciprofloxacin suspension defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, significant drug-drug | |
| | | | or contraindication to therapy. | |
| | | , | or contamination to the approximation of the approx | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: HEPATIT | ΓIS C V | TRUS TREATMENTS - Effective 1/1/2024 | |
| | | cting A | ntivirals (DAAs) | |
| Preferred | Non-Preferred | ļ | | |
| No PA Required for initial | PA Required | | Pharmacy claims for preferred products prescribed for initial treatment will be eligible for up to a 90-day supply fill allowing for the appropriate days' duration for | |
| treatment (*must meet eligibility criteria) | EPCLUSA 400 mg-100 mg | | completing the initial treatment regimen (with no PA required). Subsequent fills will | |
| (mase meet engisme; ericeria) | (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) tablet | | require prior authorization meeting re-treatment criteria below. | |
| EPCLUSA | | ļ | | |
| (sofosbuvir/velpatasvir) | HARVONI 90 mg-400 mg (ledipasvir/sofos | sbuvir) | *Second line preferred agents (Vosevi) may be approved for members 18 years of | |
| 200 mg -50 mg, 150 mg-37.5 mg tablet, pellet pack | tablet | | age or older with chronic HCV infection who are non-cirrhotic or have compensated cirrhosis (Child-Pugh A) AND meet the following criteria: | |
| ing tubict, penet pack | SOVALDI (sofosbuvir) tablet, pellet packet | t | GT 1-6 and has previously failed treatment with a regimen containing an | |
| HARVONI | | | NS5A inhibitor (such as ledipasvir, daclatasvir, or ombitasvir) OR | |
| (ledipasvir/sofosbuvir) | VIEKIRA PAK (ombitasvir/paritaprevir/ | | GT 1a or 3 and has previously failed treatment with a regimen containing | |
| 45mg-200mg tablet, pellet pack | ritonavir/dasabuvir) tablet | | sofosbuvir without an NS5A inhibitor AND | |
| pack | ZEPATIER (elbasvir/grazoprevir) tablet | | Request meets the applicable criteria below for re-treatment. | |
| Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir 90 mg-400 | , , , | | request meets the appreadic effects below for the treatment. | |
| mg tablet (Asegua only) | | | Re-treatment: | |
| MAVYRET | | | All requests for HCV re-treatment for members who have failed therapy with a DAA | |
| (glecaprevir/pibrentasvir) | | | will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis. Additional information may be requested for re-treatment requests including: | |
| tablet, pellet pack | | | Assessment of member readiness for re-treatment | |
| | | | Previous regimen medications and dates treated | |
| Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir 400mg- 100mg (<i>Asegua only</i>) | | Genotype of previous HCV infection | | |
| 100mg (Asegua omy) | | ļ | Any information regarding adherence to previously trialed regimen(s) and | |
| i | 1 | | | |

*VOSEVI tablet

previr)

(sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/voxila

current chronic medications

Adverse effects experienced from previous treatment regimen Concomitant therapies during previous treatment regimen

| | Vosevi regimens will require verification that member has been tested for evidence of active hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection and for evidence of prior HBV infection prior to initiating treatment. Non-preferred agents may be approved if documentation is provided indicating an acceptable rationale for not prescribing a preferred treatment regimen (acceptable rationale may include patient-specific medical contraindications to a preferred |
|---|---|
| | treatment or cases where a member has initiated treatment on a non-preferred drug and needs to complete therapy). |
| | Members currently receiving treatment with a non-preferred agent will receive approval to finish their treatment regimen, provided required documentation is sent via normal prior authorization request process. |
| | Ribavirin Products |
| No PA Required | Preferred products are eligible for up to a 90-day supply fill. |
| Ribavirin capsule | Non-preferred ribavirin products require prior authorizations which will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis. |
| Ribavirin tablet | a case-by-case basis. |
| Effective 01/14/22, oral products indicated f | ss: HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS (HIV) TREATMENTS, ORAL - Effective 1/1/2024 or HIV pre-exposure prophylaxis (PEP) or post-exposure prophylaxis (PEP) are eligible for coverage with a written prescription by an enrolled Additional information regarding pharmacist enrollment can be found at https://hcpf.colorado.gov/pharm-serv . |
| | Non-Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors (NNRTIs) |
| No PA Required | All products are preferred and do not require prior authorization. |
| 110 I II Itequirea | |
| EDURANT (rilpivirine) tablet | |
| - | |
| EDURANT (rilpivirine) tablet | |
| EDURANT (rilpivirine) tablet Efavirenz capsule, tablet | |
| EDURANT (rilpivirine) tablet Efavirenz capsule, tablet Etravirine tablet | |
| EDURANT (rilpivirine) tablet Efavirenz capsule, tablet Etravirine tablet INTELENCE (etravirine) tablet | t |
| EDURANT (rilpivirine) tablet Efavirenz capsule, tablet Etravirine tablet INTELENCE (etravirine) tablet Nevirapine suspension, IR tablet, ER table | Nucleoside/Nucleotide Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors (NRTIs) |

| Didanosine DR capsule | | |
|--|---------------------|--|
| Emtricitabine capsule | | |
| EMTRIVA (emtricitabine) capsule, solution | | |
| EPIVIR (lamivudine) solution, tablet | | |
| Lamivudine solution, tablet | | |
| RETROVIR (zidovudine) capsule, syrup | | |
| Stavudine capsule | | |
| Tenofovir disoproxil fumarate (TDF) tablet | | |
| VIREAD (TDF) oral powder, tablet | | |
| ZIAGEN (abacavir) solution, tablet | | |
| Zidovudine capsule, syrup, tablet | | |
| *TDF – Tenofovir disoproxil fumarate | | |
| No PA Required | Protease Inhibitors | (PIs) All products are preferred and do not require prior authorization. |
| _ | | An products are preferred and do not require prior additionization. |
| APTIVUS (tipranavir) capsule | | |
| A. 1 | | |
| | | |
| Darunavir tablet | | |
| Darunavir tablet | | |
| Darunavir tablet Fosamprenavir tablet | | |
| Darunavir tablet Fosamprenavir tablet LEXIVA (fosamprenavir) suspension, tablet | | |
| Atazanavir capsule Darunavir tablet Fosamprenavir tablet LEXIVA (fosamprenavir) suspension, tablet NORVIR (ritonavir) powder packet, tablet PREZISTA (darunavir) suspension, tablet | | |
| Darunavir tablet Fosamprenavir tablet LEXIVA (fosamprenavir) suspension, tablet NORVIR (ritonavir) powder packet, tablet PREZISTA (darunavir) suspension, tablet | | |
| Darunavir tablet Fosamprenavir tablet LEXIVA (fosamprenavir) suspension, tablet NORVIR (ritonavir) powder packet, tablet | | |

| | Other Agents | |
|---|------------------|--|
| No PA Required | | All products are preferred and do not require prior authorization. |
| ISENTRESS (raltegravir) chewable, powder pack, tablet | | |
| ISENTRESS HD (raltegravir) tablet | | |
| Maraviroc tablet | | |
| RUKOBIA (fostemsavir tromethamine ER) tablet | | |
| SELZENTRY (maraviroc) solution, tablet | | |
| SUNLENCA (lenacapavir) tablet | | |
| TIVICAY (dolutegravir) tablet | | |
| TIVICAY PD (dolutegravir) tablet for suspension | | |
| TYBOST (cobicistat) tablet | | |
| VOCABRIA (cabotegravir) tablet | | |
| | Combination Ager | nts |
| No PA Required* *Dispense as written (DAW) should be indicated on the prescription | | All products are preferred and do not require prior authorization. |
| Abacavir/Lamivudine tablet | | |
| ATRIPLA (efavirenz/Emtricitabine/TDF) tablet | | |
| BIKTARVY (bictegravir/emtricitabine/TAF) | | |
| tablet CIMDUO (lamivudine/TDF) tablet | | |
| COMBIVIR (lamivudine/zidovudine) tablet | | |
| COMPLERA (emtricitabine/rilpivirine/TDF) tablet | | |
| DELSTRIGO (doravirine/lamivudine/TDF) tablet | | |

| DESCOVY (emtricitabine/TAF) tablet | |
|---|--|
| , | |
| DOVATO (dolutegravir/lamivudine) tablet | |
| Efavirenz/Emtricitabine/TDF tablet | |
| Efavirenz/Lamivudine/TDF tablet | |
| Emtricitabine/TDF tablet | |
| EPZICOM (abacavir/lamivudine) tablet | |
| EVOTAZ (atazanavir/cobicistat) tablet | |
| GENVOYA (elvitegravir/cobicistat/ emtricitabine/TAF) tablet | |
| JULUCA (dolutegravir/rilpivirine) tablet | |
| KALETRA (lopinavir/ritonavir) solution, tablet | |
| Lamivudine/Zidovudine tablet | |
| Lopinavir/Ritonavir solution, tablet | |
| ODEFSEY (emtricitabine/rilpivirine/TAF) tablet | |
| PREZCOBIX (darunavir/cobicistat) tablet | |
| STRIBILD (elvitegravir/cobicistat/ emtricitabine/TDF) tablet | |
| SYMFI/SYMFI LO (efavirenz/lamivudine/TDF) tablet | |
| SYMTUZA (darunavir/cobicistat/ emtricitabine/TAF) tablet | |
| TRIUMEQ (abacavir/dolutegravir/ lamivudine) tablet | |
| TRIUMEQ PD (abacavir/dolutegravir) tablet for suspension | |

| TRIZIVIR (abacavir/lamivudine/zidovudine) tablet | |
|--|--|
| *TRUVADA (emtricitabine/TDF) tablet | |
| TAF – Tenofovir alafenamide TDF – Tenofovir disoproxil fumarate | |

| | L | |
|---|---|---|
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: TETR . | ACYCLINES - Effective 7/1/2023 |
| No PA Required | PA Required | Prior authorization for non-preferred tetr |
| Doxycycline hyclate capsules | Demeclocycline tablet | trialed/failed a preferred doxycycline prodefined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intole interaction. |
| Doxycycline hyclate tablets | DORYX (doxycycline DR) tablet | |
| Doxycycline monohydrate 50mg, 100mg capsule | Doxycycline hyclate DR tablet | Prior authorization for liquid oral tetracy has difficulty swallowing and cannot take |
| Doxycycline monohydrate tablets | Doxycycline monohydrate 75mg, 150mg capsule | Nuzyra (omadacycline) prior authorizati following criteria: the above "non-prefer |
| Minocycline capsules | Doxycycline monohydrate suspension | following: • Member has trialed and failed† |
| | Minocycline IR, ER tablet | and preferred minocycline OR of these medications cannot be trial |
| | MINOLIRA (minocycline ER) tablet | Member has diagnosis of either (CABP) or Acute Bacterial Skir |
| | MORGIDOX (doxycycline/skin cleanser) kit | clinical rationale and supporting AND one of the following: |
| | NUZYRA (omadacycline) tablet | If member diagnosis is |
| | SOLODYN ER (minocycline ER) tablet | of sulfamethoxazole/tritetracyclines OR o If member diagnosis is |
| | Tetracycline capsule | either a beta-lactam an macrolide (azithromyc |
| | VIBRAMYCIN (doxycycline) capsule, suspension, | AND |
| | syrup | Maximum duration of use is 14 |
| | XIMINO (minocycline ER) capsule | †Failure is defined as lack of efficacy wi |
| | | significant drug-drug interaction. |

Prior authorization for non-preferred tetracycline agents may be approved if member has trialed/failed a preferred doxycycline product AND preferred minocycline. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction.

Prior authorization for liquid oral tetracycline formulations may be approved if member has difficulty swallowing and cannot take solid oral dosage forms.

Nuzyra (omadacycline) prior authorization may be approved if member meets all of the following criteria: the above "non-preferred" prior authorization criteria and the following:

- Member has trialed and failed[†] therapy with a preferred doxycycline product and preferred minocycline OR clinical rationale is provided describing why these medications cannot be trialed (including resistance and sensitivity) AND
- Member has diagnosis of either Community Acquired Bacterial Pneumonia (CABP) or Acute Bacterial Skin and Skin Structure Infection (ABSSSI) or clinical rationale and supporting literature describing/supporting intended use AND one of the following:
 - o If member diagnosis is ABSSSI, member must have trial and failure[†] of sulfamethoxazole/trimethoprim product in addition to preferred tetracyclines OR
 - o If member diagnosis is CABP, member must have trial and failure[†] of either a beta-lactam antibiotic (amoxicillin/clavulanic acid) or a macrolide (azithromycin)

AND

Maximum duration of use is 14 days

†Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 7-day trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction.

III. Cardiovascular Therapeutic Drug Class: AI PHA-RI OCKERS - Effective 7/1/2023

| | Thorapeane Diag Class. ALL III DESCRETAS Effective 1/1/2025 | | | | |
|----------------------------|---|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| No PA Required PA Required | | PA Required | Non-preferred products may be approved following trial and failure of one preferred | | |
| | Prazosin capsule | MINIPRESS (prazosin) capsule | product (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy or intolerable side effects). | | |

| | Therapeutic Drug Class: BETA | -BLOCKERS - Effect | ive 7/1/2 | 2023 | |
|---|---|---|-----------|---|--|
| | | rs, Single Agent | | | |
| No PA Required Brand/generic changes effective 2/22/2024* | PA Required Betaxolol tablet | Non-preferred products may be approve products (failure is defined as lack of el effects or significant drug-drug interact | | | |
| Acebutolol capsule Atenolol tablet Bisoprolol tablet BYSTOLIC (nebivolol) tablet *Carvedilol ER capsule Carvedilol IR tablet Labetalol tablet Metoprolol tartrate tablet Metoprolol succinate ER tablet | CORGARD (nadolol) tablet COREG (carvedilol) tablet COREG CR (carvedilol ER) capsule HEMANGEOL (propranolol) solution INDERAL LA/XL (propranolol ER) capsule INNOPRAN XL (propranolol ER) capsule KASPARGO (metoprolol succinate) sprinkle capsule LOPRESSOR (metoprolol tartrate) tablet Pindolol tablet | HEMANGEOL (propranolo weeks and 1 year of age with patherapy. Maximum dose: 1.7 mg/kg two seeks and 1 year of age with patherapy. Maximum dose: 1.7 mg/kg two seeks and 1 year of age with patherapy. Maximum dose: 1.7 mg/kg two seeks and 1 year of age with patherapy. KAPSPARGO SPRINKLE (approved for members ≥ 6 year medication administration via Maximum dose: 200mg/day (approved to continue on that patherapy stabilized of approval to continue on tha | | with proliferation with proliferation with proliferation with a feeding of day (adult); 50 milized on timolol that product. | |
| Nadolol tablet | TENORMIN (atenolol) tablet | | | β_2 | |
| Nebivolol tablet | Timolol tablet | | | | |
| Propranolol IR tablet, solution | TOPROL XL (metoprolol succinate) tablet | | | 1 | |
| Troprantion in tablet, solution | Jet, solution To FROE AE (metoprolor succinate) tablet | | X | | |
| Propranolol ER capsule | | Bisoprolol Carvedilol | X | X | |
| | | Labetalol | X | X | |
| | | Metoprolol succinate | X | 71 | |
| | | Metoprolol tartrate | X | | |
| | | Nadolol | X | X | |
| | | Nebivolol | X | | |
| | | Pindolol | X | X | |
| | | Propranolol | | X | |

Non-preferred products may be approved following trial and failure with two preferred products (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions).

HEMANGEOL (propranolol) oral solution may be approved for members between 5 weeks and 1 year of age with proliferating infantile hemangioma requiring systemic therapy.

KAPSPARGO SPRINKLE (metoprolol succinate) extended-release capsule may be approved for members ≥ 6 years of age that have difficulty swallowing or require medication administration via a feeding tube.

Maximum dose: 200mg/day (adult); 50mg/day (pediatric)

Members currently stabilized on timolol oral tablet non-preferred products may receive approval to continue on that product.

| Table 1: Receptor Selectivity and Other Properties of Preferred Beta | | | | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Blockers | | | | | |
| | β_1 | β_2 | Alpha-1 receptor antagonist | Intrinsic sympathomimetic activity (ISA) | |
| Acebutolol | X | | | X | |
| Atenolol | X | | | | |
| Betaxolol | X | | | | |
| Bisoprolol | X | | | | |
| Carvedilol | X | X | X | | |
| Labetalol | X | X | X | | |
| Metoprolol succinate | X | | | | |
| Metoprolol tartrate | X | | | | |
| Nadolol | X | X | | | |
| Nebivolol | X | | | | |
| Pindolol | X | X | | X | |
| Propranolol | X | X | | | |

| Beta-Blockers, Anti-Arrhythmics | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| No PA Required Sotalol tablet | PA Required BETAPACE/AF (sotalol) tablet SOTYLIZE (sotalol) solution | SOTYLIZE (sotalol) oral solution may be approved for members 3 days to < 5 years of age. For members ≥ 5 years of age, SOTYLIZE (sotalol) oral solution may be approved for members who-cannot swallow a sotalol tablet OR members that have trialed and failed therapy with one preferred product. (Failure is defined as allergy or intolerable side effects.) Maximum dose: 320 mg/day | | | |
| | | Combinations | | | |
| No PA Required Atenolol/Chlorthalidone tablet Bisoprolol/HCTZ tablet Metoprolol/HCTZ tablet | PA Required Propranolol/HCTZ tablet TENORETIC (atenolol/chlorthalidone) tablet ZIAC (bisoprolol/HCTZ) tablet | Non-preferred products may be approved following trial and failure with two preferred products (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions). | | | |
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: CALCIUM CHA | ANNEL-BLOCKERS - Effective 7/1/2023 | | | |
| | | dines (DHPs) | | | |
| No PA Required Amlodipine tablet Felodipine ER tablet Nifedipine ER tablet Nifedipine IR capsule | PA Required ADALAT CC (nifedipine ER) tablet NORLIQVA (amlodipine) suspension KATERZIA (amlodipine) suspension Isradipine capsule Nicardipine capsule Nimodipine capsule Nisoldipine ER tablet NORVASC (amlodipine) tablet NYMALIZE (nimodipine) solution, oral syringe | Non-preferred products may be approved following trial and failure of two preferred agents. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interactions. NYMALIZE (nimodipine) oral syringe may be approved for adult members (≥ 18 years of age) with subarachnoid hemorrhage who also have a feeding tube or have difficulty swallowing solid dosage forms. Maximum dose: 360 mg/day for 21 days (6 syringes/day or 126 syringes/21 days) KATERZIA (amlodipine) suspension may be approved if meeting the following: • The member has a feeding tube or confirmed difficulty swallowing solid oral dosage forms OR cannot obtain the required dose through crushed amlodipine tablets AND • For members < 6 years of age, the prescriber confirms that the member has already been receiving the medication following initiation in a hospital or other clinical setting | | | |
| | PROCARDIA XL (nifedipine ER) tablet SULAR (nisoldipine ER) tablet | | | | |

| | Non-Dihydropyridines (Non-DHPs) | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| No PA Required | PA Required | | | | | |
| Diltiazem IR tablet | CALAN SR (verapamil ER) tablet | Non-preferred products may be approved following trial and failure of three preferred agents. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interactions. | | | | |
| Diltiazem CD/ER capsule | CARDIZEM (diltiazem) tablet | | | | | |
| Verapamil IR, ER tablet Verapamil ER 120 mg, 180 | CARDIZEM CD/LA (diltiazem CD/ER) capsule, tablet | | | | | |
| mg, 240 mg capsule | Diltiazem ER/LA tablet | | | | | |
| | TIAZAC ER (diltiazem ER) capsule | | | | | |
| | Verapamil ER 360 mg capsule | | | | | |
| | Verapamil PM ER 100 mg, 200 mg, 300 mg capsule | | | | | |
| | VERELAN/PM (verapamil ER) pellet capsule | | | | | |
| Therapeutic Drug Class: ANGIOTENSIN MODIFIERS - Effective 7/1/2023 | | | | | | |

| Therapeutic Drug Class: ANGIOTENSIN MODIFIERS - <i>Effective</i> 7/1/2023 |
|--|
| Angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitors (ACE Inh) |

| No PA Required | PA Required | |
|-------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Benazepril tablet | ACCUPRIL (quinapril) tablet | Non-preferred ACE inhibitors, ACE inhibitor combinations, ARBs, ARB combinations, renin inhibitors, and renin inhibitor combination products may be approved for members who have trialed and failed treatment with three preferred products (failure is defined as |
| Enalapril tablet | ALTACE (ramipril) capsule | lack of efficacy with a 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drugdrug interaction). |
| Fosinopril tablet | Captopril tablet | |
| Lisinopril tablet | Enalapril solution | *Enalapril solution may be approved without trial and failure of three preferred agents for members who cannot swallow a whole or crushed tablet. |
| Quinapril tablet | EPANED (enalapril) solution | *QBRELIS (lisinopril) solution may be approved for members 6 years of age or older who cannot swallow a whole or crushed tablet and have trialed and failed Epaned |
| Ramipril tablet | LOTENSIN (benazepril) tablet | (enalapril) solution. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with a 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. |
| | Moexipril tablet | intolerable side effects, of significant drug-drug interaction. |
| | Perindopril tablet | |
| | PRINIVIL (lisinopril) tablet | |
| | QBRELIS (lisinopril) solution | |
| | Trandolapril tablet | |

| | VASOTEC (enalapril) tablet | |
|-------------------------------|--|---|
| | ZESTRIL (lisinopril) tablet | |
| | ACE Inhibitor | Combinations |
| No PA Required | PA Required | |
| Amlodipine/Benazepril capsule | ACCURETIC (quinapril/HCTZ) tablet | Non-preferred ACE inhibitors, ACE inhibitor combinations, ARBs, ARB combinations, renin inhibitors, and renin inhibitor combination products may be approved for members who have trialed and failed treatment with three preferred products (failure is defined as |
| Enalapril/HCTZ tablet | Benazepril/HCTZ tablet | lack of efficacy with a 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drugdrug interaction). |
| Lisinopril/HCTZ tablet | Captopril/HCTZ tablet | |
| | Fosinopril/HCTZ tablet | |
| | LOTENSIN HCT (benazepril/HCTZ) tablet | |
| | LOTREL (amlodipine/benazepril) capsule | |
| | Quinapril/HCTZ tablet | |
| | VASERETIC (enalapril/HCTZ) tablet | |
| | ZESTORETIC (lisinopril/HCTZ) tablet | |
| | Angiotensin II rece | ptor blockers (ARBs) |
| No PA Required | PA Required | |
| Irbesartan tablet | ATACAND (candesartan) tablet | Non-preferred ACE inhibitors, ACE inhibitor combinations, ARBs, ARB combinations, renin inhibitors, and renin inhibitor combination products may be approved for members who have trialed and failed treatment with three preferred products (failure is defined as |
| Losartan tablet | AVAPRO (irbesartan) tablet | lack of efficacy with a 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drugdrug interaction). |
| Olmesartan tablet | BENICAR (olmesartan) tablet | drug micracuon). |
| Telmisartan tablet | Candesartan tablet | |
| Valsartan tablet | COZAAR (losartan) tablet | |
| | DIOVAN (valsartan) tablet | |
| | EDARBI (azilsartan) tablet | |
| | Eprosartan tablet | |
| | MICARDIS (telmisartan) tablet | |

| ARB Combinations | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Preferred No PA Required (Unless indicated*) *ENTRESTO | Non-Preferred PA Required ATACAND HCT (candesartan/HCTZ) tablet | Non-preferred ACE inhibitors, ACE inhibitor combinations, ARBs, ARB combinations, renin inhibitors, and renin inhibitor combination products may be approved for members who have trialed and failed treatment with three preferred products (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with a 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug- | |
| (sacubitril/valsartan) tablet | AVALIDE (irbesartan/HCTZ) tablet | drug interaction). | |
| Irbesartan/HCTZ tablet Losartan/HCTZ tablet Olmesartan/Amlodipine tablet Olmesartan/HCTZ tablet Valsartan/Amlodipine tablet Valsartan/HCTZ tablet | AZOR (olmesartan/amlodipine) tablet BENICAR HCT (olmesartan/HCTZ) tablet Candesartan/HCTZ tablet DIOVAN HCT (valsartan/HCTZ) tablet EDARBYCLOR (azilsartan/chlorthalidone) tablet EXFORGE (valsartan/amlodipine) tablet EXFORGE HCT (valsartan/amlodipine/HCTZ) | *ENTRESTO (sacubitril/valsartan) may be approved for members if the following criteria are met: Member is 1 to 17 years of age and has a diagnosis of symptomatic heart failure with systemic left ventricular systolic dysfunction (LVSD) and/or has chronic heart failure with a below-normal left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) OR Member is ≥ 18 years of age and has a diagnosis of chronic heart failure. Diagnosis will be verified through automated verification (AutoPA) of the appropriate corresponding ICD-10 diagnosis codes related to the indicated use of the medication. | |
| | tablet HYZAAR (losartan/HCTZ) tablet MICARDIS HCT (telmisartan/HCTZ) tablet Olmesartan/amlodipine/HCTZ tablet Telmisartan/amlodipine tablet Telmisartan/HCTZ tablet TRIBENZOR (olmesartan/amlodipine/HCTZ) tablet Valsartan/Amlodipine/HCTZ tablet | | |
| | | n Inhibitor Combinations | |
| | PA Required Aliskiren tablet TEKTURNA (aliskiren) tablet TEKTURNA HCT (aliskiren/HCTZ) tablet | Non-preferred renin inhibitors and renin inhibitor combination products may be approved for members who have failed treatment with three preferred products from the angiotensin modifier class (failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction). | |

| | | | Renin inhibitors and combinations will not be approved in patients with diabetes. Renin inhibitors are contraindicated when used in combination with an ACE-inhibitor, ACE- |
|--|--|--|---|
| | | | inhibitor combination, ARB, or ARB-combination. |
| Therapeu | eutic Drug Class: PULMONARY ARTERIAL HYPERTENSION THERAPIES - Effective 7/1/2023 | | |
| | | osphodieste | erase Inhibitors |
| Preferred *Must meet eligibility criteria | Non-Preferred PA Required *Eligibility criteria for preferred products: | | criteria for preferred products: |
| Brand/generic changes effective 4/27/23 | Preferred sildenafil and tadalafil tablet formulations may be approved for a diagnosis of pulmonary hypertension or right-sided heart failure. | | |
| *REVATIO (sildenafil) oral suspension | ADCIRCA (tadalafil) tablet ALYQ (tadalafil) tablet | | sildenafil) suspension may be approved for a diagnosis of pulmonary hypertension for years of age or members ≥ 5 years of age who are unable to take/swallow tablets. |
| *Sildenafil tablet, oral suspension | REVATIO (sildenafil) tablet | | d oral tablet products may be approved if meeting the following: mber has a diagnosis of pulmonary hypertension AND |
| *Tadalafil 20mg tablet | | Member has trialed and failed treatment with preferred sildenafil tablet AND pre tadalafil tablet. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy, ir effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. | |
| | | Members who have been previously stabilized on a non-preferred product may receive approval to continue on the medication. | |
| | | Non-preferred oral liquid products may be approved if meeting the following: • Member has a diagnosis of pulmonary hypertension AND | |
| | | Request meets one of the following: Member has trialed and failed treatment with one preferred oral liquid formulation (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with a 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction) OR | |
| | | | o Prescriber verifies that the member is unable to take/swallow tablet and attests that there is clinical necessity for use of a regimen with a less frequent dosing interval. |
| | | othelin Rece | eptor Antagonists |
| Preferred *Must meet eligibility criteria | Non-Preferred PA Required | | *Eligibility Criteria for all agents in the class Approval may be granted for a diagnosis of pulmonary hypertension. Member and |
| *Ambrisentan tablet | LETAIRIS (ambrisentan) tablet | | prescriber should be enrolled in applicable REMS program for prescribed medication. |
| *Bosentan 62.5mg, 125mg tablet | OPSUMIT (macitentan) tablet | | Non-preferred agents may be approved for members who have trialed and failed two preferred agents. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or |
| | TRACLEER (bosentan) 32mg tablet for | or suspension | significant drug-drug interaction. |
| | TRACLEER (bosentan) 62.5mg, 125m | ng tablet | Members who have been previously stabilized on a non-preferred product may receive approval to continue the medication. |

| Prostacyclin Analogues and Receptor Agonists | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| Preferred (*Must meet eligibility criteria) | Non-Preferred PA Required | | *Eligibility Criteria for all agents in the class |
| (*Must meet engionity criteria) | 1 A Requireu | | Approval will be granted for a diagnosis of pulmonary hypertension. |
| *Epoprostenol vial | REMODULIN (treprostinil) vial | | Non-preferred products may be approved for members who have failed treatment with a |
| *FLOLAN (epoprostenol) vial | Treprostinil vial | | Preferred Product. (Failure is defined as: lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, contraindication to IV therapy or significant drug-drug interaction). |
| *ORENITRAM (treprostinil ER) tablet | TYVASO (treprostinil) inhalation | solution | Members who have been previously stabilized on a non-preferred product may receive |
| *VENT AVIC (:1 | UPTRAVI (selexipag) tablet, dose | e pack, vial | approval to continue on the medication. |
| *VENTAVIS (iloprost) inhalation solution | VELETRI (epoprostenol) vial | | |
| | | | e (sGC) Stimulator |
| | Non-Preferred | | ciguat) may be approved for members who meet the following criteria: |
| | PA Required | | of childbearing potential: is not pregnant and is able to receive monthly pregnancy tests while taking ADEMPAS |
| | ADEMPAS (riociguat) tablet | | month after stopping therapy AND |
| | | | and their partners are utilizing one of the following contraceptive methods during |
| | | | at and for one month after stopping treatment (IUD, contraceptive implants, tubal |
| | | sterilization, a hormone method with a barrier method, two barrier methods, vasectomy with a | |
| | | hormone method, or vasectomy with a barrier method) | |
| | | AND | |
| | | Member has a CrCl ≥ 15 mL/min and is not on dialysis AND | |
| | | | not have severe liver impairment (Child Pugh C) AND |
| | | | diagnosis of persistent/recurrent chronic thromboembolic pulmonary hypertension HO Group 4) after surgical treatment or has inoperable CTEPH OR |
| | | | diagnosis of pulmonary hypertension and has failed treatment with a preferred product for |
| | | | pertension. (Failure is defined as a lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or |
| | | significant dru | g-drug interaction). |
| | Therapeutic Dr | rug Class: LIPO | OTROPICS - Effective 7/1/2023 |
| | | | Sequestrants |
| No PA Required | PA Required | | Non-preferred bile acid sequestrants may be approved if the member has failed treatment with 2 preferred products in the last 12 months (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with |
| Colesevelam tablet | Colesevelam packet | | 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions). |
| Colestipol tablet | COLESTID (colestipol) tablet, gra | anules | Non-preferred lipotropic agents with a preferred product with same strength, dosage form, and active ingredient may be approved with adequate trial and/or failure of the |
| Cholestyramine packet, light packet, powder | Colestipol granules | | preferred product with the same ingredient (such as preferred ezetimibe and Zetia) and 2 additional agents. (Failure is defined as: lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions). |

| | QUESTRAN (cholestyramine/sugar) packet, | |
|--|---|--|
| | powder | |
| | QUESTRAN LIGHT (cholestyramine/ aspartame) packet, powder | |
| | WELCHOL (colesevelam) tablet, packet | |
| | Fib | rates |
| No PA Required | PA Required | |
| Fenofibrate capsule, tablet (generic Lofibra/Tricor) | ANTARA (fenofibrate) capsule | Non-preferred fibrates may be approved if the member has failed treatment with generic gemfibrozil or generic fenofibrate and niacin ER in the last 12 months (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial of each drug, allergy, intolerable side effects or |
| Gemfibrozil tablet | Fenofibric acid DR capsule | significant drug-drug interactions). |
| Gemilorozii taolet | Fenofibric acid tablet | Non-preferred lipotropic agents with a preferred product with same strength, dosage form, and active ingredient may be approved with adequate trial and/or failure of the |
| | Fenofibrate capsule (generic Antara/Fenoglide/Lipofen) | preferred product with the same ingredient (such as preferred ezetimibe and Zetia) and 2 additional agents. (Failure is defined as: lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy, |
| | FENOGLIDE (fenofibrate) tablet | intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions). |
| | LIPOFEN (fenofibrate) capsule | |
| | LOPID (gemfibrozil) tablet | |
| | TRICOR (fenofibrate nano) tablet | |
| | TRILIPIX (fenofibric acid) capsule | |
| | Other Li | potropics |
| No PA Required (*Must meet eligibility criteria) | PA Required | Non-preferred lipotropic agents with a preferred product with same strength, dosage form, and active ingredient may be approved with adequate trial and/or failure of the |
| Ezetimibe tablet | Icosapent ethyl capsule | preferred product with the same ingredient (such as preferred ezetimibe and Zetia) and 2 additional agents. (Failure is defined as: lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions). |
| Niacin ER tablet | LOVAZA (omega-3 ethyl esters) capsule | |
| *Omega-3 ethyl esters capsule (generic Lovaza) | NEXLETOL (bempedoic acid) tablet | *Omega-3 ethyl esters (generic Lovaza) may be approved for members who have a baseline triglyceride level ≥ 500 mg/dL |
| (g) (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 | NEXLIZET (bempedoic acid/ezetimibe) tablet | Lovaza (brand name) may be approved if meeting the following: • Member has a baseline triglyceride level > 500 mg/dl AND |
| | VASCEPA (icosapent ethyl) capsule | Member has a baseline triglyceride level ≥ 300 mg/dr AND Member has failed an adequate trial of omega-3 Ethyl Esters AND an adequate trial of gemfibrozil or fenofibrate (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4- |
| | ZETIA (ezetimibe) tablet | week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions) |
| L | I . | |

Nexletol (bempedoic acid) or **Nexlizet** (bempedoic acid/ezetimibe) may be approved if meeting the following criteria:

- Member is ≥ 18 years of age **AND**
- Member is not pregnant **AND**
- Member is not receiving concurrent simvastatin > 20 mg daily or pravastatin > 40 mg daily **AND**
- Member has a diagnosis of either heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia or established atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (see definition below), AND

Conditions Which Define Clinical Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease

- Acute Coronary Syndrome
- History of Myocardial Infarction
- Stable or Unstable Angina
- Coronary or other Arterial Revascularization
- Stroke
- Transient Ischemic Attack
- Peripheral Arterial Disease of Atherosclerotic Origin
- Member is concurrently adherent (> 80% of the past 180 days) on a maximally tolerated dose of a high intensity statin therapy (atorvastatin ≥ 40 mg daily OR rosuvastatin ≥ 20 mg daily [as a single-entity or as a combination product])
 AND ezetimibe (as a single-entity or as a combination product) concomitantly for ≥ 8 continuous weeks), AND
- If intolerant to a statin due to side effects, member must have a one month documented trial with at least two other maximally dosed statins in addition to ezetimibe. For members with a past or current incidence of rhabdomyolysis, a one-month trial and failure of a statin is not required, **AND**
- Member has a treated LDL > 70 mg/dL for a clinical history of ASCVD OR LDL > 100 mg/dL if familial hypercholesterolemia

Initial Approval: 1 year

<u>Reauthorization</u>: Reauthorization may be approved for 1 year with provider attestation of medication safety and efficacy during the initial treatment period

Vascepa (icosapent ethyl) may be approved if meeting the following:

- Member has a baseline triglyceride level > 500 mg/dl AND
- Member has failed an adequate trial of generic omega-3 ethyl esters AND an
 adequate trial of gemfibrozil or fenofibrate (failure is defined as lack of efficacy
 with 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug
 interactions)

OR

- Medication is being prescribed to reduce CV risk for members on maximally tolerated statin therapy with triglyceride levels ≥ 150mg/dL and LDL-C levels between 41-100 mg/dL AND member meets one of the following:
 - Member is ≥ 45 years of age and has established atherosclerotic CV disease (e.g., coronary artery disease, cerebrovascular/carotid disease, peripheral arterial disease) OR

| | | Member is ≥ 50 years of age with diabetes mellitus and has one or more of the following additional risk factors for CV disease: Male ≥ 55 years of age or female ≥ 65 years of age Cigarette smoker Hypertension HDL-C ≤ 40 mg/dL for men or ≤ 50 mg/dL for women hsCRP >3.00 mg/L (0.3 mg/dL) CrCl 30 to 59 mL/min Retinopathy Micro- or macroalbuminuria ABI <0.9 without symptoms of intermittent claudication Maximum Dose: 4g daily |
|---|---|--|
| | | TATINS -Effective 7/1/2023 |
| No PA Required Atorvastatin tablet Lovastatin tablet Pravastatin tablet Rosuvastatin tablet Simvastatin tablet | PA Required ALTOPREV (lovastatin ER) tablet CRESTOR (rosuvastatin) tablet EZALLOR (rosuvastatin) sprinkle capsule Fluvastatin capsule, ER tablet LESCOL XL (fluvastatin ER) tablet LIPITOR (atorvastatin) tablet LIVALO (pitavastatin) tablet ZOCOR (simvastatin) tablet ZYPITAMAG (pitavastatin) tablet | Non-preferred Statins may be approved following trial and failure of treatment with two preferred products (failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions). Age Limitations: Altoprev will not be approved for members < 18 years of age. Fluvastatin will not be approved for members < 10 years of age. Livalo will not be approved for members < 8 years of age. |
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: STATIN C | COMBINATIONS -Effective 7/1/2023 |
| | PA Required Atorvastatin/Amlodipine tablet CADUET (atorvastatin/amlodipine) tablet Simvastatin/Ezetimibe tablet VYTORIN (simvastatin/ezetimibe) tablet | Non-preferred Statin combinations may be approved following trial and failure of treatment with two preferred products (failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions). Age Limitations: Vytorin (ezetimibe/simvastatin) will not be approved for members < 18 years of age. Caduet (amlodipine/atorvastatin) will not be approved for members < 10 years of age. |

| | IV. Central N | ervous System |
|---|---|---|
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: ANTICON | |
| No PA Required | PA Required Non-preferred brand name medications do not require a prior authorization when the equivalent generic is preferred and "dispense as written" is indicated on the prescription. | Members currently stab medication in this class medication. |
| | Barbiturates | equivalent generic is pr |
| Phenobarbital elixir, solution, tablet | MYSOLINE (primidone) tablet | Non-Preferred Products Non-preferred medicati disorder/convulsions m The requested |
| Primidone tablet | | sufficient educ |
| | Hydantoins | • The request me AND |
| DILANTIN (phenytoin) 30 mg capsules, Infatab, suspension PHENYTEK (phenytoin ER) capsule | DILANTIN (phenytoin ER), 100 mg capsules | For medication used in conjunt disorder/convuter The request medicarbaze |
| Phenytoin suspension, chewable, ER capsule | | Member has h product |
| | Succinamides | BRIVIACT (brivaraceMember has h |
| | | • Member has h |
| Ethosuximide capsule, solution | CELONTIN (methsuximide) Kapseal Methsuximide capsule | DIACOMIT (stiripentMember is conMember has di |
| | ZARONTIN (ethosuximide) capsule, solution | ELEPSIA XR (levetir: |
| I | Benzodiazepines | Member has h |
| Clobazam tablet, suspension | KLONOPIN (clonazepam) tablet | EPIDIOLEX (cannable ■ Member has dead (LCS) or Provi |
| Clonazepam tablet, ODT | ONFI (clobazam) suspension, tablet | (LGS) or DravMember has a (TSC). |
| | SYMPAZAN (clobazam) SL film | |
| Valproi | c Acid and Derivatives | FINTEPLA (fenflurar • Member has a |

ULSANTS -Oral-Effective 4/1/2024 Members currently stabilized (in outpatient or acute care settings) on any non-preferred medication in this class may receive prior authorization approval to continue on that

Non-preferred brand name medications do not require a prior authorization when the equivalent generic is preferred and "dispense as written" is indicated on the prescription.

Non-Preferred Products Newly Started for Treating Seizure Disorder or Convulsions: Non-preferred medications newly started for members with a diagnosis of seizure disorder/convulsions may be approved if the following criteria are met:

- The requested medication is being prescribed by a practitioner who has sufficient education and experience to safely manage treatment AND
- The request meets minimum age and maximum dose limits listed in Table 1 AND
- For medications indicated for use as adjunctive therapy, the medication is being used in conjunction with another medication indicated for treatment of seizure disorder/convulsions AND
- The request meets additional criteria listed for any of the following:

APTIOM (eslicarbazepine):

Member has history of trial and failure tof any carbamazepine-containing product

BRIVIACT (brivaracetam):

Member has history of trial and failure: of any levetiracetam-containing product

DIACOMIT (stiripentol):

- Member is concomitantly taking clobazam **AND**
- Member has diagnosis of seizures associated with Dravet syndrome

ELEPSIA XR (levetiracetam ER) tablet

• Member has history of trial and failure! of levetiracetam ER (KEPPRA XR)

EPIDIOLEX (cannabidiol):

- Member has diagnosis of seizures associated with Lennox-Gastaut syndrome (LGS) or Dravet Syndrome **OR**
- Member has a diagnosis of seizures associated with tuberous sclerosis complex (TSC).

FINTEPLA (fenfluramine):

Member has a diagnosis of seizures associated with Dravet syndrome or

| DEPAKOTE (divalproex DR) sprinkle capsule, tablet Divalproex sprinkle capsule, DR tablet, ER tablet Valproic acid capsule, solution Carba Carba Carbamazepine IR tablet, ER tablet, chewable, ER capsule, suspension CARBATROL ER (carbamazepine) capsule Oxcarbazepine tablet TEGRETOL (carbamazepine) suspension, tablet TEGRETOL XR (carbamazepine ER) tablet TRILEPTAL BNR (oxcarbazepine) suspension | DEPAKOTE ER (divalproex ER) tablet mazepine Derivatives APTIOM (eslicarbazepine) tablet EQUETRO (carbamazepine) capsule Oxcarbazepine suspension OXTELLAR XR (oxcarbazepine) tablet TRILEPTAL (oxcarbazepine) tablet | Lennox-Gastaut syndrome OXTELLAR XR (oxcarbazepine ER): • Member is being treated for partia • Member has history of trial and fa oxcarbazepine-containing product SPRITAM (levetiracetam) tablet for suspensions of trial and fa oxcarbazepine history of trial and fa oxcarbazepine should be avoided per Clinic Consortium Guideline. This may be consideration on the preferred agent. | pension ilure‡ of levetirace ilure‡ of clobazam of take clobazam to Non-Seizure Disor or non-seizure disor ilure‡ of two preference and maximum gy, intolerable side ion to therapy, or in 3*15:02 positive, and Pharmacogener | etam solution n tablet or solution OR ablet or solution rder Diagnoses: order diagnoses may be erred agents AND dose limits listed in Table the effects, significant drug- inability to take preferred carbamazepine and tics Implementation |
|---|--|---|--|--|
| | Lamotrigines | Table 1: Non-preferred Product Minim | um Age and Max | ximum Dose |
| LAMICTAL (lamotrigine) chewable/dispersible dose | LAMICTAL (lamotrigine) ODT, ODT dose pack | Barbiturates | Minimum Age** | Maximum Dose** |
| pack ^{BNR} tablet, tablet | LAMICTAL XR (lamotrigine ER) tablet, dose pack | primidone (MYSOLINE) Benzodiazepines | | 2,000 mg per day |
| Lamotrigine IR tablet, ER tablet, chewable/dispersible tablet, ODT | Lamotrigine ER/IR/ODT dose packs | clobazam (ONFI) suspension, tablet clobazam film (SYMPAZAN) clonazepam (KLONOPIN) | 2 years 2 years | 40 mg per day 40 mg per day 20 mg per day |
| | Topiramates | Brivaracetam/Levetiracetam brivaracetam (BRIVIACT) | 1 month | 200 mg per day |
| TOPAMAX (topiramate) sprinkle | EPRONTIA (topiramate) solution | levetiracetam (KEPPRA) levetiracetam (SPRITAM) | 1 month 4 years | 3,000 mg per day 3,000 mg per day |
| capsule | QUDEXY XR (topiramate) capsule | levetiracetam ER (ELEPSIA XR) | 12 years | 3,000 mg per day |

| Topiramate tablet, sprinkle | | levetiracetam ER (KEPPRA XR) | 12 years | 3,000 mg per day |
|---------------------------------|--|--|------------------|---|
| capsule | TOPAMAX (topiramate) tablet | Carbamazepine Derivatives | , | S C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C |
| _ | | carbamazepine (EPITOL) | | 1,600 mg per day |
| | Topiramate ER capsule | carbamazepine ER (EQUETRO) | | 1,600 mg per day |
| | | eslicarbazepine (APTIOM) | 4 years | 1,600 mg per day |
| | TROKENDI XR (topiramate ER) capsule | oxcarbazepine ER (OXTELLAR XR) | 6 years | 2,400 mg per day |
| | | Hydantoins | | |
| Briva | racetam/Levetiracetam | phenytoin ER (DILANTIN) 100mg | | 1,000 mg loading dose |
| | | capsules, suspension, Infatab | | 600 mg/day |
| Levetiracetam IR tablet, ER | BRIVIACT (brivaracetam) solution, tablet | | | maintenance dose |
| tablet, solution | | Lamotrigines | | |
| , | ELEPSIA XR (levetiracetam ER) tablet | lamotrigine IR (LAMICTAL) | 2 years | 500 mg per day |
| | | lamotrigine (LAMICTAL ODT) | 2 years | 500 mg per day |
| | KEPPRA (levetiracetam) tablet, solution | lamotrigine ER (LAMICTAL XR) | 13 years | 600 mg per day |
| | | | | |
| | KEPRA XR (levetiracetam ER) tablet | Succinamides | | |
| | | ethosuximide (ZARONTIN) | | 25 mg/kg/day |
| | SPRITAM (levetiracetam) tablet | methsuximide (CELONTIN) | | Not listed |
| | | Valproic Acid and Derivatives | | |
| | Other | divalproex ER (DEPAKOTE ER) | 10 years | 60 mg/kg/day |
| Brand/generic changes effective | | Topiramates | | |
| 02/22/2024* | BANZEL (rufinamide) suspension, tablet | topiramate (TOPAMAX) | 2 years | 400 mg per day |
| | | topiramate ER (QUDEXY XR) | 2 years | 400 mg per day |
| *Felbamate suspension | DIACOMIT (stiripentol) capsule, powder packet | topiramate ER (TROKENDI XR) | 6 years | 400 mg per day |
| | | Other | | |
| FELBATOL (felbamate) | EPIDIOLEX (cannabidiol) solution | cannabidiol (EPIDIOLEX) | 1 year | 25 mg/kg/day |
| suspension | | cenobamate (XCOPRI) | 18 years | 400 mg per day |
| | Felbamate tablet | felbamate tablet, suspension | 2 years | 3,600 mg per day |
| FELBATOL (felbamate) BNR | | fenfluramine (FINTEPLA) | 2 years | 26 mg per day |
| tablet | FINTEPLA (fenfluramine) solution | lacosamide (VIMPAT) | 1 month | 400 mg per day |
| | | perampanel (FYCOMPA) | 4 years | 12 mg per day |
| Lacosamide solution, tablet | FYCOMPA (perampanel) suspension, tablet | rufinamide (BANZEL) tablet and | 1 year | 3,200 mg per day |
| 7 | GARAMPA (I. A. | suspension | | |
| Zonisamide capsule | GABITRIL (tiagabine) tablet | stiripentol (DIACOMIT) | 6 months | 3,000 mg per day |
| | Y 11 YYD | | (weighing \geq | |
| | Lacosamide UD solution | | 7 kg) | |
| | | tiagabine | 12 years | 56 mg per day |
| | MOTPOLY XR (lacosamide) capsule | tiagabine (GABITRIL) | 12 years | 56 mg per day |
| | | vigabatrin | 1 month | 3,000 mg per day |
| | Rufinamide suspension, tablet | vigabatrin (SABRIL) | 1 month | 3,000 mg per day |
| | SABRIL (vigabatrin) powder packet, tablet | vigabatrin (VIGADRONE) powder packet | 1 month | 3,000 mg per day |
| | | zonisamide (ZONEGRAN) | 16 years | 600 mg per day |
| ı | Tingghing tablet | **Limits based on data from FDA package insert. Approval for age/dosing that falls | | |
| | Tiagabine tablet | outside of the indicated range may be evaluated | ted on a case-by | -case basis. |
| | | | | |

| | Vigabatrin tablet, powder packet | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|
| | VIMPAT (lacosamide) solution, kit, tablet | |
| | XCOPRI (cenobamate) tablet, pack | |
| | ZONISADE (zonisamide) suspension | |
| | ZTALMY (ganaxolone) suspension | |
| Th | nerapeutic Drug Class: NEWER GENERATI | ON ANTI-DEPRESSANTS -Effective 4/1/2024 |
| No PA Required | PA Required | |
| Bupropion IR, SR, XL tablet | Non-preferred brand name medications do not | Non-preferred products may be approved for members who have failed adequate trial with two preferred newer generation anti-depressant products. If two preferred newer |
| | require a prior authorization when the | generation anti-depressant products are not available for indication being treated, |
| Citalopram tablet, solution | equivalent generic is preferred and "dispense as | approval of prior authorization for non-preferred products will require adequate trial of all preferred products FDA approved for that indication (failure is defined as lack of |
| Desvenlafaxine succinate ER | written" is indicated on the prescription. | efficacy with 6-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug |
| (generic Pristiq) tablet | APLENZIN (bupropion ER) tablet | interaction). |
| Duloxetine (generic Cymbalta) | AUVELITY ER (dextromethorphan/bupropion) | Zurzuvae (zuranolone) may be approved if meeting the following criteria: |
| capsule | tablet | • Member is ≥ 18 years of age AND |
| Escitalopram tablet | Bupropion XL (generic Forfivo XL) tablet | Member has a diagnosis of postpartum depression based on Diagnostic and |
| Fluoxetine capsule, solution, 60 | CELEXA (citalopram) tablet | Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-5) criteria for a major depressive episode AND |
| mg tablet | Citalopram hydrobromide capsule | Member is not currently pregnant AND |
| El a ancien del lad | CYMBALTA (duloxetine) capsule | Prescriber attests that the member has been counseled and has been engaged in |

Fluvoxamine tablet

Mirtazapine tablet, ODT

Paroxetine IR tablet

Sertraline tablet, solution

Trazodone tablet

Venlafaxine IR tablet

Venlafaxine ER capsules

Desvenlafaxine fumarate ER tablet

DRIZALMA (duloxetine) sprinkle capsule

EFFEXOR XR (venlafaxine ER) capsule

Escitalopram solution

FETZIMA (levomilnacipran ER) capsule, titration

pack

Fluoxetine IR tablet, DR capsule

Fluvoxamine ER capsule

FORFIVO XL (bupropion ER) tablet

LEXAPRO (escitalopram) tablet

Nefazodone tablet

- shared decision making with regard to:
 - The importance of effective contraception during zuranolone treatment, as zuranolone may cause fetal harm AND
 - The potential risks for the breastfed child and the lack of data supporting safe use of zuranolone during lactation AND
 - o Consideration for the favorable long-term safety data associated with use of SSRIs as first-line, recommended therapies for perinatal depressive disorders by the American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists (ACOG) or SNRIs as reasonable ACOG-recommended alternatives

AND

- Prescriber attests that the member has been counseled to refrain from engaging in potentially hazardous activities requiring mental alertness, including driving, for \geq 12 hours after each zuranolone dose **AND**
- The member has been counseled to take the medication with 400 to 1,000 calories of food containing 25% to 50% fat AND

Paroxetine CR/ER tablet, suspension

Paroxetine mesylate capsule

PAXIL (paroxetine) tablet, suspension

PAXIL CR (paroxetine ER) tablet

PEXEVA (paroxetine mesylate) tablet

PRISTIQ (desvenlafaxine succinate ER) tablet

PROZAC (fluoxetine) Pulvule

REMERON (mirtazapine) Soltab (ODT), tablet

Sertraline capsule

TRINTELLIX (vortioxetine) tablet

Venlafaxine ER tablet

Venlafaxine besylate ER tablet

VIIBRYD (vilazodone) tablet, dose pack

Vilazodone tablet

WELLBUTRIN SR, XL (bupropion) tablet

ZOLOFT (sertraline) tablet, oral concentrate

ZURZUVAE (zuranolone) capsule

- If patient is taking another oral antidepressant medication, the dose has been stable for ≥ 30 days **AND**
- Prescriber verifies that concomitant medications have been assessed for
 potential drug interactions (CNS depressants, CYP3A4 inhibitors, CYP3A4
 inducers) and any needed dosage adjustments for zuranolone have been made in
 accordance with package labeling AND
- Baseline renal and hepatic function have been assessed and prescriber verifies that dosing is appropriate in accordance with package labeling.

Quantity Limit:

- Zurzuvae 20 mg and 25 mg: 28 capsules/14 days
- Zurzuvae 30 mg: 14 capsules/14 days

Maximum dose: 50 mg once daily

<u>Duration of Approval</u>: Approval will allow for one 14-day course of treatment per

postpartum period

Citalopram doses higher than 40mg/day for ≤60 years of age and 20mg/day for >60 years of age will require prior authorization. Please see the FDA guidance at: https://www.fda.gov/drugs/drugsafety/ucm297391.htm for important safety information.

Members currently stabilized on a non-preferred newer generation antidepressant may receive approval to continue on that agent for one year if medically necessary. **Verification may be provided from the prescriber or the pharmacy.**

Therapeutic Drug Class: MONOAMINE OXIDASE INHIBITORS (MAOIs) - Effective 4/1/2024

PA Required

EMSAM (selegiline) patch

MARPLAN (isocarboxazid) tablet

NARDIL (phenelzine) tablet

Phenelzine tablet

Tranylcypromine tablet

Non-preferred products may be approved for members who have failed adequate trial (8 weeks) with three preferred anti-depressant products. If three preferred anti-depressant products are not available for indication being treated, approval of prior authorization for non-preferred products will require adequate trial of all preferred anti-depressant products FDA approved for that indication. (Failure is defined as: lack of efficacy after 8-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction)

Members currently stabilized on a Non-preferred MAOi antidepressant may receive approval to continue that agent for one year if medically necessary. **Verification may be provided from the prescriber or the pharmacy.**

| | The control of the co | DEDDECCANDS (TCA-) ES 1: 4/1/2024 |
|--|--|---|
| | | I-DEPRESSANTS (TCAs) -Effective 4/1/2024 |
| No PA Required | PA Required Non-preferred brand name medications do not | Non-preferred products may be approved for members who have failed adequate trial (8 |
| Amitriptyline tablet | require a prior authorization when the equivalent generic is preferred and "dispense as written" is indicated on the prescription. | weeks) with three preferred tricyclic products. If three preferred products are not available for indication being treated, approval of prior authorization for non-preferred products will require adequate trial of all tricyclic preferred products FDA approved for |
| Clomipramine capsule | Amoxapine tablet | that indication. (Failure is defined as: lack of efficacy after 8-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction) |
| Desipramine tablet | | |
| Doxepin 10mg, 25mg, 50mg, | ANAFRANIL (clomipramine) capsule | Members currently stabilized on a non-preferred tricyclic antidepressant may receive approval to continue on that agent for one year if medically necessary. Verification may |
| 75mg, 100mg, 150mg capsule, oral concentrate | Imipramine pamoate capsule | be provided from the prescriber or the pharmacy. |
| Imipramine HCl tablet | NORPRAMIN (desipramine) tablet | |
| Nortriptyline capsule | Nortriptyline solution | |
| | PAMELOR (nortriptyline) capsule | |
| | Protriptyline tablet | |
| | Trimipramine capsule | |
| | | INSON'S AGENTS -Effective 4/1/2024 |
| | | pamine precursors and combinations |
| No PA Required | PA Required | Non-preferred agents may be approved with adequate trial and failure of carbidopa- |
| Carbidopa/Levodopa IR, ER tablet | Carbidopa tablet | levodopa IR and ER formulations (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with a 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions). |
| Carbidopa/Levodopa/Entacapone | Carbidopa/Levodopa ODT | Carbidopa or levodopa single agent products may be approved for members with |
| tablet | DHIVY (carbidopa/levodopa) tablet | diagnosis of Parkinson's Disease as add-on therapy to carbidopa-levodopa. |
| | DUOPA (carbidopa/levodopa) suspension | Non-preferred medications that <u>are not</u> prescribed for Parkinson's Disease (or an indication related to Parkinson's Disease) may receive approval for other FDA-labeled |
| | INBRIJA (levodopa) capsule for inhalation | indications without meeting trial and failure step therapy criteria. |
| | LODOSYN (carbidopa) tablet | Members with history of trial and failure of a non-preferred Parkinson's Disease agent |
| | RYTARY ER (carbidopa/levodopa) capsule | that is the brand/generic equivalent of a preferred product (same strength, dosage form and active ingredient) may be considered as having met a trial and failure of the |

equivalent preferred.

Members currently stabilized on a non-preferred product may receive approval to continue therapy with that product.

SINEMET (carbidopa/levodopa) IR tablet

tablet

STALEVO (carbidopa/levodopa/ entacapone)

| MAO-B inhibitors | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| No PA Required | PA Required | Non-preferred agents may be approved with adequate trial and failure of selegiline | | | | |
| Rasagiline tablet | AZILECT (rasagiline) tablet | capsule or tablet (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with a 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions). | | | | |
| | · - · | | | | | |
| Selegiline capsule, tablet | XADAGO (safinamide) tablet | Non-preferred medications that are not prescribed for Parkinson's Disease (or an indication related to Parkinson's Disease) may receive approval for other FDA-labeled | | | | |
| | ZELAPAR (selegiline) ODT | indications without meeting trial and failure step therapy criteria. | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | Members with history of trial and failure of a non-preferred Parkinson's Disease agent that is the brand/generic equivalent of a preferred product (same strength, dosage form | | | | |
| | | and active ingredient) may be considered as having met a trial and failure of the | | | | |
| | | equivalent preferred. | | | | |
| | | Members currently stabilized on a non-preferred product may receive approval to | | | | |
| | | continue therapy with that product. | | | | |
| Dopamine Agonists | | | | | | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | Non-preferred agents may be approved with adequate trial and failure of ropinirole IR | | | | |
| Pramipexole IR tablet | APOKYN (apomorphine) SC cartridge | AND pramipexole IR (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, documented contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant | | | | |
| _ | | drug-drug interactions). | | | | |
| Ropinirole IR tablet | Apomorphine SC cartridge | APOKYN (apomorphine subcutaneous cartridge) may be approved if meeting the | | | | |
| | Bromocriptine capsule, tablet | following: | | | | |
| | KYNMOBI (apomorphine) SL film | APOKYN (apomorphine) is being used as an adjunct to other medications for acute, intermittent treatment of hypomobility, "off" episodes ("end-of-dose"). | | | | |
| | KTTWODI (apomorphine) SE ilini | wearing off" and unpredictable "on/off" episodes) in patients with advanced | | | | |
| | MIRAPEX (pramipexole) ER tablet | Parkinson's disease AND | | | | |
| | NEUPRO (rotigotine) patch | • Due to the risk of profound hypotension and loss of consciousness, member is not concomitantly using a 5HT3 antagonist such as ondansetron, granisetron, | | | | |
| | DADI ODEI (I | dolasetron, palonosetron or alosetron. | | | | |
| | PARLODEL (bromocriptine) capsule, tablet | Maximum dose: 6mg (0.6mL) three times per day | | | | |
| | Pramipexole ER tablet | | | | | |
| | Ropinirole ER tablet | KYNMOBI (apomorphine sublingual film) may be approved if meeting the following: KYNMOBI (apomorphine) is being used for the acute, intermittent treatment of | | | | |
| | | "off" episodes in patients with Parkinson's disease AND | | | | |
| | | Due to the risk of profound hypotension and loss of consciousness, member must SUESS. | | | | |
| | | not be concomitantly using a 5HT3 antagonist such as ondansetron, granisetron, dolasetron, palonosetron or alosetron. | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | Maximum dose: 30mg five times per day | | | | |

| | | Non-preferred medications that are not prescribed for Parkinson's Disease (or an indication related to Parkinson's Disease) may receive approval for other FDA-labeled indications without meeting trial and failure step therapy criteria. Members with history of trial and failure of a non-preferred Parkinson's Disease agent that is the brand/generic equivalent of a preferred product (same strength, dosage form and active ingredient) may be considered as having met a trial and failure of the equivalent preferred. Members currently stabilized on a non-preferred product may receive approval to continue therapy with that product. | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Other Parkinson's agents No DA Dogginsd DA Dogginsd | | | | | | |
| No PA Required Amantadine capsule, solution/syrup Benztropine tablet Trihexyphenidyl tablet, elixir | PA Required Amantadine tablet COMTAN (entacapone) tablet Entacapone tablet GOCOVRI ER (amantadine ER) capsule NOURIANZ (istradefylline) tablet ONGENTYS (opicapone) capsule OSMOLEX ER (amantadine) tablet TASMAR (tolcapone) tablet Tolcapone tablet | Non-preferred agents may be approved with adequate trial and failure of two preferred agents (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, documented contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions). Non-preferred medications that are not prescribed for Parkinson's Disease (or an indication related to Parkinson's Disease) may receive approval for other FDA-labeled indications without meeting trial and failure step therapy criteria. Members with history of trial and failure of a non-preferred Parkinson's Disease agent that is the brand/generic equivalent of a preferred product (same strength, dosage form and active ingredient) may be considered as having met a trial and failure of the equivalent preferred. Members currently stabilized on a non-preferred product may receive approval to continue therapy with that product. | | | | |
| Thomas | partia Dena Class. DENZODIA ZEDINES (| NON SEDATIVE HANDNOTIC) Effective 4/1/2024 | | | | |
| No PA Required (*may be subject to age limitations) | PA Required Alprazolam ODT, oral concentrate | Non-sedative Hypnotic) Effective 4/1/2024 Non-preferred products may be approved following trial and failure of three preferred agents. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interactions. | | | | |
| Alprazolam IR, ER tablet* | ATIVAN (lorazepam) tablet | <u>Children</u> : Prior authorization will be required for all agents when prescribed for children <18 years of age (with the exception of oral solution products) and may be approved with prescriber verification of necessity of use for member age. Diazepam Intensol may be approved following trial and failure of the preferred 5 mg/5 mL oral solution. Failure is defined as intolerable side effects, drug-drug interaction, or lack of efficacy. | | | | |
| Chlordiazepoxide capsule* | Diazepam Intensol | | | | | |
| Clonazepam tablet, ODT | KLONOPIN (clonazepam) tablet | | | | | |
| Clorazepate tablet* Diazepam tablet*, solution | LOREEV (lorazepam ER) capsule XANAX (alprazolam) tablet | | | | | |

| Lorazepam tablet*, oral concentrate Oxazepam capsule* | XANAX XR (alprazolam ER) tablet | All benzodiazepine anxiolytics will require prior authorization for members ≥ 65 years of age when exceeding 90 days of therapy. Continuation of Therapy: Members < 65 years of age who are currently stabilized on a non-preferred benzodiazepine medication may receive approval to continue that medication. Members < 18 years of age who are currently stabilized on a non-preferred oral solution product may receive authorization to continue that medication. Prior authorization will be required for prescribed doses that exceed the maximum (Table 1). Table 1 Maximum Doses | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | Product | Maximum Daily Dose | Maximum Monthly Dose | |
| | | Alprazolam tablet Alprazolam ER tablet Alprazolam ODT XANAX (alprazolam) tablet XANAX XR (alprazolam ER) tablet Alprazolam Intensol oral concentrate 1 mg/mL | Adults ≥ 18 years: 10 mg/day | Total of 300 mg from all dosage forms per 30 days | |
| | | Clorazepate tablet TRANXENE (clorazepate) T-Tab | >12 years: 90 mg/day Children 9-12 years: up to 60 mg/day | Total of 2,700 mg (adults) and 1,800 mg (children) from all tablet strengths per 30 days | |
| | | Chlordiazepoxide capsule | Adults ≥ 18 years: 300 mg/day Children 6-17 years: up to 40 mg/day (preoperative apprehension and anxiety) | Total of 9,000 mg (adults) and 120 mg (children, pre-op therapy) from all tablet strengths per 30 days | |
| | | Diazepam Intensol oral concentrate 5 mg/mL Diazepam solution 5 mg/5 mL Diazepam tablet | Adults ≥ 18 years: 40 mg/day Members age 6 months to 17 years: up to 10 mg/day | Total of 1200 mg (adults) and 300 mg (pediatrics) from all dosage forms per 30 days | |
| | | ATIVAN (lorazepam) Intensol concentrate 2 mg/mL ATIVAN (lorazepam) tablet | Adults ≥ 18 years: 10 mg/day Children: N/A | Total of 300 mg from all dosage forms per 30 days | |

| | | Lorazepam oral concentrated soln 2 mg/mL Lorazepam tablet | | | |
|---|---|---|--|---|----|
| | | Oxazepam capsule | Adults ≥ 18 years: 120 mg/day Children 6-18 years: absolute dosage not established | Total of 3600 mg from all dosage forms per 30 days | |
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: ANXIOLYTIC, NO | N- BENZODIAZEPI | NES - <i>Effective 4/1/202</i> | 2.4 | |
| No PA Required Buspirone tablet | Non-preferred products may be approved following trial and failure of buspirone. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interactions. | | | | |
| The following injectable products a Initio (aripiprazole lauroxil) | apeutic Drug Class: ATYPICAL ANTI-PSY re not self-administered and are dispensed according to FM, Abilify Maintena (aripiprazole) IM, Invega Sustenna (rexa Relprevv (olanzapine pamoate) IM, Risperdal Consta | DA label without being subje (paliperidone palmitate) IM, | ect to PDL criteria: Aristada Invega Trinza (paliperidone j | (aripiprazole lauroxil) IM, Ari palmitate) IM, Invega Hafyera | ı |
| | | ormation. | | | |
| No PA Required (unless indicated by criteria)* | PA Required | preferred agent. Failure is | defined as contraindication | rs after trial and failure of one n, lack of efficacy with 6-wee | ek |
| Aripiprazole tablet | Non-preferred brand name medications do not require a prior authorization when the equivalent generic is preferred and "dispense as written" is | | side effects, significant drug corphism that prevents safe | g-drug interactions, or known preferred product dosing. | 1 |
| Clozanine tablet | indicated on the prescription | Non preferred products m | ay be approved for member | s meeting all of the following | |

| | mor |
|--|---|
| No PA Required | PA Required |
| (unless indicated by criteria)* | |
| Aripiprazole tablet | Non-preferred brand name medications do no require a prior authorization when the equivale generic is preferred and "dispense as written" |
| Clozapine tablet | indicated on the prescription. |
| Lurasidone tablet | ABILIFY (aripiprazole) tablet, MyCite |
| Olanzapine tablet, ODT | Aripiprazole oral solution, ODT |
| Paliperidone ER tablet | Asenapine SL tablet |
| Quetiapine IR tablet*** | CAPLYTA (lumateperone) capsule |
| Quetiapine ER tablet | Clozapine ODT |
| Risperidone ODT, oral solution, tablet | CLOZARIL (clozapine) tablet, ODT |
| SAPHRIS ^{BNR} (asenapine) SL | GEODON (ziprasidone) capsule |
| tablet (asenapine) SL | INVEGA ER (paliperidone) tablet |
| VRAYLAR (cariprazine) capsule* | LATUDA (lurasidone) tablet |

Non-preferred products may be approved for members meeting all of the following:

- Medication is being prescribed for an FDA-Approved indication AND
- Prescription meets dose and age limitations (Table 1) AND
- Member has history of trial and failure of two preferred products with FDA approval for use for the prescribed indication (failure defined as lack of efficacy with 6-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, contraindication, significant drug-drug interactions, or known interacting genetic polymorphism that prevents safe preferred product dosing)

**Age Limits: All products including preferred products will require a PA for members younger than the FDA approved age for the agent (Table 1). Members younger than the FDA approved age for the agent who are currently stabilized on an atypical antipsychotic will be eligible for approval.

Atypical Antipsychotic prescriptions for members under 5 years of age may require a provider-provider telephone consult with a child and adolescent psychiatrist (provided at no cost to provider or member).

***Quetiapine IR when given at subtherapeutic doses may be restricted for therapy. Low-dose quetiapine (<150mg/day) is only FDA approved as part of a drug titration schedule to aid patients in getting to the target quetiapine dose. PA will be required for

| Ziprasidone capsule | LYBALVI (olanzapine/samidorphan) tablet |
|---------------------|---|
| | NUPLAZID (pimavanserin) capsule, tablet |
| | Olanzapine/Fluoxetine capsule |
| | REXULTI (brexpiprazole) dose pack, tablet |
| | RISPERDAL (risperidone) tablet, oral solution |
| | SECUADO (asenapine) patch |
| | SEROQUEL IR (quetiapine IR) tablet*** |
| | SEROQUEL XR (quetiapine ER) tablet |
| | SYMBYAX (olanzapine/fluoxetine) capsule |
| | VERSACLOZ (clozapine) suspension |
| | ZYPREXA (olanzapine) tablet |
| | ZYPREXA ZYDIS (olanzapine) ODT |
| | |

quetiapine < 150mg per day except for utilization (when appropriate) in members 65 years or older. PA will be approved for members 10-17 years of age with approved diagnosis (Table 1) stabilized on <150mg quetiapine IR per day.

Aripiprazole solution: Aripiprazole <u>tablet</u> quantity limit is 2 tablets/day for pediatric members to allow for incremental dose titration and use of the preferred tablet formulation should be considered for dose titrations when possible and clinically appropriate. If incremental dose cannot be achieved with titration of the aripiprazole tablet for members < 18 years of age OR for members unable to swallow solid tablet dosage form, aripiprazole solution may be approved. For all other cases, aripiprazole solution is subject to meeting non-preferred product approval criteria listed above.

Nuplazid (pimavanserin tartrate) may be approved for the treatment of hallucinations and delusions associated with Parkinson's Disease psychosis **AND** following trial and failure of therapy with quetiapine or clozapine, or clinical rationale is provided supporting why these medications cannot be trialed. Failure will be defined as contraindication, intolerable side effects, drug-drug interaction, or lack of efficacy.

Abilify MyCite may be approved if meeting all of the following:

- Member has history of adequate trial and failure of 5 preferred agents (one trial must include aripiprazole tablet). Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 6week trial on maximally tolerated dose, allergy, intolerable side effects, significant drug-drug interactions AND
- Information is provided regarding adherence measures being recommended by provider and followed by member (such as medication organizer or digital medication reminders) AND
- Member has history of adequate trial and failure of 3 long-acting injectable formulations of atypical antipsychotics, one of which must contain aripiprazole (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 8-week trial, contraindication, allergy, intolerable side effects, significant drug-drug interactions) AND
- Abilify MyCite is being used with a MyCite patch and member is using a compatible mobile application. AND
- Medication adherence information is being shared with their provider via a web portal or dashboard.

<u>Quantity Limits</u>: Quantity limits will be applied to all products (Table 1). In order to receive approval for off-label dosing, the member must have an FDA approved indication and must have tried and failed on the FDA approved dosing regimen.

Members currently stabilized on a non-preferred atypical antipsychotic may receive approval to continue therapy with that agent for one year.

| Brand | Generic | Approved Indications | Age Range | Maximum Daily Dose by Age/Indication | Quantity and Maximum Dose Limitations |
|-----------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| ABILIFY | aripiprazole | Schizophrenia Bipolar I Disorder | ≥ 13 years ≥ 18 years | 30 mg 30 mg | Maximum one tablet per day (maximum of two tablets per day allowable for |
| | | Bipolar I Disorder Irritability w/autistic disorder | 10-17 years 6-17 years | 30 mg 15 mg | members < 18 years of age to accommodate for incremental dose |
| | | Tourette's disorder Adjunctive treatment of MDD | 6-18 years ≥ 18 years | 20 mg (weight-based) | changes) |
| CLOZARIL | clozapine | Treatment-resistant schizophrenia Recurrent suicidal behavior in schizophrenia or schizoaffective disorder | ≥ 18 years | 900 mg | Maximum dosage of 900mg per day |
| CAPLYTA | lumateperone | Schizophrenia Bipolar I Disorder Bipolar II Disorder | ≥ 18 years | 42 mg | Maximum dosage of 42mg per day |
| | clozapine | Treatment-resistant schizophrenia Recurrent suicidal behavior in schizophrenia or schizoaffective disorder | ≥ 18 years | 900 mg | Maximum dosage of 900mg per day |
| FANAPT | iloperidone | Schizophrenia | ≥ 18 years | 24 mg | Maximum two tablets per day |
| GEODON | ziprasidone | Schizophrenia Bipolar I Disorder | ≥ 18 years ≥ 18 years | 200 mg 160 mg | Maximum two capsules per day |
| INVEGA | paliperidone | Schizophrenia & schizoaffective disorder | ≥ 12 years and weight ≥ 51 kg ≥ 12 years and weight < 51 kg | 12 mg 6 mg | Maximum one capsule per day |
| LATUDA | lurasidone | Schizophrenia Schizophrenia Bipolar I disorder Bipolar I disorder | ≥ 18 years 13-17 years ≥ 18 years 10-17 years | 160 mg 80 mg 120 mg 80 mg | Maximum one tablet per day (If dosing 160mg for schizophrenia, then max of two tablets per day) |
| NUPLAZID | pimavanserin | Parkinson's disease psychosis | ≥ 18 years | 34 mg | Maximum dosage of 34mg per day |
| RISPERDAL | risperidone | Schizophrenia Schizophrenia Bipolar mania Irritability w/autistic disorder | ≥ 18 years 13-17 years ≥ 10 years 5–17 years | 16 mg 6 mg 6 mg 3 mg | Maximum dosage of 16mg/day (4 tablet/day limitation applied in claims system to allow for dose escalation and tapering) |
| REXULTI | brexpiprazole | Schizophrenia Adjunctive treatment of MDD Agitation associated with Alzheimer's disease (AD) | ≥ 13 years ≥ 18 years | 4 mg 3 mg | Maximum of 3mg/day for MDD adjunctive therapy, and agitation due to AD, Maximum of 4mg/day for schizophrenia |
| SAPHRIS | asenapine | Schizophrenia Bipolar mania or mixed episodes | ≥ 18 years ≥ 10 years | 20 mg 20 mg | Maximum two tablets per day |

| SECUADO | asenapine patch | Schizophrenia | ≥ 18 years | 7.6 mg/ 24 hours | Maximum 1 patch per day |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| SEROQUEL | quetiapine | Schizophrenia Schizophrenia Bipolar I mania or mixed Bipolar I mania or mixed Bipolar I depression Bipolar I Disorder Maintenance | ≥ 18 years 13-17 years ≥ 18 years 10-17 years ≥ 18 years ≥ 18 years | 750 mg 800 mg 800 mg 600 mg 300 mg 800 mg | Maximum three tablets per day |
| SEROQUEL XR | quetiapine ER | Schizophrenia Bipolar I mania Bipolar I mania Bipolar I depression Adjunctive treatment of MDD | ≥ 13 years ≥ 18 years 10-17 years ≥ 18 years ≥ 18 years | 800 mg 800 mg 600 mg 300 mg 300 mg | Maximum one tablet per day (for 300mg & 400mg tablets max 2 tablets per day) |
| SYMBYAX | olanzapine/ fluoxetine | Acute depression in Bipolar I Disorder Treatment resistant depression (MDD) | ≥ 10 years | 12 mg olanzapine/ 50 mg fluoxetine | Maximum three capsules per day (18mg olanzapine/75mg fluoxetine) |
| VRAYLAR | cariprazine | Schizophrenia Acute manic or mixed episodes with Bipolar I disorder Depressive episodes with Bipolar I disorder Adjunctive treatment of MDD | ≥ 18 years ≥ 18 years ≥ 18 years ≥ 18 years | 6 mg 6 mg 3 mg 3 mg | Maximum dosage of 6mg/day |
| ZYPREXA ZYPREXA ZYDIS | olanzapine | Schizophrenia Acute manic or mixed episodes with Bipolar I disorder | ≥ 13 years | 20 mg | Maximum one tablet per day |

| | Therapeutic Drug Class | CALCITONIN GENE | - RELATED PEPTIDE INHIBITORS | (CGRPis) -Effective 4/1/2024 |
|--|------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
|--|------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|

| PA Required for all agents | | |
|--|--|--|
| Preferred | Non-Preferred | |
| * AIMOVIG (erenumab-aooe) auto-injector | EMGALITY (galcanezumab-gnlm) 100 mg syringe | |
| * AJOVY (fremanezumab-vfrm) auto-injector, syringe | QULIPTA (atogepant) tablet | |
| * EMGALITY (galcanezumabgnlm) pen, 120 mg syringe | ZAVZPRET (zavegepant) nasal | |
| * NURTEC (rimegepant) ODT | | |
| * UBRELVY (ubrogepant) tablet | | |
| | | |

*Preferred agents may be approved if meeting the following criteria:

Preferred Medications for Migraine Prevention (must meet all of the following):

- The requested medication is being used as preventive therapy for episodic or chronic migraine AND
- Member has diagnosis of migraine with or without aura AND
- Member has tried and failed 2 oral preventive pharmacological agents listed as Level A per the most current American Headache Society/American Academy of Neurology guidelines (such as divalproex, topiramate, metoprolol, propranolol). Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction OR
- If the prescribed medication is Nurtec, the member has tried and failed two preferred injectable product formulations. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction.

Preferred Medications for Acute Migraine Treatment (must meet all of the following):

- The requested medication is being used as acute treatment for migraine headache AND
- Member has history of trial and failure of two triptans (failure is defined as lack of efficacy

with 4-week trial, contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction).

Non-Preferred Medications for Migraine Prevention (must meet all of the following):

- The requested medication is being used as preventive therapy for episodic or chronic migraine AND
- Member has diagnosis of migraine with or without aura AND
- Member has tried and failed two oral preventive pharmacological agents listed as Level A
 per the most current American Headache Society/American Academy of Neurology
 guidelines (such as divalproex, topiramate, metoprolol, propranolol). Failure is defined as
 lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction AND
- The requested medication is not being used in combination with another CGRP medication AND
- The member has history of adequate trial and failure of all preferred products indicated for preventive therapy (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction).

Non-Preferred Medications for Acute Migraine Treatment (must meet all of the following):

- Member is 18 years of age or older AND
- Medication is being prescribed to treat migraine headache with moderate to severe pain AND
- The requested medication is not being used in combination with another CGRP medication AND
- Member has history of trial and failure with <u>all</u> of the following (failure is defined as lack of
 efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy, contraindication, intolerable side effects, or significant
 drug-drug interaction):
 - o Two triptans AND
 - One NSAID agent AND
 - One preferred agent indicated for acute migraine treatment

Non-Preferred Medications for Treatment of Episodic Cluster Headache (must meet all of the following):

- Member is 19-65 years of age AND
- Member meets diagnostic criteria for episodic cluster headache (has had no more than 8 attacks per day, a minimum of one attack every other day, and at least 4 attacks during the week prior to this medication being prescribed) AND
- Member is not taking other preventive medications to reduce the frequency of cluster headache attacks AND
- Member has history of trial and failure of all of the following (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction):
 - Oxygen therapy AND
 - o Sumatriptan subcutaneous or intranasal OR zolmitriptan intranasal

• Initial authorization will be limited to 8 weeks. Continuation (12-month authorization) will require documentation of clinically relevant improvement with no less than 30% reduction in headache frequency in a 4-week period.

Age Limitations:

All products: ≥ 18 years

| Table 1. Calcitonin Gene-Related Peptide Inhibitor Quantity Limits | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Drug Name | Maximum Dosing | | |
| Aimovig (erenumab) | one 140 mg autoinjector per 30 days | | |
| Ajovy (fremanezumab) | one 225 mg autoinjector or syringe per 30 days or three 225 mg autoinjectors or syringes every 90 days | | |
| Emgality 100mg (galcanezumab) | three 100 mg prefilled syringes per 30 days | | |
| Emgality 120 mg | two 120 mg pens or prefilled syringes once as first loading | | |
| (galcanezumab) | dose then one 120 mg pen or prefilled syringe per 30 days | | |
| Nurtec (rimegepant) | Prevention: 16 tablets/30 days; Acute Treatment: 8 tablets/30 days | | |
| Qulipta (atogepant) | 30 tablets/30 days | | |
| Ubrelvy 50 mg (ubrogepant) | 16 tablets/30 days | | |
| Ubrelvy 100 mg (ubrogepant) | 16 tablets/30 days | | |
| ZAVZPRET (zavegepant) | 6 unit-dose nasal spray devices per 30 days | | |

Members with current prior authorization approval on file for a preferred agent may receive approval for continuation of therapy with the preferred agent.

| | Therapeutic Drug Class: LITHIUM AGENTS -Effective 4/1/2024 | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| No PA Required | PA Required | | | |
| Lithium carbonate capsule, tablet Lithium citrate solution | Non-preferred brand name medications do not require a prior authorization when the equivalent generic is preferred and "dispense as written" is indicated on the prescription. | Non-preferred products may be approved with trial and failure of one preferred agent (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 6-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, significant drug-drug interactions, intolerance to dosage form). Members currently stabilized on a non-preferred product may receive approval to continue therapy with that product. | | |
| Lithium ER tablet | LITHOBID ER (lithium ER) tablet | community man and product | | |
| | | | | |

| Therapeutic Drug Class: NEUROCOGNITIVE DISORDER AGENTS -Effective 4/1/2024 | | | |
|---|--|---|--|
| Preferred *Must meet eligibility criteria | Non-Preferred PA Required | *Eligibility criteria for Preferred Agents – Preferred products may be approved for | |
| *Donepezil 5mg, 10mg tablet *Donepezil ODT *Galantamine IR tablet *Memantine IR tablet, dose pack *Memantine ER capsule *Rivastigmine capsule, patch | ADLARITY (donepezil) patch ARICEPT (donepezil) tablet Donepezil 23mg tablet EXELON (rivastigmine) patch Galantamine solution, ER capsule Memantine IR solution MESTINON (pyridostigmine) IR/ER tablet, syrup NAMENDA (memantine) tablet, dose pack NAMENDA XR (memantine ER) capsule | a diagnosis of neurocognitive disorder (eligible for AutoPA automated approval). Non-preferred products may be approved if the member has failed treatment with one of the preferred products in the last 12 months. (Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions) Members currently stabilized on a non-preferred product may receive approval to continue on that agent for one year if medically necessary and if there is a diagnosis of neurocognitive disorder. | |
| | NAMZARIC (memantine/donepezil ER) capsule, dose pack Pyridostigmine syrup, IR/ER tablet | | |
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: SEDATIVE | HYPNOTICS -Effective 4/1/2024 | |

Non-Preferred Preferred No PA Required* **PA Required** Non-preferred non-benzodiazepine sedative hypnotics may be approved for members who have (Unless age, dose, or failed treatment with two preferred non-benzodiazepine agents (failure is defined as lack of duplication criteria apply) efficacy with a 2-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction). AMBIEN (zolpidem) tablet Eszopiclone tablet AMBIEN CR (zolpidem ER) tablet <u>Children:</u> Prior authorization will be required for all agents for members < 18 years of age. <u>Duplications</u>: Only one agent in the sedative hypnotic drug class will be approved at a time Ramelteon tablet BELSOMRA (suvorexant) tablet (concomitant use of agents in the same sedative hypnotic class or differing classes will not be Zaleplon capsule DAYVIGO (lemoborexant) tablet approved). Zolpidem IR, ER tablet Doxepin tablet All sedative hypnotics will require prior authorization for members \geq 65 years of age when exceeding 90 days of therapy.

Belsomra (suvorexant) may be approved for adult members that meet the following:

EDLUAR (zolpidem) SL tablet

HETLIOZ (tasimelteon) capsule

Non-Benzodiazepines

HETLIOZ LQ (tasimelteon) suspension LUNESTA (eszopiclone) tablet QUVIVIQ (daridorexant) tablet ROZEREM (ramelteon) tablet SILENOR (doxepin) tablet Tasimelteon capsule Zolpidem capsule, SL tablet

- Member has trialed and failed therapy with two preferred agents (failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction) AND
- Member is not receiving strong CYP3A4 inhibitors (such as erythromycin, clarithromycin, telithromycin, itraconazole, ketoconazole, posaconazole, fluconazole, voriconazole, delavirdine, and milk thistle) or strong CYP3A4 inducers (such as carbamazepine, oxcarbazepine, phenobarbital, phenytoin, rifampin, rifabutin, rifapentine, dexamethasone, efavirenz, etravirine, nevirapine, darunavir/ritonavir, ritonavir, and St John's Wort) AND
- Member does not have a diagnosis of narcolepsy

Dayvigo (lemborexant) may be approved for adult member that meet the following:

- Member has trialed and failed therapy with two preferred agents AND Belsomra (surovexant). Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction AND
- Member is not receiving strong CYP3A4 inhibitors (such as erythromycin, clarithromycin, telithromycin, itraconazole, ketoconazole, posaconazole, fluconazole, voriconazole, delavirdine, and milk thistle) or strong CYP3A4 inducers (such as carbamazepine, oxcarbazepine, phenobarbital, phenytoin, rifampin, rifabutin, rifapentine, dexamethasone, efavirenz, etravirine, nevirapine, darunavir/ritonavir, ritonavir, and St John's Wort) AND
- Member does not have a diagnosis of narcolepsy

Hetlioz (tasimelteon) capsules may be approved for members meeting the following criteria:

- Member is ≥18 years of age and has a documented diagnosis of Non-24-hour sleep wake disorder (Non-24) OR
- Member is ≥16 years of age and has a documented diagnosis of nighttime sleep disturbances in Smith-Magenis syndrome (SMS)

 AND
- The requested medication is being prescribed by a sleep specialist or a practitioner who has sufficient education and experience to safely prescribe tasimelteon

Hetlioz LQ (tasimelteon) oral suspension may be approved for members meeting the following criteria:

- Member is 3 to 15 years of age and has a documented diagnosis of nighttime sleep disturbances in Smith-Magenis Syndrome (SMS)
- AND the requested medication is being prescribed by a sleep specialist or a practitioner who has sufficient education and experience to safely prescribe tasimelteon.

Silenor (doxepin) may be approved for adult members that meet ONE of the following criteria:

- Member has tried and failed two preferred oral sedative hypnotics (Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction) OR
- Provider attests to the medical necessity of prescribing individual doxepin doses of less than 10 mg, OR

| | | Member's age is ≥ 65 years |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| | | Prior authorization will be required for prescribed doses exceeding maximum (Table 1) below. |
| | | Benzodiazepines |
| Preferred | Non-Preferred | Non-preferred benzodiazepine sedative hypnotics may be approved for members who have |
| No PA Required* | PA Required | trialed and failed therapy with two preferred benzodiazepine agents (failure is defined as lack of |
| (Unless age, dose, or | | efficacy with a 2-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction). |
| duplication criteria apply) | DORAL (quazepam) tablet | |
| | | Temazepam 22.5 mg may be approved if the member has trialed and failed temazepam 15mg or |
| Temazepam 15mg, 30mg capsule | Estazolam tablet | 30mg AND one other preferred product (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with a 2-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction). |
| Triazolam tablet | Flurazepam capsule | |
| | HALCION (triazolam) tablet | Temazepam 7.5 mg may be approved if provider attests to the medical necessity of prescribing individual temazepam doses of less than 15 mg. |
| | , | |
| | Quazepam tablet | <u>Children:</u> Prior authorization will be required for all sedative hypnotic agents when prescribed for members < 18 years of age. |
| | RESTORIL (temazepam) capsule | Tor members < 10 years of age. |
| | RESTORIE (temazepam) capsule | <u>Duplications:</u> Only one agent in the sedative hypnotic drug class will be approved at a time |
| | Temazepam 7.5mg, 22.5mg capsule | (concomitant use of agents in the same sedative hypnotic class or differing classes will not be approved). |
| | | All sedative hypnotics will require prior authorization for member's \geq 65 years of age when exceeding 90 days of therapy. |
| | | Members currently stabilized on a non-preferred benzodiazepine medication may receive authorization to continue that medication. |
| | | Prior authorization will be required for prescribed doses exceeding maximum (Table 1). |

| Table 1: Seda | Table 1: Sedative Hypnotic Maximum Dosing | | |
|--------------------|---|-----------------------------------|--|
| Brand | Generic | Maximum Dose | |
| Non-Benzodiazepine | | | |
| Ambien CR | Zolpidem CR | 12.5 mg/day | |
| Ambien IR | Zolpidem IR | 10 mg/day | |
| Belsomra | Suvorexant | 20 mg/day | |
| Dayvigo | Lemborexant | 10 mg/day | |
| Edluar | Zolpidem sublingual | 10 mg/day | |
| - | Zolpidem sublingual | Men: 3.5mg/day Women: 1.75 mg/day | |
| Hetlioz | Tasimelteon capsule | 20 mg/day | |
| Hetlioz LQ | Tasimelteon liquid | \leq 28 kg: 0.7 mg/kg/day | |
| | | > 28 kg: 20 mg/day | |
| Lunesta | Eszopiclone | 3 mg/day | |

| Quviviq | Daridorexant | 50 mg/day | |
|----------|----------------|------------|--|
| - | Zaleplon | 20 mg/day | |
| Rozerem | Ramelteon | 8 mg/day | |
| | Benzodiazepine | | |
| Halcion | Triazolam | 0.5 mg/day | |
| Restoril | Temazepam | 30 mg/day | |
| Silenor | Doxepin | 6mg/day | |
| - | Estazolam | 2 mg/day | |
| - | Flurazepam | 30 mg/day | |
| Doral | Quazepam | 15 mg/day | |

| Therapeutic Drug Class: SKELETAL MUSCLE RELAXANTS -Effective 4/1/2024 | | | |
|--|--|---|--|
| No PA Required (*if under 65 years of age) | PA Required | All agents in this class will require a PA for members 65 years of age and older. The maximum allowable approval will be for a 7-day supply. | |
| Baclofen tablet | AMRIX ER (cyclobenzaprine ER) capsule Baclofen solution, suspension | Authorization for any CARISOPRODOL product will be given for a maximum 3-week one-time authorization for members with acute, painful musculoskeletal conditions who | |
| Cyclobenzaprine tablet | Carisoprodol tablet | have failed treatment with three preferred products within the last 6 months. | |
| Methocarbamol tablet | Carisoprodol/Aspirin tablet | *Dantrolene may be approved for members who have trialed and failed‡ one preferred agent and meet the following criteria: | |
| Tizanidine tablet | Chlorzoxazone tablet | Documentation of age-appropriate liver function tests AND One of following diagnoses: Multiple Sclerosis, Cerebral Palsy, stroke, upper motor neuron disorder, or spinal cord injury | |
| | Cyclobenzaprine ER capsule | Dantrolene will be approved for the period of one year If a member is stabilized on dantrolene, they may continue to receive approval | |
| | DANTRIUM (dantrolene) capsule | All other non-preferred skeletal muscle relaxants may be approved for members who | |
| | *Dantrolene capsule | have trialed and failed‡ three preferred agents. ‡Failure is defined as: lack of efficacy with 14-day trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, contraindication to, or significant drug- | |
| | FEXMID (cyclobenzaprine) tablet FLEQSUVY (baclofen) solution | drug interactions. | |
| | LORZONE (chlorzoxazone) tablet | | |
| | LYVISPAH (baclofen) granules | | |
| | Metaxalone tablet | | |
| | NORGESIC/NORGESIC FORTE (orphenadrine/aspirin/ caffeine) tablet | | |
| | Orphenadrine ER tablet | | |

| | Orphenadrine/Aspirin/Caffeine tablet | |
|---|---|--|
| | SOMA (carisoprodol) tablet | |
| | Tizanidine capsule | |
| | ZANAFLEX (tizanidine) capsule, tablet | |
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: STIMULANTS A | ND RELATED AGENTS -Effective 4/1/2024 |
| Preferred | Non-Preferred | *Preferred medications may be approved through AutoPA for indications listed in Table |
| *No PA Required (if age, max daily dose, and diagnosis met) | PA Required | 1 (preferred medications may also receive approval for off-label use for fatigue associated with multiple sclerosis). |
| ADDERALL XR ^{BNR} (mixed amphetamine salts ER) capsule | ADZENYS XR-ODT (amphetamine) Amphetamine salts, mixed ER (generic Adderall XR) capsule | Non-preferred medications may be approved for members meeting the following criteria (for Sunosi (solriamfetol) and Wakix (pitolisant), refer to specific criteria listed below): • Prescription meets indication/age limitation criteria (Table 1) AND • If member is ≥ 6 years of age: |
| Amphetamine salts, mixed (generic Adderall) tablet | Amphetamine tablet (generic Evekeo) | o Has documented trial and failure‡ with three preferred products in the last 24 months AND |
| Armodafinil tablet | APTENSIO XR (methylphenidate ER) capsule | o If the member is unable to swallow solid oral dosage forms, two of the trials must be methylphenidate solution, dexmethylphenidate ER, |
| Atomoxetine capsule | AZSTARYS (serdexmethylphenidate/dexmethylphenidate) capsule | Vyvanse, Adderall XR, or any other preferred product that can be taken without the need to swallow a whole capsule. |
| Clonidine ER tablet | COTEMPLA XR-ODT (methylphenidate ER) | ORIf member is 3–5 years of age: |
| CONCERTA ^{BNR} (methylphenidate ER) tablet | DESOXYN (methamphetamine) tablet | Has documented trial and failure; with one preferred product in the last 24 months AND |
| DAYTRANA ^{BNR} | DEXEDRINE (dextroamphetamine) Spansule | If the member is unable to swallow solid oral dosage forms, the trial must be methylphenidate solution, dexmethylphenidate ER, Vyvanse, |
| (methylphenidate) patch | Dextroamphetamine ER capsule, solution, tablet | Adderall XR, or any other preferred product that can be taken without the need to swallow a whole capsule. |
| Dexmethylphenidate IR tablet Dexmethylphenidate ER capsule | DYANAVEL XR (amphetamine) suspension, tablet | SUNOSI (solriamfetol) prior authorization may be approved if member meets the following criteria: |
| Guanfacine ER tablet | EVEKEO (amphetamine) ODT, tablet | Member is 18 years of age or older AND Member has diagnosis of either narcolepsy or obstructive sleep apnea (OSA) |
| Methylphenidate (generic Methylin/Ritalin) solution, tablet | FOCALIN (dexmethylphenidate) tablet, XR capsule | and is experiencing excessive daytime sleepiness AND Member does not have end stage renal disease AND If Sunosi is being prescribed for OSA, member has 1 month trial of CPAP AND |
| tablet | INTUNIV (guanfacine ER) tablet | Member has trial and failure [‡] of modafinil AND armodafinil AND one other |

JORNAY PM (methylphenidate) capsule

Lisdexamfetamine capsule, chewable tablet

Modafinil tablet

VYVANSE^{BNR}

(lisdexamfetamine) capsule

WAKIX (pitolisant) prior authorization may be approved if member meets the following criteria:

agent in stimulant PDL class.

Methamphetamine tablet

METHYLIN (methylphenidate) solution

Methylphenidate CD/ER/LA capsule, tablet, chewable tablet, ER tablet (generic Relexxi/Ritalin), ER tablet (generic Concerta), patch

MYDAYIS ER (dextroamphetamine/ amphetamine) capsule

NUVIGIL (armodafinil) tablet

PROCENTRA (dextroamphetamine) solution

PROVIGIL (modafinil) tablet

QELBREE (viloxazine ER) capsule

QUILLICHEW ER (methylphenidate) chewable tablet, XR suspension

RELEXXII (methylphenidate ER) tablet

RITALIN (methylphenidate) IR/ER tablet, ER capsule

STRATTERA (atomoxetine) capsule

SUNOSI (solriamfetol) tablet

VYVANSE (lisdexamfetamine) chewable tablet

WAKIX (pitolisant) tablet

XELSTRYM (dextroamphetamine) patch

ZENZEDI (dextroamphetamine) tablet

- Member is 18 years of age or older **AND**
- Member has diagnosis of narcolepsy and is experiencing excessive daytime sleepiness AND
- Member does not have end stage renal disease (eGFR <15 mL/minute) AND
- Member does not have severe hepatic impairment AND
- Member has trial and failure[‡] of modafinil AND armodafinil AND one other agent in the stimulant PDL class AND
- Member has been counseled that Wakix may reduce the efficacy of hormonal contraceptives and regarding use an alternative non-hormonal method of contraception during Wakix therapy and for at least 21 days after discontinuing treatment.

Maximum Dose (all products): See Table 2

Exceeding Max Dose: Prior authorization may be approved for doses that are higher than the listed maximum dose (Table 2) for members meeting the following criteria:

- Member is taking medication for indicated use listed in Table 1 AND
- Member has 30-day trial and failure[‡] of three different preferred or nonpreferred agents at maximum doses listed in Table 2 AND
- Documentation of member's symptom response to maximum doses of three other agents is provided AND
- Member is not taking a sedative hypnotic medication (such as temazepam, triazolam, or zolpidem from the Sedative Hypnotic PDL class).

‡Failure is defined as: lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction.

Table 1: Diagnosis and Age Limitations

- Approval for medically accepted indications <u>not</u> listed in Table 1 may be given with prior authorization review and may require submission of peer-reviewed literature or medical compendia showing safety and efficacy of the medication used for the prescribed indication.
- Preferred medications may also receive approval for off-label use for fatigue associated with multiple sclerosis if meeting all other criteria for approval.

• **Bolded drug names are preferred** (subject to preferential coverage changes for brand/generic equivalents)

| Bolded drug names are preferred (subject to preferential Drug | Diagnosis and Age Limitations |
|---|--|
| g | Stimulants-Immediate Release |
| Amphetamine sulfate (EVEKEO) | ADHD (Age \geq 3 years), Narcolepsy (Age \geq 6 years) |
| Dexmethylphenidate IR (FOCALIN) | ADHD (Age \geq 6 years) |
| Dextroamphetamine IR tablet (ZENZEDI) | ADHD (Age 3 to 16 years), Narcolepsy (Age ≥ 6 years) |
| Dextroamphetamine solution (PROCENTRA) | ADHD (Age 3 to 16 years), Narcolepsy (Age ≥ 6 years) |
| Methamphetamine (DESOXYN) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years) |
| methylphenidate IR (generic METHYLIN, RITALIN) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years¹), Narcolepsy (Age ≥ 6 years), OSA. ¹Prior Authorization for members 3-6 years of age with a diagnosis of ADHD may be approved with prescriber attestation to the following: Member's symptoms have not significantly improved despite adequate behavior interventions AND Member experiences moderate-to-severe continued disturbance in functioning AND Prescriber has determined that the potential benefits of starting methylphenidate before the age of 6 years outweigh the potential harm of delaying treatment. |
| Mixed amphetamine salts IR (generic ADDERALL) | ADHD (Age ≥ 3 years), Narcolepsy (Age ≥ 6 years) |
| | Stimulants –Extended-Release |
| Amphetamine ER (ADZENYS XR-ODT and ADZENYS ER suspension) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years) |
| Amphetamine ER (DYANAVEL XR) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years) |
| Mixedamphetamine salts ER (ADDERALL XR) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years) |
| Dexmethylphenidate ER (generic Focalin XR) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years) |
| Dextroamphetamine ER (DEXEDRINE) | ADHD (Age 6 to 16 years), Narcolepsy (Age ≥ 6 years) |
| Dextroamphetamine ER/amphetamine ER (MYDAYIS ER) | ADHD (Age \geq 13 years) |
| Dextroamphetamine ER patch (XELSTRYM) Lisdexamfetamine dimesylate (VYVANSE capsule, Vyvanse chewable) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years) ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years), Moderate to severe binge eating disorder in adults (Age ≥ 18 years) |
| Methylphenidate ER OROS (CONCERTA) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years), Narcolepsy (Age ≥ 6 years), OSA |
| Methylphenidate patch (DAYTRANA) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years) |
| Methylphenidate SR (METADATE ER) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years), Narcolepsy (Age ≥ 6 years) |
| Methylphenidate ER (METADATE CD) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years) |
| Methylphenidate ER (QUILLICHEW ER) | ADHD (Age 6 years to ≤ 65 years), Narcolepsy (Age ≥ 6 years) |
| Methylphenidate ER (QUILLIVANT XR) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years), Narcolepsy (Age ≥ 6 years) |

| Methylphenidate ER (RELEXXI ER) | ADHD (Age 6 to 65 years) | |
|--|--|--|
| Methylphenidate ER (RITALIN LA) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years) | |
| Methylphenidate ER (ADHANSIA XR) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years) | |
| Methylphenidate ER (JORNAY PM) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years) | |
| Methylphenidate XR (APTENSIO XR) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years) | |
| Methylphenidate XR ODT (COTEMPLA XR-ODT) | ADHD (Age 6 to 17 years) | |
| Serdexmethylphenidate/dexmethylphenidate (AZSTARYS) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years) | |
| | Non-Stimulants | |
| Atomoxetine (generic STRATTERA) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years) | |
| Clonidine ER | ADHD as monotherapy or adjunctive therapy to stimulants (Age ≥ 6 years) | |
| Guanfacine ER (generic INTUNIV) | ADHD as monotherapy Or adjunctive therapy to stimulants (Age \geq 6 years) | |
| Viloxazine ER (QELBREE) | ADHD (Age ≥ 6 years) | |
| Wakefulness-promoting Agents | | |
| Armodafinil (generic NUVIGIL) | Excessive sleepiness associated with narcolepsy, OSA, SWD, and adjunct therapy to treat fatigue and sleepiness in patients with major depressive disorder (MDD) (Age \geq 18 years) | |
| Modafinil (PROVIGIL) | Excessive sleepiness associated with narcolepsy, OSA, SWD, and adjunct therapy to treat fatigue and sleepiness in patients with major depressive disorder (MDD), antipsychotic medication-related fatigue (Age ≥ 18 years) | |
| Pitolisant (WAKIX) | Excessive sleepiness associated with narcolepsy (Age ≥ 18 years) | |
| Solriamfetol (SUNOSI) | Excessive sleepiness associated with narcolepsy, OSA (Age ≥ 18 years) | |
| KEY: ADHD-attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder, OSA-obst | ructive sleep apnea, SWD–shift work disorder | |

| Table 2: Maximum Dose | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Drug | Maximum Daily Dose |
| ADDERALL | 60 mg |
| ADDERALL XR | 60 mg |
| ADHANSIA XR | 85 mg |
| ADZENYS XR ODT | 18.8 mg (age 6-12) |
| ADZENYS ER SUSPENSION | 12.5 mg (age \ge 13) |
| AMPHETAMINE SALTS | 40 mg |
| APTENSIO XR | 60 mg |
| CONCERTA | 54 mg (age 6-12) or 72 mg (≥ age 13) |
| AZSTARYS | 52.3 mg serdexmethylphenidate and |
| AZSTAKTS | 10.4 mg dexmethlyphenidate |
| CLONIDINE ER | 0.4 mg |
| COTEMPLA XR-ODT | 51.8 mg |
| DEXTROAMPHETAMINE ER | 60 mg |
| DAYTRANA | 30 mg/9 hour patch (3.3 mg/hr) |
| DESOXYN | 25 mg |

| DEXEDRINE | 60 mg |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| DYANAVEL XR | 20 mg |
| EVEKEO | 60 mg |
| FOCALIN | 20 mg |
| FOCALIN XR | 40 mg |
| GUANFACINE ER | 4 mg (age 6-12) or 7 mg (age \ge 13) |
| INTUNIV ER | 4 mg (age 6-12) or 7 mg (age \ge 13) |
| JORNAY PM | 100 mg |
| METADATE CD | 60 mg |
| METADATE ER | 60 mg |
| METHYLIN | 60 mg |
| METHYLIN ER | 60 mg |
| METHYLIN SUSPENSION | 60 mg |
| METHYLPHENIDATE | 60 mg |
| METHYLPHENIDATE ER | 60 mg |
| MYDAYIS ER | 25 mg (age 13-17) or 50 mg (age ≥ 18) |
| NUVIGIL | 250 mg |
| PROCENTRA | 60 mg |
| PROVIGIL | 400 mg |
| QELBREE | 400 mg (age 6-17) or 600 mg (age ≥ 18) |
| QUILLICHEW ER | 60 mg |
| QUILLIVANT XR | 60 mg |
| RELEXXII | 72 mg |
| RITALIN IR | 60 mg |
| RITALIN SR | 60 mg |
| RITALIN LA | 60 mg |
| STRATTERA | 1.4 mg/kg or 100mg, whichever is less (age ≥ 6 years with weight < 70 kg) or 100mg (adults and children/adolescents with weight > 70 kg) |
| SUNOSI | 150 mg |
| VYVANSE CAPSULES AND CHEWABLE TABLETS | 70 mg |
| WAKIX | 35.6 mg |
| XELSTRYM ER PATCH | 18 mg/9 hours |
| ZENZEDI | 60 mg |
| | |

Therapeutic Drug Class: TRIPTANS, DITANS AND OTHER MIGRAINE TREATMENTS - Oral -Effective 4/1/2024

No PA Required

PA Required

| No PA Required | r A Kequireu | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| (Quantity limits may apply) | | Non-preferred oral products may be approved for members who have trialed and failed |
| | Almotriptan tablet | three preferred oral products. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, |
| Eletriptan tablet (generic Relpax) | | allergy, documented contraindication to therapy, intolerable side effects, or significant |
| | FROVA (frovatriptan) tablet | drug-drug interaction. |
| | | |

| Naratriptan tablet (generic | Frovatriptan tablet | |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| Amerge) | | |
| | IMITREX (sumatriptan) tablet | |
| Rizatriptan tablet, ODT (generic | | |
| Maxalt) | MAXALT/MAXALT MLT (rizatriptan) tablet, ODT | |
| Sumatriptan tablet (generic | | |
| Imitrex) | RELPAX (eletriptan) tablet | |
| Zolmitriptan tablet (generic Zomig) | REYVOW (lasmiditan) tablet | |
| Zoning) | Sumatriptan/Naproxen tablet | |
| | Zolmitriptan ODT | |
| | ZOMIG (zolmitriptan) tablet | |
| | | |

<u>Note</u>: There is limited information available regarding the safety, tolerability, and efficacy of coadministering lasmiditan with a triptan or a gepant.

Quantity Limits:

| Amerge (naratriptan), Frova (frovatriptan), Imitrex | 9 tabs/30 days |
|---|-----------------|
| (sumatriptan), Zomig (zolmitriptan) | |
| Treximet (sumatriptan/naproxen) | 9 tabs/30 days |
| Axert (almotriptan) and Relpax (eletriptan) | 6 tabs/30 days |
| Maxalt (rizatriptan) | 12 tabs/30 days |
| Reyvow (lasmiditan) | 8 tabs/30 days |

Therapeutic Drug Class: TRIPTANS, DITANS, AND OTHER MIGRAINE TREATMENTS - Non-Oral -Effective 4/1/2024

No PA Required (Quantity limits may apply)

Brand/generic changes effective 02/22/2024*

IMITREX (sumatriptan) nasal spray

IMITREX^{BNR} (sumatriptan) cartridge, pen injector

MIGRANAL^{BNR} (dihydroergotamine) nasal spray

Sumatriptan nasal spray*, vial

PA Required

Dihydroergotamine injection, nasal spray

Sumatriptan cartridge, pen injector

TOSYMRA (sumatriptan) nasal spray

TRUDHESA (dihydroergotamine) nasal spray

ZEMBRACE SYMTOUCH (sumatriptan) autoinjector

Zolmitriptan nasal spray

ZOMIG (zolmitriptan) nasal spray

Zembrace Symtouch injection, Tosymra nasal spray, or Onzetra Xsail nasal powder may be approved for members who have trialed and failed one preferred non-oral triptan products AND two oral triptan agents with different active ingredients. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, significant drugdrug interaction, or documented inability to take alternative dosage form.

All other non-preferred products may be approved for members who have trialed and failed one preferred non-oral triptan product AND one preferred oral triptan product. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions, documented inability to tolerate dosage form.

Quantity Limits:

| Dihydroergotamine mesylate vial 1mg/mL | 24 vials/ 28 days |
|---|----------------------------------|
| Imitrex (sumatriptan) injection | 4 injectors / 30 days |
| Imitrex (sumatriptan) nasal spray | 6 inhalers / 30 days |
| Migranal (dihydroergotamine mesylate) | 8 nasal spray devices/ 30 days |
| nasal spray | |
| Onzetra Xsail (sumatriptan) nasal powder | 16 nosepieces / 30 days |
| Tosymra (sumatriptan) nasal spray | 12 nasal spray devices / 30 days |
| Zembrace Symtouch (sumatriptan) injection | 36mg / 30 days |
| Zomig (zolmitriptan) nasal spray | 6 inhalers / 30 days |

Members currently utilizing a non-oral dihydroergotamine product formulation (based on recent claims history) may receive one year approval to continue therapy with that medication.

V. Dermatological

| | atological | |
|--|--|--|
| Therapeutic Drug Class: ACNE AGENTS— Topical -Effective 7 | | |
| Preferred | Non-Preferred | Authorization for all acne agents prescribed |
| No PA Required (if age and diagnosis criteria are met*) | PA Required | approved. |
| *Adapalene gel | ACANYA (clindamycin/benzoyl peroxide) gel, pump | Preferred topical clindamycin and erythromy verification of ICD-10 diagnosis code for accomedonal acne, disorders of keratinization, |
| *Adapalene/benzoyl peroxide gel (generic Epiduo) | Adapalene cream, gel pump, solution | suppurativa, or perioral dermatitis (erythron clindamycin and erythromycin products for |
| *Clindamycin phosphate | Adapalene/Benzoyl Peroxide gel pump | considered following clinical prior authoriza |
| solution, medicated swab/pledget | ALTRENO (tretinoin) lotion | All other preferred topical acne agents may • For members > 25 years of age, ma |
| *Clindamycin/benzoyl peroxide | AMZEEQ (minocycline) foam | verification that the medication is r prescriber verification that the indic |
| gel jar (generic Benzaclin) | ARAZLO (tazarotene) lotion | cystic acne, disorders of keratinizat medications are only eligible for pr |
| *Clindamycin/benzoyl peroxide gel tube (generic Duac) | ATRALIN (tretinoin) gel | aforementioned diagnoses. • For members ≤ 25 years of age, ma |
| *Dapsone gel | BENZACLIN (clindamycin/benzoyl peroxide) gel, pump | vulgaris, psoriasis, cystic acne, disc comedonal acne. Diagnosis will be |
| *Erythromycin solution | BENZAMYCIN (erythromycin/benzoyl peroxide) gel | (AutoPA) of the appropriate corres indicated use of the medication. |
| *Erythromycin/Benzoyl peroxide gel (generic Benzamycin) | BP (sulfacetamide sodium/sulfur/urea) cleansing wash | Non-preferred topical products may be appr following criteria: • Member has trialed/failed three pre |
| *Sulfacetamide sodium suspension | CLEOCIN (clindamycin) lotion | mechanisms (such as tretinoin, anti allergy, intolerable side effects, or |
| *RETIN-A ^{BNR} (tretinoin) cream, gel | CLINDACIN ETZ/PAC (clindamycin phosphate) kit | Prescriber verification that the med following diagnoses: acne vulgaris keratinization, neoplasms, or come |
| | Clindamycin phosphate foam, gel, lotion | |
| | Clindamycin/Benzoyl peroxide gel pump | |
| | Clindamycin/tretinoin gel | |
| | Dapsone pump | |
| | ERY/ERYGEL (erythromycin/ethanol) gel, | |

medicated swabs/pads

Authorization for all acne agents prescribed solely for cosmetic purposes will not be approved.

Preferred topical clindamycin and erythromycin products may be approved by AutoPA verification of ICD-10 diagnosis code for acne vulgaris, psoriasis, cystic acne, comedonal acne, disorders of keratinization, neoplasms, folliculitis, hidradenitis suppurativa, or perioral dermatitis (erythromycin only). Approval of preferred topical clindamycin and erythromycin products for other medically accepted indications may be considered following clinical prior authorization review by a call center pharmacist.

All other preferred topical acne agents may be approved if meeting the following criteria:

- For members > 25 years of age, may be approved following prescriber verification that the medication is not being utilized for cosmetic purposes AND prescriber verification that the indicated use is for acne vulgaris, psoriasis, cystic acne, disorders of keratinization, neoplasms, or comedonal acne. These medications are only eligible for prior authorization approval for the aforementioned diagnoses.
- For members \leq 25 years of age, may be approved for a diagnosis of acne vulgaris, psoriasis, cystic acne, disorders of keratinization, neoplasms, or comedonal acne. Diagnosis will be verified through automated verification (AutoPA) of the appropriate corresponding ICD-10 diagnosis code related to the indicated use of the medication.

Non-preferred topical products may be approved for members meeting all of the following criteria:

- Member has trialed/failed three preferred topical products with different mechanisms (such as tretinoin, antibiotic). Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction AND
- Prescriber verification that the medication is being prescribed for one of the following diagnoses: acne vulgaris, psoriasis, cystic acne, disorders of keratinization, neoplasms, or comedonal acne.

Erythromycin gel EVOCLIN (clindamycin) foam FABIOR (tazarotene) foam KLARON (sulfacetamide) suspension NEUAC (clindamycin/benzoyl peroxide/emollient) kit ONEXTON (clindamycin/benzoyl peroxide) gel, gel pump RETIN-A MICRO (tretinoin) (all products) ROSULA (sulfacetamide sodium/sulfur) cloths, wash SSS 10-5 (sulfacetamide sodium/sulfur) foam Sulfacetamide sodium cleanser, cleansing gel, lotion, shampoo, wash Sulfacetamide sodium/sulfur cleanser, cream, pad, suspension, wash SUMADAN/XLT (sulfacetamide sodium/sulfur) kit, wash SUMAXIN/ CP/TS (sulfacetamide sodium/sulfur) kit, pads, suspension, wash Tazarotene cream, foam Tretinoin (all products) Tretinoin microspheres (all products) WINLEVI (clascoterone) cream ZIANA (clindamycin/tretinoin) gel

| Therapeutic Drug Class: ACNE AGENTS- ORAL ISOTRETINOIN -Effective 7/1/2023 | | | |
|--|---|---|--|
| PA Required for all agents | | Preferred products may be approved for adults and children ≥ 12 years of age for treating | |
| Preferred | Non-Preferred | severe acne vulgaris or for treating moderate acne vulgaris in members unresponsive to conventional therapy. | |
| AMNESTEEM capsule | ABSORICA capsule | Non-preferred products may be approved for members meeting the following: | |
| CLARAVIS capsule | ABSORICA LD capsule | Member has trialed/failed one preferred agent (failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction) | |
| Isotretinoin 10 mg, 20 mg, 30 mg, 40 mg capsule (all manufacturers except | Isotretinoin 10 mg, 20 mg, 30 mg, 40 mg capsule (Amneal) | AND Member is an adult or child ≥ 12 years of age with severe, recalcitrant nodulocystic acne and has been unresponsive to conventional therapy. | |
| Amneal) | Isotretinoin 25 mg, 35 mg capsule | | |
| | MYORISAN capsule | | |
| | ZENATANE capsule | | |
| | | ORIATICS - Oral -Effective 7/1/2023 | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | Prior authorization for non-preferred oral agents may be approved with failure of two | |
| Acitretin capsule | Methoxsalen capsule | preferred anti-psoriatic agents, one of which must be a preferred oral agent. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy of a 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant | |
| | SORIATANE (acitretin) capsule | drug-drug interaction. | |
| | | RIATICS -Topical -Effective 7/1/2023 | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | | |
| Brand/generic changes effective 02/22/2024* | Calcipotriene foam, ointment | Prior authorization for non-preferred topical agents may be approved with failure of two preferred topical agents. If non-preferred topical agent being requested is a combination product, trial of two preferred agents must include a preferred combination agent. | |
| Calcipotriene cream, solution | Calcipotriene/betamethasone dipropionate ointment, suspension | Failure is defined as lack of efficacy of a 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interaction. | |
| *Calcipotriene/betamethasone dipropionate ointment | Calcitriol ointment | Preferred and non-preferred products that contain a corticosteroid ingredient (such as betamethasone) will be limited to 4 weeks of therapy. Continued use will require one | |
| | DUOBRII (halobetasol/tazarotene) lotion | week of steroid-free time in between treatment periods. | |
| DOVONEX (calcipotriene) cream | ENSTILAR (calcipotriene/betamethasone) foam | Members with >30% of their body surface area affected may not use Enstilar | |
| TACLONEX SCALP BNR (calcipotriene/betamethasone) suspension | SORILUX (calcipotriene) foam | (calcipotriene/betamethasone DP) foam or Taclonex (calcipotriene/betamethasone DP) ointment products as safety and efficacy have not been established. | |
| TACLONEX (calcipotriene/betamethasone) ointment | | | |
| | | | |

| Therapeutic Drug Class: IMMUNOMODULATORS, TOPICAL – Effective 7/1/2023 | | | |
|--|---|---|--|
| Atopic Dermatitis | | | |
| No PA Required Brand/generic changes effective 02/22/2024* ELIDEL (pimecrolimus) cream *Pimecrolimus cream (Oceanside only) PROTOPIC (tacrolimus) ointment Tacrolimus ointment | PA Required EUCRISA (crisaborole) ointment OPZELURA (ruxolitinib) cream Pimecrolimus cream (all other manufacturers) | EUCRISA (crisaborole) may be approved if the following criteria are met: Member is at least 3 months of age and older AND Member has a diagnosis of mild to moderate atopic dermatitis AND Member has a history of failure, contraindication, or intolerance to at least two medium-to high-potency topical corticosteroids for a minimum of 2 weeks OR is not a candidate for topical corticosteroids AND Member must have tried and failed pimecrolimus and tacrolimus. Failure is defined as a lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, contraindication to, or significant drug-drug interactions. AND Eucrisa (crisaborole) must be prescribed by or in consultation with a dermatologist or allergist/immunologist. OPZELURA (ruxolitinib) may be approved if the following criteria are met: Member is immunocompetent AND Member as a diagnosis of mild to moderate atopic dermatitis AND Member has a history of failure, contraindication, or intolerance to at least two medium-to high-potency topical corticosteroids for a minimum of 2 weeks OR is not a candidate for topical corticosteroids for a minimum of 2 weeks OR is not a candidate for topical corticosteroids AND Member must have trialed and/or failed pimecrolimus and tacrolimus. Failure is defined as a lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, contraindication to, or significant drug-drug interactions AND Must be prescribed by or in consultation with a dermatologist or allergist/immunologist. Quantity limit: 60 grams/week All other non-preferred topical immunomodulator products may be approved for atopic dermatitis following adequate trial and failure‡ of one prescription topical corticosteroid AND two preferred agents. ‡Failure is defined a | |
| | | | |

| Antineoplastic Agents | | | |
|---|--|---|--|
| Preferred No PA Required (Unless indicated*) *Diclofenac 3% gel (generic Solaraze) Fluorouracil 5% cream (generic Efudex) Fluorouracil 2%, 5% solution | Non-Preferred PA Required CARAC (fluorouracil) cream EFUDEX (fluorouracil) cream Fluorouracil 0.5% (generic Carac) cream PANRETIN (alitretinoin) gel TARGRETIN (bexarotene) gel TOLAK (fluorouracil) cream VALCHLOR (mechlorethamine) gel | *Diclofenac 3% gel (generic Solaraze) may be approved if the member has a diagnosis of actinic keratosis (AK). TARGRETIN (bexarotene) gel or VALCHLOR (mechlorethamine) gel may be approved for members who meet the following criteria: • Member is ≥ 18 years of age AND • Member has been diagnosed with Stage IA or IB cutaneous T-cell lymphoma (CTCL) AND • Member has refractory or persistent CTCL disease after other therapies OR has not tolerated other therapies AND • Member and partners have been counseled on appropriate use of contraception Non-preferred agents may be approved for members who have failed an adequate trial of all preferred products FDA-approved for that indication. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. | |
| | Other | r Agents | |
| No PA Required CONDYLOX (podofilox) gel Imiquimod (generic Aldara) cream Podofilox solution | PA Required ALDARA (imiquimod) cream HYFTOR (sirolimus) gel Imiquimod cream pump VEREGEN (sinecatechins) ointment ZYCLARA (imiquimod) cream, cream pump | Myftor (sirolimus) gel Member has a diagnosis of facial angiofibroma associated with tuberous sclerosis AND Member is ≥ 6 years of age AND Provider has evaluated, and member has received, all age-appropriate vaccinations as recommended by current immunization guidelines prior to initiating treatment with HYFTOR Initial approval: 6 months Reauthorization: An additional 6 months may be approved based on provider attestation that symptoms improved during the initial 6 months of treatment and the provider has assessed use of all vaccinations recommended by current immunization guidelines. Maximum dose: one 10-gram tube/28 days Veregen (sinecatechins) may be approved if the following criteria are met: Member has a diagnosis of external genital and/or perianal warts (Condylomata acuminata) AND Member is jell years of age AND Member is immunocompetent AND Member has tried and failed two preferred products. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. | |

Zyclara (imiquimod) **2.5% cream** may be approved if the following criteria are met: Member has a diagnosis of clinically typical visible or palpable actinic keratoses (AK) of the full face or balding scalp AND Member is ≥ 18 years of age AND Member is immunocompetent AND Member has tried and failed one preferred product in the Antineoplastic Agents class (such as diclofenac gel or fluorouracil) AND the preferred imiquimod (generic Aldara) product. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. **Zyclara** (imiquimod) **3.75% cream** may be approved for: Treatment of clinically typical visible or palpable, actinic keratoses (AK) of the full face or balding scalp if the following criteria are met: • Member is \geq 18 years of age AND Member is immunocompetent AND Member has tried and failed one preferred product from the Antineoplastic Agents class (such as diclofenac gel or fluorouracil) AND the preferred imiquimod (generic Aldara) product. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. OR Treatment of external genital and/or perianal warts (Condylomata acuminata) if the following criteria are met: • Member is ≥ 12 years of age AND Member has tried and failed two preferred products. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. All other non-preferred products may be approved for members who have trialed and failed all preferred products that are FDA-approved for use for the prescribed indication. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drugdrug interaction. Quantity Limits: Aldara (imiquimod) cream has a quantity limit of 12 packets/28 days. Therapeutic Drug Class: ROSACEA AGENTS -Effective 7/1/2023 PA Required No PA Required Brand/generic changes effective Prior authorization for non-preferred products in this class may be approved if member 02/22/2024** Azelaic acid gel (All other manufacturers) meets the following criteria: • Member has a diagnosis of persistent (non-transient) facial erythema with **Azelaic acid gel (Sandoz only) *Doxycycline monohydrate DR capsule (generic inflammatory papules and pustules due to rosacea AND Oracea) • Prescriber attests that medication is not being used solely for cosmetic purposes

AND

FINACEA (azelaic acid) gel

FINACEA (azelaic acid) foam

Metronidazole 1% gel, gel pump

| Metronidazole cream, lotion Metronidazole 0.75% gel | NORITATE (metronidazole) cream RHOFADE (oxymetazoline) cream ROSADAN (metronidazole/skin cleanser) cream kit, gel kit ZILXI (minocycline) foam | Member has tried and failed two preferred agents of different mechanisms of action (Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects) *Doxycycline monohydrate DR (generic Oracea) may be approved if the following criteria are met: Member has taken generic doxycycline for a minimum of three months and failed therapy in the last 6 months. Failure is defined as: lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions AND Member has history of an adequate trial/failure (8 weeks) of 2 other preferred agents (oral or topical). Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions AND Member is ≥ 18 years of age and has been diagnosed with rosacea with inflammatory lesions (papules and pustules) | |
|--|---|---|--|
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: TOPICA | L STEROIDS – Effective 7/1/2023 | |
| | Low p | ootency | |
| No PA Required Brand/generic changes effective 02/22/2024* Hydrocortisone (Rx) cream, ointment, lotion Desonide 0.05% cream, ointment *Fluocinolone 0.01% body oil, 0.01% cream, 0.01% scalp oil | PA Required Alclometasone 0.05% cream, ointment CAPEX (fluocinolone) 0.01% shampoo DERMA-SMOOTHE-FS (fluocinolone) 0.01% oil Desonide 0.05% lotion Fluocinolone 0.01% solution PROCTOCORT (hydrocortisone) (Rx) 1% cream SYNALAR (fluocinolone) 0.01% solution SYNALAR TS (fluocinolone/skin cleanser) Kit TEXACORT (hydrocortisone) 2.5% solution | Non-preferred Low Potency topical corticosteroids may be approved following adequate trial and failure of two preferred agents in the Low Potency class (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions). | |
| Medium potency | | | |
| No PA Required Betamethasone dipropionate 0.05% lotion Betamethasone valerate 0.1% cream, ointment | PA Required BESER (fluticasone) lotion, emollient kit Betamethasone dipropionate 0.05% cream Betamethasone valerate 0.1% lotion, 0.12% foam | Non-preferred Medium Potency topical corticosteroids may be approved following adequate trial and failure of two preferred agents in the Medium Potency class (failure is defined as: lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions). | |

| Fluocinolone 0.025% cream Cloc | cortolone 0.1% cream, cream pump | | |
|---|---|---|--|
| 0.05% cream, 0.005% ointment CLC | CLODERM (clocortolone) 0.1% cream, cream pump | | |
| Mometasone 0.1% cream, 0.1% ointment, 0.1% solution | CUTIVATE (fluticasone) 0.05% cream, lotion | | |
| | lorasone 0.05% cream | | |
| | ocinolone 0.025% ointment | | |
| | ocinonide-E 0.05% cream | | |
| | randrenolide 0.05% cream, lotion, ointment | | |
| | ticasone 0.05% lotion | | |
| | drocortisone butyrate 0.1% cream, lotion, solution, ointment, lipid/lipocream | | |
| | drocortisone valerate 0.2% cream, ointment | | |
| KEN | KENALOG (triamcinolone) spray | | |
| LOC | LOCOID (hydrocortisone butyrate) 0.1% lotion | | |
| 6 | LOCOID LIPOCREAM (hydrocortisone butyrate- emollient) 0.1% cream | | |
| | LUXIQ (betamethasone valerate) 0.12% foam | | |
| | PANDEL (hydrocortisone probutate) 0.1% cream | | |
| | dnicarbate 0.1% cream, ointment | | |
| PSC | ORCON (diflorasone) 0.05% cream | | |
| SYN | SYNALAR (fluocinolone) 0.025% cream/kit, ointment/kit | | |
| Tria | amcinolone 0.147 mg/gm spray | | |
| N Di D | High potency | | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | Non-preferred High Potency topical corticosteroids may be approved following | |
| (*unless exceeds duration of therapy) Amo | acinonide 0.1% cream, lotion | adequate trial and failure of two preferred agents in the High Potency class (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions). | |
| *Betamethasone APE dipropionate/propylene glycol | EXICON-E (diflorasone/emollient) 0.05% cream | 6 | |
| | amethasone dipropionate 0.05% ointment | | |

| | | _ |
|--|---|---|
| *Fluocinonide 0.05% cream, 0.05% gel, 0.05% solution, 0.05% ointment *Triamcinolone acetonide 0.5% cream, 0.5% ointment | Desoximetasone 0.05%, 0.25% cream, 0.05% gel, 0.05%, 0.25% ointment Diflorasone 0.05% ointment Halcinonide 0.1% cream HALOG (halcinonide) 0.1% cream, ointment, solution TOPICORT (desoximetasone) 0.05%, 0.25% cream, 0.05% gel, 0.05%, 0.25% ointment | *All High Potency topical corticosteroids will require prior authorization beyond 4 weeks of therapy. The provider will be encouraged to transition to a medium or low potency topical steroid after this time has elapsed. Claims for compounded products containing high-potency topical steroids will be limited to a maximum of 60 grams or 60 mL of a high-potency ingredient per 4-week treatment period. Claims exceeding this quantity limit will require prior authorization with prescriber's justification for use of the product at the prescribed dose. |
| | Very high poter | ncv |
| No PA Required | PA Required | |
| (Unless exceeds duration of therapy*) | Betamethasone dipropionate/propylene glycol (augmented) 0.05% gel, 0.05% lotion | Non-preferred Very High Potency topical corticosteroids may be approved following adequate trial and failure of clobetasol propionate in the same formulation as the product being requested (if the formulation of the requested |
| *Betamethasone dipropionate/propylene glycol (augmented) 0.05% ointment | BRYHALI (halobetasol) 0.01% lotion Clobetasol emollient/emulsion 0.05% cream, foam | non-preferred product is not available in preferred clobetasol product options, then trial and failure of any preferred clobetasol product formulation will be required). Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 2-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions. |
| *Clobetasol 0.05% cream, 0.05% gel, 0.05% ointment, 0.05% solution | Clobetasol 0.05% lotion, foam, spray, shampoo | *All Very High Potency topical corticosteroids will require prior authorization beyond 2 weeks of therapy. If clobetasol propionate shampoo is being used to |
| *Fluocinonide 0.1% cream | CLOBEX (clobetasol) 0.05% spray, 0.05% shampoo CLODAN (clobetasol) 0.05% cleanser kit | treat plaque psoriasis, then prior authorization will be required beyond 4 weeks of therapy. The provider will be encouraged to transition to a medium or low potency topical steroid after this time has elapsed. |
| | Desoximetasone 0.25% spray | |
| | DIPROLENE (betamethasone dipropionate/propylene glycol, augmented) 0.05% ointment | |
| | Halobetasol 0.05% cream, foam, ointment | |
| | IMPEKLO (clobetasol) 0.05% lotion | |
| | LEXETTE (halobetasol) 0.05% foam | |
| | OLUX (clobetasol) 0.05% foam | |
| | OLUX-E (clobetasol) 0.05% foam | |
| | TEMOVATE (clobetasol) 0.05% cream, ointment | |
| | TOPICORT (desoximetasone) 0.25% spray | |

| TOVET EMOLLIENT (clobetasol) 0.05% foam |
|---|
| ULTRAVATE (halobetasol) 0.05% lotion |
| VANOS (fluocinonide) 0.1% cream |

VI. Endocrine

| Therapeutic Drug Class: ANDROGENIC AGENTS, Topical, Injectable, Oral -Effective 10/1/2023 | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| | ed for all agents in this class | 120, 20picus, injectuoic, Orai -Lyjeenve 10/1/2025 | |
| Preferred | Non-Preferred | Hypogonadotropic or Primary Hypogonadism (may be secondary to Klinefelter Syndrome): | |
| ANDRODERM (testosterone) patch | ANDROGEL (testosterone) gel packet | Preferred products may be approved for members meeting the following: • Member is a male patient ≥ 16 years of age with a documented diagnosis of | |
| Testosterone cypionate IM | ANDROGEL (testosterone) gel 1.62% pump | hypogonadotropic or primary hypogonadism OR ≥ 12 years of age with a diagnosis of hypogonadotropic or hypogonadism secondary to Klinefelter | |
| injection | ANDROID (methyltestosterone) capsule | Syndrome (all other diagnoses will require manual review) AND | |
| Testosterone gel packet | DEPO-TESTOSTERONE (testosterone cypionate) IM injection | Member has two documented low serum testosterone levels below the lower limit of normal range for testing laboratory prior to initiation of therapy AND Member does not have a diagnosis of breast or prostate cancer AND | |
| Testosterone 1.62% gel pump | FORTESTA (testosterone) gel pump | • If the member is > 40 years of age, has prostate-specific antigen (PSA) < 4 ng/mL or has no palpable prostate nodule AND | |
| Injectable testosterone cypionate is a pharmacy benefit when | METHITEST (methyltestosterone) tablet | Member has baseline hematocrit < 50% | |
| self-administered. Administration in an office | Methyltestosterone capsule | Reauthorization Criteria (requests for renewal of a currently expiring prior authorization for a preferred product may be approved for members meeting the following criteria): | |
| setting is a medical benefit. | NATESTO (testosterone) nasal spray | Member is a male patient ≥ 16 years of age with a documented diagnosis of hypogonadotropic or primary hypogonadism OR ≥ 12 years of age with a diagnosis | |
| | TESTIM (testosterone) gel | of hypogonadotropic or hypogonadism secondary to Klinefelter Syndrome AND | |
| | Testosterone 1% gel tube, 30 mg/1.5 ml pump | • Serum testosterone is being regularly monitored (at least annually) to achieve total testosterone level in the middle tertile of the normal reference range AND | |
| | Testosterone enanthate IM injection | Member does not have a diagnosis of breast or prostate cancer AND Member has a hematocrit < 54% | |
| | TLANDO (testosterone undecanoate) capsules | Gender Transition/Affirming Hormone Therapy: | |
| | VOGELXO (testosterone) packet, pump | Preferred androgenic drugs may be approved for members meeting the following: | |
| | XYOSTED (testosterone enanthate) SC injection | Female sex assigned at birth and has reached Tanner stage 2 of puberty AND Is undergoing female to male transition AND | |
| | | 3. Has a negative pregnancy test prior to initiation AND4. Hematocrit (or hemoglobin) is being monitored. | |

| | T | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| | | Non-Preferred Products: Non-preferred topical androgenic agents may be approved for patients meeting the above criteria with trial and failed‡ therapy with two preferred topical androgen formulations. | |
| | | Non-preferred injectable androgenic agents may be approved for patients meeting the above criteria with trial and failed‡ therapy with a preferred injectable androgenic drug. | |
| | | Prior authorization for oral androgen agents (tablet, capsule, buccal) may be approved if member has trialed and failed‡ therapy with a preferred topical agent AND testosterone cypionate injection. | |
| | | ‡Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 8 week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, contraindication to, or significant drug-drug interaction. | |
| | | For all agents and diagnoses, members < 16 years of age will require a manual prior authorization review by a pharmacist (with exception of members ≥ 12 years of age with a diagnosis of hypogonadotropic or hypogonadism secondary to Klinefelter Syndrome). | |
| Therapeutic | c Drug Class: BONE RESORPTIO | ON SUPPRESSION AND RELATED AGENTS -Effective 10/1/2023 | |
| | Bisphosphonates | | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | | |
| Alendronate tablet, solution | ACTONEL (risedronate) tablet | Non-preferred bisphosphonates may be approved for members who have failed treatment with one preferred product at treatment dose. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with a 12-month trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. | |
| Ibandronate tablet | ATELVIA (risedronate) tablet | | |
| Risedronate tablet | BONIVA (ibandronate) tablet | For members who have a low risk of fracture, discontinuation of bisphosphonate therapy and drug holiday should be considered following 5 years of treatment. Low risk is defined as having a bone mineral density, based on the most recent T-score, of greater | |
| | FOSAMAX (alendronate) tablet | than (better than) -2.5 AND no history of low trauma or fragility fracture. | |
| | FOSAMAX plus D (alendronate/vit D) |) tablet | |
| | | Non-Bisphosphonates | |
| | PA Required | CALCITONIN SALMON (nosel) may be enproved if the mamber mosts the following suite view | |
| | Calcitonin salmon nasal spray | • CALCITONIN SALMON (nasal) may be approved if the member meets the following criteria: • Member has a diagnosis of post-menopausal osteoporosis (BMD T-scores of -2.5 or less) AND | |
| | FORTEO (teriparatide) SC pen | Has trial and failure of preferred bisphosphonate for 12 months (failure is defined as: lack of | |
| | Raloxifene tablet | efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction) OR Member cannot swallow solid oral dosage forms or has a feeding tube. | |
| | Teriparatide SC pen | Quantity limit: One spray daily | |
| | TYMLOS (abaloparatide) SC pen | RALOXIFENE may be approved if the member meets the following criteria: Diagnosis of postmenopausal osteoporosis (BMD T-scores of -2.5 or less) AND Has trial and failure of preferred bisphosphonate for one year (Failure is defined as: lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction) | |

Maximum dose: 60mg daily

FORTEO (teriparatide) or generic teriparatide may be approved if the member meets the following criteria:

- Member has one of the following diagnoses:
 - Male primary or hypogonadal osteoporosis (BMD T-scores of -2.5 or less).
 - Osteoporosis due to corticosteroid use
 - Postmenopausal osteoporosis

AND

- Member is at very high risk for fracture* OR member has history of trial and failure of a
 preferred bisphosphonate for one year. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy,
 intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction AND
- For brand FORTEO, member has trialed and failed generic teriparatide. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction **AND**
- Prior authorization will be given for one year and total exposure of parathyroid hormone analogs (Forteo and Tymlos) shall not exceed two years

Maximum dose: 20mcg daily

TYMLOS (abaloparatide) may be approved if the member meets the following criteria:

- Member has a diagnosis of postmenopausal osteoporosis (BMD T-scores of -2.5 or less)
 AND
- Member is post-menopausal with very high risk for fracture* OR member has history of trial
 and failure of a preferred bisphosphonate for one year (Failure is defined as: lack of efficacy,
 allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction) AND
- Prior authorization will be given for one year and total exposure of parathyroid hormone analogs (Forteo and Tymlos) shall not exceed two years.

Maximum dose: 80 mcg daily

All other non-preferred non-bisphosphonates may be approved for members who have failed treatment with one preferred bisphosphonate product at treatment dose. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with a 12-month trial, allergy, unable to use oral therapy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction.

*Members at very high risk for fracture: Members will be considered at very high risk for fracture if they meet one of the following:

- A history of fracture within the past 12 months **OR**
- ullet Fractures experienced while receiving guideline-supported osteoporosis therapy ${\bf OR}$
- A history of multiple fractures **OR**
- A history of fractures experienced while receiving medications that cause skeletal harm (such as long-term glucocorticoids) **OR**
- A very low T-score (less than -3.0) **OR**
- A high risk for falls or a history of injurious falls OR

• A very high fracture probability by FRAX (> 30% for a major osteoporosis fracture or > 4.5% for hip fracture)

Note: Prior authorization criteria for Prolia (denosumab) and other injectable bone resorption and related agents are listed on Appendix P.

Therapeutic Drug Class: **CONTRACEPTIVES - Topical** *Effective* 10/1/2023

Effective 01/14/22, topical contraceptive patch products are eligible for coverage with a written prescription by an enrolled pharmacist. Additional information regarding pharmacist enrollment can be found at https://hcpf.colorado.gov/pharm-serv.

| No PA Required | PA Required | |
|--|---|--|
| ANNOVERA (segesterone acetate/EE) vaginal ring | ELURYNG (Etonorgestrel/EE) vaginal ring | Non-preferred topical contraceptive products may be approved following a trial and failure of one preferred topical contraceptive product. Failure is defined as lack of |
| NUVARING ^{BNR} | Etonorgestrel/EE vaginal ring | efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. |
| (etonorgestrel/EE) vaginal | Haloette vaginal ring | Effective 7/1/2022: Prescriptions are eligible to be filled for up to a twelve-month |
| PHEXXI (lactic | Norelgestromin/EE TD patch | supply. |
| acid/citric/potassium) vaginal | ZAFEMY (norelgestromin/EE) TD patch | Note: IUD and select depot product formulations are billed through the medical benefit |
| gel | *EE – Ethinyl Estradiol | |
| TWIRLA (levonorgestrel/EE) TD patch | | |
| XULANE (norelgestromin/EE) TD patch | | |
| *EE – Ethinyl Estradiol | | |
| Therepoutic Drug Class: DIARFTES MANACEMENT CLASSES INSULING Effective 10/1/2023 | | |

Therapeutic Drug Class: **DIABETES MANAGEMENT CLASSES, INSULINS**- Effective 10/1/2023 Rapid-Acting

PA Required No PA Required HUMALOGBNR 100U/mL KwikPen, vial ADMELOG (insulin lispro) Solostar pen, vial HUMALOG (insulin lispro) cartridge AFREZZA (regular insulin) cartridge, unit HUMALOG Jr. BNR (insulin lispro) APIDRA (insulin glulisine) Solostar pen, vial KwikPen FIASP (insulin aspart) FlexTouch pen, PenFill, pump cartridge, vial Insulin aspart cartridge, pen, vial NOVOLOG (insulin aspart) cartridge, HUMALOG (insulin lispro) 200 U/mL pen, FlexTouch pen, vial Tempo pen

Non-preferred products may be approved following trial and failure of treatment with two preferred products, one of which is the same rapid-acting insulin analog (lispro or aspart) as the non-preferred product being requested. (Failure is defined as allergy [hives, maculopapular rash, erythema multiforme, pustular rash, severe hypotension, bronchospasm, and angioedema] or intolerable side effects).

Afrezza (human insulin) may be approved if meeting the following criteria:

- Member is 18 years or older AND
- Member has trialed and failed treatment with two preferred products (failure is defined as allergy [hives, maculopapular rash, erythema multiforme, pustular rash, severe hypotension, bronchospasm, or angioedema] or intolerable side effects) AND

| | Insulin lispro Kwikpen, Jr. Kwikpen, vial LYUMJEV (insulin lispro-aabc) Kwikpen, vial, Tempo pen | Member must not have chronic lung disease such as COPD or asthma AND If member has type 1 diabetes, must use in conjunction with long-acting insulin AND Prescriber acknowledges that Afrezza is not recommended in patients who smoke or have recently stopped smoking. | |
|---|---|--|--|
| | Short-Ac | cting | |
| No PA Required HUMULIN R U-100 (insulin regular) vial (OTC) | PA Required NOVOLIN R U-100 (insulin regular) vial (OTC | Non-preferred products may be approved following trial and failure of treatment with one preferred product (failure is defined as allergy or intolerable side effects). | |
| NOVOLIN R U-100 (insulin regular) FlexPen (OTC) | | | |
| Tienten (616) | Intermediate | te-Acting | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | | |
| HUMULIN N U-100 (insulin NPH) vial (OTC) NOVOLIN N U-100 (insulin NPH) FlexPen (OTC) | HUMULIN N U-100 (insulin NPH) KwikPen (ONOVOLIN N U-100 (insulin NPH) vial (OTC) | intolerable side effects). | |
| | Long-Ac | cting | |
| No PA Required* LANTUS ^{BNR} (insulin glargine) vial, Solostar | PA Required BASAGLAR (insulin glargine) Kwikpen, Temp pen | *Tresiba (insulin degludec) may be approved for members who have trialed | |
| LEVEMIR (insulin detemir) vial, FlexTouch | Insulin degludec FlexTouch, vial | All other non-preferred products may be approved if the member has tried and failed‡ treatment with Lantus AND Tresiba. | |
| | Insulin glargine solostar, vial Insulin glargine MAX solostar | ‡Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, or intolerable side effects. | |
| | Insulin glargine-yfgn pen, vial | | |
| | REZVOGLAR (insulin glargine-aglr) Kwikpen | a . | |
| | SEMGLEE (insulin glargine-yfgn) pen, vial | | |
| | TOUJEO (insulin glargine) Solostar | | |
| | TOUJEO MAX (insulin glargine) Solostar | | |

| TRESIBA (insulin degludec) I | | • | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| N D. D | Concentrated | | | | |
| No PA Required HUMULIN R U-500 (insulin regulation concentrated vial, Kwikpen | | A Required | Non-preferred products may be approved following trial and failure of treatment with one preferred product (failure is defined as allergy or intolerable side effects). | | |
| N. D. D I | | | tures | | |
| No PA Required HUMALOG MIX 50/50 Kwikpen, HUMALOG MIX 75/25 Kwikpen ^B | vial NOVOLIN 70/30 Fle NR, vial Insulin lispro protami | ne/insulin lispro 75/25 | Non-preferred products may be approved if the member has failed treatment with two of the preferred products (failure is defined as: allergy or intolerable side effects). | | |
| HUMULIN 70/30 (OTC) Kwikpen Insulin aspart protamine/insulin asp 70/30 FlexPen, vial (generic No Mix) | part | Humalog Mix) | | | |
| NOVOLOG MIX 70/30 FlexPen, v | | | | | |
| Ther | apeutic Drug Class: DIAB | | EMENT CLASSES, NON- INSULINS- 10/1/2023 | | |
| | | Am | nylin | | |
| PA Required SYMLIN (pramlintide) pen | | of a DPP4-in hemoglobin effects, or a s (pramlintide) failure of oth | SYMLIN (pramlintide) may be approved following trial and failure of metformin AND trial and failure of a DPP4-inhibitor or GLP-1 analogue. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy (such as not meeting hemoglobin A1C goal despite adherence to regimen) following 3-month trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or a significant drug-drug interaction. Prior authorization may be approved for Symlin (pramlintide) products for members with a diagnosis of Type 1 diabetes without requiring trial and failure of other products. Maximum Dose: Prior authorization will be required for doses exceeding FDA-approved dosing listed | | |
| | | | ackage labeling. | | |
| Biguanides | | | | | |
| No PA Required PA Required | | | | | |
| Metformin FR 500mg 750mg | FORTAMET ER (metformin) GLUMETZA ER (metformin) | tablet | Non-preferred products may be approved for members who have failed treatment with two preferred products. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. | | |
| Metformin ER 500mg, 750mg tablets (generic Glucophage XR) GLUMETZA ER (metformin) tablet Metformin ER (generic Fortamet, Glumetza) | | | Liquid metformin may be approved for members who meet one of the following: • Member is under the age of 12 with a feeding tube OR Prescriber confirms that member has difficulty swallowing | | |

| RIOMET (metformin) solution RIOMET ER (metformin) suspension Dipeptidyl Peptidase-4 Enzyme inhibitors (DPP-4is) | | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| Preferred JANUVIA (sitagliptin) tablet TRADJENTA (linagliptin) tablet | Non-Preferred PA Required Alogliptin tablet NESINA (alogliptin) tablet ONGLYZA (saxagliptin) tablet Saxagliptin tablet | Non-preferred DPP-4 inhibitors preferred products. Failure is dedespite adherence to regimen), Maximum Dose: | s may be approved after a member has fai efined as lack of efficacy (such as not med allergy, intolerable side effects, or a signification of the side effects, or a significant of the side effects of the side eff | eting hemoglobin A1C goal ficant drug-drug interaction. | |
| DDD 4 Inhibitors Combination with Matformin | | | | | |

| Preferred | Non-Preferred | | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | PA Required | Non-preferred combination products may be approved for members who have been | | |
| JANUMET (sitagliptin/metformin) tablet | Alogliptin/metformin tablet | stable on the two individual ingredients of the requested combination for three months AND have had adequate three-month trial and failure of a preferred combination agent. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy (such as not meeting hemoglobin A1C goal despite | | |
| JANUMET XR (sitagliptin/metformin) tablet | KAZANO (alogliptin/metformin) tablet | adherence to regimen), allergy, intolerable side effects, or a significant drug-drug interaction. | | |
| JENTADUETO (linagliptin/metformin) tablet | | interaction. | | |
| JENTADUETO XR (linagliptin/metformin) tablet | KOMBIGLYZE XR (saxagliptin/metformin) | Maximum Dose: Prior authorization will be required for doses exceeding the FDA-approved maximum | | |
| tablet | Saxagliptin/metformin tablet | dosing listed in the following table: FDA Approved Maximum Daily | | |

| DPP-4 Inhibitor Combination | FDA Approved Maximum Daily Dose |
|--|--|
| Alogliptin/metformin tablet | 25 mg alogliptin/2,000 mg metformin |
| Janumet and Janumet XR (sitagliptin/metformin) | 100 mg sitagliptin/ 2,000 mg of metformin |

| Jentadueto and Jentadueto XR(linagliptin/metformin) | 5 mg linagliptin/ 2,000 mg metformin |
|---|---|
| Kazano (alogliptin/metformin) | 25 mg alogliptin/ 2,000 mg metformin |
| Kombiglyze XR (saxagliptin ER/metformin ER) tablet | 5 mg saxagliptin/ 2,000 mg metformin |

| | Glucagon-like Pe |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Preferred | Non-Preferred |
| *Must meet eligibility criteria | PA Required |
| *BYETTA (exenatide) pen | ADLYXIN (lixisenatide) |
| *TRULICITY (dulaglutide) pen | BYDUREON BCISE (exenatide ER) autoinjector |
| *VICTOZA (liraglutide) pen | MOUNJARO (tirzepatide) pen |
| | OZEMPIC (semaglutide) pen |
| | RYBELSUS (semaglutide) oral tablet |
| | |
| | |

Glipizide/metformin tablet

Glyburide/metformin tablet

eptide-1 Receptor Agonists (GLP-1 Analogues)

*Preferred products may be approved for members with a diagnosis of type 2 diabetes.

Non-preferred products may be approved for members with a diagnosis of type 2 diabetes following a 3month trial of two preferred products. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy (such as not meeting hemoglobin A1C goal despite adherence to regimen), allergy, intolerable side effects, limited dexterity resulting in the inability to administer doses of a preferred product, or a significant drug-drug interaction.

Maximum Dose:

Prior authorization is required for all products exceeding maximum dose listed in product package labeling.

| Table 1: GLP-1 Analogue Maximum Dose | | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| Adlyxin (lixisenatide) | 20 mcg per day | | |
| Bydureon Bcise (exenatide) | 2 mg weekly | | |
| Byetta (exenatide) | 20 mcg per day | | |
| Mounjaro (tirzepatide) | 15 mg weekly | | |
| Ozempic (semaglutide) | 2 mg weekly | | |
| Rybelsus (semaglutide) | 14 mg daily | | |
| Trulicity (dulaglutide) | 4.5 mg weekly | | |
| Victoza (liraglutide) | 1.8 mg per day | | |

Note: Prior Authorization for GLP-1 analogues prescribed solely for weight loss will not be approved.

| PA Required | |
|---|--|
| | Non-preferred products may be approved for members who have been stable on |
| Alogliptin/pioglitazone tablet | each of the individual ingredients in the requested combination for 3 months |
| | (including cases where the ingredients are taken as two separate 3-month trials or |
| DUETACT (pioglitazone/glimepiride) tablet | when taken in combination for at least 3 months). |
| | |

Other Hypoglycemic Combinations

| | GLYXAMBI (empagliflozin/linagliptin) tablet | | | |
|---|--|---|--|---|
| | OSENI (alogliptin/pioglitazone) tablet | | | |
| | Pioglitazone/glimepiride tablet | | | |
| | QTERN (dapagliflozin/saxagliptin) tablet | | | |
| | SOLIQUA (insulin glargine/lixisenatide) pen | | | |
| | STEGLUJAN (ertugliflozin/sitagliptin) tablet | | | |
| | TRIJARDY XR tablet(empagliflozin/linagliptin/metformin) | | | |
| | XULTOPHY (insulin degludec/liraglutide) pen | | | |
| | Megli | tinides | | |
| | PA Required Nateglinide tablet | Non-preferred products may be approved for members who have failed treatment with one sulfonylurea. Failure is defined as: lack of efficacy (such as not meeting | | |
| | hemoglobin A1C goal despite adherence to regimen), allergy, intolerable side effect significant drug-drug interaction. | | | |
| | Meglitinides Combin | ation with Met | formin | |
| | PA Required | | | nbers who have been stable on the two |
| | Repaglinide/metformin | individual ingredients of the requested combination for 3 months. | | |
| | Sodium-Glucose Cotransporte | | | |
| No PA Required FARXIGA ^{BNR} (dapagliflozin) tablet | PA Required Dapagliflozin tablet INPEFA (sotagliflozin) tablet | Non-preferred products may receive approval following trial and failure with two preferred products. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 3-month trial (such as not meeting hemoglobin A1C goal despite adherence to regimen), allergy, intolerable side effects, or a significant drug-drug interaction. | | |
| INVOKANA (canagliflozin) tablet | STEGLATRO (ertugliflozin) tablet | SGLT Inhibitor Renal Dosing Recommendations | | |
| JARDIANCE (empagliflozin) tablet | | SGLT Inhibitor | Clinical Setting | Renal Dosing Recommendations (FDA labeling) |
| | | FARXIGA (dapagliflozin) | Glycemic control in patients without established CV disease or CV risk factors | Not recommended when eGFR is <45 mL/min/1.73 m2 |

| | | | Chronic kidney disease (CKD) or heart failure (HF) | Initiation of therapy not recommended when eGFR is <25 mL/min/1.73 m2 (safety and efficacy in members on dialysis has not been established) |
|--|--|---|---|---|
| | | INPEFA (sotagliflozin) | Reduce risk of CV death, HF hospitalization and urgent HF visit in adults with HF or Type 2 DM, CKD and other CV risk factors | Safety and efficacy in members with eGFR less than 25 mL/min/1.73 m2 or on dialysis has not been established |
| | | INVOKANA (canagliflozin) | Glycemic control in patients without established CV disease or CV risk factors | Initiation of therapy not recommended when eGFR is <30 mL/min/1.73 m2 |
| | | JARDIANCE | Glycemic control in patients without established CV disease or CV risk factors | Not recommended when eGFR is <30 mL/min/1.73 m2 (contraindicated in members on dialysis) |
| | | | Mr neart taillire (H.H.) | Not recommended when eGFR is < 20 mL/min/1.73 m2 (Contraindicated in members on dialysis) |
| | | | | Not recommended when eGFR is <45 mL/min/1.73 m2 (contraindicated in members on dialysis) |
| | | package labeling | on is required for all products exc. | eeeding maximum dose listed in product |
| | SGLT Inhibitor Combi | nations with M | letformin | |
| No PA Required INVOKAMET (canagliflozin/metformin) | PA Required Dapagliflozin/Metformin XR tablet | Non-preferred products may be approved for members who have been stable on the two individual ingredients of the requested combination for 3 months. | | |
| tablet INVOKAMET XR (canagliflozin/metformin) tablet | SEGLUROMET (ertugliflozin/metformin) tablet | INVOKAMET, INVOKAMET XR, SEGLUROMET, SYNJARDY, SYNJARDY XR and XIGDUO XR are contraindicated in patients with an eGFR less than 30 mL/min/1.73 m² or on dialysis. | | |
| SYNJARDY (empagliflozin/metformin) tablet | | | | |
| SYNJARDY XR (empagliflozin/metformin) tablet | | | | |

| | | 1 | | | |
|---|--|---|------------------|--|--|
| XIGDUO XR ^{BNR} | | | | | |
| (dapagliflozin/metformin) tablet | | | | | |
| | (01 · 1 · 1 · | L. (EZD.) | | | |
| | | diones (TZDs) | | | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | Non-preferred agents may be approved following trial and failure of one preferred product. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy (such as not meeting hemoglobin A1C) | | | |
| Pioglitazone tablet | ACTOS (pioglitazone) tablet | despite adherence to regimen) with a 3-month trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or a significant drug-drug interaction. | | | |
| | Thiazolidinediones Con | bination with Metformin | | | |
| | PA Required | | | | |
| | ACTOPLUS MET (pioglitazone/metformin) TABLET | Non-preferred products may be approved for members who have been stable on the two individual ingredients of the requested combination for 3 months. | | | |
| | Pioglitazone/metformin tablet | | | | |
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: ESTRO | GEN AGENTS -Effective 10/1/2023 | | | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | Non-preferred parenteral estrogen agents may be approved with trial and failure of one | | | |
| Parenteral | | preferred parenteral agent. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. | | | |
| DELESTROGEN ^{BNR} (estradiol valerate) vial DEPO-ESTRODIOL (estradiol | Estradiol valerate vial | Non-preferred oral estrogen agents may be approved with trial and failure of one preferred oral agent. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. | | | |
| cypionate) vial | | Non-preferred transdermal estrogen agents may be approved with trial and failure of two | | | |
| 0 | ral/Transdermal | preferred transdermal agents. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. | | | |
| CLIMARABNR (estradiol) patch | ALORA (estradiol) patch | | | | |
| Estradiol oral tablet | DOTTI (estradiol) patch | Table 1: Transdermal Estrogen FDA-Labeled Dosing | | | |
| MINIVELLE ^{BNR} (estradiol) patch | ESTRACE (estradiol) oral tablet | ALORA (estradiol) patch | 2/week | | |
| VIVELLE-DOT ^{BNR} (estradiol) | Estradiol daily patch | CLIMARA (estradiol) patch | 1/week | | |
| patch | | DOTTI (estradiol) patch Estradiol patch (once weekly) | 2/week 1/week | | |
| | Estradiol bi-weekly patch | Estradiol patch (once weekly) Estradiol patch (twice weekly) | 2/week | | |
| | LYLLANA (estradiol) patch | LYLLANA (estradiol) patch | 2/week | | |
| | MENOSTAR (estradiol) patch | MENOSTAR (estradiol) patch | 1/week | | |

| | | MINIVELLE (estradiol) patch | 2/week |
|--|--|---|-----------------------------|
| | | VIVELLE-DOT (estradiol) patch | 2/week |
| | | Note: Estrogen agents are a covered benefit for gender affirm treating clinicians and mental health providers should be know diagnostic criteria for gender-affirming hormone treatment and experience in assessing related mental health conditions. | vledgeable about the |
| Ducksuns J | Non-Preferred | ELF-ADMINISTERED -Effective 10/1/2023 | |
| Preferred No PA Required | PA Required | Non-preferred products may be approved if the member has fa | iled treatment with two |
| BAQSIMI (glucagon) nasal spray | Glucagon Emergency Kit (Fresenius) | preferred products (failure is defined as allergy to ingredients in effects, contraindication, or inability to administer dosage form | n product, intolerable side |
| GLUCAGEN HYPOKIT (glucagon) | GVOKE (glucagon) Hypopen, Syringe, vial | Quantity limit for all products: 2 doses per year unless used/ da | amaged/ lost |
| Glucagon Emergency Kit (<i>Eli</i> Lilly) | ZEGALOGUE (dasiglucagon) syringe | | |
| Glucagon Emergency Kit (Amphastar) | | | |
| ZEGALOGUE (dasiglucagon) autoinjector | | | |
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: GROWT | H HORMONES -Effective 10/1/2023 | |
| Preferred No PA Required (If diagnosis and dose met) | Non-Preferred PA Required | All preferred products may be approved if the member has one diagnoses listed below (diagnosis may be verified through Aut does not exceed limitations for maximum dosing (Table 1). | |
| GENOTROPIN (somatropin) cartridge, Miniquick pen | HUMATROPE (somatropin) cartridge NUTROPIN AQ (somatropin) Nuspin injector | Non-preferred Growth Hormone products may be approved if met: | the following criteria are |
| NORDITROPIN (somatropin) Flexpro pen | OMNITROPE (somatropin) cartridge, vial | Member failed treatment with one preferred growth hor defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effect ant drug-drug interactions) AND | |
| телрго реп | SAIZEN (somatropin) cartridge, vial | Member has a qualifying diagnosis that includes at least | at one of the following |
| | SEROSTIM (somatropin) vial | conditions: Prader-Willi Syndrome (PWS) Chronic renal insufficiency/failure requiring transp | plantation (defined as |
| | SKYTROFA (lonapegsomatropin-tcgd) cartridge | Creatinine Clearance < 30mL/min) Turner's Syndrome | namation (defined as |
| | SOGROYA (somapacitan-beco) pen | Hypopituitarism: as a result of pituitary disease, hy surgery, radiation therapy or trauma verified by on | |
| | ZOMACTON (somatropin) vial | Has failed at least one GH stimulation test (pea | |

ZORBTIVE (somatropin) vial

- Has at least one documented low IGF-1 level (below normal range for patient's age refer to range on submitted lab document)
- Has deficiencies in ≥ 3 pituitary axes (such as TSH, LH, FSH, ACTH, ADH)
- Cachexia associated with AIDS
- Noonan Syndrome
- Short bowel syndrome
- Neonatal symptomatic growth hormone deficiency (limited to 3-month PA approval)

AND

• Prescription does not exceed limitations for FDA-labeled maximum dosing for prescribed indication (Table 1) based on prescriber submission/verification of patient weight from most recent clinical documentation

| Table 1: Growth Hormone Product Maximum Dosing* | | | |
|---|---|---|--|
| Medication | Pediatric Maximum Dosing (age < 18 years) | Adult Maximum Dosing (age ≥ 18 years) | |
| Genotropin | 0.48 mg/kg/week | 0.08 mg/kg/week | |
| Humatrope | 0.47 mg/kg/week | 0.0875 mg/kg/week | |
| Norditropin Flexpro | 0.47 mg/kg/week | 0.112 mg/kg/week | |
| Nutropin AQ Nuspin | 0.375 mg/kg/week | 0.175 mg/kg/week for ≤35 years of age 0.0875 mg/kg/week for >35 years of age | |
| Omnitrope | 0.48 mg/kg/week | 0.08 mg/kg/week | |
| Saizen | 0.18 mg/kg/week | 0.01 mg/kg/day | |
| Serostim | Not Indicated | 42 mg/week for cachexia with HIV only (in combination with antiretroviral therapy) | |
| Skytrofa | 0.2625 mg/kg/week | N/A | |
| Zomacton | 0.47 mg/kg/week | 0.0125 mg/kg/day | |
| Zorbtive | Not Indicated | 8 mg/28 days for short bowel syndrome only | |
| *Based on FDA labeled indications and dosing | | | |

VII. Gastrointestinal

Therapeutic Drug Class: **BILE SALTS** -Effective 7/1/2023

PA Required

BYLVAY (odevixibat) capsule, pellet

CHENODAL (chenodiol) tablet

CHOLBAM (cholic acid) capsule

LIVMARLI (maralixibat) solution

OCALIVA (obeticholic acid) tablet

RELTONE (ursodiol) capsule

URSO (ursodiol) tablet

URSO FORTE (ursodiol) tablet

Chenodal (chenodiol) and **Actigall** (ursodiol) may be approved for members who meet the following criteria:

- Member is > 18 years of age AND
- Member has tried and failed therapy with a 12-month trial of a preferred ursodiol product (failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions).

Cholbam (cholic acid) may be approved for members who meet the following criteria:

- Bile acid synthesis disorders:
 - o Member age must be greater than 3 weeks old AND
 - Member has a diagnosis for bile acid synthesis disorder due to single enzyme defect (Single Enzyme-Defect Disorders: Defective sterol nucleus synthesis, 3β-hydroxy-Δ-c27-steroid oxidoreductase deficiency, AKR1D1 deficiency, CYP7A1 deficiency, Defective side-chain synthesis, CYP27A1 deficiency (cerebrotendinous xanthomatosis), 2-methylacyl-CoA racemase deficiency (AMACR), 25-hydroxylation pathway (Smith-Lemli-Opitz).
- Peroxisomal disorder including Zellweger spectrum disorders:
 - Member age must be greater than 3 weeks old AND
 - Member has diagnosis of peroxisomal disorders (PDs) including
 Zellweger spectrum disorders AND
 - Member has manifestations of liver disease, steatorrhea or complications from decreased fat-soluble vitamin absorption.

Ocaliva (obeticholic acid) may be approved for members meeting the following criteria:

- Member is > 18 years of age AND
- Medication is prescribed by or in consultation with a gastroenterologist, hepatologist, or liver transplant provider AND
- Member has the diagnosis of primary biliary cholangitis without cirrhosis OR a diagnosis of primary biliary cholangitis with compensated cirrhosis with no evidence of portal hypertension AND
- Member has failed treatment with a preferred ursodiol product for at least 6 months due to an inadequate response, intolerable side effects, drug-drug interaction, or allergy to preferred ursodiol formulations.

Reltone (ursodiol) may be approved for members meeting the following criteria:

- Member is \geq 18 years of age AND
- The requested medication is prescribed by or in consultation with a gastroenterologist, hepatologist, or liver transplant provider AND
- The requested medication is being prescribed for one of the following:
 - Treatment of radiolucent, noncalcified gallbladder stones < 20 mm in greatest diameter AND elective cholecystectomy would be undertaken

- except for the presence of increased surgical risk due to systemic disease, advanced age, idiosyncratic reaction to general anesthesia, or for those patients who refuse surgery OR
- Prevention of gallstone formation in obese patients experiencing rapid weight loss

AND

- No compelling reasons for the member to undergo cholecystectomy exist, including unremitting acute cholecystitis, cholangitis, biliary obstruction, gallstone pancreatitis, or biliary-gastrointestinal fistula, AND
- Member has trialed and failed treatment with a preferred ursodiol product for at least 6 months due to an inadequate response, intolerable side effects, drug-drug interaction, or allergy to inactive ingredients contained in the preferred ursodiol formulations.

Initial approval: 1 year

<u>Reauthorization</u>: May be reauthorized for 1 additional year with provider attestation that partial or complete stone dissolution was observed after completion of the initial year of Reltone therapy. Maximum cumulative approval per member is 24 months.

Urso (ursodiol) and **Urso Forte** (ursodiol) may be approved for members meeting the following criteria:

- Member is ≥ 18 years of age AND
- Medication is prescribed by or in consultation with a gastroenterologist, hepatologist, or liver transplant provider AND
- Member has the diagnosis of Primary Biliary Cholangitis as evidenced by two
 of the following at the time of diagnosis:
 - Evidence of cholestasis with an alkaline phosphatase elevation of at least 1.5 times the upper limit of normal
 - O Presence of antimitochondrial antibody with titer of 1:40 or higher
 - Histologic evidence of nonsuppurative destruction cholangitis and destruction of interlobular bile ducts AND
- Member has failed treatment with a preferred ursodiol product for at least 6
 months due to an inadequate response, intolerable side effects, drug-drug
 interaction, or allergy to inactive ingredients contained in the preferred
 ursodiol formulations.

Requests for drug products that are FDA-indicated for the treatment of nonalcoholic steatohepatitis (NASH) may be approved if meeting the following:

- A diagnosis of NASH has been confirmed through liver biopsy AND
- Member meets the FDA-labeled minimum age requirement for the prescribed product AND
- Member does not have significant liver disease other than NASH, AND
- The requested medication is being prescribed for use for the FDA-labeled

| | | indication and as outlined in product package labeling AND Medication is prescribed by or in consultation with a gastroenterologist, hepatologist, or liver transplant provider. Non-preferred products prescribed for FDA-labeled indications not identified above may receive approval for use as outlined in product package labeling. |
|---|--|--|
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: ANTI- | EMETICS, Oral -Effective 7/1/2023 |
| No PA Required | PA Required | |
| DICLEGIS DR ^{BNR} tablet (doxylamine/pyridoxine) | AKYNZEO (netupitant/palonosetron) capsule | Emend (aprepitant) TriPack or Emend (aprepitant) powder kit may be approved following trial and failure of two preferred products AND Emend (aprepitant) <u>capsule</u> . Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 14-day trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or |
| M 11 (D) 12 5 | ANTIVERT (meclizine) 50 mg tablet | significant drug-drug interaction. |
| Meclizine (Rx) 12.5 mg, 25 mg tablet | Aprepitant capsule, tripack | Doxylamine/pyridoxine tablet (generic) or Bonjesta (doxylamine/pyridoxine) may be approved for 9 months if meeting the following criteria: |
| Metoclopramide solution, tablet | BONJESTA ER (doxylamine/pyridoxine) tablet | Member has nausea and vomiting associated with pregnancy AND |
| Ondansetron ODT, tablet | Doxylamine/pyridoxine tablet (generic Diclegis) | Member has trialed and failed DICLEGIS DR tablet AND one of the following (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with a 7-day trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction): |
| Ondansetron oral suspension/ solution | Dronabinol capsule | OR Antihistamine (such as diphenhydramine, dimenhydrinate, meclizine) OR |
| Prochlorperazine tablet | EMEND (aprepitant) capsule, powder for suspension, dose/tri-pack | Dopamine antagonist (such as metoclopramide, prochlorperazine, promethazine) OR |
| Promethazine syrup, tablet | Granisetron tablet | Serotonin antagonist (ondansetron, granisetron) |
| Trimethobenzamide capsule | MARINOL (dronabinol) capsule | All other non-preferred products may be approved for members who have trialed and failed treatment with two preferred products. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with |
| | Metoclopramide ODT | 14-day trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. |
| | REGLAN (metoclopramide) tablet | Dronabinol prior authorization may be approved for members meeting above non-preferred criteria OR via AutoPA for members with documented HIV diagnosis. |
| | TIGAN (trimethobenzamide) capsule | Promethazine product formulations require prior authorization for members < 2 years of |
| | ZOFRAN (ondansetron) tablet | age due to risk of fatal respiratory depression. |
| | | METICS, Non-Oral -Effective 7/1/2023 |
| No PA Required | PA Required | Non-market and another than the annual formation to the second and |
| Prochlorperazine 25 mg suppository | COMPRO (Prochlorperazine) suppository | Non-preferred products may be approved for members who have trialed and failed treatment with two preferred products. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 14-day trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. |
| Promethazine 12.5 mg, 25 mg suppository | PROMETHEGAN 50 mg (Promethazine) suppository | and, and graph more order order or organical drug drug interaction. |
| · F F · · · · · · J | SANCUSO (granisetron) patch | |

| Scopolamine patch | TRANSDERM-SCOP (scopolamine) patch | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: GI MOT | CILITY, CHRONIC -Effective 7/1/2023 | |
| PA Requi | red for all agents in this class | All agents will only be approved for FDA labeled indications and up to FDA approved | |
| Preferred | Non-Preferred | maximum doses listed below. | |
| AMITIZABNR (lubiprostone) capsule LINZESS (linaclotide) capsule MOVANTIK (naloxegol) tablet | Alosetron tablet LOTRONEX (alosetron) tablet Lubiprostone capsule MOTEGRITY (prucalopride) tablet RELISTOR (methylnaltrexone) tablet, syringe SYMPROIC (naldemedine) tablet TRULANCE (plecanatide) tablet VIBERZI (eluxadoline) tablet | Preferred agents may be approved if the member meets the following criteria: Has diagnosis of Irritable Bowel Syndrome – Constipation (IBS-C), Chronic Idiopathic Constipation (CIC), or Opioid Induced Constipation (OIC) in patients with opioids prescribed for noncancer pain AND Member does not have a diagnosis of GI obstruction AND For indication of OIC, member opioid use must exceed 4 weeks of treatment For indications of CIC, OIC, IBS-C; member must have documentation of adequate trial of two or more over-the-counter motility agents (polyethylene glycol, docusate or bisacodyl, for example). OR If the member cannot take oral medications, then the member must fail a 7-day trial with a nonphosphate enema (docusate or bisacodyl enema). Failure is defined as a lack of efficacy for a 7-day trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, contraindication to, or significant drugdrug interaction AND For indication of IBS-D, must have documentation of adequate trial and failure with loperamide and trial and failure with dicyclomine or hyoscyamine. Failure is defined as a lack of efficacy for a 7-day trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, contraindication to, or significant drug-drug interaction. Non-preferred agents may be approved if the member meets the following criteria: Member meets all listed criteria for preferred agents AND Member has trialed and failed two preferred agents OR if the indication is OIC caused by methadone, then a non-preferred agent may be approved after an adequate trial of MOVANTIK (naloxegol). Failure is defined as a lack of efficacy for a 7-day trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, contraindication to, or significant drug-drug interaction AND If prescribed Viberzi (eluxadoline) or Lotronex (alosetron), member meets the additional criteria for those agents listed below. VIBERZI (eluxadoline) may be approved for members who meet the following additional criteria: Diagnosis of Irritable Bowel Syndrome – Diarrhea (IBS-D) AND Member has a gallbladder AND Member does not drink more th | |

| LOTRONEX (alosetron) and generic alosetron may be approved for members who |
|--|
| meet the following additional criteria: |

- Member is a female with Irritable Bowel Syndrome Diarrhea (IBS-D) with symptoms lasting 6 months or longer **AND**
- Member does not have severe hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh C), history of severe constipation or ischemic colitis, hypercoagulable state, Crohn's disease or ulcerative colitis, or known mechanical gastrointestinal obstruction.

| Medication | FDA approved indication | FDA Max Dose |
|--|--|------------------------|
| Amitiza (lubiprostone) | IBS-C (females only), CIC, OIC (not caused by methadone) | 48mcg/day |
| Linzess (linaclotide) | IBS-C, CIC | 290mcg/day |
| Movantik (naloxegol) | OIC | 25mg/day |
| Viberzi (eluxadoline) | IBS-D | 200mg/day |
| Relistor subcutaneous injection (methylnaltrexone) | OIC | 12mg/day |
| Relistor oral (methylnaltrexone) | OIC | 450mg/day |
| Lotronex (alosetron) | IBS-D (females only) | 2mg/day (females only) |
| Symproic (Naldemedine) | OIC | 0.2mg/day |
| Trulance (plecanatide) | CIC, IBS-C | 3mg/day |
| Motegrity (prucalopride) | CIC | 2mg/day |

 \overline{CIC} - chronic idiopathic constipation, OIC - opioid induced constipation, IBS - irritable bowel syndrome, D - diarrhea predominant, C - constipation predominant

| Therapeutic Drug Class: H. PYLORI TREATMENTS -Effective 7/1/2023 | | | |
|---|--|---|--|
| No PA Required | PA Required | | |
| PYLERA ^{BNR} capsule (bismuth subcitrate/metronidazole tetracycline) | Amoxicillin/lansoprazole/clarithromycin pack OMECLAMOX-PAK (amoxicillin/ omeprazole/clarithromycin) | Non-preferred <i>H. pylori</i> treatments should be used as individual product ingredients unless one of the individual products is not commercially available, then a PA for the combination product may be given. | |
| | TALICIA (omeprazole/amoxicillin/ rifabutin) tablet | | |
| | Bismuth subcitrate/metronidazole tetracycline capsule | | |
| | | | |

| Therapeutic Drug Class: I | HEMORRHOIDAL, ANORECTAL, AND | RELATED TOPICAL ANESTHETIC AGENTS - Effective 7/1/2023 |
|---|--|--|
| Hydrocortisone single agent | | V |
| No PA Required | PA Required | |
| ANUSOL-HC (hydrocortisone) 2.5% cream with applicator CORTIFOAM (hydrocortisone) | COLOCORT (hydrocortisone) enema CORTENEMA (hydrocortisone) enema | Non-preferred products may be approved following trial and failure of therapy with 3 preferred products (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions). |
| 10% aerosol | MICORT-HC (hydrocortisone) cream | |
| Hydrocortisone 1% cream with applicator | | |
| Hydrocortisone 2.5% cream with applicator | | |
| Hydrocortisone enema | | |
| PROCTO-MED HC (hydrocortisone) 2.5% cream | | |
| PROCTO-PAK (hydrocortisone) 1% cream | | |
| PROCTOSOL-HC 2.5% (hydrocortisone) cream | | |
| PROCTOZONE-HC 2.5% (hydrocortisone) cream | | |
| Lie | docaine single agent | |
| No PA Required Lidocaine 5% ointment | PA Required Lidocaine 3% cream | |
| | er and Combinations | Rectiv (nitroglycerin) ointment may be approved if meeting the following: |
| No PA Required | PA Required | Member has a diagnosis of anal fissure AND Prescriber attests that member has trialed and maximized use of |
| Hydrocortisone-Pramoxine 1%- 1% cream | EPIFOAM (Hydrocortisone-Pramoxine) 1%-1% foam | appropriate supportive therapies including sitz bath, fiber, topical analgesics (such as lidocaine), and stool softeners/laxatives. |
| Hydrocortisone-Pramoxine 2.5%-1% cream | Lidocaine-Hydrocortisone in Coleus 2%-2% cream kit | |
| Lidocaine-Hydrocortisone 3- 0.5% cream with applicator | Lidocaine-Hydrocortisone 2.8%-0.55% gel | |

| Lidocaine-Prilocaine Cream (all other manufacturers) | Lidocaine-Hydrocortisone 3%-0.5% cream w/o applicator, cream kit | |
|--|--|--|
| PROCTOFOAM-HC (hydrocortisone-pramoxine) | Lidocaine-Hydrocortisone 3%-1% cream kit | |
| 1%-1% foam | Lidocaine-Hydrocortisone 3%-2.5% gel kit | |
| | Lidocaine-Prilocaine Cream (Fougera only) | |
| | PLIAGIS (lidocaine-tetracaine) 7%-7% cream | |
| | RECTIV (nitroglycerin) 0.4% ointment | |
| | | TIC ENZYMES -Effective 7/1/2023 |
| No PA Required | PA Required | Non-preferred products may be approved for members who have failed an adequate trial |
| CREON (pancrelipase) capsule | PERTZYE (pancrelipase) capsule | (4 weeks) with at least two preferred products. (Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interaction.) |
| ZENPEP (pancrelipase) capsule | VIOKACE (pancrelipase) tablet | |
| | | JMP INHIBITORS -Effective 7/1/2023 |
| No PA Required | PA Required | For members treating GERD symptoms that are controlled on PPI therapy, it is recommended that the dose of the PPI be re-evaluated or step-down with an H2 blocker |
| DEXILANT (dexlansoprazole) capsule ^{BNR} | ACIPHEX (rabeprazole) tablet, sprinkle capsule | (such as famotidine or ranitidine) be trialed in order to reduce long-term PPI use. Prior authorization for non-preferred proton pump inhibitors may be approved if all of |
| Essentials DR seconds (DV) | Dexlansoprazole capsule | the following criteria are met: |
| Esomeprazole DR capsule (RX) Lansoprazole DR capsules (RX) | Esomeprazole DR 49.3 capsule (RX), (OTC) capsule, packet for oral suspension | Member has a qualifying diagnosis (below) AND Member has trialed and failed therapy with three preferred agents within the last 24 months. (Failure is defined as: lack of efficacy following 4-week trial, allergy, |
| Lansoprazole ODT (lansoprazole) (for members under 2 years) | Lansoprazole DR capsule OTC | intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction) AND Member has been diagnosed using one of the following diagnostic methods: Diagnosis made by GI specialist |
| NEXIUM ^{BNR} (esomeprazole) oral | NEXIUM (esomeprazole) capsule (RX), 24HR (OTC) | EndoscopyX-ray |
| suspension packet Omeprazole DR capsule (RX) | Omeprazole/Na Bicarbonate capsule, packet for oral suspension | Biopsy Blood test Breath Test |
| Pantoprazole tablet | Omeprazole DR tablet (OTC), ODT (OTC) | Qualifying Diagnoses: Barrett's esophagus, duodenal ulcer, erosive esophagitis, gastric ulcer, GERD, GI Bleed, |
| PROTONIX (pantoprazole DR) packet for oral suspension ^{BNR} | Pantoprazole packet for oral suspension | H. pylori infection, hypersecretory conditions (Zollinger-Ellison), NSAID-induced ulcer, pediatric esophagitis, requiring mechanical ventilation, requiring a feeding tube |
| | PREVACID (lansoprazole) capsule, Solutab, suspension | Quantity Limits: |
| | PRILOSEC (omeprazole) suspension | All agents will be limited to once daily dosing except when used for the following diagnoses: Barrett's esophagus, GI Bleed, H. pylori infection, hypersecretory conditions (Zollinger-Ellison), or members who have spinal cord injury with associated acid reflux. |

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| | PROTONIX (pantoprazole DR) tablet Rabeprazole tablet ZEGERID (omeprazole/Na bicarbonate) capsule, packet for oral suspension | Adult members with GERD on once daily, high-dose PPI therapy who continue to experience symptoms may receive initial prior authorization approval for a 4-week trial of twice daily, high-dose PPI therapy. Continuation of the twice daily dosing regimen for GERD beyond 4 weeks will require additional prior authorization approval verifying adequate member response to the dosing regimen and approval may be placed for one year. If a member with symptomatic GERD does not respond to twice daily, high-dose PPI therapy, this should be considered a treatment failure. Pediatric members (< 18 years of age) on once daily dosing of a PPI who continue to experience symptoms may receive one-year prior authorization approval for twice daily PPI therapy. Age Limits: Nexium 24H and Zegerid will not be approved for members less than 18 years of age. Prevacid Solutab may be approved for members < 2 years of age OR for members ≥ 2 years of age with a feeding tube. |
| T1 | | ATIME COLUMN ACENTS O LESS /: 7/1/2022 |
| | | ATIVE COLITIS AGENTS- Oral -Effective 7/1/2023 |
| No PA Required APRISOBNR (mesalamine ER) capsule LIALDABNR (mesalamine DR) tablet PENTASABNR (mesalamine) capsule Sulfasalazine IR and DR tablet | PA Required ASACOL HD (mesalamine DR) tablet AZULFIDINE (sulfasalazine) Entab, tablet Balsalazide capsule Budesonide DR tablet COLAZAL (balsalazide) capsule DELZICOL (mesalamine DR) capsule DIPENTUM (olsalazine) capsule Mesalamine DR tablet (generic Asacol HD, Lialda) Mesalamine DR/ER capsule (generic Apriso, Delzicol, Pentasa) UCERIS (budesonide) tablet | Prior authorization for non-preferred oral formulations will require trial and failure of two preferred oral products with different active ingredients AND one preferred rectal product. If inflammation is not within reach of topical therapy, trial of preferred rectal product is not required. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. Uceris (budesonide) tablet: Prior authorization may be approved following trial and failure of one preferred oral product AND one preferred rectal product. If inflammation is not within reach of topical therapy, trial of preferred rectal product is not required. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. Approval will be placed for 8 weeks. Further prior authorization may be approved if 7 days of steroid-free time has elapsed, and member continues to meet the above criteria. |

| Therapeutic Drug Class: NON-BIOLOGIC ULCERATIVE COLITIS AGENTS- Rectal -Effective 7/1/2023 | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| No PA Required | PA Required | Prior authorization for non-preferred rectal formulations will require trial and failure of | |
| | | one preferred rectal formulation and one preferred oral formulation (Failure is defined as | |
| Mesalamine suppository | CANASA (mesalamine) suppository | lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction). | |
| | | | |
| Mesalamine 4gm/60 ml enema | Mesalamine enema, kit | Uceris (budesonide) foam: If the above criteria are met, Uceris (budesonide) foam prior | |
| (generic SF ROWASA) | POWAGA (GEROWAGA 11: (1 1) | authorization may be approved for 6 weeks. Further prior authorization may be approved | |
| | ROWASA/SF ROWASA enema, kit (mesalamine) | if 7 days of steroid-free time has elapsed, and member continues to meet the above | |
| | LICEDIC (hadasarida) fasar | criteria. | |
| | UCERIS (budesonide) foam | | |
| | | | |

| VIII. Hematological | | |
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| Therapeutic Drug Class: ANTICOAGULANTS- Oral -Effective 7/1/2023 | | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | |
| ELIQUIS (apixaban) tablet | Dabigatran capsule | SAVAYSA (edoxaban) may be approved if all the following criteria have been met: The member has failed therapy with two preferred agents. (Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug |
| PRADAXA ^{BNR} (dabigatran) | PRADAXA (dabigatran) pellet | interaction) AND |
| capsule | | Member is not on dialysis AND |
| | SAVAYSA (edoxaban) tablet | Member does not have CrCl > 95 mL/min AND |
| Warfarin tablet | XARELTO (rivaroxaban) 2.5 mg tablet | The member has a diagnosis of deep vein thrombosis (DVT), pulmonary embolism (PE) OR |
| XARELTO (rivaroxaban) | | The member has a diagnosis of non-valvular atrial fibrillation AND |
| 10 mg, 15 mg, 20 mg tablet, dose pack | XARELTO (rivaroxaban) oral suspension | The member does not have a mechanical prosthetic heart valve |
| | | XARELTO 2.5mg (rivaroxaban) may be approved for members meeting all of the following criteria: |
| | | Xarelto 2.5mg is being prescribed to reduce major CV events in members diagnosis of chronic coronary artery disease (CAD) or peripheral artery disease AND |
| | | Xarelto 2.5mg is being taken twice daily and in combination with aspirin 75- 100mg daily AND |
| | | Member must not be receiving dual antiplatelet therapy, other non-aspirin antiplatelet therapy, or other oral anticoagulant AND |
| | | Member must not have had an ischemic, non-lacunar stroke within the past month AND |
| | | Member must not have had a hemorrhagic or lacunar stroke at any time |
| | | XARELTO (rivaroxaban) oral suspension may be approved without prior authorization for members <18 years of age who require a rivaroxaban dose of less than 10 mg OR with prior authorization verifying the member is unable to use the solid oral dosage form. |

| | | All other non-preferred oral agents require trial and failure of two preferred oral agents. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drugdrug interaction. Continuation of Care: Members with current prior authorization approval on file for a non-preferred oral anticoagulant medication may continue to receive approval for that medication | |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| | | JLANTS- Parenteral -Effective 7/1/2023 | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | Non-preferred parenteral anticoagulants may be approved if member has trial and failure | |
| Enoxaparin syringe | ARIXTRA (fondaparinux) syringe | of one preferred parenteral agent. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction | |
| Enoxaparin vial | Fondaparinux syringe | ARIXTRA (fondaparinux) may be approved if the following criteria have been met: | |
| | FRAGMIN (dalteparin) vial, syringe | Member is 18 years of age or older AND | |
| | TRAGINITY (datteparin) viai, syringe | Member has a CrCl > 30 ml/min AND | |
| | LOVENOX (enoxaparin) syringe, vial | Member weighs > 50 kg AND Member has a documented history of heparin induced-thrombocytopenia | |
| | | OR | |
| | | Member has a contraindication to enoxaparin | |
| | | Members currently stabilized on fondaparinux (Arixtra) or dalteparin (Fragmin) may receive prior authorization approval to continue receiving that medication. | |
| Therapeutic Drug Class: ANTI-PLATELETS -Effective 7/1/2023 | | | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | Zontivity (vorapaxar) may be approved for patients with a diagnosis of myocardial | |
| Aspirin/dipyridamole ER capsule | EFFIENT (prasugrel) tablet | infarction or peripheral artery disease without a history of stroke, transient ischemic attack, intracranial bleeding, or active pathological bleeding. Patients must also be taking aspirin and/or clopidogrel concomitantly. | |
| BRILINTA (tigacrelor) tablet | PLAVIX (clopidogrel) tablet | Non-preferred products without criteria will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis. | |
| Cilostazol tablet | ZONTIVITY (vorapaxar) tablet | The second secon | |
| Clopidogrel tablet | | | |
| Dipyridamole tablet | | | |
| Pentoxifylline ER tablet | | | |
| Prasugrel tablet | | | |
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| | Therapeutic Drug Class: COLONY ST | |
|---|---|--|
| PA Required for all agents in this class* | | |
| Preferred | Non-Preferred | |
| NEUPOGEN (filgrastim) vial, syringe | FULPHILA (pegfilgrastim-jmdb) syringe | |
| NYVEPRIA (pegfilgrastim-apgf) | GRANIX (tbo-filgrastim) syringe, vial | |
| syringe | LEUKINE (sargramostim) vial | |
| | NEULASTA (pegfilgrastim) kit, syringe | |
| | NIVESYM (filgrastim-aafi) syringe, vial | |
| | RELEUKO (filgrastim-ayow) syringe, vial | |
| | UDENYCA (pegfilgrastim-cbqv) syringe | |
| | ZARXIO (filgrastim-sndz) syringe | |
| | ZIEXTENZO (pegfilgrastim-bmez) syringe | |
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*Prior authorization for preferred agents may be approved if meeting the following criteria:

- Medication is being used for one of the following indications:
 - Patient with cancer receiving myelosuppressive chemotherapy –to reduce incidence of infection (febrile neutropenia) (Either the post nadir ANC is less than 10,000 cells/mm3 or the risk of neutropenia for the member is calculated to be greater than 20%)
 - o Acute Myeloid Leukemia (AML) patients receiving chemotherapy
 - o Bone Marrow Transplant (BMT)

TIMULATING FACTORS -*Effective 7/1/2023*

- o Peripheral Blood Progenitor Cell Collection and Therapy
- o Hematopoietic Syndrome of Acute Radiation Syndrome
- Severe Chronic Neutropenia (Evidence of neutropenia infection exists or ANC is below 750 cells/mm3)

AND

- For Nyvepria (pegfilgrastim-apgf), the member meets the following criteria:
 - Member has trial and failure of Neupogen. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, intolerable side effects, drug-drug interaction, or contraindication to Neupogen therapy. Trial and failure of Neupogen will not be required if meeting one of the following:
 - Member has limited access to caregiver or support system for assistance with medication administration **OR**
 - Member has inadequate access to healthcare facility or home care interventions.

Prior authorization for non-preferred agents may be approved if meeting the following criteria:

- Medication is being used for one of the following indications:
 - Patient with cancer receiving myelosuppressive chemotherapy –to reduce incidence of infection (febrile neutropenia) (Either the post nadir ANC is less than 10,000 cells/mm3 or the risk of neutropenia for the member is calculated to be greater than 20%)
 - o Acute Myeloid Leukemia (AML) patients receiving chemotherapy
 - o Bone Marrow Transplant (BMT)
 - o Peripheral Blood Progenitor Cell Collection and Therapy
 - o Hematopoietic Syndrome of Acute Radiation Syndrome
 - Severe Chronic Neutropenia (Evidence of neutropenia infection exists or ANC is below 750 cells/mm3)

AND

Member has history of trial and failure of Neupogen AND one other preferred agent.
 Failure is defined as a lack of efficacy with a 3-month trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, significant drug-drug interactions, or contraindication to therapy. Trial and failure of Neupogen will not be required if meeting one of the following:

| | | Member has limited access to caregiver or support system for assistance | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | with medication administration OR | | |
| | | Member has inadequate access to healthcare facility or home care | | |
| | | interventions. | | |
| Т | Therapeutic Drug Class: ERYTHROPOIESI S | S STIMULATING AGENTS Effective 7/1/2023 | | |
| | red for all agents in this class* | *Prior Authorization is required for all products and may be approved if meeting the | | |
| Preferred | Non-Preferred | following: | | |
| | | Medication is being administered in the member's home or in a long-term care | | |
| EPOGEN (epoetin alfa) vial | ARANESP (darbepoetin alfa) syringe, vial | facility AND | | |
| | | • Member meets <u>one</u> of the following: | | |
| RETACRIT (epoetin alfa-epbx) | MIRCERA (methoxy peg-epoetin beta) syringe | A diagnosis of cancer, currently receiving chemotherapy, with | | |
| (Pfizer only) | | chemotherapy-induced anemia, and hemoglobin† of 10g/dL or lower | | |
| | PROCRIT (epoetin alfa) vial | OR | | |
| | | o A diagnosis of chronic renal failure, and hemoglobin [†] below 10g/dL | | |
| | | OR | | |
| | | A diagnosis of hepatitis C, currently taking ribavirin and failed | | |
| | | response to a reduction of ribavirin dose, and hemoglobin [†] less than | | |
| | | 10g/dL (or less than 11g/dL if symptomatic) OR | | |
| | | o A diagnosis of HIV, currently taking zidovudine, hemoglobin [†] less than 10g/dL, and serum erythropoietin level of 500 mU/mL or less OR | | |
| | | | | |
| | | o Member is undergoing elective, noncardiac, nonvascular surgery and medication is given to reduce receipt of allogenic red blood cell | | |
| | | transfusions, hemoglobin is greater than 10g/dL, but less than or equal | | |
| | | to 13g/dL and high risk for perioperative blood loss. Member is not | | |
| | | willing or unable to donate autologous blood pre-operatively | | |
| | | AND | | |
| | | • For any non-preferred product, member has trialed and failed treatment with one | | |
| | | preferred product. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with a 6-week trial, | | |
| | | allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. | | |
| | | | | |
| | | †Hemoglobin results must be from the last 30 days. | | |
| | IX. Immunological | | | |
| Therapeutic Drug Class: IMMUNE GLOBULINS -Effective 1/1/2024 | | | | |
| PA Requir | red for all agents in this class* | Preferred agents may be approved for members meeting at least one of the approved | | |

| PA Required for all agents in this class* | | Preferred agents may be approved for members meeting at least one of the approved |
|---|----------------------------------|---|
| Preferred | Non-Preferred | conditions listed below for prescribed doses not exceeding maximum (Table 1). |
| CUVITRU 20% SQ liquid | BIVIGAM 10% IV liquid | Non-preferred agents may be approved for members meeting the following: • Member meets at least one of the approved conditions listed below AND |
| GAMMAGARD 10% IV/SQ | CUTAQUIG 16.5% SQ liquid | Member has history of trial and failure of two preferred agents (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or |
| liquid GAMUNEX-C 10% IV/SQ liquid | FLEBOGAMMA DIF 5%, 10% IV liquid | significant drug-drug interactions) AND • Prescribed dose does not exceed listed maximum (Table 1) Approved Conditions for Immune Globulin Use: |

HIZENTRA 20% SQ liquid, syringe PRIVIGEN 10% IV liquid

If immune globulin is being administered in a long-term care facility or in a member's home by a home healthcare provider, it should be billed as a pharmacy claim. All other claims must be submitted through the medical benefit.

GAMMAGARD S/D vial

GAMMAKED 10% IV/SQ liquid

GAMMAPLEX 5%, 10% IV liquid

HYQVIA 10% SQ liquid

OCTAGAM 5%, 10% IV liquid

PANZYGA 10% IV liquid

XEMBIFY 20% IV liquid

- Primary Humoral Immunodeficiency disorders including:
 - o Common Variable Immunodeficiency (CVID)
 - Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (SCID)
 - O X-Linked Agammaglobulinemia
 - X-Linked with Hyperimmunoglobulin M (IgM) Immunodeficiency
 - o Wiskott-Aldrich Syndrome
 - Members < 13 years of age with pediatric Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) and CD-4 count > 200/mm3
- Neurological disorders including:
 - o Guillain-Barré Syndrome
 - Relapsing-Remitting Multiple Sclerosis
 - Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy
 - Myasthenia Gravis
 - Polymyositis and Dermatomyositis
 - Multifocal Motor Neuropathy
- Kawasaki Syndrome
- Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia (CLL)
- Autoimmune Neutropenia (AN) with absolute neutrophil count < 800 mm and history of recurrent bacterial infections
- Autoimmune Hemolytic Anemia (AHA)
- Liver or Intestinal Transplant
- Immune Thrombocytopenia Purpura (ITP) including:
 - Requiring preoperative therapy for undergoing elective splenectomy with platelet count < 20,000/mcL
 - o Members with active bleeding & platelet count <30,000/mcL
 - Pregnant members with platelet counts <10,000/mcL in the third trimester
 - Pregnant members with platelet count 10,000 to 30,000/mcL who are bleeding
- Multisystem Inflammatory Syndrome in Children (MIS-C)

| Table 1: FDA-Approved Maximu | m Immune Globulin Dosing |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Asceniv – IV admin | 800 mg/kg every 3 to 4 weeks |
| Bivigam – IV admin | 800 mg/kg every 3 to 4 weeks |
| Cuvitru –subcutaneous admin | 12 grams/site for up to four |
| | sites weekly (48grams/week) |
| Flebogamma DIF – IV admin | 600 mg/kg every 3 weeks |
| Gammaplex 5% — IV admin | 800 mg/kg every 3 weeks |
| Gammagard liquid subcutaneous or | 2.4 grams/kg/month |
| IV admin | |
| Gammaked –subcutaneous or IV | 600 mg/kg every 3 weeks |
| admin | |
| Gamunex-C –subcutaneous or IV | 600 mg/kg every 3 weeks |
| admin | |
| Hizentra –subcutaneous admin | 0.4 g/kg per week |

| | | | I | Octagam – IV admin | 600 mg/kg every 3 to 4 weeks |
|--|---|---|------------------------|--|---|
| | | | | Panzyga – IV admin | 2 g/kg every 3 weeks |
| | | | | Privigen – IV admin | 2 g/kg over 2 to 5 consecutive days |
| | Themerousia Dava Classi NEW | /ED CENEDAT | receive ap maximum | proval to continue therapy w (Table 1). | ed or non-preferred immunoglobulin product may ith that product at prescribed doses not exceeding |
| N. D. D. mained | Therapeutic Drug Class: NEW | EK GENEKA I | TON AN | TIMISTANIINES -Ejje | CIIVE 1/1/2024 |
| No PA Required | PA Required | | Non profe | orrad cingle agent antihictami | ne products may be approved for members who |
| Cetirizine (OTC) syrup/solution (OTC/RX), tablet | Cetirizine (OTC) chewable tablet solution | Cetirizine (OTC) chewable tablet, softgel, UD cups solution | | Non-preferred single agent antihistamine products may be approved for members who have failed treatment with two preferred products in the last 6 months. For members with respiratory allergies, an additional trial of an intranasal corticosteroid will be required in the last 6 months. | |
| Desloratadine tablet (RX) | CLARINEX (desloratadine) table | t | 1 | | |
| Levocetirizine tablet (RX/OTC | Desloratadine ODT (RX) | | Failure is or signific | Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with a 14-day trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. | |
| Loratadine tablet (OTC), syrup/solution (OTC) | Fexofenadine tablet (OTC), suspe | Fexofenadine tablet (OTC), suspension (OTC) | | | |
| syrup, sorumon (e r e) | Levocetirizine solution (RX) | | | | |
| | Loratadine chewable (OTC), OD7 | Loratadine chewable (OTC), ODT (OTC) | | | |
| Therapeutic Drug Class: ANTIHISTAMINE/DECONGESTANT COMBINATIONS - Effective 1/1/2024 | | | | | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | | | | |
| Loratadine-D (OTC) tablet | Cetirizine-PSE (OTC) | Non-preferred antihistamine/decongestant combinations may be approved for members who treatment with the preferred product in the last 6 months. For members with respiratory aller additional trial of an intranasal corticosteroid will be required in the last 6 months. | | For members with respiratory allergies, an | |
| | CLARINEX-D (desloratadine-D) | | an muanas | ar corticosterora wiri be requi | ned in the last 6 months. |
| | , | Failure is defined | as lack of | efficacy, allergy, intolerable s | ide effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. |
| | Fexofenadine/PSE (OTC) | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: | INTRANASAL | RHINI | TIS AGENTS -Effective | 1/1/2024 |
| No PA Required | PA Require | d | | | |
| Azelastine 137 mcg | Azelastine (Astepro) 0.15% | | three | preferred products (failure is | proved following trial and failure of treatment with defined as lack of efficacy with a 2-week trial, ignificant drug-drug interactions). |
| Budesonide (OTC) | Azelastine/Fluticasone | | | | |
| DYMISTA (azelastine/ fluticasone) BNR | BECONASE AQ (beclomethason | ne dipropionate) | | | may be approved following trial of individual nts AND trial and failure of one additional |

| Fluticasone (RX) | Flunisolide 0.025% | | preferred agent (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 2-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions). |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| Ipratropium | Fluticasone (OTC) | | |
| Olopatadine | Mometasone | | |
| Triamcinolone acetonide (OTC) | NASONEX (mometasone) | | |
| | OMNARIS (ciclesonide) | | |
| | PATANASE (olopatadine) | | |
| | QNASL (beclomethasone) | | |
| | RYALTRIS (olopatadine/mometasone) | | |
| | XHANCE (fluticasone) | | |
| | ZETONNA (ciclesonide) | | |
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: L. | EUKOTRIENE | E MODIFIERS -Effective 1/1/2024 |
| No PA Required | PA Required | | |
| Montelukast tablet, chewable | ACCOLATE (zafirlukast) tablet | | Non-preferred products may be approved if meeting the following criteria: • Member has trialed and failed treatment with one preferred product (failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant |
| | Montelukast granules | | drug-drug interactions) ANDMember has a diagnosis of asthma. |
| | SINGULAIR (montelukast) tablet, chev | wable, granules | Montelukast granules may be approved if a member has tried and failed |
| | Zafirlukast tablet | | montelukast chewable tablets AND has difficulty swallowing. |
| | Zileuton ER tablet | | |
| | ZYFLO (zileuton) tablet | | |
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: MI | ETHOTREX AT | TE PRODUCTS -Effective 1/1/2024 |
| No PA Required | PA Required | | ITREX or RASUVO may be approved if meeting the following criteria: |
| Methotrexate oral tablet, vial | OTREXUP (methotrexate) auto-injector | Member has trialed and failed preferred methotrexate tablet formulation (failure is defined as | |
| I | RASUVO (methotrexate) auto-injector | | |
| I | REDITREX (methotrexate) syringe | | on is necessary to optimize methotrexate therapy) AND |

| | TREXALL (methotrexate) oral tablet XATMEP (methotrexate) oral solution | du | Iember (or parent/caregiver) is unable to administer preferred methotrexate vial formulation ue to limited functional ability (such as vision impairment, limited manual dexterity and/or mited hand strength). |
|--|---|---|--|
| | | • M | L may be approved if meeting the following criteria: Iember has trialed and failed preferred methotrexate tablet formulation. Failure is defined as lergy or intolerable side effects. |
| | | M M M an in M M Methotrexaccontraindia | Imay be approved for members who meet the following criteria: Itember is < 18 years of age Itember has a diagnosis of acute lymphoblastic leukemia OR Itember has a diagnosis of active polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis (pJIA) and has had a insufficient therapeutic response to, or is intolerant to, an adequate trial of first-line therapy acluding full dose non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agents (NSAIDs) AND Itember has a documented swallowing difficulty due to young age and/or a medical condition and is unable to use the preferred methotrexate tablet formulation Interior cause serious embryo-fetal harm when administered during pregnancy and it is cated for use during pregnancy for the treatment of non-malignant diseases. Advise members active potential to use effective contraception during and after treatment with methotrexate, |
| | | | to FDA product labeling. |
| | | Members c | currently stabilized on a non-preferred methotrexate product may receive approval to nat agent. |
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: MU | LTIPLE S | SCLEROSIS AGENTS -Effective 4/1/2024 |
| | Dis | sease Mod | lifying Therapies |
| Preferred No PA Required (Unless indicated*) | Non-Preferred PA Required | | *Kesimpta (ofatumumab) may be approved if member has trialed and failed treatment with one preferred agent (failure is defined as intolerable side effects, contraindication to therapy, drug-drug interaction, or lack of efficacy). |
| AVONEX (interferon beta 1a) pen, syringe | AUBAGIO (teriflunomide) tablet BAFIERTAM (monomethyl fumarate) capsule | DR) | Non-Preferred Products: Non-preferred products may be approved if meeting the following: • Member has a diagnosis of a relapsing form of multiple sclerosis AND |
| BETASERON (interferon beta 1b) injection | EXTAVIA (interferon beta 1b) kit, vial | 1 | Member has a diagnosis of a relapsing form of multiple selectors AND Member has previous trial and failure with three preferred agents. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drugdrug interaction AND |
| COPAXONE ^{BNR} (glatiramer) injection | GILENYA (fingolimod) capsule | | Prescribed dose does not exceed the maximum FDA-approved dose for the medication being ordered AND |
| Dimethyl fumarate tablet, starter | Glatiramer 20mg, 40mg injection GLATOPA (glatiramer) injection | | If indicated in the product labeling, a negative pre-treatment pregnancy test has been documented, AND |
| pack Fingolimod capsule | MAVENCLAD (cladribine) tablet | | If indicated in the product labeling, an ophthalmologic examination has been performed and documented prior to medication initiation, AND |

| *KESIMPTA (ofatumumab) pen**2nd Line** | MAYZENT (siponimod) tablet, pack | • The request meets additional criteria listed for any o Mayzent (siponimod): |
|---|--|--|
| Teriflunomide tablet | PLEGRIDY (peg-interferon beta 1a) pen, syringe PONVORY (ponesimod) tablet, pack | Member has previous trial and failure of three prefer must be Gilenya (fingolimod). Failure is defined as intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug inte |
| | REBIF (interferon beta 1a) syringe REBIF REDIDOSE (interferon beta 1a) pen TASCENSO ODT (fingolimod) tablet TECFIDERA (dimethyl fumarate) tablet, pack VUMERITY (diroximel DR) capsule ZEPOSIA (ozanimod) capsule, kit, starter pack | Member has history of ≥ 1 relapse in the 12 months AND Member has previous trial and failure of three other multiple sclerosis (failure is defined as lack of effica intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug inte Vumerity (diroximel fumarate) or Bafiertam (monome Member has previous trial and failure of three prefer Tecfidera (dimethyl fumarate). Failure is defined as significant drug-drug interactions, intolerable side emeet additional criteria below) AND If the requested medication is being prescribed due to Tecfidera therapy (and no other reason for failure of following additional criteria must be met: Member has trialed a temporary dose reduct maintenance dose being resumed within 4 to Member has trialed taking Tecfidera with for GI adverse events remain significant despiting gastrointestinal symptomatic therapies (such subsalicylate, PPIs, H2 blockers, anti-bloat diarrheal, and centrally acting anti-emetics) Initial authorization will be limited to 3 monauthorization) will require documentation of in GI adverse events. Members currently stabilized on a preferred second line (In GI) adverse events. |
| | Symptom Man | product (may receive approval to continue therapy with the tagement Therapies |
| No PA Required Dalfampridine ER tablet | PA Required AMPYRA ER (dalfampridine) tablet | Non-preferred products may be approved with prescriber a rationale supporting why the preferred brand/generic equiunable to be used. |
| Danamphonic ER tablet | 1 Mil TRA Ex (danampriume) tablet | Maximum Dose: Ampyra (dalfampridine) 10mg twice daily |

of the following:

ferred agents, one of which as lack of efficacy, allergy, teraction.

- ns preceding initiation of therapy
- er therapies for relapsing forms of cacy with 3-month trial, allergy, iteractions)

nethyl fumarate DR):

- ferred agents, one of which must be as lack of efficacy, allergy, effects (if GI adverse events, must
- e to GI adverse events with of Tecfidera is given), then the
 - uction of Tecfidera (with 4 weeks) AND
 - food AND
 - oite maximized use of uch as calcium carbonate, bismuth ating/anti-constipation agents, antics) AND
 - nonths. Continuation (12-month of clinically significant reduction

(Kesimpta) or non-preferred that agent.

er attestation that there is clinical uivalent product formulation is

Ampyra (dalfampridine) 10mg twice daily

Therapeutic Drug Class: TARGETED IMMUNE MODULATORS -Effective 1/1/2024

Preferred agents: ADBRY (tralokinumab-ldrm); DUPIXENT (dupilumab); ENBREL (etanercept); FASENRA (benralizumab) pen; HADLIMA (adalimumab- bwwd); HUMIRA (adalimumab); OTEZLA (apremilast) tablet; KEVZARA (sarilumab);

TALTZ (ixekizumab); TEZSPIRE (tezepelumab-ekko) pen; XELJANZ IR (tofacitinib) tablet; XOLAIR (omalizumab) syringe

Rheumatoid Arthritis, all other Arthritis (except psoriatic arthritis, see below), and Ankylosing Spondylitis

| Preferred | Non-Preferred |
|--|---|
| No PA Required | PA Required |
| (If diagnosis met) | |
| (*Must meet eligibility criteria) | Adalimumab-adaz pen, syringe |
| ENBREL (etanercept) | ACTEMRA (tocilizumab) syringe, Actpen |
| HADLIMA (adalimumab-bwwd) Pushtouch, syringe | AMJEVITA (adalimumab-atto) auto-injector, syringe |
| HUMIRA (adalimumab) | CIMZIA (certolizumab pegol) syringe |
| *KEVZARA (sarilumab) pen, syringe | COSENTYX (secukinumab) syringe, pen-injector |
| *TALTZ (ixekizumab) | CYLTEZO (adalimumab-adbm) pen, syringe |
| XELJANZ IR (tofacitinib) tablet | HULIO (adalimumab-fkjp) syringe |
| in the second se | HYRIMOZ (adalimumab-adaz) pen, syringe |
| | IDACIO (adalimumab-aacf) pen, syringe |
| | ILARIS (canakinumab) vial |
| | KINERET (anakinra) syringe |
| | OLUMIANT (baricitinib) tablet |
| | ORENCIA (abatacept) clickject, syringe |
| | RINVOQ (upadacitinib) tablet |
| | SIMPONI (golimumab) pen, syringe |
| | XELJANZ (tofacitinib) solution |
| | XELJANZ XR (tofacitinib ER) tablet |
| | YUFLYMA (adalimumab-aaty) auto-injector |

First line preferred agents (HADLIMA, HUMIRA, ENBREL, and XELJANZ IR) may receive approval for use for FDA-labeled indications.

*TALTZ (ixekizumab) may receive approval for use for FDA-labeled indications following trial and failure: of HADLIMA/HUMIRA or ENBREL.

*KEVZARA (sarilumab) may receive approval for use for FDA-labeled indications following trial and failure; of HADLIMA/HUMIRA or ENBREL AND XELJANZ IR.

Quantity Limit: XELJANZ IR is limited to 2 tablets per day or 60 tablets for a 30-day supply

Non-Preferred Agents:

COSENTYX (secukinumab) may receive approval for:

- FDA-labeled indications following trial and failure; of all indicated preferred agents OR
- Treatment of enthesitis-related arthritis if meeting the following:
 - Member is ≥ 4 years of age and weighs ≥ 15 kg **AND**
 - Member has had trialed and failed; NSAID therapy AND ENBREL
 AND HADLIMA/HUMIRA

KINERET (anakinra) may receive approval for:

- FDA-labeled indications following trial and failure; of HADLIMA/HUMIRA **OR** ENBREL AND XELJANZ IR **OR**
- Treatment of systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis (sJIA) or Adult-Onset Still's Disease (AOSD)

ILARIS (canakinumab) may receive approval if meeting the following:

- Medication is being prescribed for systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis (sJIA) or Adult-Onset
 - Still's Disease (AOSD), AND
- Member has trialed and failed‡ ACTEMRA (tocilizumab)
- Quantity Limits (effective 2/15/2024):
 - o Cryopyrin-associated periodic syndrome: 600mg (4mL) every 8 weeks
 - o All other indications: 300mg (2mL) every 4 weeks

| | YUSIMRY (adalimumab-aqvh) pen | |
|---|--|--|
| | Note: Product formulations in the physician administered drug (PAD) category are located on Appendix P | XELJANZ (tofacitinib) XR approval will require verification of the clinically relevant reason for use of the XELJANZ XR formulation versus the XELJANZ IR formulation, in addition to meeting non-preferred criteria lister below. |
| | | XELJANZ (tofacitinib) oral solution may be approved when the following criteria are met: Member has a diagnosis of polyarticular course juvenile idiopathic arthritis (pJIA) who require a weight-based dose for <40 kg following trial and failure; of HADLIMA/HUMIRA OR ENBREL OR Member cannot swallow a tofacitinib tablet All other non-preferred agents may receive approval for FDA-labeled indications following trial and failure; of all preferred agents that are FDA-indicated or have strong evidence supporting use for the prescribed indication from clinically recognize guideline compendia (only one preferred adalimumab product trial required). Non-preferred agents that are being prescribed per FDA-label to treat non-radiographi axial spondyloarthritis (nr-axSpA) will require trial and failure; of preferred agents that are FDA-labeled for treating an axial spondyloarthritis condition, including ankylosing spondylitis (AS) or nr-axSpA. Members currently taking COSENTYX or XELJANZ oral solution may receive approval to continue on that agent. ‡Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. Note that trial and failure of preferred TNF inhibitors will not be required when prescribed to treat polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis (pJIA) in members with documented clinical features of lupus. The Department would like to remind providers that many products are associated with patient-centered programs that are available to assist with drug administration, education, and emotional support related to our members' various disease states. |
| | | |
| D 0 7 | | e Arthritis |
| Preferred No PA Required (If diagnosis met) | Non-Preferred PA Required | First line preferred agents (HADLIMA, HUMIRA, ENBREL, XELJANZ IR) may receive approval for psoriatic arthritis indication. |
| (*Must meet eligibility criteria) ENBREL (etanercept) | Adalimumab-adaz pen, syringe AMJEVITA (adalimumab-atto) auto-injector, syringe | *OTEZLA (apremilast) may receive approval for psoriatic arthritis indication following trial and failure; of HADLIMA/HUMIRA or ENBREL AND XELJANZ IR or TALTZ. |
| | CIMZIA (certolizumab pegol) syringe | |

| HADLIMA (adalimumab-bwwd) Pushtouch, syringe | COSENTYX (secukinumab) syringe, pen-injector |
|--|--|
| HUMIRA (adalimumab) | CYLTEZO (adalimumab-adbm) pen, syringe |
| *OTEZLA (apremilast) tablet | HULIO (adalimumab-fkjp) syringe |
| *TALTZ (ixekizumab) | HYRIMOZ (adalimumab-adaz) pen, syringe |
| XELJANZ IR (tofacitinib) tablet | IDACIO (adalimumab-aacf) pen, syringe |
| | ORENCIA (abatacept) syringe, clickject |
| | RINVOQ (upadacitinib) tablet |
| | SIMPONI (golimumab) pen, syringe |
| | SKYRIZI (risankizumab-rzaa) OnBody, pen, syringe |
| | STELARA (ustekinumab) syringe |
| | TREMFYA (guselkumab) injector, syringe |
| | XELJANZ (tofacitinib) solution |
| | XELJANZ XR (tofacitinib ER) tablet |
| | YUFLYMA (adalimumab-aaty) auto-injector |
| | YUSIMRY (adalimumab-aqvh) pen |
| | Note: Product formulations in the physician administered drug (PAD) category are located on Appendix P |
| | |
| | |

*TALTZ (ixekizumab) may receive approval for psoriatic arthritis indication following trial and failure; of HADLIMA/HUMIRA or ENBREL AND XELJANZ IR or OTEZLA.

Quantity Limit: XELJANZ IR is limited to 2 tablets per day or 60 tablets for a 30-day supply

Non-Preferred Agents:

COSENTYX (**secukinumab**) may receive approval for psoriatic arthritis indication for members ≥ 2 years of age and weighing ≥ 15 kg following trial and failure; of HADLIMA/HUMIRA (adalimumab) **OR** ENBREL **AND** XELJANZ IR **AND** TALTZ or OTEZLA.

STELARA (**ustekinumab**) syringe for subcutaneous use may receive approval if meeting the following:

- Member has trial and failure; of HADLIMA/HUMIRA or ENBREL AND XELJANZ IR AND TALTZ or OTEZLA AND
- Prior authorization approval may be given for an initial 16-week supply and authorization approval for continuation may be provided based on clinical response.

XELJANZ (**tofacitinib**) **XR** approval will require verification of the clinically relevant reason for use of the XELJANZ XR formulation versus the XELJANZ IR formulation, in addition to meeting non-preferred criteria listed below.

All other non-preferred agents may receive approval for psoriatic arthritis following trial and failure; of HADLIMA/HUMIRA OR ENBREL **AND** XELJANZ IR **AND** TALTZ or OTEZLA.

‡Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction.

Members currently taking COSENTYX may receive approval to continue on that agent.

The Department would like to remind providers that many products are associated with patient-centered programs that are available to assist with drug administration, education, and emotional support related to our members' various disease states.

| | Plaque |
|---|--|
| Preferred No PA Required | Non-Preferred PA Required |
| (If diagnosis met) | |
| (*Must meet eligibility criteria) | Adalimumab-adaz pen, syringe |
| ENBREL (etanercept) | AMJEVITA (adalimumab-atto) auto-injector, syringe |
| HADLIMA (adalimumab-bwwd) Pushtouch, syringe | CIMZIA (certolizumab pegol) syringe |
| HUMIRA (adalimumab) | COSENTYX (secukinumab) syringe, pen-injector |
| *OTEZLA (apremilast) tablet | CYLTEZO (adalimumab-adbm) pen, syringe |
| *TALTZ (ixekizumab) | HULIO (adalimumab-fkjp) syringe |
| | HYRIMOZ (adalimumab-adaz) pen, syringe |
| | IDACIO (adalimumab-aacf) pen, syringe |
| | SILIQ (brodalumab) syringe |
| | SKYRIZI (risankizumab-rzaa) OnBody, pen, syringe |
| | SOTYKTU (ducravacitinib) oral tablet |
| | STELARA (ustekinumab) syringe |
| | TREMFYA (guselkumab) injector, syringe |
| | YUFLYMA (adalimumab-aaty) auto-injector |
| | YUSIMRY (adalimumab-aqvh) pen |
| | Note: Product formulations in the physician administered drug (PAD) category are located on Appendix P |
| | |

laque Psoriasis

First line preferred agents (HADLIMA/HUMIRA, ENBREL) may receive approval for plaque psoriasis indication.

*Second line preferred agents (TALTZ, OTEZLA) may receive approval for plaque psoriasis indication following trial and failure; of HADLIMA/HUMIRA OR ENBREL.

Non-Preferred Agents:

STELARA (ustekinumab) syringe for subcutaneous use may receive approval if meeting the following:

- Member has trial and failure; of one indicated first line agent (HADLIMA/HUMIRA, ENBREL) AND two indicated second line agents (TALTZ, OTEZLA), AND
 - Prior authorization approval may be given for an initial 16week supply and authorization approval for continuation may be provided based on clinical response.

All other non-preferred agents may receive approval for plaque psoriasis indication following trial and failure; of one indicated first line agent (HADLIMA/HUMIRA, ENBREL) AND two second line agents (TALTZ, OTEZLA).

‡Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction.

Members currently taking COSENTYX may receive approval to continue on that agent.

The Department would like to remind providers that many products are associated with patient-centered programs that are available to assist with drug administration, education, and emotional support related to our members' various disease states.

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| | | |
| | Crohn's Disease a | nd Ulcerative Colitis |
| Preferred No PA Required (If diagnosis met) | Non-Preferred PA Required | Preferred agents (HADL Crohn's disease and ulce |
| (*Must meet eligibility criteria) | Adalimumab-adaz pen, syringe | Quantity Limit: XELJAI supply |
| HADLIMA (adalimumab-bwwd) Pushtouch, syringe | AMJEVITA (adalimumab-atto) auto-injector, syringe | |
| HUMIRA (adalimumab) | CIMZIA (certolizumab pegol) syringe | Non-Preferred Agents: |
| *XELJANZ IR (tofacitinib) tablet | COSENTYX (secukinumab) syringe, pen-injector | SKYRIZI (risankizuma formulations may recei The requested r |
| | CYLTEZO (adalimumab-adbm) pen, syringe | severely active • Member is ≥ 18 |
| | ENTYVIO (vedolizumab) pen | Member has triPrescriber ackn |
| | HULIO (adalimumab-fkjp) syringe | approval of SK the above criter |
| | HYRIMOZ (adalimumab-adaz) pen, syringe | of requests for |
| | IDACIO (adalimumab-aacf) pen, syringe | Dosing Limit: SKYRIZ mg/2.4 mL single-dose p |
| | OLUMIANT (baricitinib) tablet | 8 weeks. |
| | OMVOH (mirikizumab-mrkz) pen | STELARA (ustekinum meeting the following: |
| | RINVOQ (upadacitinib) tablet | For treatment o trial and failure |
| | SIMPONI (golimumab) pen, syringe SKYRIZI (risankizumab-rzaa) OnBody, pen, | moderately-to-s |
| | syringe | The member is Prescriber ackn |
| | STELARA (ustekinumab) syringe | STELARA for and will not restherapy AND |
| | XELJANZ (tofacitinib) solution | Prior authorization authorization authorization authorization. |
| | XELJANZ XR (tofacitinib ER) tablet | response. |
| | YUFLYMA (adalimumab-aaty) auto-injector | |

Preferred agents (HADLIMA, HUMIRA, XELJANZ IR) may receive approval for Crohn's disease and ulcerative colitis indications.

Quantity Limit: XELJANZ IR is limited to 2 tablets per day or 60 tablets for a 30-day supply

Non-Preferred Agents:

SKYRIZI (risankizumab) syringe for subcutaneous use and on-body injector formulations may receive approval if meeting the following:

- The requested medication is being prescribed for use for treating moderately-toseverely active Crohn's disease **AND**
- Member is ≥ 18 years of age **AND**
- Member has trial and failure; of one preferred adalimumab product AND
- Prescriber acknowledges that administration of IV induction therapy prior to approval of SKYRIZI prefilled syringe or on-body injector formulation using the above criteria should be avoided and will not result in an automatic approval of requests for these formulations.

Dosing Limit: SKYRIZI on-body formulation maintenance dosing is limited to one 360 mg/2.4 mL single-dose prefilled cartridge or one 180 mg/1.2mL prefilled cartridge every 8 weeks.

STELARA (ustekinumab) syringe for subcutaneous use may receive approval if meeting the following:

- For treatment of moderately-to-severely active Crohn's disease, member has trial and failure; of one preferred adalimumab product **OR** for treatment of moderately-to-severely active ulcerative colitis, member has trial and failure: of one preferred adalimumab product and XELJANZ IR AND
- The member is ≥ 18 years of age **AND**
- Prescriber acknowledges that loading dose administration prior to approval of STELARA for maintenance therapy using the above criteria should be avoided and will not result in an automatic approval of STELARA for maintenance therapy **AND**
- Prior authorization approval may be given for an initial 16-week supply and authorization approval for continuation may be provided based on clinical response.

administered drug (PAD) category are located on Appendix P All other non-preferred agents may receive approval for FDA-labeled indications if meeting the following: • The requested medication is being prescribed for treating moderately-toseverely active Crohn's disease or moderately-to-severely active Ulcerative Colitis in alignment with indicated use outlined in FDA-approved product labeling AND The requested medication meets FDA-labeled indicated age for prescribed use AND For treatment of moderately-to-severely active Crohn's disease, member has trial and failure; of one preferred adalimumab product **OR** for treatment of moderately-to-severely active ulcerative colitis, member has trial and failure! of one preferred adalimumab product and XELJANZ IR. Members currently taking COSENTYX may receive approval to continue on that agent. ‡Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. Note that trial and failure of Xeljanz IR will not be required when prescribed for ulcerative colitis for members ≥ 50 years of age that have an additional CV risk factor. The Department would like to remind providers that many products are associated with patient-centered programs that are available to assist with drug administration, education, and emotional support related to our members' various disease states. **Asthma** Preferred Non-Preferred *Preferred products (Dupixent, Fasenra, Tezspire, Xolair) may receive approval if **PA Required** PA Required meeting the following: (*Must meet eligibility criteria) **DUPIXENT** (dupilumab): *DUPIXENT (dupilumab) pen, NUCALA (mepolizumab) auto-injector, syringe Member is 6 years of age or older **AND** syringe Member has an FDA-labeled indicated use for treating one of the following: Note: Product formulations in the physician Moderate to severe asthma (on medium to high dose inhaled *FASENRA (benralizumab) pen administered drug (PAD) category are located on corticosteroid and a long-acting beta agonist) with eosinophilic phenotype based on a blood eosinophil level of ≥ 150/mcL **OR** Appendix P *TEZSPIRE (tezepelumab-ekko) Oral corticosteroid dependent asthma AND pen Member's asthma has been refractory to recommended evidence-based, guideline-supported pharmacologic therapies AND *XOLAIR (omalizumab) syringe Medication is being prescribed as add-on therapy to existing asthma regimen.

XELJANZ (**tofacitinib**) **XR** approval will require verification of the clinically relevant reason for use of the XELJANZ XR formulation versus the XELJANZ IR formulation, in addition to meeting non-preferred criteria listed below.

YUSIMRY (adalimumab-aqvh) pen

Note: Product formulations in the physician

Quantity Limit: 2 syringes every 28 days after initial 14 days of therapy (first dose is twice the regular scheduled dose) **TEZSPIRE** (tezepelumab-ekko): Member is ≥ 12 years of age **AND** Member has a diagnosis of severe asthma AND Member's asthma has been refractory to recommended evidence-based, guideline-supported pharmacologic therapies AND The requested medication is being prescribed as add-on therapy to existing asthma regimen. Quantity Limit: Four 210 mg unit dose packs every 28 days **XOLAIR** (omalizumab) syringe: Member is ≥ 6 years of age **AND** Member has an FDA-labeled indicated use for treating asthma AND Member has a positive skin test or in vitro reactivity to a perennial inhaled allergen or has a pre-treatment IgE serum concentration ≥ 30 IU/mL AND Member's asthma has been refractory to recommended evidence-based, guideline-supported pharmacologic therapies AND The requested medication is being prescribed as add-on therapy to existing asthma regimen. **Quantity Limit:** 300 mg: Four unit dose packs every 28 days All other strengths: Two unit dose packs of the same mg strength every 28 days **FASENRA** (benralizumab): Member is ≥ 12 years of age **AND** • Member has an FDA-labeled indicated use for treating severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype based on a blood eosinophil level of ≥ 150/mcL AND Member's asthma has been refractory to recommended evidence-based, guideline-supported pharmacologic therapies AND The requested medication is being prescribed as add-on therapy to existing asthma regimen. Quantity Limit: One 30 mg unit dose pack every 28 days for the first 3 doses and then every 8 weeks thereafter **Non-Preferred Agents:** Non-preferred FDA-indicated biologic agents for asthma may receive approval if

meeting the following:

| | | The requested medication is being prescribed for treating asthma in alignment with indicated use outlined in FDA-approved product labeling (including asthma type and severity) AND If prescribed for use for asthma with eosinophilic phenotype, member has a blood eosinophil count ≥ 150 cells/mcL AND The requested medication meets FDA-labeled indicated age for prescribed use AND Member's asthma has been refractory to recommended evidence-based, guideline-supported pharmacologic therapies AND The requested medication is being prescribed as add-on therapy to existing asthma regimen AND Member has trialed and failed‡ two preferred agents. Ouantity Limits: Non-preferred medications will be subject to quantity limitations in alignment with FDA-approved dosing per product package labeling. Nucala (mepolizumab) is limited to 100mg every 4 weeks (members ≥ 12 years of age) or 40mg every 4 weeks (members 6-11 years of age). ‡Failure is defined as a lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, contraindication to, or significant drug-drug interactions. Members currently taking a preferred agent may receive approval to continue therapy with that agent. Members with current prior authorization approval on file for a non-preferred agent may |
|---|---|---|
| | A 4 T | receive approval for continuation of therapy with the prescribed agent. |
| 70.0 | <u>, </u> | Dermatitis 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 |
| Preferred | Non-Preferred | *Preferred products (Adbry and Dupixent) may receive approval if meeting the |
| (*Must meet eligibility criteria) | PA Required | following: |
| (Must meet engionity criteria) | | ADBRY (tralokinumab-ldrm): |
| *ADBRY (tralokinumab-ldrm) | CIBINQO (abrocitinib) tablet | • The requested drug is being prescribed for moderate-to-severe atopic dermatitis |
| syringe | | AND |
| *************************************** | RINVOQ (upadacitinib) tablet | Member has trialed and failed‡ the following agents: |
| *DUPIXENT (dupilumab) pen, | Note: Product formulations in the physician | One medium potency to very-high potency topical corticosteroid (such |
| syringe | Note: Product formulations in the physician administered drug (PAD) category are located on | as mometasone furoate, betamethasone dipropionate) AND |
| | Appendix P | One topical calcineurin inhibitor (such as pimecrolimus or tacrolimus) |
| | | Maximum Dose: 600 mg/2 weeks |
| | | Quantity Limit: Four 150 mg/mL prefilled syringes/2 weeks |
| | | Approval: One year |
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DUPIXENT (dupilumab):

- Member has a diagnosis of moderate to severe atopic dermatitis AND
- Member has trialed and failed‡ the following agents:
 - One medium potency to very-high potency topical corticosteroid [such as mometasone furoate, betamethasone dipropionate, or fluocinonide (see PDL for list of preferred products) AND
 - One topical calcineurin inhibitor (such as pimecrolimus or tacrolimus)

Quantity Limit: 2 syringes every 28 days after initial 14 days of therapy (first dose is twice the regular scheduled dose)

Approval: One year

Non-Preferred Agents:

Non-preferred agents indicated for the treatment of atopic dermatitis may receive approval if meeting the following:

- Member has a diagnosis of moderate to severe chronic atopic dermatitis AND
- Member has trialed and failed; therapy with two preferred agents for the prescribed indication AND
- Member has trialed and failed‡ the following agents:
 - One medium potency to very-high potency topical corticosteroid (such as mometasone furoate, betamethasone dipropionate, or fluocinonide)
 - One topical calcineurin inhibitor (such as pimecrolimus and tacrolimus)

AND

• The medication is being prescribed by or in consultation with a dermatologist, allergist, immunologist, or rheumatologist.

Approval: One year

‡Failure is defined as a lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, contraindication to, or significant drug-drug interactions.

Members currently taking a preferred agent may receive approval to continue therapy with that agent.

Members with current prior authorization approval on file for a non-preferred agent may receive approval for continuation of therapy with the prescribed agent.

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| | Other i |
| Preferred (If diagnosis met, No PA required) | Non-Preferred PA Required |
| (Must meet eligibility criteria*) | ACTEMRA (tocilizumab) syringe, Actpen |
| *DUPIXENT (dupilumab) pen, syringe | ARCALYST (rilonacept) injection |
| ENBREL (etanercept) | CIMZIA (certolizumab pegol) syringe |
| HUMIRA (adalimumab) OTEZLA (apremilast) tablet | COSENTYX (secukinumab) syringe, pen-injector |
| | CYLTEZO (adalimumab-adbm) pen, syringe |
| XELJANZ IR (tofacitinib) tablet | ILARIS (canakinumab) vial |
| *XOLAIR (omalizumab) syringe | KINERET (anakinra) syringe |
| | NUCALA (mepolizumab) auto-injector, syringe |
| | OLUMIANT (baricitinib) tablet |
| | YUFLYMA (adalimumab-aaty) auto-injector |
| | Note: Product formulations in the physician administered drug (PAD) category are located on Appendix P |
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Other indications

***DUPIXENT (dupilumab)** may receive approval if meeting the following based on prescribed indication:

Chronic Rhinosinusitis with Nasal Polyposis

- Member is ≥ 18 years of age **AND**
- Medication is being prescribed as an add-on maintenance treatment in adult patients with inadequately controlled chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyposis (CRSwNP) AND
- Member has trialed and failed‡ therapy with at least two intranasal corticosteroid regimens

Eosinophilic Esophagitis (EoE):

- Member is \geq 12 years of age **AND**
- Member weighs at least 40 kg **AND**
- Member has a diagnosis of eosinophilic esophagitis (EoE) with ≥ 15 intraepithelial eosinophils per high-power field (eos/hpf), with or without a history of esophageal dilations **AND**
- Member is following appropriate dietary therapy interventions **AND**
- Medication is being prescribed by or in consultation with a gastroenterologist, allergist or immunologist **AND**
- Member has trialed and failed‡ one of the following treatment options for EoE:
 - Proton pump inhibitor trial of at least eight weeks in duration if reflux is a contributing factor **OR**
 - Minimum four-week trial of local therapy with fluticasone (using a metered dose inhaler) sprayed into the mouth and then swallowed or budesonide slurry.

Prurigo Nodularis:

- Member is \geq 18 years of age AND
- Medication is being prescribed as treatment for prurigo nodularis AND
- Member has trialed and failed‡ therapy with at least two corticosteroid regimens (topical or intralesional injection).

*XOLAIR (omalizumab) may receive approval if meeting the following based on prescribed indication:

Chronic Rhinosinusitis with Nasal Polyps:

- Member is 18 years of age or older **AND**
- Medication is being prescribed as add-on maintenance treatment of chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps (CRSwNP) in adult patients 18 years of age and older with inadequate response to nasal corticosteroids AND

Member has tried and failed‡ therapy with at least two intranasal corticosteroid regimens Chronic Idiopathic Urticaria (CIU): Member is 12 years of age or older **AND** Member is diagnosed with chronic idiopathic urticaria AND Member has tried and failed‡ at least three of the following: High-dose second generation H1 antihistamine H2 antihistamine First-generation antihistamine Leukotriene receptor antagonist Hydroxyzine or doxepin (must include) **AND** currently not been evaluated). may receive approval for use for FDA-labeled indications. **Non-Preferred Agents:**

- Member is symptomatic despite H1 antihistamine treatment AND

Prescriber attests that the need for continued therapy will be periodically reassessed (as the appropriate duration of Xolair therapy for CIU has

All other preferred agents (HADLIMA, HUMIRA, ENBREL, OTEZLA, KEVZARA)

ARCALYST (rilonacept) may receive approval if meeting the following:

- Medication is being prescribed for one of the following autoinflammatory periodic fever syndromes (approval for all other indications is subject to meeting non-preferred criteria listed below):
 - o Cryopyrin-associated Autoinflammatory Syndrome (CAPS), including:
 - Familial Cold Autoinflammatory Syndrome (FCAS)
 - Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS)
 - Maintenance of remission of Deficiency of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist (DIRA) in adults and pediatric patients weighing at least 10
 - Treatment of recurrent pericarditis and reduction in risk of recurrence in adults and children ≥ 12 years of age

AND

- Member has trialed and failed! colchicine AND
- Initial approval will be given for 12 weeks and authorization approval for continuation will be provided based on clinical response.

ILARIS (canakinumab) may receive approval if meeting the following: Familial Mediterranean Fever (FMF) Hyperimmunoglobulinemia D syndrome (HIDS) Mevalonate Kinase Deficiency (MKD) TNF Receptor Associated Periodic Syndrome (TRAPS) one year approval) AND Member has trialed and failed‡ colchicine. Quantity Limits (effective 2/15/2024): o Cryopyrin-associated periodic syndrome: 600mg (4mL) every 8 weeks All other indications: 300mg (2mL) every 4 weeks **KINERET** (anakinra) may receive approval if meeting the following:

- Medication is being prescribed for one of the following (approval for all other indications is subject to meeting non-preferred criteria listed below):
 - Neonatal onset multisystem inflammatory disease (NOMID)

 - Cryopyrin-associated Autoinflammatory Syndrome (including Familial Cold Autoinflammatory Syndrome and Muckle-Wells Syndrome)
 - Symptomatic treatment of adult patients with gout flares in whom NSAIDs and colchicine are contraindicated, are not tolerated, or do not provide an adequate response, and in whom repeated courses of corticosteroids are not appropriate (limited to four 150mg doses per
- Medication is being prescribed for one of the following indications (approval for all other indications is subject to meeting non-preferred criteria below):
 - Neonatal onset multisystem inflammatory disease (NOMID).
 - Familial Mediterranean Fever (FMF)

AND

Member has trialed and failed‡ colchicine.

NUCALA (mepolizumab) may receive approval if meeting the following based on prescribed indication (for any FDA-labeled indications in this subclass category that are not listed, approval is subject to meeting non-preferred criteria listed below):

Chronic Rhinosinusitis with Nasal Polyps:

- Member is 18 years of age or older AND
- Medication is being prescribed as an add-on maintenance treatment in adult patients with inadequately controlled chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyposis (CRSwNP) AND
- Member has a baseline bilateral endoscopic nasal polyps score (NPS; scale 0-8) AND nasal congestion/obstruction score (NC; scale 0-3) averaged over 28-day period AND

- Member has trialed and failed! therapy with three intranasal corticosteroids (see PDL Class) AND Medication is being prescribed by or in consultation with a rheumatologist, allergist, ear/nose/throat specialist or pulmonologist AND Initial authorization will be for 24 weeks, for additional 12-month approval member must meet the following criteria: o NC and NPS scores are provided and show a 20% reduction in symptoms from baseline **AND** Member continues to use primary therapies such as intranasal corticosteroids. Eosinophilic Granulomatosis with polyangiitis (EGPA):
 - Member is 18 years of age or older AND
 - Member has been diagnosed with relapsing or refractory EGPA at least 6 months prior to request as demonstrated by ALL the following:
 - Member has a diagnosis of asthma **AND**
 - Member has a blood eosinophil count of greater than or equal to 1000 cells/mcL or a blood eosinophil level of 10%

AND

- Member has the presence of two of the following EGPA characteristics:
 - Histopathological evidence of eosinophilic vasculitis, perivascular eosinophilic infiltration, or eosinophil-rich granulomatous inflammation
 - Neuropathy
 - Pulmonary infiltrates
 - Sinonasal abnormality
 - Cardiomyopathy
 - Glomerulonephritis
 - Alveolar hemorrhage
 - Palpable purpura
 - Antineutrophil cytoplasmic antibody (ANCA) positive

AND

- Member is on a stable dose of corticosteroids for at least 4 weeks prior to request AND
- Dose of 300 mg once every 4 week is being prescribed.

Hypereosinophilic Syndrome (HES):

- Member is 12 years of age or older AND
- Member has a diagnosis for HES for at least 6 months that is nonhematologic secondary HES AND
- Member has a blood eosinophil count of greater than or equal to 1000 cells/mcL AND

| | | symptoms or blood eosinophil counts requiring an increase in therapy) AND |
|--|--|---|
| | | Member has been on stable dose of HES therapy for at least 4 weeks, at time of request, including at least one of the following: Oral corticosteroids Immunosuppressive therapy Cytotoxic therapy AND Dose of 300 mg once every 4 weeks is being prescribed. |
| | | All other non-preferred agent indications may receive approval for FDA-labeled use following trial and failure; of all preferred agents that are FDA-indicated or have strong evidence supporting use for the prescribed indication from clinically recognized guideline compendia (only one preferred adalimumab product trial required). |
| | | ‡Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. |
| | | Members currently taking a preferred agent may receive approval to continue therapy with that agent. |
| | | Members with current prior authorization approval on file for preferred or non-preferred agents will be subject to meeting reauthorization criteria above when listed for the prescribed indication OR if reauthorization criteria are not listed for the prescribed indication, may receive approval for continuation of therapy. |
| | | Note: Prior authorization requests for OLUMIANT (baricitinib) prescribed solely for treating alopecia areata will not be approved. |
| | | The Department would like to remind providers that many products are associated with patient-centered programs that are available to assist with drug administration, education, and emotional support related to our members' various disease states. |
| X. Miscellaneous | | |
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: EPINEPHR | INE PRODUCTS -Effective 1/1/2024 |
| No PA Required Brand/generic changes effective 02/22/2024* | PA Required AUVI-Q (epinephrine) auto-injector | Non-preferred products may be approved if the member has failed treatment with one of the preferred products. Failure is defined as allergy to ingredients in product or intolerable side effects. |
| *Epinephrine 0.15mg/0.15ml, 0.3mg/0.3ml auto-injector (Mylan only) | Epinephrine 0.15mg/0.15ml, 0.3mg/0.3ml auto- injector (All other manufacturers; generic Adrenaclick, Epipen) | Quantity limit: 4 auto injectors per year unless used / damaged / lost |

• Member has a history of two or more HES flares (defined as worsening clinical

| | SYMJEPI 0.15mg/0.3ml, 0.3mg/0.3ml (epinephrine) syringe peutic Drug Class: NEWER HEREDITARY red for all agents in this class | ANGIOEDEMA PRODUCTS -Effective 1/1/2024 Medications Indicated for Routine Prophylaxis: |
|--|---|---|
| Preferred | Non-Preferred | <u> </u> |
| Prophylaxis: | Prophylaxis: | Members are restricted to coverage of one medication for <u>routine prophylaxis</u> at one time. Prior authorization approval will be for one year. |
| HAEGARDA (C1 esterase inhibitor) vial | CINRYZE (C1 esterase inhibitor) kit ORLADEYO (berotralstat) oral capsule TAKHZYRO (lanadelumab-flyo) syringe, vial | HAEGARDA (C1 esterase inhibitor - human) may be approved for members meeting the following criteria: ○ Member has a diagnosis of HAE confirmed by laboratory tests obtained on two separate instances at least one month apart (C4 level, C1-INH level) AND ○ Member has a documented history of at least one symptom of a moderate to severe HAE attack (moderate to severe abdominal pain, facial swelling, airway |
| Treatment: BERINERT (C1 esterase inhibitor) kit, vial FIRAZYR (icatibant acetate) syringe Icatibant syringe (generic FIRAZYR) Treatment: RUCONEST (C1 estera se inhibitor, recomb) vial | swelling) in the absence of hives or a medication known to cause angioedema AND Member meets at least one of the following: Haegarda is being used for short-term prophylaxis to undergo a surgical procedure or major dental work OR Haegarda is being used for long-term prophylaxis and member meets one of the following: History of ≥1 attack per month resulting in documented ED admission or hospitalization OR History of laryngeal attacks OR History of ≥2 attacks per month involving the face, throat, or abdomen AND | |
| | | Member is not taking medications that may exacerbate HAE including ACE inhibitors and estrogen-containing medications AND Member has received hepatitis A and hepatitis B vaccination AND Provider attests to performing annual testing or screening (as appropriate) for HBV, HCV, and HIV Maximum Dose: 60 IU/kg Minimum Age: 6 years CINRYZE (C1 esterase inhibitor - human) may be approved for members meeting the following criteria: Member has history of trial and failure of Haegarda. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy allergy, intolerable side effects, or a significant drug-drug interaction AND |

- - History of ≥1 attack per month resulting in documented ED admission or hospitalization OR
 - o History of laryngeal attacks **OR**
 - History of ≥2 attacks per month involving the face, throat, or abdomen AND
 - Member is not taking medications that may exacerbate HAE including ACE inhibitors and estrogen-containing medications **AND**
 - o Member has received hepatitis A and hepatitis B vaccination AND
 - o Provider attests to performing annual testing or screening (as appropriate) for HBV, HCV, and HIV.

Minimum age: 6 years Maximum dose: 100 Units/kg

ORLADEYO (berotralstat) may be approved for members meeting the following criteria:

- Member has history of trial and failure of HAEGARDA. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction AND
- Member has a diagnosis of HAE confirmed by laboratory tests obtained on two separate instances at least one month apart (C4 level, C1-INH level) AND
- Member has a documented history of at least one symptom of a moderate to severe HAE attack (moderate to severe abdominal pain, facial swelling, airway swelling) in the absence of hives or a medication known to cause angioedema **AND**
- ORLADEYO is prescribed by or in consultation with an allergist or immunologist AND
- Appropriate drug interaction interventions will be made for members using concomitant medications that may require dose adjustments (such as cyclosporine, fentanyl, pimozide, digoxin) AND
- o Member meets at least one of the following:
 - ORLADEYO is being used for short-term prophylaxis to undergo a surgical procedure or major dental work
 - ORLADEYO is being used for long-term prophylaxis and member meets one of the following:

• History of ≥ 1 attack per month resulting in documented ED admission or hospitalization OR • History of laryngeal attacks **OR** History of ≥ 2 attacks per month involving the face, throat, or abdomen AND Member is not taking medications that may exacerbate HAE, including ACE inhibitors and estrogen-containing medications Minimum age:12 years Maximum dose: 150 mg once daily **TAKHZYRO** (lanadelumab-flyo) may be approved for members meeting the following criteria: Member has history of trial and failure of Haegarda. Failure is defined as: lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or a significant drug-drug interaction AND Member has a diagnosis of HAE confirmed by laboratory tests obtained on two separate instances at least one month apart (C4 level, C1-INH level) **AND** Member has a documented history of at least one symptom of a moderate to severe HAE attack (moderate to severe abdominal pain, facial swelling, airway swelling) in the absence of hives or a medication known to cause angioedema AND Member is not taking medications that may exacerbate HAE including ACE inhibitors and estrogen-containing medications AND Member has received hepatitis A and hepatitis B vaccination. Minimum age: 2 years Maximum dose: The recommended starting dose is 300mg every 2 weeks. A dosing interval of 300 mg every 4 weeks is also effective and may be considered if the patient is well-controlled (attack free) for more than 6 months **Medications Indicated for Treatment of Acute Attacks:** Members are restricted to coverage of one medication for treatment of acute attacks at one time. Prior authorization approval will be for one year. **FIRAZYR** (icatibant acetate) may be approved for members meeting the following criteria:

AND

angioedema AND

Member has a diagnosis of HAE confirmed by laboratory tests obtained on two separate instances at least one month apart (C4 level, C1-INH level)

Member has a documented history of at least one symptom of a moderate to severe HAE attack (moderate to severe abdominal pain, facial swelling, airway swelling) in the absence of hives or a medication known to cause

Member is not taking medications that may exacerbate HAE including

ACE inhibitors and estrogen-containing medications

Minimum age: 18 years Maximum dose: 30mg

BERINERT (C1 esterase inhibitor - human) may be approved for members meeting the following criteria:

- Member has a diagnosis of HAE confirmed by laboratory tests obtained on two separate instances at least one month apart (C4 level, C1-INH level)
 AND
- Member has a documented history of at least one symptom of a moderate to severe HAE attack (moderate to severe abdominal pain, facial swelling, airway swelling) in the absence of hives or a medication known to cause angioedema AND
- Member is not taking medications that may exacerbate HAE including ACE inhibitors and estrogen-containing medications AND
- Member has received hepatitis A and hepatitis B vaccination AND
- Provider attests to performing annual testing or screening (as appropriate) for HBV, HCV, and HIV

Minimum age: 6 years Max dose: 20 IU/kg

RUCONEST (C1 esterase inhibitor - recombinant) may be approved for members meeting the following criteria:

- Member has a history of trial and failure of Firazyr OR Berinert. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or a significant drug-drug interaction AND
- Member has a diagnosis of HAE confirmed by laboratory tests obtained on two separate instances at least one month apart (C4 level, C1-INH level)
 AND
- Member has a documented history of at least one symptom of a moderate to severe HAE attack (moderate to severe abdominal pain, facial swelling, airway swelling) in the absence of hives or a medication known to cause angioedema AND
- Member is not taking medications that may exacerbate HAE including ACE inhibitors and estrogen-containing medications AND
- o Member has received hepatitis A and hepatitis B vaccination AND
- Provider attests to performing annual testing or screening (as appropriate) for HBV, HCV, and HIV.

Minimum age: 13 years

Maximum dose: 4,200 Units/dose

All other non-preferred agents may be approved if the member has trialed and failed at least two preferred agents with the same indicated role in therapy as the prescribed medication (prophylaxis or treatment). Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or a significant drug-drug interaction.

| | Therapeutic Drug Class: PHOSPH | IATE BINDERS -Effective 10/1/2023 |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| No PA Required | PA Required | Prior authorization for non-preferred produc |
| | | meets all the following criteria: |
| Calcium acetate capsule | AURYXIA (ferric citrate) tablet | Member has diagnosis of end stage |
| | | Member has elevated serum phosph |
| PHOSLYRA (calcium acetate) | Calcium acetate tablet | Provider attests to member avoidan |
| solution | | diet AND |
| | CALPHRON (calcium acetate) tablet | Member has trialed and failed‡ one |
| RENAGEL (sevelamer HCl) | | trial and failure‡ of a preferred seve |
| 800mg tablet | FOSRENOL (lanthanum carbonate) chewable | |
| DENTIFY ARNR (1 | tablet, powder pack | Auryxia (ferric citrate) may be approved if |
| RENVELA ^{BNR} (sevelamer | T .1 . 1 . 1 . 11 . 11 . | Member is diagnosed with end-stag |
| carbonate) tablet, powder | Lanthanum carbonate chewable tablet | elevated serum phosphate (> 4.5 mg |
| pack | Sevelamer carbonate tablet, powder pack | Provider attests to counseling mem |
| Sevelamer HCl 800mg tablet | Severamer carbonate tablet, powder pack | containing foods from diet AND |
| Severaliser Treat 800 ling tablet | Sevelamer HCl 400mg tablet | Member has trialed and failed‡ three |
| | Severamer free 400mg tablet | mechanisms of action prescribed for |
| | VELPHORO (sucroferric oxide) chewable tablet | disease |
| | V DEI HORO (Sucrotettie Oxide) ellewable tablet | OR |
| | | Member is diagnosed with chronic |
| | | and is not receiving dialysis AND |
| | | Member has tried and failed‡ at lea |
| | | formulations (OTC or RX) |
| | | Velphoro (sucroferric oxyhydroxide tablet, |
| | | meets all of the following criteria: |
| | | Member is diagnosed with chronic |
| | | elevated serum phosphate (> 4.5 m) |
| | | Provider attests to counseling mem |
| | | containing foods from diet AND |

Prior authorization for non-preferred products in this class may be approved if member meets all the following criteria:

- Member has diagnosis of end stage renal disease AND
- Member has elevated serum phosphorus [> 4.5 mg/dL or > 1.46 mmol/L] AND
- Provider attests to member avoidance of high phosphate containing foods from diet AND
- Member has trialed and failed‡ one preferred agent (lanthanum products require trial and failure! of a preferred sevelamer product).

Auryxia (ferric citrate) may be approved if the member meets all the following criteria:

- Member is diagnosed with end-stage renal disease, receiving dialysis, and has elevated serum phosphate (> 4.5 mg/dL or > 1.46 mmol/L). AND
- Provider attests to counseling member regarding avoiding high phosphate containing foods from diet AND
- Member has trialed and failed‡ three preferred agents with different mechanisms of action prescribed for hyperphosphatemia in end stage renal disease

- Member is diagnosed with chronic kidney disease with iron deficiency anemia and is not receiving dialysis AND
- Member has tried and failed‡ at least two different iron supplement product formulations (OTC or RX)

Velphoro (sucroferric oxyhydroxide tablet, chewable) may be approved if the member meets all of the following criteria:

- Member is diagnosed with chronic kidney disease and receiving dialysis and has elevated serum phosphate (> 4.5 mg/dL or > 1.46 mmol/L). AND
- Provider attests to counseling member regarding avoiding high phosphate containing foods from diet AND
- Member has trialed and failed! two preferred agents, one of which must be a preferred sevelamer product Maximum Dose: Velphoro 3000mg daily

Members currently stabilized on a non-preferred lanthanum product may receive approval to continue therapy with that product.

‡Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 6-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction.

Note: Medications administered in a dialysis unit or clinic are billed through the Health First Colorado medical benefit or Medicare with members with dual eligibility.

| Therapeutic Drug Class: PRENATAL VITAMINS / MINERALS - Effective 10/1/2023 | | |
|--|---|---|
| Preferred *Must meet eligibility criteria COMPLETE NATAL DHA tablet M-NATAL PLUS tablet NESTABS tablets PNV 29-1 tablet PRENATAL VITAMIN PLUS LOW IRON tablet | Non-Preferred PA Required All other rebateable prescription products are non-preferred | *Preferred and non-preferred prenatal vitamin products are a benefit for members from 11-60 years of age who are pregnant, lactating, or trying to become pregnant. Prior authorization for non-preferred agents may be approved if member fails 7-day trial with four preferred agents. Failure is defined as: allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. |
| (Patrin Pharma only) PREPLUS CA-FE 27 mg – FA 1 mg tablet SE-NATAL 19 chewable tablet TARON-C DHA capsule THRIVITE RX tablet | | |
| TRINATAL RX 1 tablet Virt C DHA softgel VITAFOL gummies VP-PNV-DHA softgel WESTAB PLUS tablet | | |

XI. Ophthalmic

| | Therapeutic Diug Class. Of ITTHALIVITC, ALLERGY -Lijective 4/1/2024 | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| No PA Required | PA Required | | |
| ALREX ^{BNR} (loteprednol) 0.2% | ALAWAY (ketotifen) 0.025% (OTC) | Non-preferred products may be approved following trial and failure of therapy with two preferred products (failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions). | |
| Azelastine 0.05% | ALOCRIL (nedocromil) 2% | | |
| Cromolyn 4% | ALOMIDE (lodoxamide) 0.1% | | |
| Ketotifen 0.025% (OTC) | Bepotastine 1.5% | | |

| LASTACAFT (alcaftadine) 0.25% (OTC) Olopatadine 0.1%, 0.2% (OTC) (generic Pataday Once/Twice Daily) | BEPREVE (bepotastine) 1.5% Epinastine 0.05% Loteprednol 0.2% Olopatadine 0.1%, 0.2% (RX) PATADAY ONCE DAILY (olopatadine) 0.2% (OTC) PATADAY TWICE DAILY (olopatadine) 0.1% (OTC) PATADAY XS ONCE DAILY (olopatadine) 0.7% (OTC) ZADITOR (ketotifen) 0.025% (OTC) | |
|--|--|---|
| | ZERVIATE (cetirizine) 0.24% | |
| , | Therapeutic Drug Class: OPHTHALMIC , IN | MUNOMODULATORS -Effective 4/1/2024 |
| No PA Required RESTASIS ^{BNR} (cyclosporine 0.05%) vials | PA Required CEQUA (cyclosporine) 0.09% solution Cyclosporine 0.05% vials MIEBO (Perfluorohexyloctane/PF) RESTASIS MULTIDOSE (cyclosporine) 0.05% TYRVAYA (varenicline) nasal spray VERKAZIA (cyclosporine emulsion) VEVYE (cyclosporine) 0.1% XIIDRA (lifitegrast) 5% solution | Non-preferred products may be approved for members meeting all of the following criteria: • Member is 18 years and older AND • Member has a diagnosis of chronic dry eye AND • Member has failed a 3-month trial of one preferred product. Failure is defined as a lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, contraindication to, or significant drug-drug interactions AND • Prescriber is an ophthalmologist, optometrist or rheumatologist Maximum Dose/Quantity: 60 single use containers for 30 days 5.5 mL/20 days for Restasis Multi-Dose |

| 7 | Therapeutic Drug Class: OPHTHALMIC, A | ANTI-INFLAMMATORIES -Effective 4/1/2024 |
|---|---|--|
| | NSAIDs | Durezol (difluprednate) may be approved if meeting the |
| No PA Required Diclofenac 0.1% | PA Required ACULAR (ketorolac) 0.5%, LS 0.4% ACUVAIL (ketorolac/PF) 0.45% | Member has a diagnosis of severe intermediate usewere uveitis with the complication of uveitic mand failed prednisolone acetate 1% (failure is detailergy, contraindication to therapy, intolerable severe.) |
| Flurbiprofen 0.03% Ketorolac 0.5%, Ketorolac LS 0.4% NEVANAC (nepafenac) 0.1% | Bromfenac 0.07%, 0.075%, 0.09% BROMSITE (bromfenac) 0.075% ILEVRO (nepafenac) 0.03% | drug interaction) OR Members with a diagnosis other than those listed of three preferred agents (failure is defined as lact to therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant contents. |
| | PROLENSA (bromfenac) 0.07% Corticosteroids | Eysuvis (loteprednol etabonate) may be approved if me Member is ≥ 18 years of age AND |
| No PA Required | PA Required | Eysuvis (loteprednol etabonate) is being used for two weeks) of the signs and symptoms of dry eye |
| FLAREX (fluorometholone) 0.1% | Dexamethasone 0.1% | Member has failed treatment with one preferred Immunomodulator therapeutic class. Failure is do 3-month trial, contraindication to therapy, allergy |
| Fluorometholone 0.1% drops | Difluprednate 0.05% DUREZOL (difluprednate) 0.05% | significant drug-drug interaction) AND Member does not have any of the following cond Viral diseases of the cornea and conjunctiva incl |
| FML FORTE (fluorometholone) 0.25% drops | EYSUVIS (loteprednol) 0.25% FML LIQUIFILM (fluorometholone) 0.1% drop | keratitis (dendritic keratitis), vaccinia, and varice Mycobacterial infection of the eye and fungal dis Quantity limit: one bottle/15 days |
| LOTEMAX ^{BNR} (loteprednol) 0.5% drops, gel | FML S.O.P (fluorometholone) 0.1% ointment | Lotemax SM (loteprednol etabonate) or Inveltys (lotepapproved if meeting all of the following: |
| LOTEMAX (loteprednol) 0.5% ointment | INVELTYS (loteprednol) 1% | Member is ≥ 18 years of age AND Lotemax SM or Inveltys (loteprednol etabonate) |
| MAXIDEX (dexamethasone) 0.1% | LOTEMAX SM (loteprednol) 0.38% gel | of post-operative inflammation and pain followingMember has trialed and failed therapy with two parts. |
| PRED MILD (prednisolone) 0.12% | Loteprednol 0.5% drops, 0.5% gel PRED FORTE (prednisolone) 1% | formulations (failure is defined as lack of efficace contraindication to therapy, intolerable side effect interaction) AND • Member has trialed and failed therapy with two |
| Prednisolone acetate 1% | Prednisolone sodium phosphate 1% | contain loteprednol (failure is defined as lack of contraindication to therapy, allergy, intolerable s drug interaction) AND • Member does not have any of the following conductions are the second contrained and thereby with two contrained and thereby with two contained and the second and the secon |

if meeting the following criteria:

- intermediate uveitis, severe panuveitis, or on of uveitic macular edema AND has trialed 6 (failure is defined as lack of efficacy, y, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-
- an those listed above require trial and failure s defined as lack of efficacy, contraindication e effects, or significant drug-drug interaction).

pproved if meeting all of the following:

- being used for short-term treatment (up to toms of dry eye disease AND
- one preferred product in the Ophthalmic ss. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with a therapy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or AND
- following conditions:
- onjunctiva including epithelial herpes simplex nia, and varicella OR
- and fungal diseases of ocular structures

Inveltys (loteprednol etabonate) may be

- lnol etabonate) is being used for the treatment nd pain following ocular surgery AND
- rapy with two preferred loteprednol lack of efficacy with 2-week trial, allergy, rable side effects, or significant drug-drug
- rapy with two preferred agents that do not ined as lack of efficacy with 2-week trial, y, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-
- following conditions:

| 0 | Viral diseases of t | the cornea and conjunctiva including epithelial herpes |
|---|---------------------|--|
| | simplex keratitis (| dendritic keratitis), vaccinia, and varicella OR |

o Mycobacterial infection of the eye and fungal diseases of ocular structures

Verkazia (cyclosporine ophthalmic emulsion) may be approved if the following criteria are met:

- Member is \geq 4 years of age AND
- Verkazia is being used for the treatment of vernal keratoconjunctivitis (VKC) AND
- Member has trialed and failed therapy with three agents from the following pharmacologic categories: preferred dual-acting mast cell stabilizer/antihistamine from the Ophthalmics-Allergy PDL class, oral antihistamine, preferred topical ophthalmic corticosteroid from the Ophthalmics-Anti-inflammatories PDL class. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 2-week trial, allergy, contraindication to therapy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction
- Quantity limit: 120 single-dose 0.3 mL vials/15 days

All other non-preferred products may be approved with trial and failure of three preferred agents (failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 2-week trial, allergy, contraindication, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction).

Therapeutic Drug Class: OPHTHALMIC, GLAUCOMA -Effective 4/1/2024

| Beta-blockers | | |
|---|---|---|
| No PA Required | PA Required | Non-preferred products may be approved following trial and failure of therapy with three preferred products, including one trial with a preferred product having the same general |
| Levobunolol 0.5% | Betaxolol 0.5% | mechanism (such as prostaglandin analogue, alpha2-adrenergic agonist, beta-blocking agent, or carbonic anhydrase inhibitor). Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4- |
| Timolol (generic Timoptic) 0.25%, 0.5% | BETIMOL (timolol) 0.25%, 0.5% | week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions. |
| 0.2370, 0.370 | BETOPIC-S (betaxolol) 0.25% | Non-preferred combination products may be approved following trial and failure of therapy with one preferred combination product AND trial and failure of individual |
| | Carteolol 1% | products with the same active ingredients as the combination product being requested (if available) to establish tolerance. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 4-week trial, |
| | ISTALOL (timolol) 0.5% | allergy, intolerable side effects or significant drug-drug interactions. |
| | Timolol (generic Istalol) 0.5% drops | Preservative free products may be approved with provider documentation of adverse effect to preservative-containing product. |
| | Timolol GFS 0.25%, 0.5% | |
| | Timolol/PF (generic Timoptic Ocudose) 0.25%, 0.5% | |

| | TIMOPTIC, TIMOPTIC OCUDOSE (timolol) |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| | 0.25%, 0.5% |
| | |
| | TIMOPTIC-XE (timolol GFS) 0.25%, 0.5% |
| Carboni | c anhydrase inhibitors |
| No PA Required | PA Required |
| AZOPT ^{BNR} (brinzolamide) 1% | Brinzolamide 1% |
| Dorzolamide 2% | |
| | taglandin analogue |
| No PA Required | PA Required |
| Latanoprost 0.005% | Bimatoprost 0.03% |
| LUMIGAN ^{BNR} (bimatoprost) | IYUZEH (latanoprost/PF) 0.005% |
| 0.01% | |
| TRAVATAN Z ^{BNR} (travoprost) | Tafluprost 0.0015% |
| 0.004% | Tafluprost PF 0.0015% |
| | Travoprost 0.004% |
| | VYZULTA (latanoprostene) 0.024% |
| | XALATAN (latanoprost) 0.005% |
| | XELPROS (latanoprost) 0.005% |
| | ZIOPTAN (tafluprost PF) 0.0015% |
| | |
| _ | 2 adrenergic agonists |
| No PA Required | PA Required |
| ALPHAGAN P ^{BNR} 0.1%, 0.15% (brimonidine) | Apraclonidine 0.5% |
| | Brimonidine 0.1%, 0.15% |
| Brimonidine 0.2% | IOPIDINE (apraclonidine) 0.5%, 1% |
| | |
| | |

| Other ophthalm | Other ophthalmic, glaucoma and combinations | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| No PA Required | ired PA Required | | |
| COMBIGAN ^{BNR} 0.2%-0.5% (brimonidine/timolol) | Brimonidine/Timolol 0.2%-0.5% COSOPT/COSOPT PF (dorzolamide/timolol) 2%- | | |
| Dorzolamide/Timolol 2%-0.5% | 0.5% | | |
| RHOPRESSA (netarsudil) 0.02% | Dorzolamide/Timolol PF 2%-0.5% | | |
| ROCKLATAN | PHOSPHOLINE IODIDE (echothiophate) 0.125% | | |
| (netarsudil/latanoprost) 0.02%-0.005% | Pilocarpine 1%, 2%, 4% | | |
| | SIMBRINZA (brinzolamide/brimonidine) 1%-0.2% | | |
| | VUITY (pilocarpine) 1.25% | | |

XII. Renal/Genitourinary Therapeutic Drug Class: BENIGN PROSTATIC HYPERPLASIA (BPH) AGENTS - Effective 10/1/2023

PA Required

| No PA Required | PA Required | |
|---------------------|---|---|
| Alfuzosin ER tablet | AVODART (dutasteride) softgel | Prior authorization for non-preferred products in this class may be approved if member meets all of the following criteria: • Member has tried and failed‡ three preferred agents AND |
| Doxazosin tablet | CARDURA (doxazosin) tablet | For combinations agents, member has tried and failed; each of the individual agents |
| Dutasteride capsule | CARDURA XL (doxazosin ER) tablet | within the combination agent and one other preferred agent. |
| Finasteride tablet | *CIALIS (tadalafil) 2.5 mg, 5 mg tablet | ‡Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 8-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, contraindication to, or significant drug-drug interaction. |
| Tamsulosin capsule | Dutasteride/tamsulosin capsule | *CIALIS (tadalafil) may be approved for members with a documented diagnosis of BPH who have |
| Terazosin capsule | ENTADFI (finasteride/tadalafil) capsule | failed a trial of finasteride (at least 3 months in duration) AND either a trial of a nonselective alpha blocker (therapeutic dose for at least two months) OR a trial of tamsulosin (therapeutic dose for at least one month). |
| | FLOMAX (tamsulosin) capsule | Documentation of BPH diagnosis will require BOTH of the following: |
| | JALYN (dutasteride/tamsulosin) capsule | AUA Prostate Symptom Score ≥ 8 AND Results of a digital rectal exam. |
| | PROSCAR (finasteride) tablet | Cialis (tadalafil) will not be approved for any patient continuing alpha-blocker therapy as this combination is contraindicated in this population. |
| | RAPAFLO (silodosin) capsule | Doses exceeding 5mg per day of Cialis (tadalafil) will not be approved. |
| | Silodosin capsule | |

| *Ta | dalafil 2.5 mg, 5 mg tablet | | |
|---|--|---|--|
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: AN | TI-HYPERURICEMICS -Effective 10/1/2023 | |
| No PA Required Allopurinol 100 mg, 300 mg | PA Required Allopurinol 200 mg tablets | Non-preferred xanthine oxidase inhibitor products (allopurinol or febuxostat formulations) may be approved following trial and failure of preferred allopurinol. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. If member has tested positive | |
| tablets | Colchicine capsule | for the HLA-B*58:01 allele, it is not recommended that they trial allopurinol. A positive result on this genetic test will count as a failure of allopurinol. | |
| Colchicine tablet Febuxostat tablet | COLCRYS (colchicine) tablet | Prior authorization for all other non-preferred agents (non-xanthine oxidase inhibitors) may be approved after trial and failure of two preferred products. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, | |
| Probenecid tablet | GLOPERBA (colchicine) oral solution | allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. | |
| Probenecid/Colchicine tablet | MITIGARE (colchicine) capsule ULORIC (febuxostat) tablet | GLOPERBA (colchicine) oral solution may be approved for members who require individual doses <0.6 mg OR for members who have documented swallowing difficulty due to young age and/or a medical condition (preventing use of solid oral dosage form). | |
| | ZYLOPRIM (allopurinol) tablet | Colchicine tablet quantity limits: • Chronic hyperuricemia/gout prophylaxis: 60 tablets per 30 days • Familial Mediterranean Fever: 120 tablets per 30 days | |
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: OVERA | CTIVE BLADDER AGENTS -Effective 10/1/2023 | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | | |
| GELNIQUE (oxybutynin) gel | Darifenacin ER tablet | Non-preferred products may be approved for members who have failed treatment with two preferred products. Failure is defined as: lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. | |
| MYRBETRIQ (mirabegron) tablet | DETROL (tolterodine) tablet | Members with hepatic failure can receive approval for trospium (Sanctura) or trospium | |
| Oxybutynin IR, ER tablets, syrup | DETROL LA (tolterodine ER) ER capsule DITROPAN (Oxybutynin) tablet | extended release (Sanctura XR) products without a trial on a Preferred product. | |
| Solifenacin tablet | DITKOLAN (Oxyoutynin) tablet | | |

DITROPAN XL (Oxybutynin ER) tablet

GELNIQUE (oxybutynin) gel pump

MYRBETRIQ (mirabegron) suspension

GEMTESA (vibegron) tablet

OXYTROL (oxybutynin patch)

Fesoterodine ER tablet

Flavoxate tablet

TOVIAZ^{BNR} (Fesoterodine ER)

tablet

| | SANCTURA (trospium) | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| | SANCTURA XL (trospium ER) | | |
| | Tolterodine tablet, ER capsule | | |
| | Trospium ER capsule, tablet | | |
| | VESICARE (solifenacin) tablet | | |
| | VESICARE LS (solifenacin) suspension | | |
| | | | |
| | XIII. RESPIRATORY | | |
| | Therapeutic Drug Class: RESPIRA | TORY AGENTS -Effective 1/1/2024 | |
| | Inhaled An | ticholinergics | |
| Preferred No PA Required (Unless indicated*) Solutions | Non-Preferred PA Required Solutions LONHALA MAGNAIR (glycopyrrolate) solution | *SPIRIVA RESPIMAT (tiotropium) 1.25 mcg may be approved for members ≥ 6 years of age with a diagnosis of asthma (qualifying diagnosis verified by AutoPA). SPIRIVA RESPIMAT is intended to be used by members whose asthma is not controlled with regular use of a combination medium-dose inhaled corticosteroid and long-acting beta agonist (LABA). | |
| Ipratropium solution Short-Acting Inhalation Devices ATROVENT HFA (ipratropium) | YUPELRI (revefenacin) solution Short-Acting Inhalation Devices Long-Acting Inhalation Devices | *SPIRIVA RESPIMAT (tiotropium) 2.5 mcg may be approved for members with a diagnosis of COPD who have trialed and failed SPIRIVA HANDIHALER. Failure is defined as intolerable side effects or inability to use dry powder inhaler (DPI) formulation. | |
| Long-Acting Inhalation Devices SPIRIVA Handihaler ^{BNR} (tiotropium) | INCRUSE ELLIPTA (umeclidinium) Tiotropium DPI | LONHALA MAGNAIR (glycopyrrolate) may be approved for members ≥ 18 years of age with a diagnosis of COPD including chronic bronchitis and emphysema who have trialed and failed‡ treatment with two preferred anticholinergic agents. | |
| *SPIRIVA RESPIMAT (tiotropium) | TUDORZA PRESSAIR (aclidinium) | Non-preferred single agent anticholinergic agents may be approved for members with a diagnosis of COPD including chronic bronchitis and/or emphysema who have trialed and failed‡ treatment with two preferred agents, one of which must be SPIRIVA HANDIHALER. | |

‡Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 6-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction.

| Inhaled Anticholinergic Combinations | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| No PA Required Solutions Ipratropium/Albuterol solution | PA Required Solutions Short-Acting Inhalation Devices | BREZTRI AEROSPHERE (budesonide/glycopyrrolate/formoterol) may be approved for members ≥ 18 years of age with a diagnosis of COPD who have trialed and failed‡ treatment with two preferred anticholinergic-containing agents. | | | |
| Short-Acting Inhalation Devices COMBIVENT RESPIMAT (albuterol/ipratropium) | Long-Acting Inhalation Devices BEVESPI AEROSPHERE (glycopyrrolate /formoterol fumarate) | DUAKLIR PRESSAIR (aclidinium/formoterol) may be approved for members ≥ 18 years of age with a diagnosis of COPD who have trialed and failed‡ treatment with two preferred anticholinergic-containing agents. | | | |
| Long-Acting Inhalation Devices ANORO ELLIPTA (umeclidinium/vilanterol) | BREZTRI AEROSPHERE (budesonide/glycopyrrolate/ formoterol) DUAKLIR PRESSAIR (aclidinium/formoterol) STIOLTO RESPIMAT (tiotropium/olodaterol) | All other non-preferred inhaled anticholinergic combination agents may be approved for members with a diagnosis of COPD including chronic bronchitis and/or emphysema who have trialed and failed‡ treatment with two preferred inhaled anticholinergic combination agents OR three preferred inhaled anticholinergic-containing agents (single ingredient or combination). | | | |
| | STIGETO REST INTER (distroplant/stodaters) | Members who are currently stabilized on Bevespi Aerosphere may receive approval to continue therapy with that product. | | | |
| | | ‡Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with 6-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. | | | |
| Inhaled Beta2 Agonists (short acting) | | | | | |
| No PA Required Solutions Albuterol solution, for nebulizer | PA Required Solutions Levalbuterol solution | Non-preferred short acting beta-2 agonists may be approved for members who have failed treatment with one preferred agent. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. | | | |
| Inhalers PROAIR BNR HFA (albuterol) | <u>Inhalers</u> | MDI formulation quantity limits: 2 inhalers / 30 days | | | |
| PROVENTIL BNR HFA (albuterol) | AIRSUPRA (budesonide/albuterol) Albuterol HFA | | | | |
| VENTOLIN BNR HFA (albuterol) | Levalbuterol HFA | | | | |
| | PROAIR DIGIHALER, RESPICLICK (albuterol) | | | | |
| | XOPENEX (levalbuterol) Inhaler | | | | |
| | Inhaled Beta2 Agonists (long acting) | | | | |
| Preferred | Non-Preferred PA Required | | | | |
| Solutions | Solutions Arformoterol solution | Non-preferred agents may be approved for members with moderate to severe COPD, AND members must have failed a trial of Serevent. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy with a 6-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interaction. | | | |
| <u>Inhalers</u> | BROVANA (arformoterol) solution | with a 5 week that, anergy, intolerable side effects, of significant drug-drug interaction. | | | |

| SEREVENT DISKUS (salmeterol) inhaler | Formoterol solution | For treatment of members with diagnosis of asthma needing add-on therapy, please refer to preferred agents in combination Long-Acting Beta Agonist/Inhaled Corticosteroid therapeutic class. | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| | PERFOROMIST (formoterol) solution | therapeutic class. | | |
| | Inhalers | | | |
| | STRIVERDI RESPIMAT (olodaterol) | | | |
| Inhaled Corticosteroids | | | | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | | | |
| Solutions | Solutions | Non-preferred inhaled corticosteroids may be approved in members with asthma who | | |
| Budesonide nebules | PULMICORT (budesonide) respules | have failed an adequate trial of two preferred agents. An adequate trial is defined as at least 6 weeks. (Failure is defined as: lack of efficacy with a 6-week trial, allergy, | | |
| <u>Inhalers</u> | Inhalers | contraindication to, intolerable side effects, or significant drug-drug interactions.) | | |
| ARNUITY ELLIPTA | ALVESCO (ciclesonide) inhaler | containdication to, intolerable side effects, or significant drug drug interactions. | | |
| (fluticasone furoate) | 112 · 22 c c (crossomue) minutes | *FLUTICASONE PROPIONATE HFA is available to members 12 years and under | | |
| | ARMONAIR DIGIHALER (fluticasone | without prior authorization | | |
| ASMANEX HFA (mometasone | propionate) | | | |
| furoate) inhaler | | Maximum Dose: | | |
| | Fluticasone propionate diskus | Pulmicort (budesonide) nebulizer suspension: 2mg/day | | |
| ASMANEX Twisthaler | | | | |
| (mometasone) | *Fluticasone propionate HFA | Quantity Limits: | | |
| EL OVENE DIGIZIO | OVAR REDUIALER (L. 1 | Pulmicort flexhaler: 2 inhalers / 30 days | | |
| FLOVENT DISKUS | QVAR REDIHALER (beclomethasone) | | | |
| (fluticasone) | | | | |
| FLOVENT HFA (fluticasone) | | | | |
| PULMICORT FLEXHALER | | | | |
| (budesonide) | | | | |
| (budesonide) | | | | |
| Inhaled Corticosteroid Combinations | | | | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | | | |
| (*Must meet eligibility criteria) | | *TRELEGY ELLIPTA (fluticasone furoate/umeclidinium/vilanterol) may be approved | | |
| | AIRDUO DIGIHALER (fluticasone/salmeterol) | if the member has trialed/failed one preferred agent. Failure is defined as lack of efficacy | | |
| ADVAIR DISKUS ^{BNR} | | with a 6-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, significant drug-drug interactions, or | | |
| (fluticasone/salmeterol) | BREO ELLIPTA (vilanterol/fluticasone furoate) | dexterity/coordination limitations (per provider notes) that significantly impact | | |
| A DAVA AND A HULA RND | D 1 | appropriate use of a specific dosage form. | | |
| ADVAIR HFA ^{BNR} | Budesonide/formoterol (generic Symbicort) | Non mustamed inheled continuous and combinations may be approved for more born | | |
| (fluticasone/salmeterol) | Fluticasone/salmeterol (generic Airduo/Advair | Non-preferred inhaled corticosteroid combinations may be approved for members meeting both of the following criteria: | | |
| A IDDUO DESDICI ICIZ BNR | Diskus) | Member has a qualifying diagnosis of asthma or severe COPD; AND | | |
| AIRDUO RESPICLICK BNR | Diskus) | • Member has a qualifying diagnosis of asthma or severe COPD; AND | | |

Fluticasone/salmeterol HFA (generic Advair HFA)

Fluticasone/vilanterol (generic Breo Ellipta)

(fluticasone/salmeterol)

(mometasone/formoterol)

DULERA

Member has failed two preferred agents (Failure is defined as lack of efficacy

with a 6-week trial, allergy, intolerable side effects, significant drug-drug interactions, or dexterity/coordination limitations (per provider notes) that

significantly impact appropriate use of a specific dosage form.

| SYMBICORT ^{BNR} (budesonide/formoterol) inhaler | WIXELA INHUB (fluticasone/salmeterol) | | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| *TRELEGY ELLIPTA (fluticasone furoate/ | | | | |
| umeclidinium/vilanterol) | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Phosphodiesterase Inhibitors (PDEIs) | | | | |
| No PA Required | PA Required | Requests for use of the non-preferred brand product formulation may be approved if | | |
| Roflumilast tablet | DALIRESP (roflumilast) tablet | meeting criteria outlined in the <u>Appendix P</u> "Generic Mandate" section. | | |
| | | | | |