

### HCBS Funding Plan Overview

May 26-27, 2021



## Agenda

- **❖**Background: The American Rescue Plan Act
  - ➤ Section 9817
  - > Eligible Services
  - > Immediate Planning
  - > Joint Budget Committee Bill
  - > Federal Guidance
  - > Fiscal Impact
  - > Timeline
- Proposed Plan

#### The American Rescue Plan Act

- The American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) was passed by Congress on March 11, 2021
- Included funding to support a wide range of infrastructure programs and services, as well as direct payments to Americans
- Through ARPA, it is estimated that Colorado will receive \$3.8 billion

#### Section 9817 of ARPA

- Within ARPA, there is a provision outlining additional funding to support increased access to home and community-based services (HCBS) for Medicaid beneficiaries
- HCBS are benefits which provide older adults and individuals with disabilities critical services in their homes and communities

## Eligible Services

- 1915 (c) Home and Community-Based (HCBS) Waivers
- Personal Care
- Targeted Case Management
- Home Health Care
- Private Duty Nursing
- Program of All Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE)
- Behavioral Health

### Planning Starts with You

- Existing recommendations
  - We reviewed recent reports, studies, and recommendations
- Priorities identified during the legislative session
- Recent stakeholder feedback
  - Before the guidance was released, we discussed potential for these funds with advocacy, trade organizations & in ongoing stakeholder meetings
  - THANK YOU to those who've sent comments and suggestions AND those who engage with us regularly

## Joint Budget Committee Bill

- A bill was required in order for the Department to have spending authority over the funds
- The Department worked collaboratively with the Governor's Office and the Joint Budget Committee (JBC) to draft a bill that incorporated initial feedback
- The <u>JBC Sponsored bill</u> had its first hearing on May 19 and received a 6-0 vote

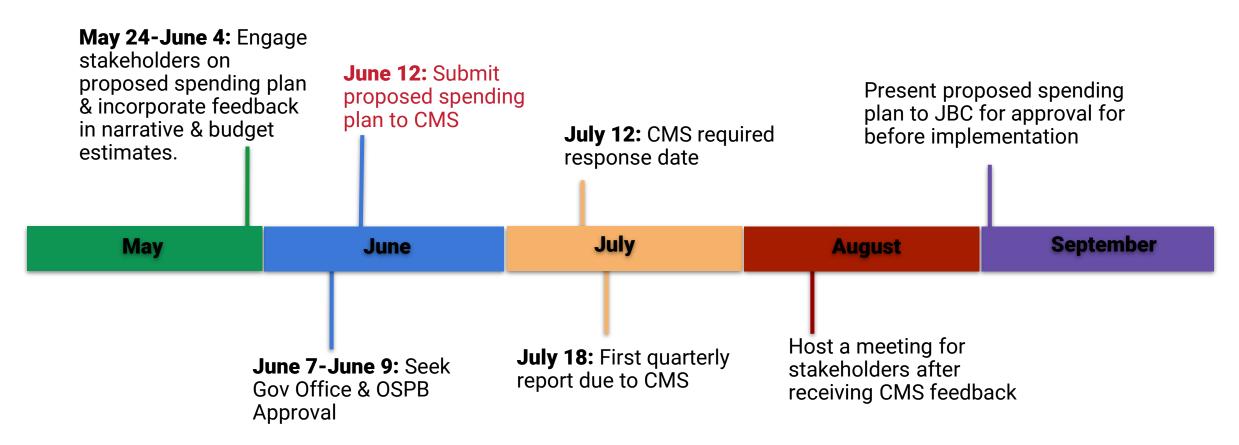
### 5/13 Federal Guidance Takeaways

- The provision will increase Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) for Medicaid HCBS spending by 10 percentage points from April 1, 2021 through March 31, 2022
- The bill specifies that states must use the enhanced funds to "implement, or supplement the implementation of, one or more activities to enhance, expand, or strengthen" Medicaid HCBS
- States must maintain service, eligibility, and rate structure that was in place on April 1, 2021 (not to include PHE provisions)
- States must spend the money by March 31, 2024
- States must submit a spending plan by June 12, 2021

## Potential Fiscal Impact

- The 10% enhanced match is only available for eligible services
- States may spend the funding on both services and administrative activities
- Enhanced match reinvested in eligible services may receive the enhanced match one additional time
- Lower bound of estimated funding is over \$550 million depending on investment strategies funds may be around \$600-700 million

# Timeline May-September 2021



### North Star

- Supercharge existing initiatives, foster innovation and advance long-term transformative systems change
- Support the COVID-19 response and recovery
- Outcome driven demand quality and good fiscal stewardship
- Recommendations <u>do not</u> create a funding cliff

## Opportunities to Engage

#### **SURVEY**

- The survey will include the items we cover today
- Participate to share your thoughts on the level of importance for each priority and to contribute other ideas, feedback and recommendations

https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/CO-HCPF-ARPA

#### **TODAY**

- Following our review of the priorities, we will open up discussion; please raise your hand to participate
  • Please share your thoughts or feedback in the Q&A

## Proposed Plan

 10 Overarching Priorities - Encompass over 130 ideas from stakeholders

 Must be specific enough to include in the spending plan, but <u>broad enough</u> to allow us to figure out exact details in the coming weeks/months

## Rate Increase & Wage Passthrough

- → <u>Proposed one time funding increases to support infection</u> <u>prevention efforts and staffing shortages</u> for personal care, homemaker, participant directed services (including skilled care under self-direction), long-term home health, private duty nursing, community-based residential programs, respite, PACE, and behavioral health
- → <u>Proposed wage pass through for direct care workers</u>
  within 1915 (c) waivers to provide one time hero pay and/or retention/sign on bonuses

## Post COVID Recovery & Innovation

- → Incentivize residential providers to create <u>single</u> <u>occupancy rooms</u>
- → Develop tiered rates for Alternative Care Facilities to support higher need members in community
- → Explore innovative models of high need residential care that addresses infection risk and need for individualized care

## Improving Access to HCBS for Underserved Populations

- → *Tribal grants* to increase access & use of HCBS
- → Develop <u>culturally competent material</u> to improve HCBS access for Black, Indigenous, and People of Color (BIPOC)
- → Develop and implement provider training for <u>disability</u> culturally competent care across services

#### Behavioral Health & HCBS

- → This funding MUST be used for projects that <u>enhance</u>, <u>expand</u>, <u>or strengthen Medicaid HCBS services</u>
- → Behavioral health focused efforts apply to services for:
  - Individuals who are disabled due to severe mental illness or
  - ◆ Individuals who are disabled and also have co-occurring mental health or substance use disorder service needs

## Behavioral Health Community Based Services Waiver

AKA "b(3)" services, referring to the 1915b(3) waiver

- → Prevention/Early Intervention
- → Clubhouses/Drop-in Centers
- → Vocational Services
- → Intensive Case Management
- → Assertive Community Treatment
- → Short Term Residential (Mental Health)
- → Respite Care
- → Peer Services



## Comprehensive Safety Net

Need to support the <u>cost of growth during transitions</u> towards increased access and service provision such as:

- → RAE/Provider Incentives for capacity building for higher-intensity outpatient BH services
- → Research, analysis & design for Value Based Payment and for expanding whole person care (i.e. b(3) and peer services)
- → Technical Assistance for providers and partners, community education and engagement
- → SUD Benefit: Training RAEs and providers on use of American Society of Addiction Medicine to determine the right care, at the right place, at the right time to include training on assessments of indiv with disabilities

## Improve Quality Outcomes

- → Research and develop <u>pay for performance reimbursement</u> <u>methodologies</u> for HCBS, PACE providers & LTHH
- → Establish a PACE licensure type to ensure <u>comprehensive</u> <u>oversight and compliance</u>
- → Establish metrics and develop *provider scorecards*

## Case Management Redesign

- → National review of case management **best practices**
- → Change management and transition support funding
- → <u>Standardized Case Management & Care Coordination</u> training for professionals, members, and families
- → Development of member/family facing materials to support knowledge of system and services

## Home & Community Based Services Innovation

- → Develop policy to implement <u>Community First Choice</u> (CFC) as a new waiver in Colorado. Long term this will save money by providing 6% enhanced match
- → <u>Temporarily increase</u> home modification budgets within waivers which currently offer the benefit (BI, CES, CMHS, EBD, SCI, and SLS)

## Improving Crisis & Acute Services to Keep People in their Communities

- → Short term grants to <u>mitigate placement in behavioral health</u> <u>institutional settings and to support transitions from those</u> <u>settings back to the community (prevention/postvention)</u>
  - ◆ Grants and projects to improve state capacity for acute care
  - ◆ Cannot be used directly for institutional care
- → Provider training and processes mapping on use of <u>mobile crisis</u> services and 988 mental health hotline
- → Potential to *supercharge and align* with secure transport bill
- → Funding for providers and communities to increase crisis program capacity for children/youth, indiv. with disabilities



## **Emergency Preparedness**

- → Grant funds to <u>support the development of provider</u> <u>emergency response plans</u>, to include member support with emergency preparedness efforts
- → Funds to support members, who live independent to be prepared for potential emergencies

## Strengthening the Workforce

- → Expand the data infrastructure to better understand the current supply and demand for direct care workers
- → Raise <u>public awareness about the value and</u> <u>importance</u> of the direct care workforce
- → Develop a <u>standardized curriculum and training</u>
  <u>program</u> for homemakers and personal care workers;
  establish clear pathways for advancement
- → Explore <u>opportunities for increasing compensation</u> for the HCBS workforce, including direct care workers and case managers

## Strengthening the Workforce

- → Invest in strategies to <u>expand the provider network in</u> rural communities to avoid a 'care desert'
- → Provider Network: Contractor to explore options for expansion and recruitment
- → Workforce Assistance: Partner with consultant to explore *RN delegation to CNAs and tuition assistance* options for LPN training

#### Strengthening the HCBS Workforce: BH Focus

- → Provider training funds that can be scaled Examples:
  - Assessments for individuals with co-occurring BH needs and disabilities
  - ◆ Connection to housing & other Social Determinants of Health
  - ◆ High intensity outpatient, evidence based practices
  - ◆ State-specific policy, funding, standards
- → Create trainings so they can be used long after funding is gone
- → Quality and cultural competency training is needed for BH/HCBS providers and for non-BH/HCBS providers serving this population

# Investing in Tools & Technology

- → Create an <u>assessment tool for Adult Home Health and a</u> <u>new assessment tool for Private Duty Nursing</u>
- → Expand the provider finder tool to <u>enable a specialist</u> <u>search</u>
- → Develop a mechanism for exploring and implementing innovative technology that will improve diagnoses, service access, health outcomes, and program delivery
- → Invest in system and hardware to <u>advance the new care</u> and case management system

# Investing in Tools & Technology

- → Grant funds for *Digital Transformation of HCBS* Providers
- → Funding to connect new Care & Case Management Tool to social determinants of health infrastructure
- → Funding to provide <u>technical assistance and workflow to</u> <u>implement telemedicine/telehealth/remote supports</u>
- → Enhanced education on virtual solutions
- → Create a <u>member portal</u> to allow for easy access to benefit and service information
- → Expand data <u>sharing across entities</u>, including agencies, to improve member services

### Discussion

- If you would like to offer <u>verbal comment</u>:
  - Please raise your hand and we will call your name and unmute your line
  - > If you are on the phone, we will give you the opportunity to share comments
- If you would like to offer <u>written comment</u>:
  - > Please submit your comments in the Q&A box

Please submit the survey to rate the priorities!



## **Next Steps**

- Following all Stakeholder meetings and the collection of written comments:
  - > Tabulate the survey results
  - > Collate all feedback and recommendations
  - Review current proposal for gaps identified by stakeholders
- Draft spending plan, seek approval, and submit by June 12th

Stay Informed! Visit the ARPA website